
SS#7 MONITOR User Manual

November 1990
Version 2.0

PREFACE

This manual is intended to provide a quick and easy-to-use instruction guide to the basic operation of the SS#7 Monitor. It should be used along with the basic User Manual.

This manual is not intended to provide information concerning protocol specifications, nor is it intended as a programmer's manual. Refer to the SS#7 Programmer's Manual for programming information.

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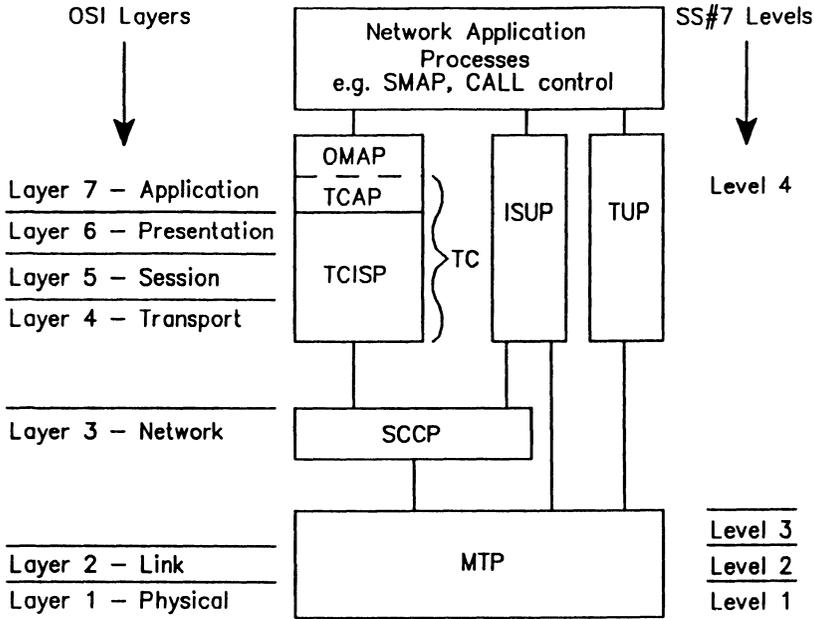
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1. INTRODUCTION

SS#7 (Signalling System #7) is a specialized network designed for the purpose of operating a public telecommunications network. SS#7 differs from previously used signalling systems in that the signalling path:

- Is physically separate from the data/voice path;
- can serve a very large number of circuits simultaneously as well as non-circuit related signalling or information retrieval functions; and
- can employ physical diversity and automatic rerouting in case of failures.

This version of the SS#7 Monitor fully supports the protocols defined by CCITT Blue Book Q Series Recommendations. National or network specific variations are also supported on a customized basis. The relationship of the various functional levels of the SS#7 protocol is shown in Figure 1-1.



Legend	
ISUP	ISDN User Part
OMAP	Operations Maintenance Application Part
MTP	Message Transfer Part
TC	Transaction Capabilities
TCAP	Transaction Capabilities Application Part
TCISP	Transaction Capabilities Intermediate Service Part
TUP	Telephone User Part
SCCP	Signalling Connection Control Part

Figure 1-1 Functional Level of the SS#7 Protocol



NOTE

TCAP forms the common layer 7 elements for users requiring transaction related services. The corresponding layers 4 through 6, which together with TCAP form the complete set of transaction capabilities, are currently undefined. The applications supported by transaction capabilities are, for the most part, network specific.

2. LOADING THE SS#7 MONITOR PROGRAM

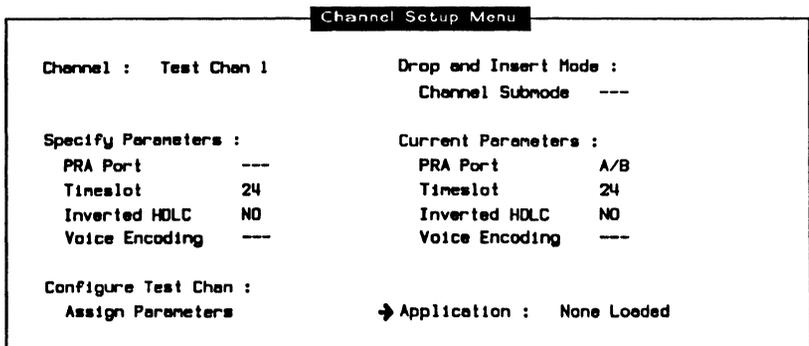
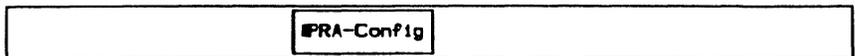
The SS#7 Monitor program can be loaded on a WAN interface or a PRA Test Channel. This section uses PRA Test Channel 1 (timeslot 24) as an example.



NOTE

Refer to the basic User Manual for instructions to load an application on a WAN interface.

Before loading the program, ensure that the system is configured as described in the 'Monitoring at the Primary Rate Access' section in the basic User Manual.



PRA Monitor Applications	
Universal	X.25
SDLC/SNA	X.25/0
TELETEX	X.75
ISDN D Channel	→ SS#7
Statistic Applications:	
SDLC/SNA	X.25



When the application has finished loading:



3. CONFIGURATION

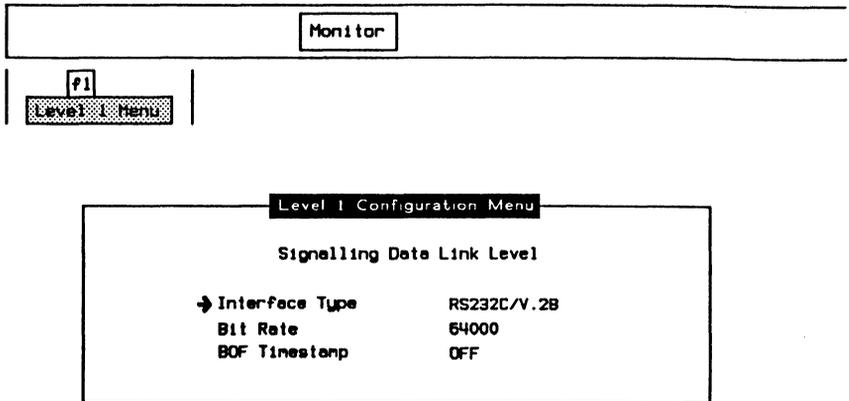
In the default configuration, the monitor is offline. SS#7 protocol files are not loaded, all triggers and filters are deactivated, disk recording is off, RAM capture is on, and the display is set to short format. The default settings can be changed on the Level 1 and Level 2 Configuration Menus and the appropriate protocol files selected. The monitor can then be placed online to receive live data.

Additionally, a customized ITL script can be created to automatically configure the monitor when the application is loaded. Refer to the SS#7 Programmer's Manual for a sample configuration file.

3.1 Level 1

When running on a PRA interface, level 1 is configured on the Home processor prior to loading the application as described in the 'Monitoring at the Primary Rate Access' section in the basic User Manual.

To configure level 1 for a WAN interface:



→ *Interface Type*

The connector module contains three interface connectors:

- RS-232C/V.28 (default)
- V.35 or V.36
- RS-422/V.11

→ *Bit Rate* (WAN and PRA Interface)

The interface speed is measured, in bits per second, directly from the physical line.

→ *BOF Timestamp* (WAN and PRA Interface)

Selects whether a beginning of frame timestamp is saved for each incoming message (default is off).

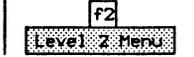


NOTE

End of frame timestamps are always saved.

3.2 Level 2

Monitor



Level 2 Configuration Menu

→ SU Compression	Signalling Link Level MAX		
SUERM Function	ON	Octet Counting Mode	AUTO
T Threshold	64	Maximum SIF	272

→ SU Compression

Successive identical FISU's or LSSU's on the same channel can be captured and displayed as a single frame with an indication of the number of copies received.

Modify Count Sets compression to a specified maximum number of successive identical FISU's or LSSU's on the same channel.

MAX (default) Sets compression of successive identical FISU's or LSSU's on the same channel up to 99,999,999 copies.

OFF Compression is not performed.

WARNING

High levels of FISU or LSSU traffic, with reduced or eliminated compression, can result in machine overload.

→ *SUERM Function*

Selects whether errors are monitored according to the SUERM specification. Every SU received with an error increments the SUERM counter. Every 256 SU's received with or without an error decrements the counter. When the SUERM counter reaches a preset T Threshold, a link failure indication is reported to the user and the SUERM function is turned off (default is on).

→ *T Threshold*

Sets the threshold for reporting a link failure (default is 64). Used with the *SUERM Function*.

→ *Octet Counting Mode*

Selects the method of octet counting. When active, the SUERM counter is incremented every 16 octets received. The start and stop of octet counting is reported to the user (see the SS#7 Programmer's Manual).

AUTO (default) Starts octet counting when an octet containing seven successive '1' bits is received, or when an SIF is received with a length greater than the specified maximum SIF.

Stops octet counting when an octet containing six successive '1' bits is received.

ON Continuously performs octet counting without conditions.

OFF Octet counting is not performed.

→ *Maximum SIF*

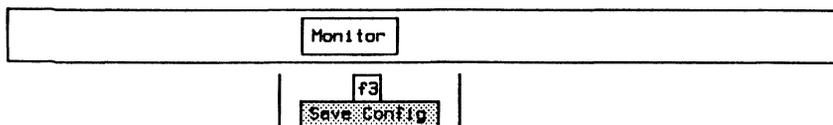
Specifies the maximum length of the signalling information field used with octet counting. Valid values are 1 through 999 (default is 272 octets).

3.3 Saving Configurations

Previously defined configuration settings can be saved to disk for later retrieval.

Example:

Save the current configuration in a file named CONFIG on floppy drive DR0.



- Enter the filename and press ↵ (RETURN).



3.4 Loading Configurations

Previously saved configuration settings can be retrieved from disk.

Example:

Retrieve a configuration saved in the file named CONFIG on floppy drive DR0.



- Enter the filename and press ← (RETURN).

Enter Configuration Filename: DRO:CONFIG

3.5 Selecting a Protocol Set

All or individual functional parts of a selected protocol set can be selected and then loaded. The protocol filename (less the suffix -.T), drive, description, version, and an indication of whether the file is loaded are listed on the Protocol Set Selection Menu.

Example:

Select the CCITT protocol set and load all the associated files.

Monitor

FS

Protocol Set Menu

Protocol Set Selection Menu

→ Protocol Variance: All Available Files

Name	Drive	Description	Ver	Loaded
CCITT_LINK88	VD2	CCITT MTP Level 2, Q.703, 1988	1.0	
CCITT_NET88	VD2	CCITT MTP Level 3, Rec Q.704, 1988	1.0	
CCITT_SCCP88	VD2	CCITT SCCP, Q.713, 1988	1.0	
CCITT_ISUP88	VD2	CCITT ISDN User Part, Q.763, 1988	1.0	
CCITT_TCAP88	VD2	CCITT TCAP/DMAP, Q.773/Q.795, 1988	1.0	
TC_TCAP88	VD7	Telecon Canada TCAP, Issue 1, 1988	1.0	
CCITT_TUP88	VD7	CCITT TUP, Q.723, 1988	1.0	
ANSI_ISUP88	VD7	ANSI ISDN User Part, T1.113-1988	1.0	
ANSI_NET88	VD7	ANSI MTP Level 3, T1.111.4-1988	1.0	↓

All Available Files Displays all protocol files found on the current drives.

Scan Drives Scans the current drives and updates the list of files found (useful for protocols stored on floppy disks).



NOTE

If a file is not found, the drive field is dashed on the menu and the version field is blank.



Protocol Set Selection Menu

→ Protocol Variance: All Available Files

Protocol Variance Menu		Ver Loaded
None		
CCITT_LINK88	→ 1988 CCITT 0.7xx Recommendations	1.0
CCITT_NET88	1988 ANSI T1.11x Standards	1.0
CCITT_SCCP88	1988 Telecon Canada Standards	1.0
CCITT_ISUP88	1987 1 TR 7 Standards	1.0
CCITT_TCAP88	1988 Hong Kong Telecon Standards	1.0
TC_TCAP88		1.0
CCITT_TUP88		1.0
ANSI_ISUP88	WD7 ANSI ISDN User Part. T1.113-1988	1.0
ANSI_NET88	WD7 ANSI MTP Level 3. T1.111.4-1988	1.0

↓



Protocol Set Selection Menu

Protocol Variance: CCITT Q.7xx Recommendations

None	Drive	Description	Ver	Loaded	
→		CCITT LINK88	VD2	CCITT MTP Level 2, Q.703, 1988	1.0
		CCITT NET88	VD2	CCITT MTP Level 3, Rec Q.704, 1988	1.0
		CCITT SCCP88	VD2	CCITT SCCP, Q.713, 1988	1.0
		CCITT ISUP88	VD2	CCITT ISDN User Part, Q.763, 1988	1.0
		CCITT TCAP88	VD2	CCITT TCAP/OMAP, Q.773/Q.795, 1988	1.0
		CCITT TUP88	VD7	CCITT TUP, Q.723, 1988	1.0



F3

EXIT

F5

Load

3.6 Monitoring Live Data

Monitor

F5
Online

TC #1 (24) : SS#7 Monitor Live Data 1990-11-07 14:58:44

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	OPC	SLS
29442	T1 TX	1/85	1/82	11	MSU	PD	INT	ISUP	0-030-0	0-030-1	06
29443	T1 TX	1/85	1/82	00	FISU						
29612	T1 RX	1/81	1/85	00	FISU					COPIES=239	
29851	T1 RX	1/82	1/85	00	FISU						
29852	T1 RX	1/82	1/85	00	FISU					COPIES=11730	
41582	T1 RX	1/82	1/86	13	MSU	PD	INS	ISUP	0-030-1	0-030-0	05
41583	T1 RX	1/82	1/86	00	FISU						
29444	T1 TX	1/85	1/82	00	FISU					COPIES=12002	
41446	T1 TX	1/86	1/82	00	FISU						
41447	T1 TX	1/86	1/82	00	FISU					COPIES=135	
41582	T1 TX	1/86	1/83	09	MSU	PD	INT	ISUP	0-030-0	0-030-1	06
41583	T1 TX	1/86	1/83	00	FISU						
41584	T1 RX	1/82	1/86	00	FISU					COPIES=181	

TestPorts Background Monitor Capture Display Format Search ResponseT1

F1 Level 1 MenuF2 Level 2 MenuF3 Save ConfigF4 Load ConfigF5 Protocol Set MenuF6 Online

Figure 3-1 SS#7 Monitor Program Display

The received data is captured to RAM, decoded, and displayed as shown above.

4. SS#7 DISPLAY FORMATS

Protocol level display formats vary depending on the number of protocols loaded. Refer to the 'General Application Topics' section in the basic User Manual for general display format setup information.

Format



Display Format Menu

→ Display Format	COMPLETE	Dual Window	OFF
Header		Trace Display Format	SHORT
Link	MNEMONIC		
Network	MNEMONIC	Timestamp	OFF
Detail		Character Set	---
Network	COMPLETE	Throughput Graph	OFF
SCCP	COMPLETE	Short Interval (sec)	10
TUP	COMPLETE	Long Interval (sec)	600
ISUP	COMPLETE	Maximum Scale (%)	100
TCAP	COMPLETE		
Other	HEX		

The default display is short format. The Header, Detail, and Other formats can only be modified when *Display Format* is *COMPLETE*.



NOTE

Routing label formats (OPC, DPC, and SLS) can be selected via the Labels topic (see Section 5).

4.1 Header

→ Link

Selects the format of link level protocol information (i.e. forward and backward sequence octets, length indicator, signal unit type, and the status field for LSSU's).

OFF Fields are not reported.

TEXT Reports fields in decimal.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP NI	SI	DPC	OPC	SLS
5230	T1 RX	07B1	1747	01	LSSU	0				

HEX Reports fields in hexadecimal.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP NI	SI	DPC	OPC	SLS
5230	T1 RX	0751	172F	01	LSSU	0				

MNEMONIC (default) Reports backward and forward sequence octets and the length indicator in decimal. Displays the status field (for LSSU's) in a comprehensive protocol report.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	OPC	SLS
5230	T1 RX	0/81	1/47	01	LSSU	010					

→ **Network**

Selects the format of network level protocol information (i.e. information field).

OFF Fields are not reported.



NOTE

The message priority bits are bits 'A' and 'B' of the service information octet and are not used (i.e. coded 00) in the International Network.

TEXT Reports fields in decimal.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	OPC	SLS
5231	T1 RX	0/81	1/47	16	MSU	0	0	01	7-063-0	7-095-0	11
8	----0001 Header 0		0		TM	: Test Message					
	0001---- Header 1				SLTM	: Signalling Link Test Message					
9	----0000 Spare TLI bits										
	1001---- Test Length Ind.		: 9								
10	01010100 Test Pattern		: 54 45 53 54 20 40 53 55 2E								

Signalling Link Selection

HEX Reports fields in hexadecimal.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	OPC	OPC	SLS
5231	T1 RX	0/81	1/47	16	MSU	0	0	1	7-063-0	7-095-0	11
8	----0001	Header 0			TM	: Test Message					
	0001----	Header 1			SLTM	: Signalling Link Test Message					
9	----0000	Spare TLI bits									
	1001----	Test Length Ind.				: 9					
10	01010100	Test Pattern				: 54 45 53 54 20 40 53 55 2E					

MNEMONIC (default) Reports fields in a comprehensive protocol report.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	OPC	OPC	SLS
5231	T1 RX	0/81	1/47	16	MSU	0	0	1	7-063-0	7-095-0	11
8	----0001	Header 0			TM	: Test Message					
	0001----	Header 1			SLTM	: Signalling Link Test Message					
9	----0000	Spare TLI bits									
	1001----	Test Length Ind.				: 9					
10	01010100	Test Pattern				: 54 45 53 54 20 40 53 55 2E					

4.2 Detail

→ Network

Selects the level of detail reported within signalling network management or signalling network test messages.

OFF Network detail information is not reported.

COMPLETE (default) Displays network detail in a comprehensive protocol report. The start of each byte is indicated with a number located on the left of the bit pattern. This number is the byte offset from the start of the frame.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	DPC	SLS
5231	P2 RX	0/81	1/47	16	MSU	P0	INT	SNTH	7-063-0	7-095-0	11
0	0001	Header 0			TH						
	0001	Header 1			SLTH						
0	0000	Spere TLI bits									
	1001	Test Length Ind									
10	01010100	Test Pattern							54 45 53 54 20 40 53 55 2E		

CHAR Displays network detail in the currently selected character set.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	DPC	SLS
5231	P2 RX	0/81	1/47	16	MSU	P0	INT	SNTH	7-063-0	7-095-0	11
		===== Message Transfer Part =====									
		{<00>#TEXT MSU }									

HEX Displays network detail in hexadecimal.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	DPC	SLS
5231	P2 RX	0/81	1/47	16	MSU	P0	INT	SNTH	7-063-0	7-095-0	11
		===== Message Transfer Part =====									
		11 00 54 46 53 54 20 40 53 55 2E									

→ *SCCP*

→ *TUP*

→ *ISUP*

→ *TCAP*

Selects the upper level protocol format information within the message.
OFF Information is not reported.

COMPLETE (default) Displays information in a comprehensive protocol report.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	OPC	SLS
1532	P1 TX	1/127	1/2	11	MSU	P0	INT	SCCP	5-072-8	4-010-0	05
8	00000011	SCCP Message		CREF	: Connection Refused						
9	00000001	Destination Local Ref		: 197121							

12	00000010	Refusal Cause		: End user failure							
13	00000000	Parameter Pointer		: No Optional Parameters							

HEX Displays information in hexadecimal.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	OPC	SLS
1532	P1 TX	1/127	1/2	11	MSU	P0	INT	SCCP	5-072-8	4-010-0	05
-----SCCP Message-----											
03 01 02 03 02 00											

CHAR Displays information in the currently selected character set.

MSG Displays only the circuit identification code (for TUP and ISUP messages) and the message type.

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	OPC	SLS
1532	P1 TX	1/127	1/2	11	MSU	P0	INT	SCCP	5-072-8	4-010-0	05
8	00000011	SCCP Message		CREF	: Connection Refused						

PARS Displays the message detail and lists all optional parameter names present for the selected upper level protocol format (format not available for the TUP protocol).

Block Number	Source	BSN	FSN	LI	Type	MP	NI	SI	DPC	OFC	SLS
1532	PI TX	1/127	1/2	11	MSU	PO	INT	SCCP	5-072-6	4-010-0	05
0	00000011	SCCP Message		CREF	: Connection Refused						
13	00000000	Parameter Pointer			: No Optional Parameters						

→ *Other*

Selects the level of detail reported for information which cannot be decoded due to errors, or the appropriate decoder has not been installed.

OFF Other information is not reported.

HEX (default) Displays other information in hexadecimal.

CHAR Displays other information in the currently selected character set.

5. ROUTING LABELS

Up to ten routing labels can be configured for filters and triggers. Both CCITT and ANSI have seven parts which can be set individually for each label. Routing labels can only be configured when an MTP level 3 protocol has been loaded (see Section 3.5).

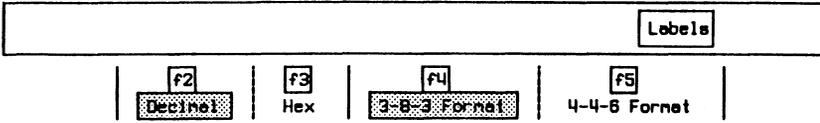
CCITT routing labels include:

- zone
 - network identifier
 - signalling point identifier
 - signalling link selection
- } for both destination and origination point code

ANSI routing labels include:

- network identifier
 - network cluster
 - network cluster member
 - signalling link selection
- } for both destination and origination point code

5.1 Routing Label Formats

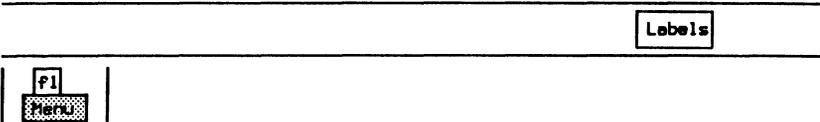


Routing labels can be displayed in either decimal (default) or hexadecimal format. As well, 14 bit point codes used by CCITT protocols can be displayed with either 3-8-3 (3 bit zone, 8 bit network, and 3 bit signalling point identifier) or 4-4-6 format. These point code formats also apply to higher level protocols (eg. SCCP).

5.2 Creating Labels

Example 1:

Create a label 3 destination point code for zone 5 (Z), network identifier 123 (NI), and a "don't care" signalling point identifier (SPI).



Routing Label Selection Menu			
Label Number	Dest. Point Code Z-NI-SPI	Orig. Point Code Z-NI-SPI	SLS
1	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
2	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
3	→ 0-000-0	0-000-0	00
4	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
5	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
6	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
7	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
8	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
9	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
10	0-000-0	0-000-0	00

F1
Set Point Code

- Enter the zone (5) and network identifier (123) values.
- Move to the 'SPI' field.

Enter Point Code Value (Decimal): 5 - 123 -

F4
Exec. Code

- Press *Execute* to enter the label on the menu.



NOTE

The SPI field on the menu is indicated as 'x'. Consequently, this line on the menu would be displayed as:

Routing Label Selection Menu

Label Number	Dest. Point Code Z-NI-SPI	Orig. Point Code Z-NI-SPI	SLS
1	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
2	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
3	→ 5-123-X	0-000-0	00

Example 2:

Set all fields for label 3 origination point code to "don't care".

Routing Label Selection Menu

Label Number	Dest. Point Code Z-NI-SPI	Orig. Point Code Z-NI-SPI	SLS
1	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
2	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
3	5-123-X	→ X-XXX-X	00



5.3 Saving Routing Labels

Routing labels can be saved to disk for later retrieval.

Example:

Save the current set of routing labels in the file LABEL1.



- Enter the filename and press ← (RETURN).

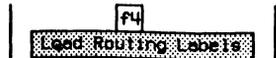
Enter Routing Label Filename: LABEL1

5.4 Loading Routing Labels

Previously saved routing labels can be retrieved from disk.

Example:

Retrieve the set of routing labels saved in the file LABEL1.



- Enter the filename and press ← (RETURN).

Enter Routing Label Filename: LABEL1

6. SS#7 FILTERS

Protocol level filters vary depending on the number of protocols loaded. Refer to the 'General Application Topics' section in the basic User Manual for general filter setup information.

There are two categories of protocol filters available:

- **Message Type Filters**
Message types can be either passed or blocked. For hierarchically structured messages and application/user parts, if the parent message type is blocked, all subordinate message types will be dashed on the menu.
- **Parameter Filters**
Additionally, parameters and the associated conditions can be filtered. When parameters are passed or blocked, the associated conditions can be modified. When set to off, conditions are dashed on the menu.

OFF (default) Filter conditions are not applied.

PASS Passes the SU if one or more parameters match the specified conditions. The SU is also passed if the parameter is not present.

BLOCK Blocks the SU if one or more parameters match the specified conditions.

When an SU can be filtered at more than one point in the protocol, a block condition takes precedence over a pass condition.

Example:

If the SCCP Unitdata filter is blocked and the TCAP Unidirectional filter is passed, only TCAP Unidirectional messages which do not use the SCCP Unitdata message will be passed.

When two parameter filters are activated in the same group, a match condition takes precedence over a no-match condition.]

Example:

If the SCCP Calling Party Address is passed and the SCCP Called Party Address is blocked, SU's containing both parameters will be passed only if the Calling Party Address matches and the Called Party Address fails to match the specified conditions.

Example 1:

Program a filter to pass an SIPO (processor outage) and block all other level 2 events for the display.

Move the cursor to the required parameters and use the *PASS* or *BLOCK* function key to display (pass) only required frames.

Filters

f1
Menu

Filter Selection Menu

Filter Type	DISPLAY	Trace Statements
Filter Status	ACTIVATED	ON
→ Link	PASS	
Network	BLOCK	
SCCP	NONE	
TUP	NONE	
ISUP	NONE	
TCAP	NONE	
Others	BLOCK	

f1
Select Setup

Link Filter Setup Menu 1					
Filter Type	DISPLAY	Link Messages	PASS		
FIB Inversion	---	BIB Inversion	---		
Fill-in Signal Unit		BLOCK			
Link Status Signal Unit (1 byte)		PASS			
SIO	BLOCK	SIN	BLOCK	SIE	BLOCK
SIDS	BLOCK	SIPO	PASS	SIB	BLOCK
Link Status Signal Unit (2 byte)		PASS			
SIO	BLOCK	SIN	BLOCK	SIE	BLOCK
SIDS	BLOCK	→ SIPO	PASS	SIB	BLOCK

Example 2:

Program a filter to display only frames with:

- an international network indicator code;
- a message priority of 0;
- a destination point code of zone 5, NI 123, and "don't care" SPI (5-123-X);
- a "don't care" origination point code;
- a "don't care" signalling link selection; and
- a COA (change-over acknowledgement).

Move the cursor to the required parameters and use the *PASS* or *BLOCK* function key to display (pass) only required frames.

Filters

F1

Menu

Filter Selection Menu

Filter Type	DISPLAY	Trace Statements	ON
Filter Status	ACTIVATED		
Link	PASS		
→ Network	PASS		
SCCP	PASS		
TUP	PASS		
ISUP	PASS		
TCAP	PASS		
Others	PASS		

F1

Select Setup

Network Filter Setup Menu 1

Filter Type	DISPLAY	Network Messages	PASS
→ Message Priority	ALL	Network Indicator	ALL
Routing Label	OFF		
Signalling Ntwk Test & Maintenance Msgs	PASS		
SLTM	PASS	SLTA	PASS

↓

F1

Selection Menu

Network Filter Setup Menu 1

Filter Type	
Message Priority	Message Priority Menu
Routing Label	
Signalling Niwk Test & Maintenance Msgs PASS	
SLTH PASS	SLTA PASS

↓

f4
None

f1
Select

□ Press *Exit*.

Network Filter Setup Menu 1

Filter Type	DISPLAY	Network Messages	PASS
Message Priority	SELECTED	→ Network Indicator	ALL
Routing Label	OFF		
Signalling Niwk Test & Maintenance Msgs PASS			
SLTH	PASS	SLTA	PASS

↓

f1
Selection Menu

Network Filter Setup Menu 1

Filter Type	Network Indicator Menu
Message Priority	→ International Network International Spare National Network National Spare
Routing Label	
Signalling Ntwk Test & Maintenance Msgs PASS	
SLTH PASS	SLTA PASS

↓

F4
None

F1
Select

□ Press *Exit*.

Network Filter Setup Menu 1

Filter Type	DISPLAY	Network Messages	PASS
Message Priority	SELECTED	Network Indicator	SELECTED
→ Routing Label	PASS		
Signalling Ntwk Test & Maintenance Msgs BLOCK			
SLTH	---	SLTA	---

↓



NOTE

The Routing Label filter is normally off. To pass or block selected routing labels, the Routing Label filter must be set to PASS.

F1

Selection Menu

Routing Label Selection Menu

Label Number		Dest. Point Code Z-NI-SPI	Orig. Point Code Z-NI-SPI	SLS
1	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
2	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
→ 3	PASS	5-123-X	X-XXX-X	XX
4	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
5	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
6	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
7	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
8	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
9	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00
10	OFF	0-000-0	0-000-0	00



NOTE

The label selected from this menu must have been created previously under the Labels topic (see Section 5.2).



NOTE

Routing labels turned off are ignored by the filtering process.

□ Press Exit.

F6

Next Page

Network Filter Setup Menu 2

Filter Type DISPLAY Network Messages PASS ↑

Signalling Network Management Messages PASS

Header 0		Header 1					
CHM PASS	COO BLOCK	→ COA PASS	CBD BLOCK	CBA BLOCK			
ECH BLOCK	ECD ---	ECA ---					
FCM BLOCK	RCT ---	TFC ---					
TFM BLOCK	TFP ---	TFR ---	TFA ---				
RSH BLOCK	RST ---	RSR ---					

↓

f6
Next Page

Network Filter Setup Menu 3

Filter Type DISPLAY Network Messages PASS ↑

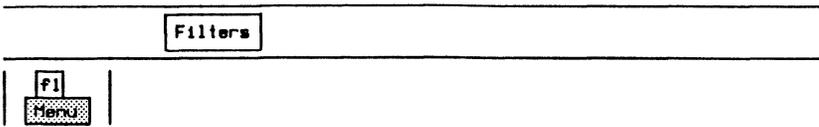
Signalling Network Management Messages PASS

Header 0		Header 1			
MIM BLOCK	LIN ---	LUN ---	LIA ---	LUA ---	
	LID ---	LFU ---	LLT ---	LRT ---	
TRM BLOCK	TRA ---				
DLM BLOCK	DLC ---	CSS ---	CNS ---	CNP ---	
→ UFC BLOCK	UPU ---				

Example 3:

Pass CR (connection request) SCCP messages with a Called Party Address subsystem number of 'Mobile Application Part' and a Called Party Address digit string of 8003663868.

Move the cursor to the required parameters and use the *PASS* or *BLOCK* function key to display (pass) only required frames.



Filter Selection Menu		
Filter Type	DISPLAY	Trace Statements ON
Filter Status	ACTIVATED	
Link	PASS	
Network	PASS	
→ SCCP	PASS	
TUP	PASS	
ISUP	PASS	
TCAP	PASS	
Others	PASS	



SCCP Filter Setup Menu 1							
Filter Type	DISPLAY	SCCP Messages				PASS	
SCCP Message							
→ CR	PASS	CC	BLOCK	CREF	BLOCK	RLSD	BLOCK
RLC	BLOCK	DT1	BLOCK	DT2	BLOCK	AK	BLOCK
UDT	BLOCK	UDTS	BLOCK	ED	BLOCK	EA	BLOCK
RSR	BLOCK	RCS	BLOCK	ERR	BLOCK	IT	BLOCK

f6
Next Page

SCCP Filter Setup Menu 2

Filter Type DISPLAY SCCP Messages PASS

Parameters

Called Party Address	PASS	Calling Party Address	OFF
Signalling Point Code	X-XXX-X	Signalling Point Code	---
→ Subsystem Number	ALL	Subsystem Number	---
Translation Type	XXX	Translation Type	---
Numbering Plan	ALL	Numbering Plan	---
Nature of Address Ind	ALL	Nature of Address Ind	---
Address Information	Don't Care	Address Information	---

f1
Selection Menu

SCCP Filter Setup Menu 2

Filter Type

Called Party

Signalling

Subsystem

→ Translation

Numbering

Nature of

Address Information

Subsystem Number Menu

SSN not known/not used

SCCP Management

Reserved for CCITT allocation

ISDN User Part

GMAP

→ Mobile Application Part

Reserved

Spars

f4
None



□ Press *Exit*.

SCCP Filter Setup Menu 2

Filter Type	DISPLAY	SCCP Messages	PASS
Parameters			
Called Party Address	PASS	Calling Party Address	OFF
Signalling Point Code	X-XXX-X	Signalling Point Code	---
Subsystem Number	SELECTED	Subsystem Number	---
Translation Type	XXX	Translation Type	---
Numbering Plan	ALL	Numbering Plan	---
Nature of Address Ind	ALL	Nature of Address Ind	---
→ Address Information	Don't Care	Address Information	---



□ Enter the digits in hex and press ↵ (RETURN).

Enter Digits (HEX): 8003663868

SCCP Filter Setup Menu 2			
Filter Type	DISPLAY	SCCP Messages	PASS
Parameters			
Called Party Address	PASS	Calling Party Address	OFF
Signalling Point Code	X-XXX-X	Signalling Point Code	---
Subsystem Number	SELECTED	Subsystem Number	---
Translation Type	XXX	Translation Type	---
Numbering Plan	ALL	Numbering Plan	---
Nature of Address Ind	ALL	Nature of Address Ind	---
→ Address Information	8003663868	Address Information	---

7. SS#7 TRIGGERS

Protocol level triggers vary depending on the number of protocols loaded.



NOTE

Refer to the 'General Application Topics' section in the basic User Manual for general filter setup information.

There are two categories of protocol triggers available:

- **Message Type Triggers**
Message types can be either on or off. For hierarchically structured messages and application/user parts, if the parent message type is off, all subordinate message types will be dashed on the menu.
- **Parameter Triggers**
Additionally, parameters and the associated conditions can be triggered. When parameters are triggered, the associated conditions can be modified. When set to off, conditions are dashed on the menu.

OFF (default)	Trigger conditions are not applied.
ON	Triggers the SU if one or more parameters match the specified conditions.

When an SU can be triggered at more than one point in the protocol, an off condition takes precedence over an on condition.

Example:

If the SCCP Unitdata trigger is off and the TCAP Unidirectional trigger is on, only TCAP Unidirectional messages which do not use the SCCP Unitdata message will be triggered.

 **NOTE**
BIB and FIB inversion triggers can trigger SU's regardless of other trigger settings.

When two parameter triggers are activated in the same group, a match condition takes precedence over a no-match condition.

Example:

If SCCP Calling Party Address and SCCP Called Party Address triggers are on, SU's containing both parameters will be triggered if either parameter matches the specified conditions.

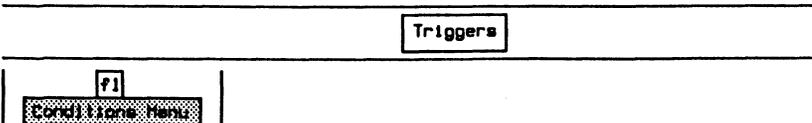
7.1 Setting Conditions

Example 1:

Upon receipt of BIB inversion or SIPO (processor outage):

- beep;
- stop the display and RAM capture;
- start disk recording; and
- display a message in the Data Window.

Move the cursor to the required parameters and use the *ON* or *OFF* function key to trigger only required frames.



Trigger Conditions Menu

Event Trigger	TRIGGER #1	Trigger Direction	FROM BOTH
Trigger Status	ARMED		
→ Link	ON	Disk Full	OFF
Network	ON	RAM Full	OFF
SCCP	ON	Alarm Clock	OFF
TUP	ON	Time	---
ISUP	ON		
TCAP	ON	String Match	OFF
Others	OFF	String	---
		Mask	---

F1

Select Event

Link Event Menu 1

Event Trigger	TRIGGER #1	Link Messages	ON
FIB Inversion	OFF	BIB Inversion	ON
Fill In Signal Unit			OFF
Link Status Signal Unit (1 byte)	ON		
S10	OFF	S1N	OFF
S1OS	OFF	S1PD	ON
		S1E	OFF
		S1B	OFF
Link Status Signal Unit (2 byte)	ON		
S10	OFF	S1N	OFF
S1OS	OFF	→ S1PD	ON
		S1E	OFF
		S1B	OFF

Example 2:

Upon receipt of any ISUP message containing a release cause 'no circuit available':

- beep;
- stop the display and RAM capture;
- start disk recording; and
- display a message in the Data Window.

Move the cursor to the required parameters and use the *ON* or *OFF* function keys to trigger only required frames.

Triggers

F1
Conditions Menu

Trigger Conditions Menu

Event Trigger Trigger Status	TRIGGER #1 ARMED	Trigger Direction	FROM BOTH
Link	ON	Disk Full	OFF
Network	ON	RAM Full	OFF
SCCP	OFF	Alarm Clock	OFF
TUP	OFF	Time	---
→ ISUP	ON		
TCAP	NONE	String Match	OFF
Others	OFF	String	---
		Mask	---

F1
Select Events

ISUP Event Menu 1							
Event Trigger TRIGGER #1				ISUP Messages ON			
ISUP Message							
→ IAH	ON	SAH	ON	INR	ON	INF	ON
CDT	ON	ACH	ON	CON	ON	FOT	ON
ANH	ON	REL	ON	SUS	ON	RES	ON
RLC	ON	CCR	ON	RSC	ON	BLO	ON
UBL	ON	BLA	ON	UBA	ON	GRS	ON
CGB	ON	CGU	ON	CGBA	ON	CGUA	ON
CMR	ON	CMC	ON	CMRJ	ON	FAR	ON
FAA	ON	FRJ	ON	LPA	ON	DRS	ON

f6
Next Page

ISUP Event Menu 2							
Event Trigger TRIGGER #1				ISUP Messages ON			
ISUP Message							
→ PAM	ON	GRA	ON	COM	ON	CDR	ON
CPG	ON	USR	ON	UCIC	ON	CFN	ON
OLM	ON	CRG	ON				

f6
Next Page

ISUP Event Menu 1

Event Trigger	TRIGGER #1	ISUP Messages	DN
Parameters			
Subsequent Number	OFF	Calling Category	OFF
Address Information	---	Calling Party's Cat	---
Cause Indicators	DN	Call Reference	OFF
Location	ALL	Call Identity	---
→ Cause Value	ALL	Point Code	---

F1

Selection Menu

ISUP Event Menu 1

Cause Value Menu

Unallocated (unassigned) number	Number changed
No route is specified transit net	Destination out of order
No route to destination	Address incomplete
Send special information tone	Facility rejected
Disallowed trunk prefix	Normal - unspecified
Normal call clearing	→ No circuit available
User busy	Network out of order
No user responding	Temporary failure
No answer from user (alerted)	Switching equipment congestion
Call rejected	Requested channel not available

F4

None

F1

Select

7.2 Setting Actions

Triggers

F2

Actions Menu

Trigger Action Menu

Event Trigger	TRIGGER #1	Display	TURN OFF
Trigger Status	ARMED	RAM Recording	TURN OFF
Beep	ON	Disk Recording	TURN ON
Highlight	NO EFFECT		
→ Data Display Message	"TRIGGER NO.1 HAS FIRED"		
User Window Message	""		

**NOTE**

Specify the drive and data filename on the Recording Menu before arming the trigger.

The SS#7 Monitor now captures and displays all data. When it receives a BIB inversion or SIPO, the display and RAM capture are stopped, a disk recording is opened, and the message 'TRIGGER NO.1 HAS FIRED' is displayed in the Data Window.

