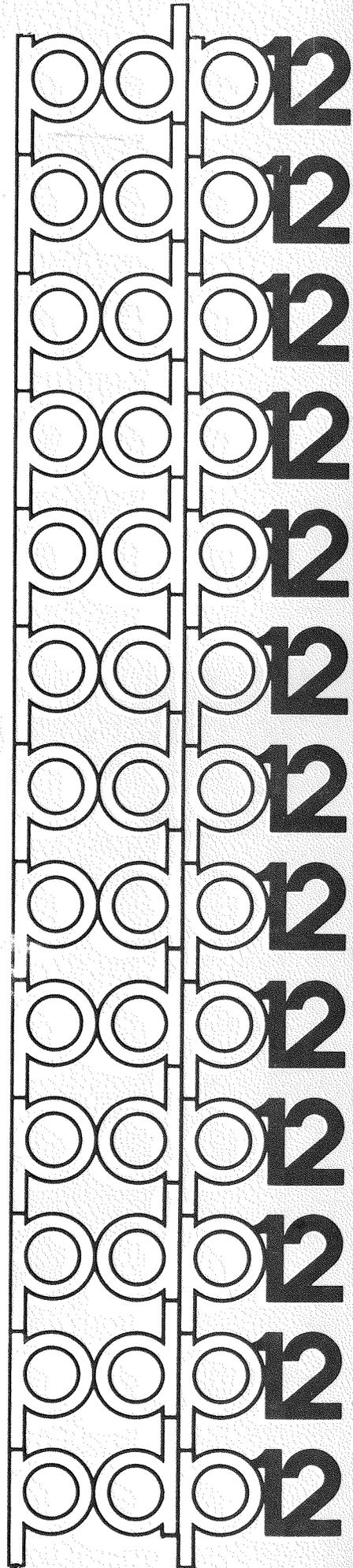
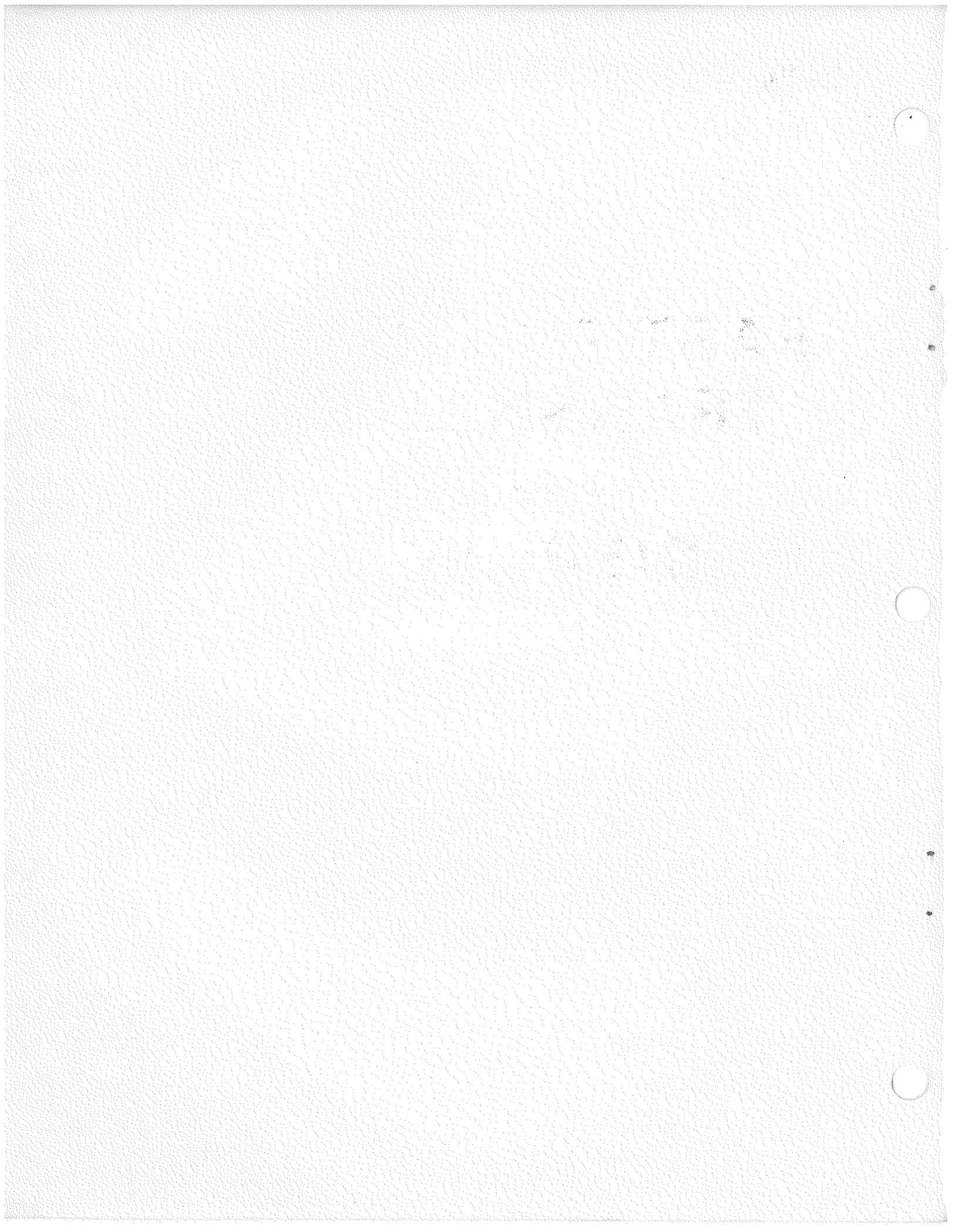


**digital**

# **FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM AND DISPLAY**





# FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM

AND

# DISPLAY

## PROGRAMMER'S REFERENCE MANUAL

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## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The PDP-12 Fast Fourier Transform + Display program is an adaptation of a program written by James Rothman, of Digital Equipment Corporation. The algorithm is described briefly in Section 7.0 of this manual and in detail in DECUSCOPE, Volume 7, Number 3, available from DECUS Library, Digital Equipment Corporation, Maynard, Massachusetts.

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The FFTD (Fast Fourier Transform + Display) program can perform a Fast Fourier Transform or Inverse Fast Fourier Transform on 4 to 1024 real or complex points which have been stored on a LAP6-DIAL<sup>1</sup> or data LINC-tape or disk. The real and imaginary parts of the input or output data and the magnitude of the output data may be displayed on the scope via a moving window. Transformed data may also be stored on a DIAL or data LINCtape or disk. In addition, the scale of the displayed data can be user-modified over twelve different ranges.

## 2.0 MINIMUM HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

8K PDP-12B with EAE. !

## 3.0 OPERATING PROCEDURE

### 3.1 Loading FFTD

FFTD is a "load and go" program and is called from tape or disk by the DIAL command:

→LO FFTD, n)

where n is the tape (0-7) or disk (10-17) containing the program. A DIAL system tape must be on unit 0. (If a non-existent unit is addressed, NO is displayed on the scope. Press RETURN and issue the proper command.)

At any time during program operation, FFTD may be restarted by pressing the console keys: LINC mode, I/O PRESET, and START 20.

### 3.2 FFTD Displays

The first display is:

```
DISPLAY 1          SINGLE PRECISION FFT
                   INPUT ON DIAL UNIT? Y/N__
```

---

<sup>1</sup>LAP6-DIAL is hereafter referred to as DIAL.

Type Y if the data file is on a tape or disk containing DIAL; type N if the file is on a data tape or disk. (A file copied from paper tape via PIP must be referenced as a data tape or disk.)

The final user replies to all the scope displays are terminated by pressing LINE FEED.

If the input is on a DIAL tape or disk, the second display is:

```
DISPLAY 2          UNIT NUMBER__  
                   FILE NAME_____
```

Specify the unit number, 0 to 7 for tape, and 10 to 17 for disk, where the file is located and press RETURN. Then type the file name, which may be 1 to 3 characters long and must begin with a non-numeric character and not contain a ?, /, \, or >. After typing the file name, press LINE FEED. Note that a file addressed by name on a DIAL tape or disk can not have a header block and must have been placed on the device only by the FFTD program. If a non-existent unit is requested, NO is displayed. To restart the program from LINctape, press STOP, I/O PRESET, and START 20. The program must be reloaded from an RK8 or RF08 disk.

The user is told if the file is not on the specified unit:

```
DISPLAY 3          CANNOT FIND  
                   HIT RETURN TO CONT
```

Press RETURN to bring back display 2

If the input is on a data tape or disk, the second display is:

```
DISPLAY 4          UNIT NUMBER__  
                   BLOCK NUMBER___
```

The unit may be any number from 0 to 7 for tape and 10 to 17 for disk. The block number must be an octal number from 0 to 777. If a data file with a header block is on a DIAL device, it may be accessed by this sequence (instead of the DIAL message). The correct block number is the value in the DIAL index plus one. After the file has been located, the calculation must be specified.

DISPLAY 5            HOW MANY PTS\_\_\_\_\_  
                      (4-1024 BY POWERS OF 2)  
                      REAL OR  
                      COMPLEX? R/C\_

Powers of 2, from 2 to 10, are acceptable, permitting 4 to 1024 points. Type R if the data is real; type C if it is complex. (Refer to Section 4.0 for a description of data storage format.) If there is not enough room between the starting block number and the end of tape to hold the number of points specified, display 5 will reappear.

The calculation is further specified:

DISPLAY 6            FFT OR DISPLAY? F/D\_  
                      TRANSFORM OR  
                      INVERSE? T/I\_

If the data is just to be displayed, type D and press RETURN. Then type T if the data has most recently been transformed or I if it has not been manipulated at all or has been inversely transformed. Continue at display 7.

The next display is:

DISPLAY 7            OUTPUT ON DIAL UNIT? Y/N\_

Type Y if output is to a DIAL tape or disk; type N if output is to a data tape or disk.

A reply of Y to display 7 (DIAL tape or disk) causes the display:

DISPLAY 8            UNIT NUMBER\_\_  
                      FILE NAME\_\_\_\_\_

These answers have the same restrictions as the input display, display 2. If there is not enough space on the DIAL tape/disk to hold the output data, the next display is:

DISPLAY 9            NO SPACE  
                      HIT RETURN TO CONT

Press RETURN to bring back display 7.

If a file already exists with the specified name, the next display is:

DISPLAY 10            REPLACE? Y/N\_

Type Y or N to replace or not to replace the file. A reply of N will cause display 8 to reappear. If the file is to be replaced, but the new file is larger than the old file, display 9 will reappear.

If output is to a data tape or disk, the next display is:

DISPLAY 11            UNIT NUMBER \_\_\_  
                      BLK NUMBER \_\_\_

The answers have the same restrictions as the input display, display 4. If there is not enough space from the starting block number to the end of the tape to hold the output data, display 9 will reappear.

The program will now read in the data, perform a Fast Fourier Transform or Inverse Fast Fourier Transform, and write the results as complex data pairs onto the specified tape or disk.

When the transform is completed or if just displays are desired, the following message is displayed:

DISPLAY 12            WHICH DISPLAY?  
                      R(EAL)  
                      I(MAGINARY)  
                      M(MAGNITUDE)  
                      S(SCALE FACTOR)  
                      LINE FEED (RESTART)

Type R, I, M, or S and LINE FEED to obtain the desired display. The scale factor is displayed as a decimal number ( $\emptyset$ -12). (Refer to Section 6.0, Data Scaling, for an explanation of the scale factor.) (The magnitude, M, for  $a+ib$  is  $M = \sqrt{a^2+b^2}$ .)

If the display is less than 512 points, it will be stationary and centered on the scope. If it contains 512 or more points, the display can be moved in either direction using A/D knob  $\emptyset$ .

A cursor which can be moved by rotating A/D knob 1 will ride along the curve. Associated with the cursor are four octal words displayed in the top left corner of the scope, one beneath the other. The first two words are the absolute 15-bit core address of the cursor point. The third word is the contents of the displayed core address, i.e., the actual 12-bit value in the data buffer of the data word that corresponds

to the cursor point. The fourth word is the scope Y coordinate of the cursor point. The fourth word is a relative value and depends upon the Y scale factor and Y offset. Because the data is scaled to nine bits prior to display, the fourth word or Y coordinate will range from 0001 to 1000, where 0001 corresponds to the bottom of the scope and 1000 to the top.

The curve can be expanded in the Y direction by typing a 1 or decreased by typing Q. Twelve different ranges are possible. As the display is enlarged, no check is made against losing significant digits of large values because the user may wish to expand small features of the display. Therefore, as the display is enlarged, large values may suddenly decrease in size as significant digits are lost.

The magnitude display is shown at half scale initially. If the values allow, the number 1 can be typed once to show the display at full scale.

Pressing RETURN will cause display 12 to reappear. As many displays as desired may be requested. Subsequent displays will be initially shown at the same range as the preceding display. Pressing LINE FEED without entering a character will cause display 1 to reappear.

#### 4.0 EXAMPLE

This section provides examples of the displays which result from a transform performed on a square wave of 512 points and from an inverse transform performed on the resulting coefficients.

##### 4.1 Input Display

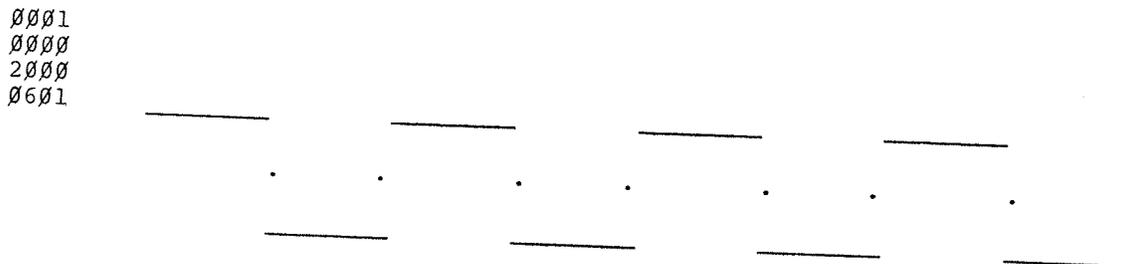
Consider a square wave<sup>1</sup> of 512 real points which has the following format on tape or disk:

Address	Value	
0	2000	} 77 points
77	1000	
100	0000	} 77 points
177	1000	

<sup>1</sup>The displays shown on the following pages are adaptations and are for demonstration purposes only.

Address	Value	
277	2000	} 77 points
277	1000	
300	0000	} 77 points
377	1000	
400	2000	} 77 points
477	1000	
500	0000	} 77 points
577	1000	
600	2000	} 77 points
677	1000	
700	0000	} 77 points
777	1000	

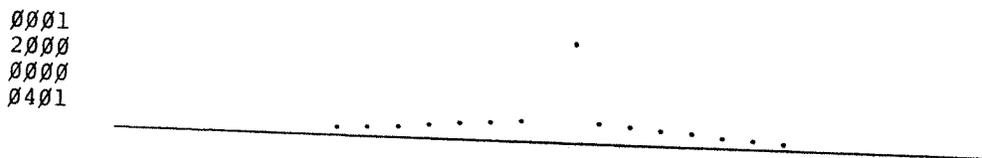
If the input is displayed, there will only be a REAL display. It will look as follows, assuming the cursor is to the extreme left and the display is not moving.



The first two values in the upper left hand corner are the address of the point on which the cursor is resting. When the cursor is at the extreme left, it indicates location 0000 of field 1. The third value is the contents of that memory location, in this case, 2000. The fourth value is the position of the cursor with respect to the bottom of the screen. [1 = bottom, 401 = X axis (middle), 1000 = top.]

## 4.2 Transform Displays

### 4.2.1 Real Display

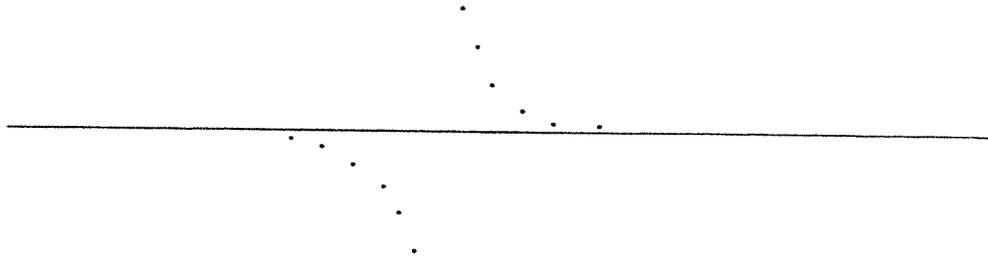


Moving the cursor to the highest point in the display will change the value display to: 0001  
2400  
2000  
0601

This is the DC component of the wave.

#### 4.2.2 Imaginary Display

0001  
2000  
0000  
0401



Moving the cursor to the lowest point produces the values:

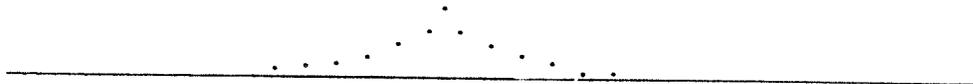
0001  
2374  
6567  
0257

Moving the cursor to the highest point displays:

0001  
2404  
1214  
0522

#### 4.2.3 Magnitude Display

0001  
2000  
0000  
0401



Moving the cursor to the highest point gives the following display:

0001  
2400  
1000  
0501

Because the magnitude of maximum values causes overflow, a factor of 2 is removed during computation. Therefore, the values displayed are half scale; type the key "1" once to display the magnitude at full scale.

#### 4.2.4 Scale Factor Display

The scale factor has a value of 1. To obtain the actual coefficients, rest the cursor on the desired point and shift right the third value of the corner display the number of bits equal to the scale factor. In this example, the highest value of the real display is 2000. Shifting it right by the scale factor (=1) yields 1000, the actual value of the DC component, which in binary is 001 000 000 000. Because the binary point is to the right of the sign bit, the actual value is  $+0.01_2$ .

#### 4.3 Inverse Transform Displays

The output of the transfer was 512 complex points. The inverse yields the following displays:

##### 4.3.1 Real Display

```

0001
0000
0764
0477
_____
. . . . .
_____

```

The third value, 0764, is a deviation from 1000, the exact value. At this time there are 2 scale factors involved. The relationship between the computed results and the original data is:

$$\text{results} = [(\text{original data}) * 2^{\text{sum of scale factors}}] / \# \text{ of points}$$

Reducing the equation for the first point yields:

$$\begin{aligned}
 1000_8 &= [(2000_8) * 2^8] / 1000_8 \\
 2^9 &= 2^{10} * 2^8 / 2^9 \\
 &= 2^9
 \end{aligned}$$

#### 4.3.2 Imaginary Display

0001  
1000  
0007  
0401

---

The values are very small and are the result of imprecision in the computations.

#### 4.3.3 Magnitude Display

0001  
0000  
0372  
0440

---

. . . . .

---

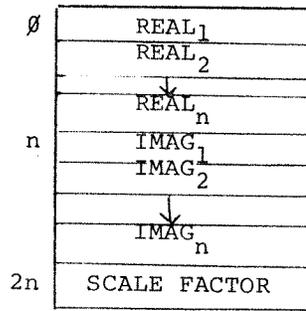
As in the magnitude display of the transform, the values displayed are half scale (displayed scale factor - 1). Because the imaginary components are essentially zero, the magnitude, when doubled, equals the real values.

#### 4.3.4 Scale Factor Display

The scale factor has a value of 7. For the magnitude display, scale factor is 7-1 since display is already half scale.

### 5.0 DATA STORAGE

The data must be stored sequentially on tape or disk in a binary file starting at the beginning of a block. If the data is complex, the real parts are grouped together followed by the imaginary parts, if any. If there are none, the program will create imaginary parts of value zero. The input and output data are in the form of binary fractions. For output data, the location following the last imaginary part contains the scale factor (refer to Data Scaling, Section 6.0). A file of complex values are stored in the following format:



-only present if file is generated by the FFTD program.

### 6.0 DATA SCALING

All calculations in FFTD are done with single precision fixed point signed binary fractions. The binary point is located between bit  $\emptyset$  and bit 1, leaving an 11 bit signed mantissa. Bit  $\emptyset$  is used as a sign bit. Negative numbers are formed by taking the two's complement of the positive binary fraction, so all inputs must be scaled in magnitude to less than one. The outputs are also formatted as above.

In order to preserve precision, it is sometimes necessary to divide by 2 in a computation. As a result, a pseudo floating point format has been adopted in which a variable scale factor (or exponent) is imposed on all the Fourier coefficients. This scale factor or pseudo exponent is found in item SCAL after each transform has been completed. It is also stored after the last imaginary part on tape or disk. The values stored on tape or disk are the Fourier coefficients multiplied by  $2^{\text{SCAL}}$ . Because in binary notation shifting a number right one bit is equivalent to dividing by two, to retrieve the coefficients themselves, shift each number right by the number of bits equal to the value of the scale factor. In the case of the inverse transform, the time samples are the values in memory multiplied by  $2^{-\text{SCAL}}$ . If, however, the inverse transform was performed on normalized transform data, the results are equal to  $[(\text{original data}) * 2^n] / \text{no. of points}$  where n equals the sum of both scale factors. To retrieve the time samples, shift left each number by the value of the scale factor.

### 7.0 SUBROUTINES USED

Manipulation of the DIAL and data LINCtapes and disk is done using the program MILDRED (DEC-12-FZDA). The question and answer displays are handled by QANDA (DEC-12-FISA). The data displays are handled by DISPLAY

(DEC-12-FLSA). A modification of FFTS-C (DECUS #8-144) is used to perform the Fourier Transforms.

## 8.0 ALGORITHM DESCRIPTION

The Fast Fourier Transformation enables computation of the power spectrum of a time series in a minimum of time. Specifically, it permits the discrete Fourier transformation

$$S_j = \frac{1}{N} \left[ \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} x_k e^{-2\pi i j k / N} \right] \quad \begin{matrix} j=0, 1, \dots, N-1 \\ i = \sqrt{-1} \end{matrix}$$

of a series on N equally spaced time samples (where N is a power of 2). The time required is proportional to  $N \log_2 N$ , whereas previous methods required times proportional to  $N^2$ . This gives a reduction in computation time of  $1 - \log_2 N / N$  or over 99 percent for  $N=1024$ . The algorithm makes use of the fact that

$$W^{k \cdot N} = W^{(k \bmod N)} \quad (\text{where } W = e^{-2\pi i / N})$$

to reduce the number of manipulations necessary for a transformation.

## 9.0 CORE CHART

### Field 0

SEGMENT 0  
 PAGE 0 - IFFT  
 \*400 - FFT  
 \*1400 - DISPLAY  
 SEGMENT 1 - MILDRED  
 SEGMENT 2 - MONITOR  
 QANDA  
 SEGMENT 3 - Data display code  
 FDV table  
 RWPARM table  
 Questions  
 Sine Table

### Field 1

0 - Buffer - real parts  
 2000 - Buffer - imaginary parts

## 10.0 PROGRAM REGION DESCRIPTION

### 10.1 Routines

- 0197 IFFT - Take the Inverse Fourier Transformation of the data in field 1. The results are in bit inverted order (refer to the SORTX routine).
- 0400 FFT - Take the Fourier Transformation of the data in field 1. The results are in bit inverted order (refer to the SORTX routine).
- 0701 SORTX - Sort the data from bit inverted order to sequential order. Bit inversion means simply the process of re-ordering the bits in a binary number. For instance, the binary number 001 bit inverted is just 100 (=4). For example, to locate  $S_5$  in memory for a 16 point transformation ( $N=16, n=4$ ), write 5 as a binary number of  $n=4$  bits,  $5_{10} = 0101_2$ . Then reverse the order of these bits to  $1010_2$ . This means  $S_5$  is stored in position 10. Physically, then,  $S_5$  of the real parts is to be found in location  $XRTAB+9$ .
- 1000 MULTIP - Perform a rounded single precision signed multiply using EAE. The  $CAL+1$  contains the address of the multiplicand. The AC contains the multiplier. Exit with the product in the AC.
- 1040 INVRT - Reverse the bits of the number contained in the AC.
- 1060 TRIGET - Fetch sine and cosine values. Specifically, if the  $AC=K$  on entry, the values of  $\sin(2\pi K/N)$  and  $\cos(2\pi K/N)$  are fetched from an internal trig table.  $K$  must be  $\geq N/2$ . A register COSINE contains the cosine value and the AC contains the sine value on exit.
- ADDR - Perform a single precision add with rounding.

1200 IDORA - This subroutine generates a moving window display with a cursor riding on the curve. For more information refer to the DISPLAY document, DEC-12-FLSA-D.

4026 IFDIAL - Display the question: FROM DIAL UNIT? Y/N\_ If the answer is Y, jump to UNTFIL; if N, jump to DATTAP; if neither, redisplay the question.

4044 UNTFIL - Jump to the subroutine ASK2 to display:

UNIT NUMBER\_\_  
FILE NAME\_\_\_\_\_

If the unit number is illegal, jump to ASK2 again to redisplay the question. If legal, jump to LOOKUP with the address of the File Description Vector (hereafter referred to as FDV) parameter list in the AC. If the file cannot be found, display the message:

CANNOT FIND  
HIT RETURN TO CONT

When RETURN is hit, jump back to UNTFIL. If the file is found, jump to MOVINP.

4061 DATTAP - Jump to the subroutine ASK3 to display:

UNIT NUMBER\_\_  
BLK NUMBER\_\_\_

If an illegal value is entered, jump back to DATTAP. If all the input is legal, fall through to MOVINP.

4063 MOVINP - Jump to FDV2RW to move the input information from the FDV to the read/write parameter list. Fall through to PTS.

4064 PTS - Display: NUMBER OF PTS\_\_\_\_\_  
(4-1024 BY POWERS OF 2)  
REAL OR  
COMPLEX? R/C\_

Set B1 to the address of the answer buffer, MPLIER to 12 and UPLEGL to -71 (-9) because the number of points is entered as a decimal value. Set the AC to the largest legal value, 20000, and jump to CONV. If the answer is an illegal value jump back to PTS; store the value in N and store its 1's complement in TEMP1. Since the number of points must be an integral power of 2, only one bit in TEMP1 may be set. Bit 11 is the exception to one bit being a power of 2. Check bit 11 first, then rotate the value adding up the number of bits set. If the total is not 1, jump back to PTS. Otherwise fall through to ROT1.

- 4136 ROT1 - Compute the power of 2 by rotating right the value in TEMP1 and stepping B2 until the bit that is set is encountered in bit 11. Fall through to STAMU.
- 4144 STAMU - Store the power of 2 in NU. If the power is less than 2, jump back to PTS. Otherwise load the AC with the number of points\*2 and jump to NUMBKS to compute the number of blocks needed to hold the output. Store the value in FDV+7. Store it also in RWPARM+3 since, for complex data, the input and output data consist of the same number of blocks. If the answer to the second question is not R, jump to IFCOM. If it is R, the input consists of half as many words as the output. Load the AC with the value of N and jump to NUMBKS to compute the number of input blocks. Store the value in RWPARM+3. Set REALFG and jump to CKEND.
- 4023 IFCOM - If the answer is C, clear REALFG and fall through to CKEND. Otherwise jump back to PTS to redisplay the question.
- 4211 CKEND - If there is not enough room between the starting block number and the end of tape to hold the number of points specified, jump back to PTS. If

the number of output words is 4000 or greater, another block will be needed to hold the scale factor. Increment FDV+7. Fall through to IFFFT.

4231 IFFFT - Display: FFT OR DISPLAY? F/D\_  
TRANSFORM OR  
INVERSE? T/I\_

If the answer to the first question is D, set DISFLG to indicate that the data will only be displayed. If F, clear DISFLG to indicate that a Transform or Inverse Transform will be performed. If the answer to the second question is T, clear FTFLG; if I, set it. If DISFLG is set, jump to DISPLY to display the data. Otherwise, jump to OUTQES.

4273 OUTQES - Display the question: OUTPUT ON DIAL UNIT? Y/N\_  
If the answer is Y jump to OUTUNT; if N jump to ONDAT; otherwise redisplay the question.

4310 OUTUNT - Jump to the subroutine ASK2 to display:

UNIT NUMBER\_\_  
FILE NAME\_\_\_\_\_

If an illegal value is input, redisplay the question. Otherwise jump to ENTER with the address of the parameter list in the AC. If a file with the specified name already exists, jump to SAMNAM. If there is not enough space to hold the output data, jump to NOSPACE. If it is a new file and there is enough space to hold it, fall through to RDDATA.

4320 RDDATA - Clear 4000 words of field 1 and read in the input data. If REALFG is 0, the data is complex - move the imaginary parts to start at location 2000. If it is non-zero, the data is real and nothing need be done. Jump to PROC.

4357 PROC - If IFTFLG is 0, jump to FT to do a Transform. Otherwise, fall through to do an Inverse Transform.

- 4363 IFT - Jump to the subroutine IFFT to do an Inverse Transform on the input data. Then jump to the subroutine SORTX to sort the coefficients into sequential order from bit inverted order. Jump to STSCAL to store the scale factor which is equal to NU-SCAL. The data should be shifted by this value.
- 4365 FT - Jump to the subroutine FFT to transform the input data. Then jump to the subroutine SORTX to sort the coefficients into sequential order from bit inverted order. The scale factor is the value in SCAL and equals the number of bits by which the data should be shifted right. Fall through to STSCAL.
- 4367 STSCAL - Store the scale factor in the word following the last imaginary part. Move the imaginary parts from 2000 to immediately behind the real parts.
- 4377 NOWSTR - Jump to the subroutine FDV2RW to move the output parameters from the FDV to the read/write parameter list. Write the data onto the output tape and jump to DISPLY.
- 4423 NOSPAC - Jump to the subroutine ASK to display the message:

NO SPACE  
HIT RETURN TO CONT

When RETURN is hit, jump to OUTQES.

- 4430 SAMNAM - Jump to the subroutine ASK to display:

ALREADY EXISTS  
REPLACE? Y/N\_

If the answer is Y, jump to REPL; if it is N, jump to OUTUNT. If it is neither, redisplay the question.

4446 REPL - Try to replace the existing file with the new file. If the new file is longer, jump to NOSPAC. If the replacement is successful, jump to RDDATA.

4452 ONDAT - Jump to the subroutine ASK3 to display:

UNIT NUMBER\_\_  
BLK NUMBER\_\_\_

If an illegal value is entered, redisplay the question. If there is not enough space between the specified block number and the end of tape to hold the output data, jump to NOSPAC. Otherwise, jump to RDDATA.

## 10.2 Subroutines

4466 FDV2RW - Transfer the unit number, starting block number, and number of blocks from the FDV parameter list to the READ/WRITE parameter list.

4503 NUMBKS - Enter with the number of words in the AC. Convert this value to blocks by counting the number of times 400 can be subtracted from it before the value becomes negative. Return with the number of blocks in the AC.

4523 ASK2 - Jump to OCTL to set MPLIER to 10 and UPLEGL to -67(-7) because the unit number is input as an octal number.

Display: UNIT NUMBER\_\_  
FILE NAME\_\_\_\_\_

by jumping to the subroutine ASK with the address of QUES2 in the AC. Set B1 to the address of the answer buffer and jump to the subroutine CONV with the largest legal unit number, 17, in the AC. If the value is illegal, return to CALL+1. If legal, store it and the file name in the FDV parameter list. Fill the file name out to 8 characters with 77's. Return to CALL+2.

4572 ASK3 - Display: UNIT NUMBER \_\_  
BLK NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

by jumping to the subroutine ASK with the address of QUES3 in the AC. Set B1 to the address of the answer buffer and jump to OCTL to set MPLIER to 10 and UPLEGL to -67(7) because the unit and block numbers are input in octal. Jump to subroutine CONV with the largest legal unit number, 17, in the AC. If the value is illegal, return to CALL+1. Otherwise, store it in word 0 of the FDV parameter list. B1 is now pointing to the block number. Jump to CONV with the largest legal block number, 777, in the AC. If the value is illegal, return to CALL+1. If legal, store it in word 6 of the FDV parameter list. Return to CALL+2.

4627 CONV - CONV is entered with the largest legal value in the AC and B1 pointing to the address - (1 half word) of the first character to be converted. Store the 1's complement of the largest legal value in TEMP2 and clear TEMP1. UPLEGL contains a -71(-9) or -67(-7) and MPLIER contains a 10 or 12 depending on whether the number to be converted is in decimal or octal. Extract a character and compare it against an ASCII 0 and the contents of UPLEGL. If it is a legal value, jump to MULPLY which will multiply the value in TEMP1 by the contents of MPLIER and add the digit being converted to it. Repeat the procedure until a character is found which is not between 0 and UPLEGL. If it is not a 34, 74, or 0, it is an illegal character: return to CALL+1. A 34 or 74 indicates the end of the input field; a 0 indicates the end of the input. Compare the converted value in TEMP1 against the maximum legal value in TEMP2. If the value is legal return to CALL+2; otherwise return to CALL+1.

4711 OCTL - OCTL sets MPLIER to 10 and UPLEGL to -67(-7) so that CONV will convert an octal number.

- 4720 ASK - ASK is entered with the address of the display in the AC. Store it in the parameter list and jump to QAINIT to display the message. Refresh the display until the answer is input. Return to the calling routine.
- 6001 DISPLY - This region is entered either after the Transform or Inverse Transform is completed or in response to a D in answer to the display: FFT OR DISPLAY? F/D\_. Since the data is manipulated in preparation for each display it must be read in before each display. After reading in the data, display:
- WHICH DISPLAY?  
R(EAL)  
I(MAGINARY)  
M(MAGNITUDE)  
S(CALE FACTOR)  
LINE FEED (RESTART)
- If the answer buffer contained  $\emptyset$ , just LINE FEED was hit: jump to IFDIAL to restart the program. Otherwise jump to WCHDIS.
- 6035 WCHDIS - Jump to DPIMAG, DPMAG, DPREAL, or DPSCAL if the answer was I, M, R, or S, respectively. Otherwise redisplay the question.
- 6055 DPIMAG - If REALFG is non-zero, the input is real and no Transform was performed. Therefore, there are no imaginary parts to display; redisplay the question. If REALFG is zero, check IFTFLG. If it equals zero, either an Inverse Transform was performed or the original data is just being displayed. In either case the data is in the right order. If IFTFLG is non-zero, a transform was performed. The positive half of the curve is first followed by the negative half and the signs are reversed. Swap the halves and reverse signs before jumping to PREPAR.
- 6117 DPREAL - Check IFTFLG for the same reason as in DPIMAG. The only difference is that the signs of the real parts are not reversed.

- 6130 PREPAR - If less than 1000 points are to be displayed, the display will not move and the points displayed will be centered on the scope. To achieve this, LEFTX is set to the 1's complement of  $-1000+(1000-\# \text{ of points})/2$ , MINPTS to the 2's complement of the number of points, and MVDIS to the instruction CLR. Jump to SHOWIT.
- 6147 GQ1000 - If 1000 or more points are to be displayed, the display will fill the scope and will move. To achieve this, LEFTX is set to the 1's complement of 1000, MINPTS to the 2's complement of 1000 and MVDIS to the instruction SCR 4. Fall through to SHOWIT.
- 6162 SHOWIT - Jump to the subroutine IDORA to display the data. The six parameters following the call to IDORA are in order: the memory field of the lower address, the lower address, the memory field of the higher address, the higher address, the Y offset of the display and the scale factor of the data. Both fields are always 1, the lower address is always 0. The higher address is set in the region DISPLY. The Y offset is always 0; therefore the baseline is half way up the scope. The scale factor is the instruction SCR plus the number of bits to scale the data right before displaying it. Since IDORA displays only the right nine bits, if the left three bits are significant, the data must be scaled right three before displaying it.
- 6171 RFRSH - Jump to RDORA to refresh repeatedly the display until a key on the teletype is hit. If the RETURN is hit, jump to REDPLY which jumps to DISPLY to redisplay the question: WHICH DISPLAY? If a 1 is entered, jump to LARGER to blow up the display. If a Q is hit, jump to SMALLR to decrease its size. If anything else is entered, ignore it.
- 6211 SMALLR - If the instruction at SIZE contains a shift of 11 bits, a bigger shift would be meaningless. Jump back to RFRSH. Otherwise, increment the value of the shift and jump to SHOWIT.

- 6216 LARGER - If the instruction at SIZE contains a shift of 0 bits, jump back to RFRSH. Otherwise decrement the value of the shift and jump to SHOWIT.
- 6226 DPSCAL - If REALFG is non-zero, only real parts are present, meaning this program did not create the file and therefore there is no scale factor. Return to DISPLY to redisplay the question. If REALFG is 0, the scale factor is stored after the last imaginary part. Convert it to ASCII decimal and display it.
- 6270 DPMAG - If REALFG is non-zero, the input data is real and no transform was performed; therefore the magnitude is the same as the real points. Redisplay the question: WHICH DISPLAY? Otherwise move the imaginary parts to location 20000. Set RELPTR and IMGPTR, which contain the effective address of the multipliers, to 60000 since the data begins at location 0 of their respective segments and is fractional. Fall through to NXTMAG.
- 6320 NXTMAG - Square a real part and store it. Square the imaginary part, add the square of the real part to it, jump to the subroutine SQRT to get the square root of the sum and store it in place of the real part. Repeat the process for each point. Then jump to SHOWIT to display the magnitude.
- 7116 MOVPTS - The subroutine MOVPTS moves values from one buffer (address -1 in l0) in field 1 to another (address -1 in l1). If CMPFLG equals 1, the values are complemented as they are moved. TEMPR contains the 2's complement of the number of values to move.
- 7132 MVRLMG - The subroutine MVRLMG is used to swap the first and second halves of the real or magnitude values. In the process they are moved from the buffer starting at location 0 to the one starting at 20000.
- 6375 FDV - The File Descriptor Vector parameter list is used by the LOOKUP, ENTER, and REPLACE sections of MILDRED. Word 0 contains the unit number, words 1-4 contain

the file name, word 5 contains a 2 indicating the file is binary, word 6 is the starting block number, and word 7 is the number of blocks. Word 6 is filled by LOOKUP, ENTER and REPLACE. Word 7 is filled by LOOKUP but must be supplied for ENTER and REPLACE.

6405 RWPARM - The Read/Write parameter list is used by the READ and WRITE sections of MILDRED. Bits 0-2 of word 0 contain the field, bits 9-11 contain the unit. Word 0 contains the starting address, word 1 the starting tape block number and word 2 the number of blocks.

7052 SQRT - The subroutine SQRT is entered with a value in the double precision location DPSQ. It returns with the square root in the AC.

### 10.3 Symbols

N	Number of words in computation
NU	Power of 2 of value of N
L	Index to show what array is being constructed
S	Gives spacing between node pairs in the Lth array
NOVER4	Storage for N/4
MAXNU	Power of 2 of largest table size (13)
MNOVR2	Storage for N/2
QR	Pointer to real part of X(Q)
QI	Pointer to imaginary part of X(Q)
PR	Pointer to real part of X(P)
PI	Pointer to imaginary part of X(P)
Q	Numerical index Q ( $=0, 1, \dots, N-1$ )
P	Numerical index P ( $=0, \dots, N-1$ )
K	Number in the node being operated on
C	Interrupts computation of Lth array every S passes
ADD2	Used by subroutine ADDR as data (addend) Used by monitor as a temporary location
TEMPR	Temporary storage register for real parts Used by monitor as a temporary location
SINE	Temporary storage for $\sin(S*PI*K/N)$ Used by monitor as a temporary location
COSINE	Temporary storage for $\cos(2*PI*K/N)$ Used by monitor as a temporary location
GR	Real part of product ( $W^k*X(P)$ ) - temporary storage Used by monitor as a temporary location
GI	Imaginary part of product ( $W^k*X(P)$ ) - temporary storage
SCAL	Pseudo exponent of Fourier coefficients
SHFLAG	If =1, add with shift; if =0, add without shift
SHFCHK	Indicates if all X's in an iteration are $<.5$
DISFLG	If $\neq 0$ , the data will just be displayed
IFTFLG	If $\neq 0$ , an Inverse Transform was performed
REALFG	If $\neq 0$ , the data does not contain imaginary parts
DPSQ	Used to save the double precision squares of the real and imaginary parts during calculation of the magnitude.
CMPFLG	If =1, the subroutine MOVPTS will complement the values as it moves them

#### 10.4 Beta Registers

Beta registers 1, 2, and 3 are used by the monitor in ASK2 and ASK3 as temporary pointers and counters. QANDA and MILDRED make more extensive use of the Beta registers.

#### 11.0 ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

The FFTD program is assembled in three sections by assembling and saving each, then adding them together. The entire command sequence is:

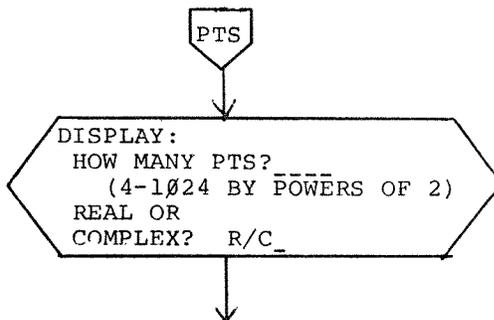
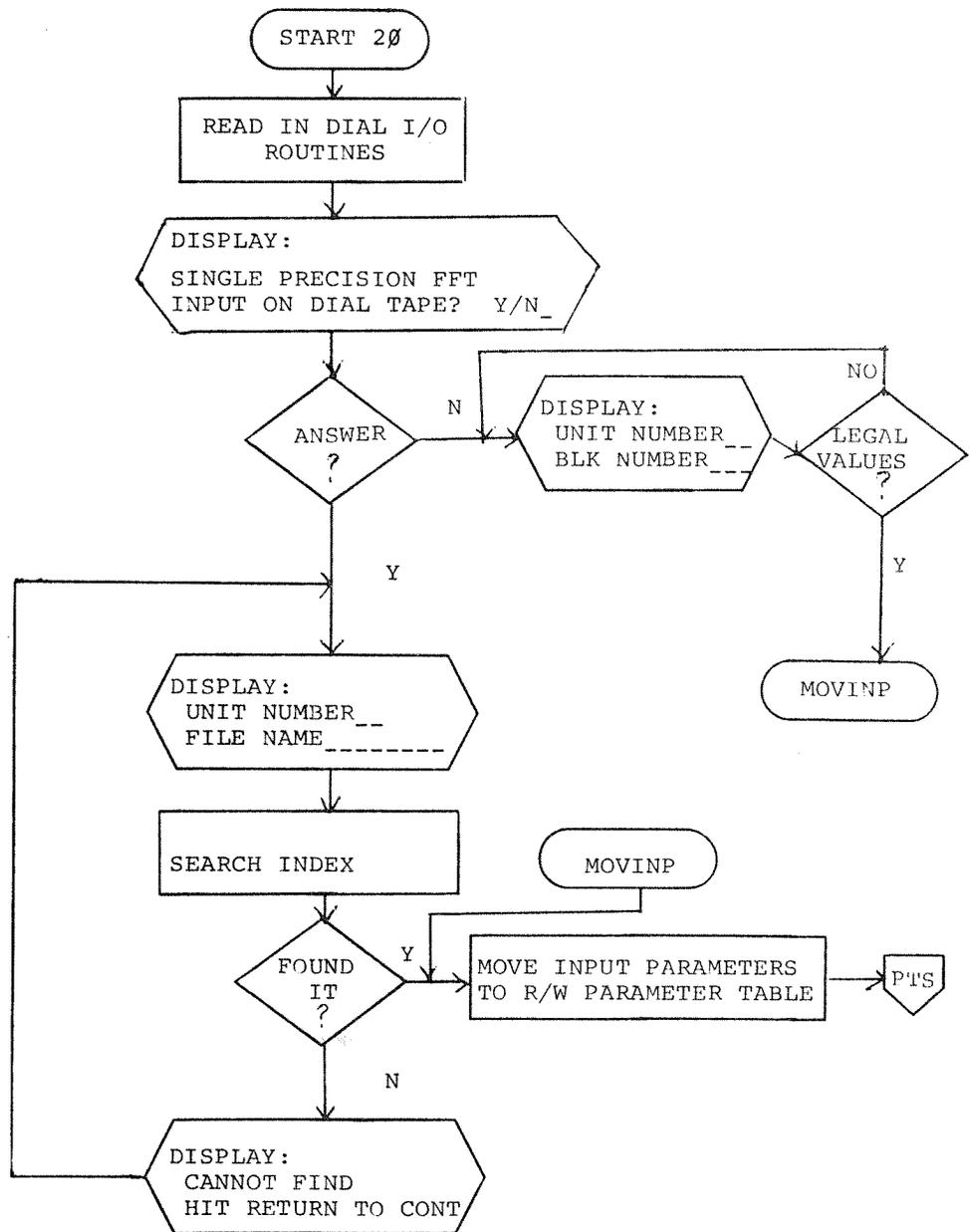
+AS MILQAN,n	)	where n is the unit
+SB MILQAN,n	)	containing the program
+AS SIN256,n	)	
+SB SIN256,n	)	
+AS FFTC-1	)	(FFTC-1 chains to FFTC-2)
+SB FFTC-1	)	
+ZE	)	
+AB MILQAN,n	)	
+AB SIN256,n	)	
+AB FFTC-1,n	)	
+SB FFTD,n,L	)	(saves the whole program)

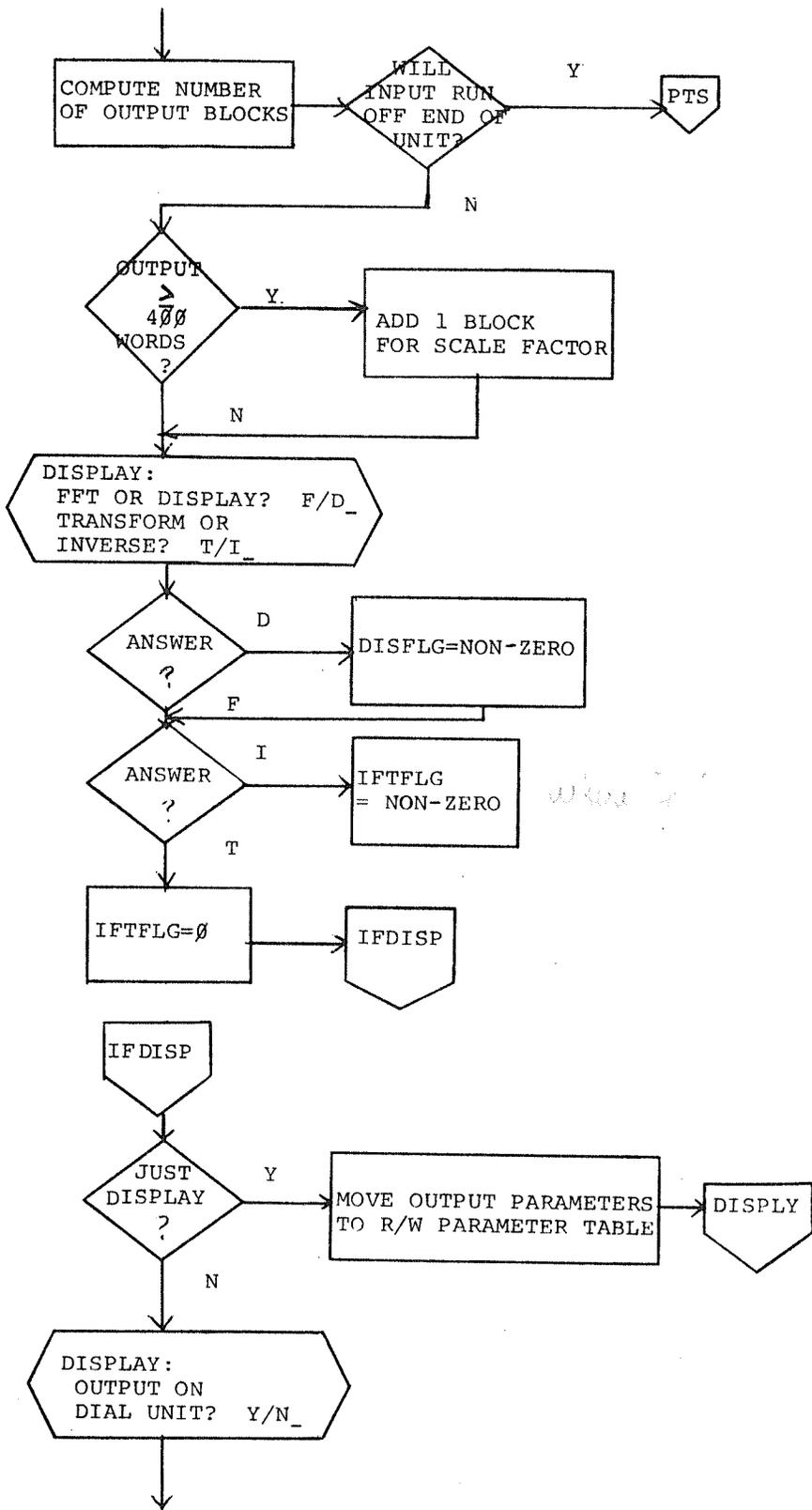
#### 12.0 SYSTEM FLOWCHARTS

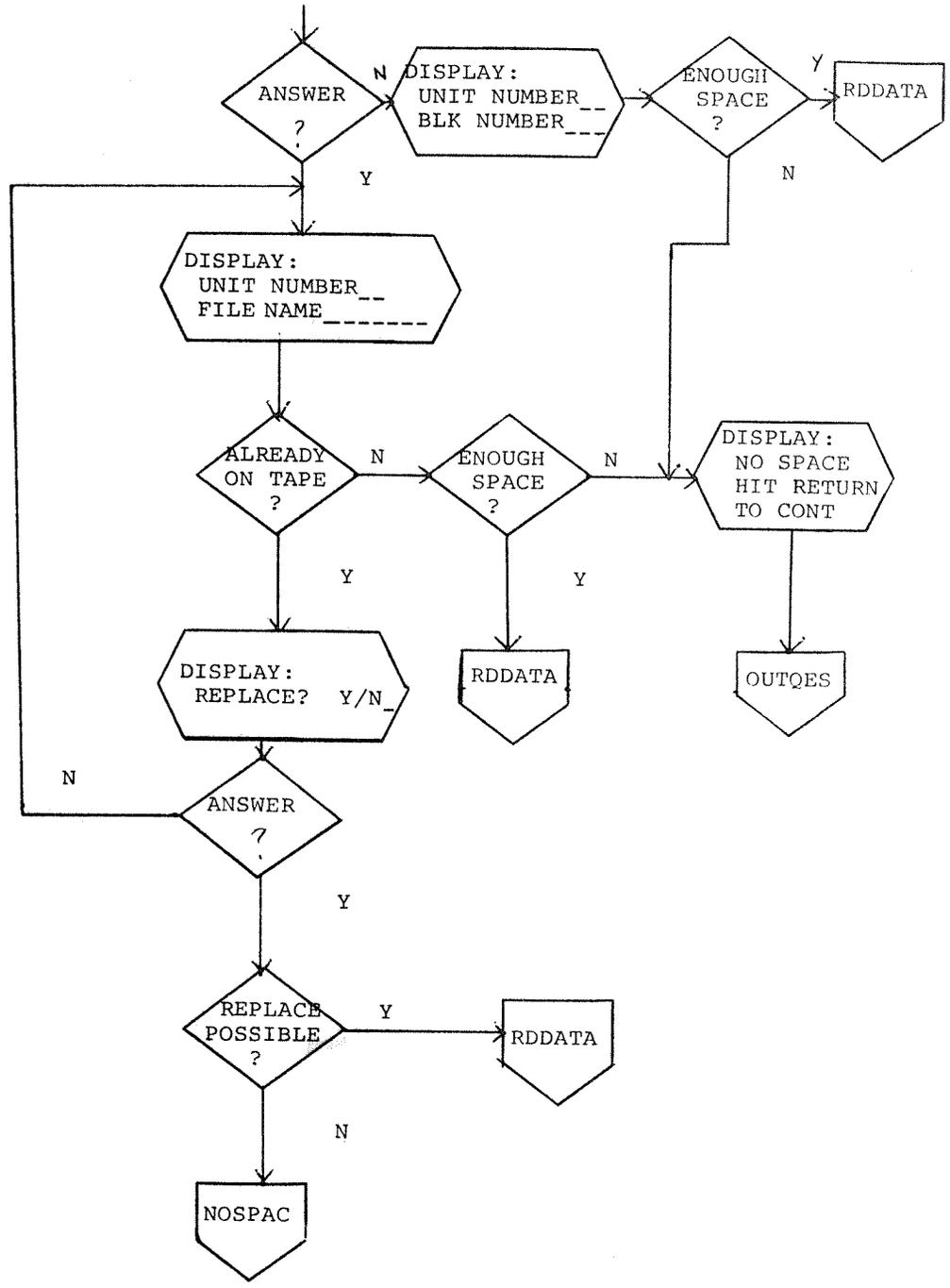
(Attached)

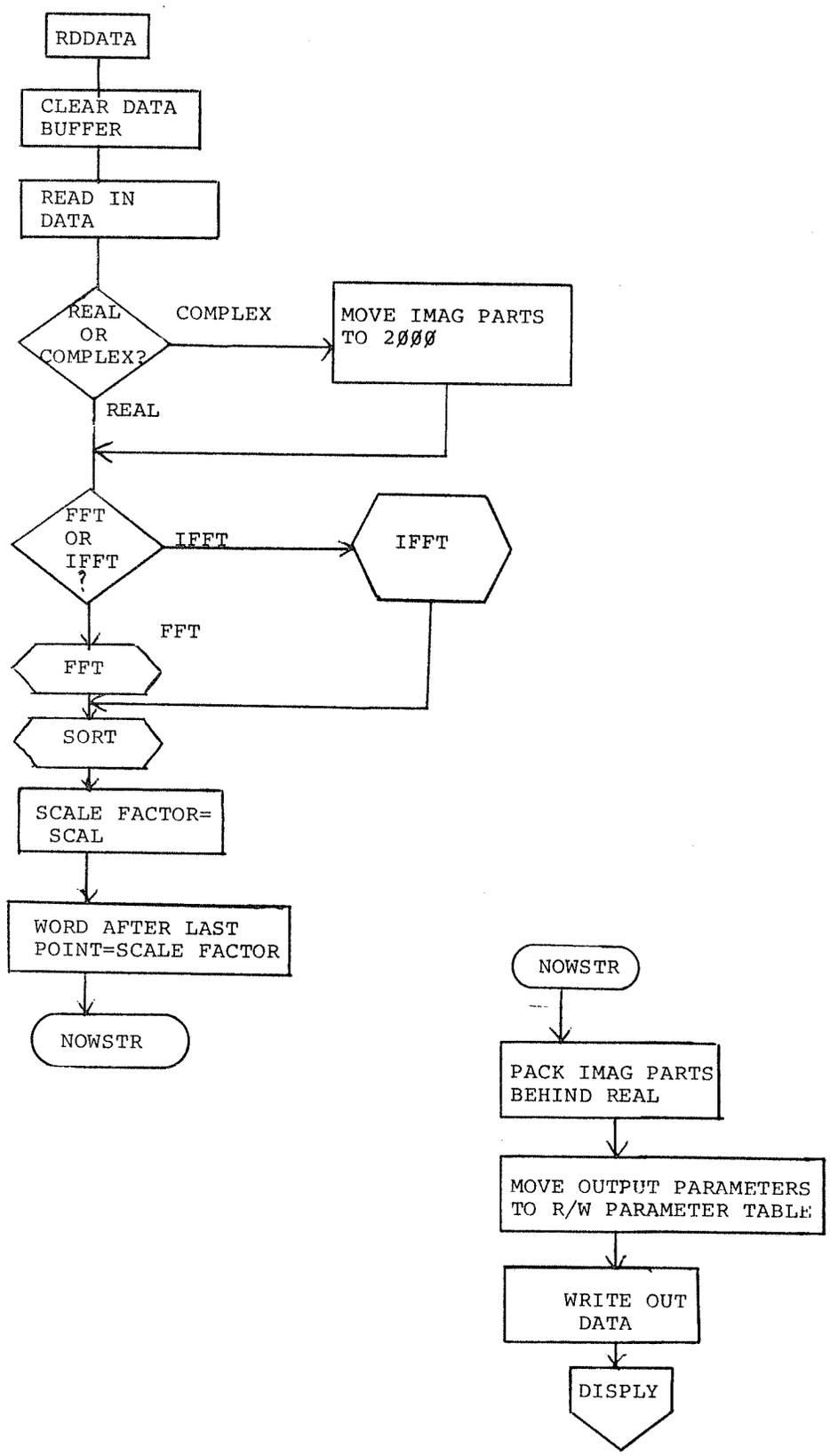
#### 13.0 PROGRAM LISTING

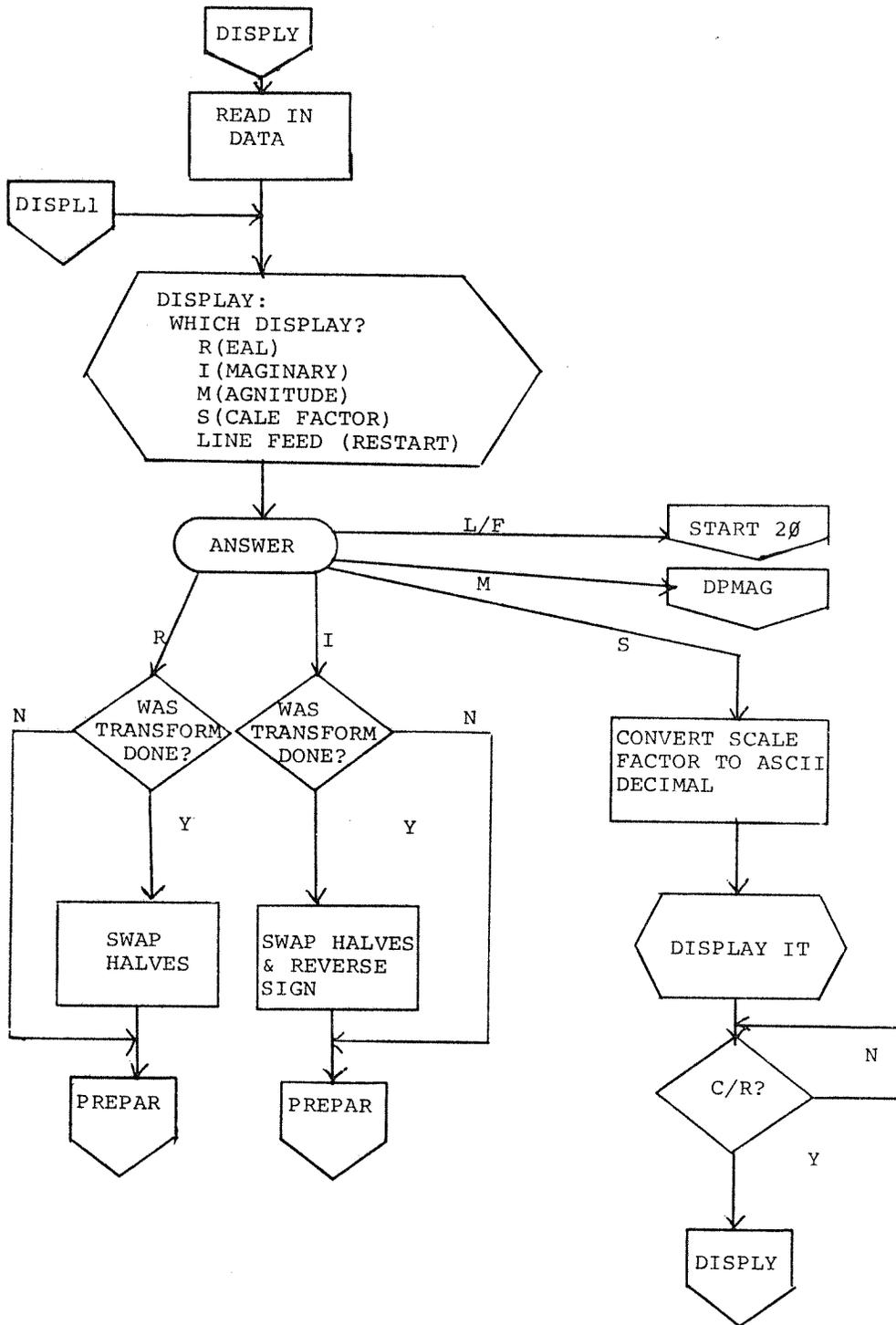
(Attached)

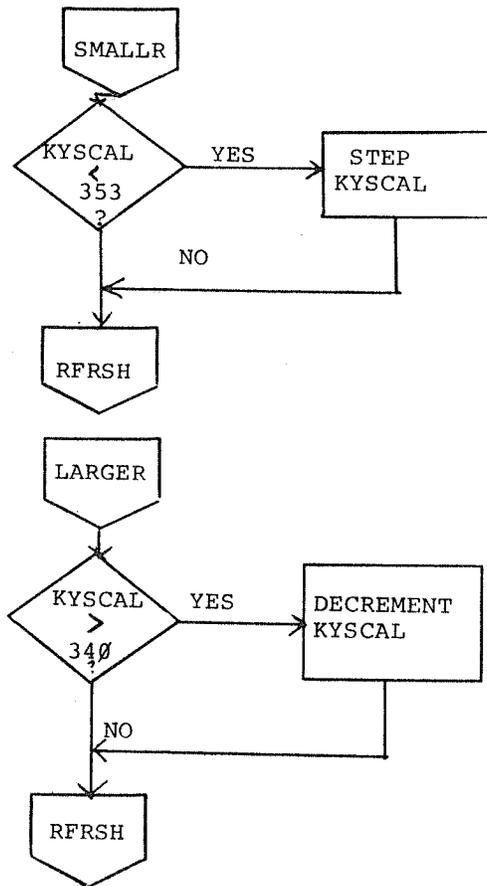
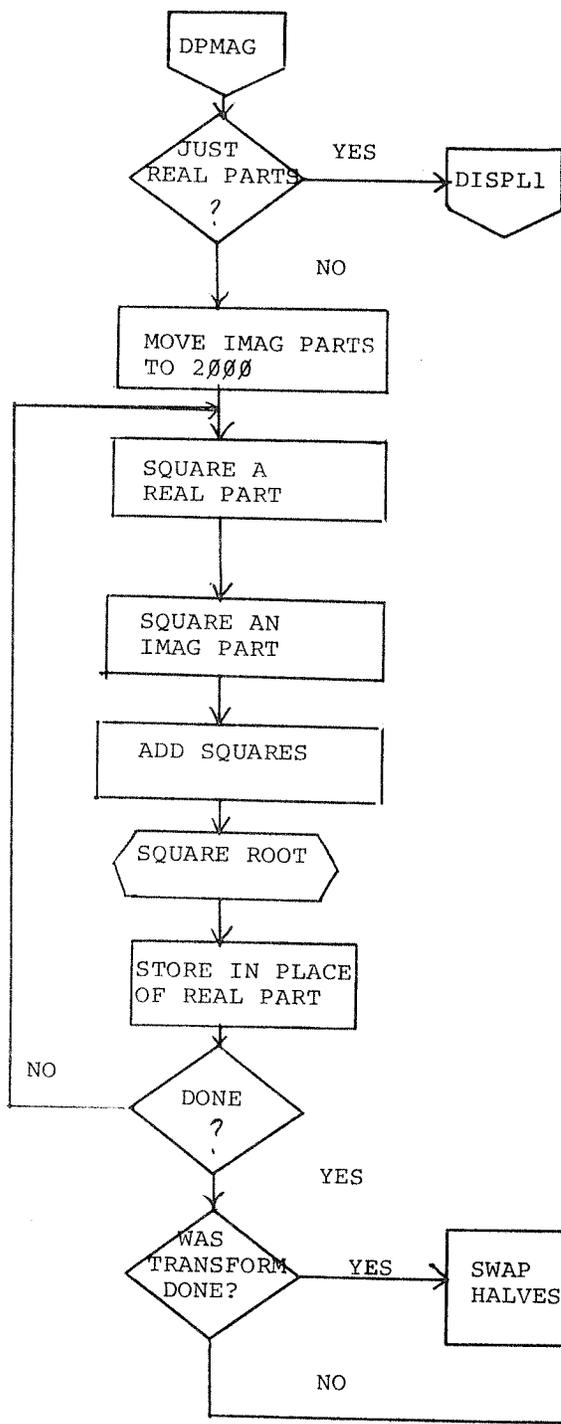


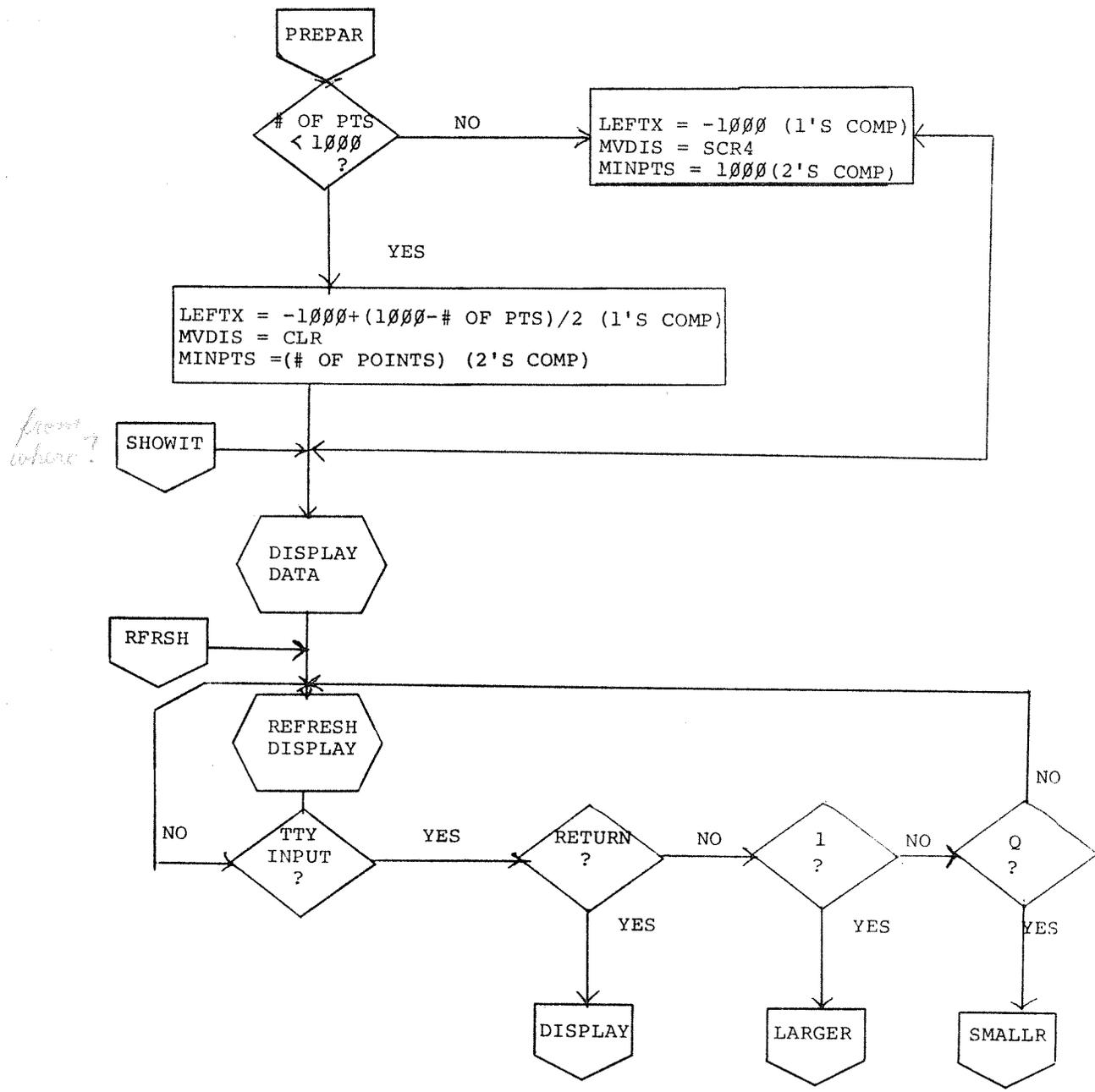












*from where?*



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0017
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0070
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0074

/*20
/FFTS=REAL
/THIS IS A PROGRAM FOR CALCULATING THE
/FAST FOURIER TRANSFORMATION OF N REAL
/TIME SAMPLES WHICH ARE STORED ON DISK
/OR DATA TAPE OR DISK
/TO BE RUN ON A PDP-12 COMPUTER EQUIPPED WITH THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM HARDWARE:
/ 1) ASR 33 OR ASR 35 TELETYPE
/ 2) 8 K OF CORE MEMORY
/ 3) VR12 CRT DISPLAY
/
/COPYRIGHT 1970, DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION
/MAYNARD, MASS, 01754
/TRANSFORM ALGORITHM
/WRITTEN BY JAMES ROTHMAN == AUGUST, 1968
QARFSH=1053
GAINIT=1000
XRTAB=0
XITAB=2000
SINTAB=7347
CDF1=6211
CDF0=6201
PMODE
/PAGE ZERO
*3
/TABLE PARAMETERS
N, 0000
NU, 0004
L, 0005
S, 0006
F, 0007
/NUMBER OF POINTS IN COMPUTATION DIVIDED BY 2
/POWER OF TWO OF POINTS IN COMPUTATION (N=2*NU) MINUS 1
/INDEX TO SHOW WHAT ARRAY IS BEING CONSTRUCTED
/GIVES SPACING BETWEEN NODE PAIRS IN THE LTH ARRAY.
/USED FOR SCALING NODE POSITION TO GET NUMBER IN NODES.
/STORAGE FOR N/4
/LARGEST TABLE SIZE (POWER OF 2)
/STORAGE FOR -N/2
/POINTER TO REAL PART OF X(Q)
/POINTER TO IMAG, PART OF X(Q)
/POINTER TO REAL PART OF X(P)
/POINTER TO IMAG, PART OF X(P)
/NUMERICAL INDEX Q(=0,1,...,N-1)
/NUMERICAL INDEX P(=0,1,...,N-1)
/NUMBER IN THE NODE BEING OPERATED ON
/INTERRUPTS COMPUTATION OF LTH ARRAY EVERY S PASSES
/USED BY SUBROUTINE ADDR AS DATA (ADDEND)
/TEMPORARY STORAGE REGISTER FOR REAL PARTS
/TEMP. STORAGE FOR SIN (S*PI*K/N)
/TEMP. STORAGE FOR COS (2*PI*K/N)
/REAL PART OF PRODUCT (W*K)*X(P), TEMP STORAGE
/IMAG. PART OF (W*K)*X(P), TEMP STORAGE
/ADD C(AC) TO C(ADD2) AND SCALE RIGHT ONE IF NECESSARY.
/BIT INVERTED BUFFER SORTED
/WORD IN AC OF NU BITS IS BIT INVERTED
/FETCH SIN AND COS OF 2*PI*C(AC)/N
/DO FFT OF THE INPUT BUFFER
/DO INVERSE OF BUFFER

```

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0020
0021
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0026
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0037
0040
0041
0042
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0045
0046
0047
0050
0051
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0053
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0055
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0057
0060
0061
0062
0063
0064
0065
0066
0067
0070
0071
0072
0073
0074

NOVER4, 0
MAXNU, BIGSNU
MNOVR2, 0
/INDEXING VARIABLES
QR, 0
QI, 0
PR, 0
PI, 0
Q, 0
P, 0
K, 0
/LOOP DELIMITERS
C, 0
/DATA VARIABLES
ADD2, 0
TEMPR, 0
SINE, 0
COSINE, 0
GR, 0
GI, 0
/SUBROUTINE CALL LIST
ADDR, 1135
SORT, 0701
INVERT, 1040
MULT, 1000
GETRIG, 1060
DOFFT, 0400
DOIFFT, 0147

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```

0076 /INPUT BUFFER AND ...
0077 /DIFF IN ADDR OF REAL & IMAG PART TABLES
0100 /PSEUDO FLOATING POINT FORMAT FLAGS
0101 SCAL, 0
0102 SHFLAG, 1
0103 SHFCHK, 0
0104 /POINTERS TO SINE TABLE LOOK-UP SHIFTS
0105 SHIFT1, SHFT1
0106 SHIFT2, SHFT2
0107 SHIFT3, SHFT3
0110 /POINTERS TO INSTRUCTION "FLAG" LOCATIONS
0111 WORD, 0
0112 WORDP, 0
0113 FLIPCT, 0
0114 /
0115 RBUILD, BUILD
0116 RESETC, SETC
0117 RECHK, CHKPT
0120 M4000, -4000
0121 M1, -1
0122 M12, -12
0123 M10, -10
0124 GRET10, 6160
0125 LESS10, 4060
0126 M4, -4
0127 PDPMAG, DPMAG
0130 M11, -11
0131 M5, -5
0132 C6000, 6000
0133 M215, -215
0134 M321, -321
0135 M353, -353
0136 M340, -340
0137 M261, -261
0140 M400, -400
0141 C1777, 1777
0142 YSHFT, 0
0143 XCURHI, 0
0144 XCURLO, 0
0145 CORVAL, 0
0146 YCUR, 0
0147 COUNT, 0
0150 KIDORA, IDORA
0151 KRORA, RORA
0152 PSHWT, SHWIT
0153 PRFRSH, RFRSH
0154 PFDV7, FDV+7
0155 PMVDIS, MOVDIS
0156 PLEFTX, LEFTX
0157 PMRLMG, MVRLMG
0160 PMVPTS, MOVPTS
0161 CMPFLG, 0
0162 MINPTS, 0
0163 PRELFG, REALFG
0164 PIFIFG, IFIFLG
0165 PREAD, 7774
0166 PWRITE, 7775
0170 KYSCAL, YSCAL
0171 C1000, 1000
0172 C2000, 2000
0173 M1K, 6777
00000 DPCO, 0
0142 00000
0173 00000

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0174  
0175  
0176  
0177  
0200  
0201  
0202

0143 0000  
0144 0644  
0145 0344  
0146 0011

LDF4,  
SCR4,  
CCLR,

0 LMODE  
LDF 4  
SCR 4  
CLR  
PMODE  
EJECT

```

0200 /THIS SUBROUTINE TAKES THE INVERSE FFT (IFFT) OF THE DATA IN THE BUFFER.
0204 /IT IS ASSUMED THAT THIS DATA IS STORED SEQUENTIAL ORDER.
0205 /THE RESULTS ARE STORED IN BIT INVERTED ORDER.
0206 /THE ALGORITHM USED IS AS FOLLOWS:
0207 /   THE NORMAL TRANSFORM IS PERFORMED, EXCEPT:
0210 /   ON FETCHING THE VALUE FOR IMCW*KJ, WHICH IS
0211 /   THE SIN(2*PI*K/N), THIS SIN VALUE IS NEGATED.
0212 /
0213 /THE REASONING FOR THIS IS AS FOLLOWS:
0214 /   A WEIGHTING FACTOR OF W+8-K) IS USED IN THE IFFT
0215 /   AND SINCE W*K AND W*(-K) ARE THE SAME EXCEPT THAT
0216 /   THEIR IMAGINARY PARTS HAVE OPPOSITE SIGNS, IT FOLLOWS
0217 /   THAT IMJW*KJ SHOULD BE REPLACED BY -IMCW*KJ.
0220 IFFT,
0221
0222   0147 0000
0223   0150 7300
0224   0151 1152
0225   0152 3561
0226   0153 4446
0227   0154 6201
0228   0155 1163
0229   0156 3561
0230   0157 6211
0231   0160 5547
0232   0161 0570
0233   0162 7041
0234   0163 7000
0235
0236   CLA CLL
0237   TAD SGNADJ /NEGATE IMCW*KJ, GET CIA INSTRUCTION
0238   DCA I SGNADJ /AND PUT AT LOCATION ADJSN
0239   JMS I DOFFT /DU FFT
0240   CDF0
0241   TAD CNOP /RE-INSTATE NOP AT ADJSGN FOR FFT,
0242   DCA I SGNADJ
0243   CDF1
0244   JMP I IFFT /EXIT
0245   SGNADJ, ADJSGN /POINTER TO SIGN ADJUST INSTRUCTION
0246   CCIA, CIA
0247   CNOP, NOP
0248   EJECT

```

```

0236 *400 /COMPUTATION OF FIRST COMPLEX ARG FROM INPUT DATA
0237 /NUMBER OF INPUT POINTS IN "N" .L 2(N)IN"NU", FOR DETAILS OF ALGORITHM, SEE FLOWCHA
0238 FFT.
0241 0400 0000 CLA IAC CLL
0242 0401 7301 L
0243 0402 3005 DCA SCAL
0244 0403 3053 DCA
0245 0404 7001 IAC
0246 0405 3054 DCA SHFLAG
0247 0406 3055 DCA SHFCHK
0250 0407 1003 TAD N
0251 0410 7112 CLL RTR
0252 0411 3020 DCA NOVER4
0253 0412 1004 TAD NU
0254 0413 7041 CIA
0255 0414 1021 TAD MAXNU
0256 0415 3456 DCA I SHIF11
0257 0416 1456 TAD I SHIF11
0260 0417 3457 DCA I SHIF12
0261 0420 1457 TAD I SHIF12
0262 0421 3460 DCA I SHIF13
0263 0422 1003 TAD N
0264 0423 7110 CLL RAR
0265 0424 3006 DCA S
0266 0425 1006 TAD S
0267 0426 7041 CIA
0270 0427 3022 DCA MNOVR2
0271 0430 7040 CMA
0272 0431 1006 TAD S
0273 0432 1051 TAD XRL0C
0274 0433 3023 DCA QR
0275 0434 1004 TAD NU
0276 0435 7041 CIA
0277 0436 7001 IAC
0300 0437 3007 DCA LOOP1,
0301 0440 1023 TAD
0302 0441 1006 TAD
0303 0442 3025 DCA
0304 0443 1023 TAD
0305 0444 1052 TAD XL0CDF
0306 0445 3024 DCA QI
0307 0446 1025 TAD PR
0310 0447 1052 TAD XL0CDF
0311 0450 3026 DCA PI
0312 0451 6211 CDF1
0313 0452 1424 TAD I
0314 0453 3033 DCA ADD2
0315 0454 1426 TAD I PI
0316 0455 4441 JMS I ADDER
0317 0456 3034 DCA TEMPR
0320 0457 1424 TAD I QI
0321 0460 3033 DCA ADD2
0322 0461 1426 TAD I PI
0323 0462 7041 CIA
0324 0463 4441 JMS I ADDER
0325 0464 3426 DCA I PI
0326 0465 1034 TAD TEMPR
0327 0466 3424 DCA I QI
0330 0467 1423 TAD I QR
0331 0470 3033 DCA ADD2
0332 0471 1425 TAD I PR
0333 0472 4441 JMS I ADDER
0241 /LS=1
0242 /INITIALIZE FLOATING POINT FORMAT
0250 /INITIALIZE PROGRAM CONSTANTS
0260 /SK=N/2 IS SPACING OF NODE PAIRS IN FIRST ARRAY
0270 /ACC=-1
0271 /ACK=[N/2-1]*2
0272 /BEGINNING OF TABLE OF REAL PARTS.
0273 /Q<=N/2-1, QR POINTS TO WORD IN MEMORY, WHILE Q IS ACTUAL INDEX
0274 /F<=1-NU (=L-NU SINCE L=1)
0275 /QR=XRL0C+Q AT ALL TIMES.
0276 /P<=Q+N/2
0277 /XLOCDF=XILOC-XRLOC (XILOC=BEGIN, OF IMAG PARTS TABLE)
0278 /QR+XLOCDF=(S+XRLOC)+(XILOC-XRLOC)=XILOC+S=QI
0279 /QI=XILOC+Q AT ALL TIMES, QI POINTS TO IMAG. PART OF X(Q)
0280 /COMPUTE COMPLEX OPERATIONS X(P)<=X(Q)-X(P) AND X(Q)<=X(Q)+X(P)
0281 /BY REAL AND IMAGINARY PARTS.
0282 /IM(X(Q)) (IM () MEANS IMAGINARY PART)
0283 /MAKE IT ADDEND, DO IMAG. PARTS FIRST
0284 /IM(X(P))
0285 /FORM ADDITION IMX(P)+X(Q)]]=IMX(P)]+IMX(Q)] AND SCALE RIGHT
0286 /FOR SCALING, THEN STORE.
0287 /FORM DIFFERENCE IMX(Q)-X(P)]]=IMX(Q)]-IMX(P)]
0288 /PUT AWAY AT IMX(P)]
0289 /GET IMX(P)+X(Q)]
0290 /PUT AT IMX(Q)]], IMAGINARY PARTS DONE.
0291 /ADD REAL PARTS NEXT
0292 /RE=REAL PART
0293 /FORM RE=REAL PART

```

```

0336 /GET RELX(Q)
0337 /RE=REAL PART
0340 /FORM RELX(Q)-(P)) (DIVIDED BY 2)
0341 /PUT AT RELX(P)
0342 /GET RELX(Q)+X(P)
0343 /PUT AT RELX(Q)),REAL PARTS DONE
0344 /Q=QR-XRLOC
0345 /AC IS Q
0346 /IS Q>0? (IE THE WHOLE ARRAY HAS NOT BEEN COVERED)
0347 /NO, Q=0, DONE WITH FIRST ARRAY, MOVE ON TO OTHERS
0350 /YES, Q<=Q-1, MOVE UP THIS ARRAY
0351 /OR EQUIVALENTLY, GR<=QR-1
0352 /DO NEXT NODE PAIR
0353 /L GIVES THE NUMBER OF THE VERTICAL ARRAY JUST BUILT
0354 /IS L=NU? (IE HAS THE LAST ARRAY BEEN COMPUTED?)
0355 /YES, DONE, RESULTS STORED IN BIT REVERSED ORDER
0356 /GET SCALE FACTOR AND ADJUST FOR PROPER
0357 /ADDITION ON NEXT ITERATION
0360 /L<=L+1, MOVE ON TO NEXT ARRAY
0361 /S GIVES SPACING BETWEEN NODE PAIRS, WHICH IS N/2*L
0362 /DIVIDE BY 2 AND PUT BACK, SO THAT ON THE LTH PASS THROUGH
0363 /S WILL=N/2*L, THE SPACING,
0364 /F<=F+1, ON LTH PASS, F WILL BE F=L-NU, THE SCALE FACTOR FOR K.
0365 /NOP FOR WHEN F=-1 TO PREVENT ERROR DUE TO SKIP
0366 /AC<=-1
0367 /P<=N-1, PR POINTS TO RELX(P=N-1))
0368 /C<=1, C BREAKS BUILD LOOP EVERY S ITERATIONS
0369 /SO AS TO AVOID RECOMPUTATION
0370 /PR=XRLOC+P
0371 /ACTUAL INDEX IS P:(0,1,,,,N-1)
0372 /BUILD ARRAY, F=L-NU, SHIFT "P"-F PLACES RIGHT (=NU-L)
0373 /SHIFT ZERO PLACES?
0374 /YES, LEAVE ALONE
0375 /F COMPLEMENTED IS -F-(1)=-F-1+1=-F-NU-L PLACES TO BE SHIFTED-1
0376 /GET NODE INDEX
0377 /SHIFT P RIGHT SHIFCT+1=-F-1+1=-F-NU-L PLACES
0378 /ACK=INTEGER PART [P*2*F]
0379 /NO ROTATION, JUST GET P=P*2*0
0380 /INVERT BIT ORDER AND PUT IN K (NUMBER IN PTH NODE)
0381 /SUBTRACT N/2 TO GET NUMBER IN Q (=K) (PS NODE PAIR,)
0382 /GET "L" AND IMAGINARY PARTS OF W*K.
0383 /SET CIA FOR DOING IFFT, NOP FOR FFT,
0384 /SIN(-PI*K/N)=-IM[W*K], COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0385 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0386 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0387 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0388 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0389 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0390 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0391 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0392 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0393 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0394 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0395 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0396 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0397 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0398 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0399 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0400 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0401 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
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0410 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
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0427 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0430 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0431 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0432 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.
0433 /COS IN REGISTER @OSINE.

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0434 0573 4444 JMS I MULT
0435 0574 0036 COSINE
0436 0575 3033 DCA ADD2
0437 0576 1426 TAD I PI
0440 0577 4444 JMS I MULT
0441 0600 0035 SINE
0442 0601 1033 TAD ADD2
0443 0602 3037 DCA GR
0444 /DO IMAG, PART NEXT=IM[X(P)]*COSINE-RE[X(P)]*SINE+IM[X(P)]*IM[W*K]
0445 TAD I PI
0446 JMS I MULT
0447 COSINE
0450 DCA ADD2
0451 0607 1425 TAD I PR
0452 0610 4444 JMS I MULT
0453 0611 0035 SINE
0454 0612 7041 CIA
0455 0613 1033 TAD ADD2
0456 0614 3040 DCA GI
0457 0615 1006 TAD S
0460 0616 7041 CIA
0461 0617 1025 TAD PR
0462 0620 3023 DCA QR
0463 0621 1023 TAD
0464 0622 1052 TAD XLOCDF
0465 0623 3024 DCA GI
0466 0624 1423 TAD I QR
0467 0625 3033 DCA ADD2
0470 0626 1037 TAD GR
0471 0627 7041 CIA
0472 0630 4441 JMS I ADDER
0473 0631 3425 DCA I PR
0474 0632 1424 TAD I QR
0475 0633 3033 DCA ADD2
0476 0634 1040 TAD GI
0477 0635 7041 CIA
0500 0636 4441 JMS I ADDER
0501 0637 3426 DCA I PI
0502 0640 1423 TAD I QR
0503 0641 3033 DCA ADD2
0504 0642 1037 TAD GR
0505 0643 4441 JMS I ADDER
0506 0644 3423 DCA I QR
0507 0645 1424 TAD I QR
0510 0646 3033 DCA ADD2
0511 0647 1040 TAD GI
0512 0650 4441 JMS I ADDER
0513 0651 3424 DCA I QR
0514 0652 7040 CMA
0515 0653 1030 TAD P
0516 0654 3030 DCA P
0517 0655 7040 CMA
0520 0656 1025 TAD PR
0521 0657 3025 DCA PR
0522 0660 1032 TAD C
0523 0661 7041 CIA
0524 0662 1006 TAD S
0525 0663 7640 SZA CLA
0526 0664 5277 JMP CNOTS
0527 0665 1030 TAD P
0530 0666 7040 CMA
0531 0667 1006 TAN S

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/DO REAL PART FIRST=RE[X(P)]*COSINE+IM[X(P)]*SINE
/RE[X(P)]*COSINE=RE[X(P)]*RE[W*K]
/GR FOR ADDITION LATER
/GET IM[X(P)]
/AC=IM[X(P)]*SINE=-IM[W*K]*IM[X(P)]
/AC=RE[W*K]*RE[X(P)]-IM[W*K]*IM[X(P)]=RE[X(P)]*W*K
/STORE AT GR
/AC=IM[X(P)]
/AC=IM[X(P)]
/AC=IM[X(P)]*COSINE=IM[P]*RE[W*K]
/STORE FOR LATER ADDITION
/AC=RE[X(P)]
/AC=RE[X(P)]*SINE=-RE[X(P)]*IM[W*K]
/AC=RE[X(P)]*IM[W*K]
/AC=IM[X(P)]*RE[W*K]+RE[X(P)]*IM[X(P)]*W*K
/STORE AT GI, SO GI=IM[X(P)]*W*K AND GR=RE[X(P)]*W*K G=GR+I*GI
/LOCATE P NODE PAIR Q, LOCATED S=N/(2*L) UP ARRAY
/DO SET Q=P-S=INDEX OF NODE PAIR
/LOCATE X(Q) IN MEMORY BY FIXING POINTERS QR AND QI
/TO QS REAL AND IMAG PARTS RESPECTIVELY
/DO THE COMPLEX OPERATIONS: X(P)<=X(Q)-G;X(Q)<=X(Q)+G
/FIRST DO REAL PART OF X(P), GET RE[X(Q)] AND STORE
/GET RE[Q]
/SUBTRACT THEM,
/RE[X(P)]<=RE[X(Q)]-RE[Q]
/COMPUTE IMAG, PART OF X(P), GET IM[X(Q)]
/AND STORE
/GET IM[Q]
/AND SUBTRACT THEM,
/IM[X(P)]<=IM[X(Q)]-IM[Q],X(P) IS NOW DONE,
/NEXT COMPUTE X(Q), FIRST REAL PART
/GET RE[Q] AND STORE
/GET RE[Q] AND ADD TO FORM
/RE[X(Q)]<=RE[X(Q)]+RE[Q],
/RE[X(Q)]<=RE[X(Q)]+RE[Q]
/NOW COMPUTE IMAG PART OF X(Q), GET IM[X(Q)]
/AND STORE
/GET IM[Q] AND ADD TO FORM
/IM[X(Q)]<=IM[X(Q)]+IM[Q]
/IM[X(Q)]<=IM[X(Q)]+IM[Q], THE NEW NODE PAIR IS COMPUTED,
/MOVE UP ARRAY TO NEXT NODE, SET AC=-1
/TO FORM -1
/P<=P-1
/DO THE SAME FOR POINTER PR
/CHECK ON SPACING, IS A NODE WHICH HAS ALREADY BEEN COMPUTED
/ABOUT TO BE RE-DONE, OR EQUIVALENTLY,
/IS C=S?
/YES.
/NO, DO NEXT NODE PAIR
/YES, BUT ARE WE AT THE TOP OF THE ARRAY?
/OR, IS S=P+I? (P COMPLEMENTED=-P-1;-(P+1)

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JMP I RECHK
TAD S
CIA PR
TAD PR
DCA PR
JMP I RESETC
ISZ C
JMP I RBUILD
Q
CMA
TAD
DCA
CIA
TAD
DCA
CIA
TAD
SPA SNA CLA
JMP SWAPED
TAD P
DCA XRLOC
PR
TAD Q
TAD XRLOC
DCA QR
TAD PR
TAD XLLOCDF
DCA PI
TAD QR
TAD XLLOCDF
DCA QI
TAD I PR
DCA TEMPR
TAD I QR
DCA I PR
TAD I TEMPR
DCA I QR
TAD I PI
DCA TEMPR
DCA I QI
TAD I PI
TAD TEMPR
DCA I QI
SWAPED, TAD Q
SZA CLA
JMP .+3
CDF0
JMP I SORTX
CMA Q
TAD Q
DCA Q
JMP REVERS
EJECT

/YES, DONE WITH THIS ARRAY, DO NEXT ONE,
/NO, MOVE PAST AREA THAT HAS ALREADY BEEN DONE, OR SET P TO P-S,
/ BY CHANGING THE POINTER TO RECX(P)]

/REINITIALIZE C TO 1 SINCE AN UNUSED AREA HAS BEEN ENTERED,
/CK=C*1, ANOTHER NODE PAIR HAS BEEN HANDLED.
/DO NEXT NODE PAIR IN THIS AREA,
/SUBROUTINE THAT
/SORTS OUT TRANSFORMS BY
/BIT INVERSION OF ADDRESS,
/QK=N-1, START FROM BOTTOM OF BUFFER
/PK=BIT INVERTED Q
/BIT INVERSION ROUTINE
/FORM Q-P

/IS PKQ?
/NO, HAVE ALREADY DONE THIS PAIR
/YES, SWAP ORDER
/FIRST SET UP SUBSCRIPT POINTERS FOR X(P) AND X(Q),

/EXCHANGE: X(P)<=X(Q) AND X(Q)<=X(P)
/EXCHANGE REAL PARTS, GET RECX(P)]
/STORE IT,
/GET RECX(Q)]
/MAKE IT RECX(P)]
/GET RECX(P)]
/MAKE IT RECX(Q)]
/EXCHANGE IMAGINARY PARTS, GET IMCX(P)]
/STORE IT,
/GET IMCX(Q)]
/MAKE IT IMCX(P)]
/GET IMCX(P)]
/MAKE IT IMCX(Q)]
/IS Q=0?, IE; ARE WE AT THE TOP OF THE ARRAY

/YES, DONE EXIT
/NO, Q<=Q-1, IE; MOVE UP THE ARRAY

/GO BACK AND CONTINUE

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06 *1000
0 /SIGNED S.P. MULTIPLY, USING THE
0 /ENTRY: AC=MULTIPLIER, C(CALL+1)=ADDR OF MULTIPLICAND, EXIT=AC=PRODUCT,
0624 /AN 11 BIT SIGNED BINARY FRAC
0625 MULTIP, 0 /AC=ARG1 (MULTIPLIER)
0626 CLL /ARG1>0?
0627 SPA
0632 CMA CML IAC /NO-MAKE POS-SET L=1 TO SHOW IT WAS NEG
0631 >MOL /LOAD INTO M0
0632 CDF0
0633 TAD I MULTIP /GET ADDR OF MULTIPLICAND
0634 DCA ARG2 /STORE
0635 TAD I ARG2 /AND RETRIEVE MULTIPLICAND ITSELF.
0636 ISZ /FOR EXIT AT CALL+2)
0637
0640 SPA /ARG2>0?
0641 CMA CML IAC /NO, MAKE POSITIVE, CHANGE LINK, SINCE -1+--1=1 AND -1+1=-1
0642 DCA ARG2 /PUT AWAY AT ARG2
0643 RAR
0644
0645 DCA /SIGN IN LINK, PUT INTO AC11 AND
0646 MUY /PUT AWAY AT SIGN (=1 IF -1 =0 IF 0)
0647 HLT /DO MULTIPLICATION
0650 >SHL /ARGUMENT 2 (MULTIPLICAND)
0651 0 /NORMALIZE BINARY POINT,
0652 DCA /SAVE HIGH ORDER, NOW ROUND OFF.
0653 TAD /SET AC11=M00, AC0-10=0
0654 >SHL
0655 0
0656 TAD ARG2
0657 SPA ARG2
0660 CLA CLL CMA RAR
0661 NOP
0662 SZL
0663 CMA IAC /POSITIVE SIGN?
0664 CDF1 /NO, NEGATE
0665 JMP I MULTIP /EXIT, SIGNED RESULT IN AC,
0666 0
0667 /BIT INVERSION ROUTINE
0670 /ENTRY: AC=WORD TO BE INVERTED; EXIT:AC=RESULT
0671 /NU CONTAINS THE NUME OF BITS IN THE WORD
0672 INVRT, 0
0673 DCA WORD /GET WORD TO BE INVERTED
0674 DCA WORDP /ZERO OBJECT REGISTER
0675 TAD NU /GET NUMBER OF BITS TO BE
0676 CIA /INVERTED AND USE TO LIMIT THE
0677 DCA FLIPCT /EXTENT OF LOOP
0678 TAD WORD /PULL OUT RIGHTMOST BIT OF WORD
0679 CLL RAR /RT MOST BIT NOW IN AC
0680 DCA WORD /PUT BACK SO A NEW BIT IS OPERATED ON EACH TIME)
0681 TAD WORDP /AND PUSH INTO WORDP FROM LEFT
0682 RAL
0683 DCA WORDP
0684 ISZ FLIPCT /ALL BITS DONE?
0685 JMP FLIP /NO, DO NEXT BIT
0686 TAD WORDP /YES, PICK UP RESULT
0687 JMP I INVRT /AND EXIT
0688 EJECT

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THIS SUBROUTINE FETCHES THE VALUES OF SIN(2\*PI\*C(AC)/N)  
/AND OF COS(2\*PI\*C(AC)/N) FOR C(AC) < N/2+1  
/ENTRY: AC=INDEX OF LOOP UP  
/EXIT: COS(2\*PI\*C(AC)/N) STORED AT "COSINE" AND  
/ AC=VALUE OF SIN(2\*PI\*C(AC)/N),  
TRIGET, 0  
1060 0000  
1061 6201 CDF0  
1062 5031 DCA K /STORE C(AC) AT K,  
1063 7421 MQL /CLEAR MQ  
1064 1031 TAD K /FORM N/4-K,  
1065 7141 CLL CIA  
1066 1020 TAD NOVER4  
1067 3333 DCA NO4MIK  
1070 7430 SZL  
1071 5310 JMP QUAD1  
1072 1333 TAD NO4MIK  
1073 7041 CIA  
1074 7417 LSR  
1075 0000 0  
1076 7413 SHL  
1077 7402 HLT  
1078 1050 TAD  
1079 3334 DCA SINLOC  
1101 1101 TAD INDEX  
1102 1734 TAD I INDEX  
1103 7041 CIA COSINE  
1104 3036 DCA NO4MIK  
1105 1333 TAD NOVER4  
1106 1020 TAD SINRET  
1107 5322 JMP NO4MIK  
QUAD1, TAD LSR  
1110 1333  
1111 7417  
1112 0000 0  
1113 7413 SHL  
1114 7402 HLT  
1115 1050 TAD  
1116 3334 DCA SINLOC  
1117 1734 TAD I INDEX  
1120 3036 DCA COSINE  
1121 1031 TAD K  
1122 7417 SINRET, LSR  
1123 0000 0  
1124 7413 SHL  
1125 7402 HLT  
1126 1050 TAD  
1127 3334 DCA SINLOC  
1130 1734 TAD I INDEX  
1131 6211 CDF1  
1132 5660 JMP I TRIGET  
1133 0000  
1134 0000  
INDEX, 0  
/THIS ROUTINE PERFORMS A SINGLE PRECISION ADD WITH ROUNDING EACH ARGUMENT IS  
/SHIFTED RIGHT ONCE TO PREVENT OVERFLOW OF BINARY POINT (IF NECESSARY)  
/AND THEN CHECKED TO SEE IF IT CAN BE NORMALIZED AFTER ADDITION  
/ENTRY: AC=ADDEND,C(ADD2)=AUGEND  
/EXIT: -AC=RESULT, DIVIDED BY TWO IF NECESSARY,  
ADDR, 0  
1135 0000 DCA ADD1  
1136 3374 TAD SHFLAG  
1137 1054 SNA CLA  
1140 7650 JMP ADDWOS  
1141 5357 TAD ADD1  
1142 1374 TAD ASR  
1143 7415  
1144 3033  
1145 1000



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/DEFINITIONS FOR EAE  
DVI=7407  
NMI=7411  
SHL=7413  
ASR=7415  
LSR=7417  
MQL=7421  
MUY=7405  
MOA=7501  
CAM=7621  
SCA=7441  
SCL=7403  
/ASSEMBLY PARAMETERS  
BIGSNU=12 /LARGEST TRANSFORMATION HAS DIMENSION 2\*10,  
EJECT

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1065 /MOVING WINDOW DISPLAY SUBROUTINE
1066 PAGE
1067 IDORA, 0000 /GET BOUNDS
1068 1200 0000
1069 1201 7300 CLA CLL
1070 1202 6201 ACOF0, CDF 0
1071 1203 1600 TAD I IDORA
1072 1204 3635 DCA I KMNFLD
1073 1205 2200 ISZ IDORA
1074 1206 1600 TAD I IDORA
1075 1207 3636 DCA I KMNADR
1076 1208 2200 ISZ IDORA
1077 1209 7001 IAC
1078 1210 1600 TAD I IDORA
1079 1211 3637 DCA I KMXFLD
1080 1212 2200 ISZ IDORA
1081 1213 7001 IAC
1082 1214 1600 TAD I IDORA
1083 1215 3640 DCA I KMXADR
1084 1216 7004 RAL
1085 1217 1637 TAD I KMXFLD
1086 1218 3637 DCA I KMXFLD
1087 1219 2200 ISZ IDORA
1088 1220 1600 TAD I IDORA
1089 1221 3111 DCA YSHFT
1090 1222 2200 ISZ IDORA
1091 1223 1600 TAD I IDORA
1092 1224 3111 DCA YSHFT
1093 1225 2200 ISZ IDORA
1094 1226 1600 TAD I IDORA
1095 1227 3536 DCA I KYSCAL
1096 1228 1635 TAD I KMNFLD
1097 1229 3641 DCA I KBUFHI
1098 1230 1636 TAD I KMNADR
1099 1231 3642 DCA I KBUFLO
1100 1232 5600 JMP I IDORA
1101 1233 1415 KMNFLD, MINFLD
1102 1234 1416 KMNADR, MINADR
1103 1235 1474 KMXFLD, MAXFLD
1104 1236 1475 KMXADR, MAXADR
1105 1237 1574 KBUFHI, BUFHI
1106 1238 1575 KBUFLO, BUFLO
1107 1239 0401 P401, 401
1108 1240 1243 DSCLOC, TAD P401
1109 1241 3274 DCA VCOORD
1110 1242 1112 TAD XCURHI
1111 1243 4261 JMS DSCWD
1112 1244 1113 TAD XCURL0
1113 1245 4261 JMS DSCWD
1114 1246 1114 TAD CORVAL
1115 1247 4261 JMS DSCWD
1116 1248 1115 TAD YCUR
1117 1249 1243 TAD P401
1118 1250 4261 JMS DSCWD
1119 1251 0000 RTNDCF, 0
1120 1252 5743 JMP I RDORA
1121 1253 0000 DSCWD, 0
1122 1254 6141 LINC
1123 1255 5276 LMODE
1124 1256 4001 STC TEMP
1125 1257 0024 STC XCORD
1126 1258 0265 SFA
1127 1259 1020 ROL I 5
1128 1260 7757 LDA I
1129 -200
1130 /SAVE VALUE
1131 /CHAN 1
1132 /VC FOR FULL
1133 /SIZE IS -40
1134 /-20 FOR HALF
1135 /DATA BUFFER
1136 /15 BIT
1137 /LOWER BOUND
1138 /AT P+1, P+2
1139 /MINFLD,MINADR
1140 /UPPER BOUND
1141 /AT P+3, P+4
1142 /RDORA USES
1143 /MAX+1
1144 /Y SHIFT
1145 /Y SCALE
1146 /INITIALIZE
1147 /WINDOW
1148 /STARTING ADDR
1149 /RTN TO SCR N
1150 /DSC X,Y COORD
1151 /FIELD
1152 /ADDRESS
1153 /CONTENTS OF
1154 /CURSR CORE LOC
1155 /Y COORD OF
1156 /CURSOR POINT
1157 /RESTORE USER
1158 /DATA FLD
1159 /RTN
1160 /DSC C(AC)
1161 /DSC C(AC)
1162 /DSC C(AC)
1163 /DSC C(AC)
1164 /DSC C(AC)
1165 /DSC C(AC)
1166 /DSC C(AC)
1167 /DSC C(AC)
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1266 /DSC C(AC)
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1296 /DSC C(AC)
1297 /DSC C(AC)
1298 /DSC C(AC)
1299 /DSC C(AC)
1300 /DSC C(AC)

```

1302	JMP OKEND	
1363	TAD MINADR	/RESET TO
1364	DCA BUFTR	/LOWER BOUND
1365	TAD MINFLD	
1366	DCA BOUND	
1367	JMP NXTDF	
1370	ISZ BUFTR	/CHK FOR FIELD
1371		/BOUNDARY
1372	JMP OKFLD	/ITS OK
1373	ISZ BOUND	/SET NXT FLD
1374	JMS SETDF	
1375	ISZ COUNT	/512 PNTS ?
1376	JMP NXTPNT	/NO
1377	JMP I, *1	/DSC READ OUT
1400	DSCLOC	
1401	JMS BOUND	/CHK UPR BOUND
1402	MAXFLD, 2	
1403	MAXADR, 0	
1404	M70,	/HI WRAP ?
1405	SPA CLA	
1406	JMP SETFLD	/YES
1407	TAD MINFLD	/RESET TO
1410	DCA BUFHI	/LOWER BOUND
1411	TAD MINADR	
1412	JMP WRAP	
1413	/DOUBLE PRECISION ADD	
1414	/((DBLHI, DBLLO) * (BUFHI, BUFLO))	
1415	/RESULT IN (DBLHI, DBLLO)	
1416	/((BUFHI, BUFLO) = INITIAL SCOPE ADDRESS	
1417	DADD, 0	
1420	CLA CLL	
1421	TAD DBLLO	
1422	TAD BUFLO	
1423	DCA DBLLO	
1424	RAL	
1425	TAD DBLHI	
1426	TAD BUFHI	
1427	DCA DBLHI	
1430	JMP I DADD	
1431		
1432	/ADD -UPPER OR -LOWER BOUND	
1433	/TO (BUFHI, BUFLO)	
1434	/BOUND IS AT P+1, P+2 OF CALL	
1435		
1436	BOUND, 0	
1437	TAD I BOUND	/2S COM OF ARG
1440	CMA CLL	/TO DAC
1441	DCA DBLHI	
1442	ISZ BOUND	
1443	TAD I BOUND	
1444	CIA	
1445	SZL	
1446	ISZ DBLHI	
1447	NOP	
1450	M1000,	
1451	DCA DBLLO	
1452	JMS DADD	
1453	TAD DBLHI	
1454	DCA ENDHI	
1455	TAD DBLLO	/DAC HOLDS -NUM
1456	DCA ENDO	/TO END OF BUF
1457	TAD DBLHI	/NO MATTER F
		/LOW END WRA
		/TO CHK FOR

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/SET 8 F
/REL TO 0

JMP I BOUND
0
TAD BOUND
CLL RTL
RAL
TAD CCDF0
DCA ,+1
0
JMP I SETDF
DCA YCUR
TAD BOUND
DCA XCURHI
TAD BUFPTR
DCA XCURL0
TAD I BUFPTR
DCA CORVAL
TAD M70
DCA DBLLO
TAD YCUR
LINC
LMODE
SNS I 5
JMP FREE
DIS XCORD
POP
PMODE
ISZ DBLLO
JMP CURLOP
JMP CURRTN
0
/THese 5 GUYS MAY BE PAGE 0
BUFHI, 1
BUFLO, 0
ENDLO, 0
ENDHI, 0
DBLHI=SETDF
BUFPTR=DADD
XCORD=1
LMODE
CURSAM=SAM 1
WINSAM=SAM 0
FRESAM=SAM 5
SCALE=SCR
SC12BU=SCR 3
OF12BU=4000
CHAIN "FFTC-2"

/DISP CURSOR
/SAVE X,Y
/COORDINATES

/FREE CURSOR

/CURSOR KNOB
/WINDOW KNOB
/FREE CURSOR

/SCALE FACTOR
/12 BIT UNSIGNED
/Y OFFSET FOR
/12 BIT UNSIGNED

```

0000  
0001

020

EJECT

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0002
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6322
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0643
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0602
0720
1300
7043
1460
0031
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6044
1460
0016
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6523
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0601
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2375
6020
0456
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0602
1020
2760
6720
6044
6572
6061
6466
0643
0602
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2521
6720
0061
3043
1020
0012
4701
1020
7706
4645
1020
2000
6627
6064
0640
1040
2003
0643
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0070
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0075
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0077
/BOOTSTRAP IN DIAL MS I/O ROUTINES
/INPUT FROM DIAL TAPE?
/ASK AGAIN
/ASK AGAIN
/SEARCH INDEX
/CANT FIND IT
/DISPLAY ERROR MSG
/ASK AGAIN
/ERROR-ASK AGAIN
/MOVE INPUT PARAMETERS TO R/W LIST
/ASK FOR NO OF PTS
/INPUT IS DECIMAL
/1024 PTS MAX
/ERROR

```



```

0200 0212 2407 RMPARM+2002
0201 0213 1100 ADA
0202 0214 2410 RMPARM+2003
0203 0215 1120 ADA I
0204 0216 6777 -1000
0205 0217 0471 APO I
0206 0220 6064 JMP
0207 0221 0002 PDP
0210 0222 7200 PMODE
0211 0223 1003 CLA
0212 0224 7104 TAD N /ADD 1 BLK FOR SCALE FACTOR IF 400 WORDS OR MORE
0213 0225 1107 CLL RAL /NO OF OUTPUT WRDS = NO OF PTS*2
0214 0226 7700 TAD M400
0215 0227 2523 SMA CLA
0216 0228 6141 ISZ I PFDV7
0217 0229 6141 LINC
0220 0231 1020 LMODE
0221 0232 2625 LDA I /DO FFT OR JUST DISPLAY?
0222 0233 6720 QUES11+2000
0223 0234 1300 JMP ASK
0224 0235 7043 LDH
0225 0236 1460 ANSWER+6000
0226 0237 0004 SAE I
0227 0240 6244 JMP ,+4
0228 0241 1060 STA I
0229 0242 0000 DISFLG, 0 /NOT=0 JUST DISPLAY
0230 0243 6251 JMP FIF
0231 0244 1460 SAE I
0232 0245 0006 6 /ERROR
0233 0246 6231 JMP IFFFT
0234 0247 0011 CLR
0235 0250 4242 STC DISFLG /=0 WILL DO TRANSFORM OR INVERSE
0236 0251 1300 LDH
0237 0252 7044 ANSWER+6001
0238 0253 1460 SAE I
0239 0254 0024 24
0240 0255 6261 JMP IFI
0241 0256 0011 CLR
0242 0257 4356 STC IFTFLG
0243 0260 6265 JMP IFDISP
0244 0261 1460 SAE I
0245 0262 0011 11
0246 0263 6231 JMP IFFFT
0247 0264 4356 STC IFTFLG
0248 0265 2242 IFDISP, ADD DISFLG
0249 0266 0470 AZE I
0250 0267 6273 JMP
0251 0270 6466 JMP
0252 0271 0603 LIF 3
0253 0272 6001 JMP DISPLY
0254 0273 1020 /GET OUTPUT INFO
0255 0274 2571 OUTQES, LDA I
0256 0275 6720 QUES5+2000
0257 0276 1300 JMP ASK
0258 0277 7043 LDH
0259 0278 1460 ANSWER+6000
0260 0279 0031 SAE I
0261 0280 0456 31
0262 0281 6310 SKP
0263 0282 1460 JMP
0264 0283 6310 OUTUNT
0265 0284 1460 SAE I
0266 0285 1460
0267 0286 1460
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0280 0299 1460
0281 0300 1460
0282 0301 1460
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0345 0364 1460
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0500 0519 1460

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0300 0300 6273 JMP OUTGES /NO
0301 0307 6452 JMP ONDAT /ASK FOR UNIT NO & FILE NAME
0302 0310 6523 JMP ASK2 /ERROR
0303 0311 6310 JMP OUTUNT /ENTER IN INDEX
0304 0312 0601 LIF 1
0305 0313 1020 LDA I /NAME ALREADY USED
0306 0314 2375 FOV+2000 22 /NO SPACE
0307 0315 6022 JMP SAMNAM /CLEAR DATA BUFFER
0308 0316 6430 JMP NOSPAC
0309 0317 6423 JMP /PDP
0310 0318 0002 RDDATA, PDP
0311 0319 7240 PMODE
0312 0320 4321 CLA CMA
0313 0321 4322 TAD XRLOC
0314 0322 3010 DCA 10
0315 0323 1067 TAD M4000
0316 0324 3011 DCA 11
0317 0325 6211 CDF1
0318 0326 3410 DCA I 10
0319 0327 2011 ISZ 11
0320 0328 4331 JMP .-2
0321 0329 4332 CDF0
0322 0330 6212 CIF 10 /READ IN DATA
0323 0331 4333 JMS I PREAD
0324 0332 4534 RWPARM
0325 0333 6405 CDF0
0326 0334 6201 CLA
0327 0335 7200 TAD I PRELFG /REAL OR COMPLEX
0328 0336 1532 SZA CLA /REAL
0329 0337 7640 JMP PROC /MOVE IMAG PARTS TO 2000
0330 0338 4342 CMA /OLD ADDR = NO OF PTS
0331 0339 7040 TAD N /NEW ADDR = 2000
0332 0340 1003 DCA 10
0333 0341 3010 TAD C1777
0334 0342 1110 DCA 11
0335 0343 3011 TAD N
0336 0344 7041 CIA
0337 0345 3034 DCA TEMPR /CTR
0338 0346 3130 DCA CMPFLG /DONT COMPLEMENT
0339 0347 4527 JMS I PMVPTS /MOVE THEM
0340 0348 5357 JMP PROC
0341 0349 0000 IFTFLG, 0 /0=FFT NON0=IFFT
0342 0350 3532 PROC, DCA I PRELFG /OUTPUT WILL BE COMPLEX REGARDLESS OF INPUT
0343 0351 1356 TAD IFTFLG /DO IFFT?
0344 0352 7650 SNA CLA /NO
0345 0353 5365 JMP FT
0346 0354 4447 JMS I DOIFFT
0347 0355 7410 SKP
0348 0356 4446 JMS I DOFFT
0349 0357 4442 JMS I SORT
0350 0358 1053 STSCAL, TAD SCAL
0351 0359 6211 CDF1
0352 0360 4371 DCA TEMPR /SAVE
0353 0361 3034 TAD N
0354 0362 1003 CLL RAL
0355 0363 7104 DCA COSINE /NO OF PTS*2
0356 0364 1034 TAD TEMPR
0357 0365 3436 DCA I COSINE /STORE SCAL - ACTOR AFTER DATA
0358 0366 6201 CDF0
0359 0367 1110 TAD C1777 /OLD ADDR = 2000
0360 0368 7324
0361 0369 3776
0362 0370 3776
0363 0371 3776
0364 0372 3776
0365 0373 3776
0366 0374 3776
0367 0375 3776
0368 0376 3776
0369 0377 3776
0370 0378 3776
0371 0379 3776
0372 0380 3776
0373 0381 3776
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0391 0399 3776
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0394 0402 3776
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0398 0406 3776
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0400 0408 3776

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0376
0 4402 7040
0 4403 1003
0 4404 3011
0401 4405 1003
0402 4406 7041
0403 4407 3034
0404 4410 3130
0405 4411 4527
0406 4412 6141
0407
0410 0413 6466
0411 0414 0002
0412
0413 4415 6212
0414 4416 4535
0415 4417 6405
0416 4420 6141
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0420 0421 0603
0421 0422 6001
0422 0423 0602
0423 0424 1020
0424 0425 3013
0425 0426 6720
0426 0427 6273
0427 0430 0602
0430 0431 1020
0431 0432 2612
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0433 0433 6720
0434 0434 1300
0435 0435 7043
0436 0436 1460
0437 0437 0031
0440 0440 0456
0441 0441 6446
0442 0442 1460
0443 0443 0016
0444 0444 6430
0445 0445 6310
0446 0446 0601
0447 0447 6024
0450 0450 6423
0451 0451 6320
0452 0452 0602
0453 0453 6572
0454 0454 6452
0455 0455 1000
0456 0456 2403
0457 0457 1100
0460 0460 2404
0461 0461 1120
0462 0462 6777
0463 0463 0471
0464 0464 6423
0465 0465 6320
0466
0467 0466 1000
0470 0467 2375
0471 0470 1040
0472 0471 2405

/NEW ADDP NO OF PTS
N
11
N
TEMPR /CTR
CMPELG /DONT COMPLEMENT
PMVPIS /PACK IMAG PARTS BEHIND REAL
LINC
LMODE
JMP FDV2RW
PDP
PMODE
CIF 10 /WRITE OUT DATA
JMS I PWRITE
RWPARM
LINC
LMODE
LIF 3
JMP DISPLY
LIF 2
LDA I
MSG2+2000
JMP ASK
JMP OUTGES
LIF 2
LDA I
QUES6+2000
/ASK OUTPUT QUESTIONS AGAIN
/NAME ALREADY EXISTS
/REPLACE WITH NEW FILE?

JMP ASK
LDH
ANSWER+6000
SAE I
31
SKP REPL
JMP
SAE I
16
JMP SAMNAM
JMP OUTUNT
LIF 1
JMP 24
JMP NOSPAC
JMP RDDATA
LIF 2
JMP ASK3 /ASK FOR UNIT/BLK NO
JMP ONDAT /ERROR
LDA /BLK NO
FDV+2006
ADA
FDV+2007 /NO OF BLKS
ADA I
-1000
APO I
JMP NOSPAC /NOT ENOUGH BLKS LEFT
JMP RDDATA
/MOVE FDV PARAMETERS TO R-W LIST
JMP
LDA
FDV2RW,
LDA
FDV+2000
STA
RWPARM+2000

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0476 0475 2407
0477 0476 1000
0500 0477 2404
0501 0500 1040
0502 0501 2410
0503 0502 6000
0504
0505 0503 4114
0510 0514 2000
0511 0513 4522
0512 0510 2114
0513 0507 0643
0514 0510 0061
0515 0511 0001
0516 0512 1120
0517 0513 7377
0520 0515 0451
0521 0516 6520
0522 0517 0221
0523 0517 6512
0524 0520 1000
0525 0521 0001
0526 0522 0000
0531 0523 1000
0532 0524 0000
0533 0525 4571
0534 0526 0602
0535 0527 6711
0536 0530 1020
0537 0531 2453
0540 0532 6720
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0543 0535 1020
0544 0536 0017
0545 0537 5627
0546 0540 6571
0547 0541 1040
0550 0542 2375
0551 0543 0061
0552 0544 7044
0553 0545 0062
0554 0546 6375
0555 0547 0063
0556 0550 7767
0557 0551 1321
0560 0552 0470
0561 0553 6571
0562 0554 0456
0563 0555 1321
0564 0556 0450
0565 0557 6562
0566 0560 1320
0567 0561 7700
0570 0562 1362
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```

SIA
RWPARM+2002
LDA
FDV+2007
STA
RWPARM+2003
JMP 0

```

```

/CONVERT WORDS TO BLOCKS
NUMBKS, STC TEMP1
ADD 0
STC NUMBKX
ADD TEMP1
LDF 3
SET I 1
1
ADA I
-400
APO
JMP ,+3
XSK I 1
JMP ,.-5
LDA
1
NUMBKX, 0

```

```

/ASK FOR UNIT NUMBER & FILE NAME
/CONV & STORE UNIT NUMBER
/MOVE FILE NAME TO ENTER, LOOKUP PARAMETER LIST
/STORE UNIT THRU B3
ASK2, LDA
0
STC ASK2X
LIF 2
JMP OCTL
LDA I
QUES2+2000
JMP ASK
SET I 1
ANSWER+2000
LDA I
17
JMP CONV
JMP ASK2X
STA
FDV+2000
SET I 1
ANSWER+6001
SET I 2
FDV+6000
SET I 3
-10
LDH I 1
AZE I
JMP ASK2X
SKP
INFILE, LDH I 1
AZE
JMP ,+3
LDH I
7700
STH I 2
XSK I 3
INB
INFILE

```

```

/CHANGE PARAMETERS TO HANDLE OCTAL NUMBERS
/PT TO UNIT NO-1H
/MAX VALUE
/ERROR
/STORE UNIT

```

```

/MOVE FILE NAME FROM ANSWER BUFFER TO LOOKUP, ENTER PARAMETER LIST
SET I 1
ANSWER+6001
SET I 2
FDV+6000
SET I 3
-10
LDH I 1
AZE I
JMP ASK2X
SKP
INFILE, LDH I 1
AZE
JMP ,+3
LDH I
7700
STH I 2
XSK I 3
INB
INFILE

```

```

/8 CHARS
/IF 1ST CHAR OF NAME
/=00, NO NAME WAS
/ENTERED-ERROR

```

```

/FILL TO 8 CHARS WITH 77

```

```

05 0565 1020 LDA I
06 0566 0001 1
07 0567 1140 ADM
08 0570 0571 .+1
09 0571 0000 ASKX, 2
10 0601 /ASK FOR UNIT NUMBER + BLK NO AND CONVERT
11 0602 /STORE UNIT THRU B7
12 0603 /" BLK NO " B10
13 0604 ASK3, LDA
14 0605 1000 2
15 0606 0573 0000 STC ASK3X
16 0607 0574 4626 LIF 2
17 0608 0575 0602 LDA I
18 0609 0576 1020 GUES3+2000
19 0610 0577 2475 JMP ASK
20 0611 0600 6720 SET I 1
21 0612 0601 0061 ANSWER+2000
22 0613 0602 3043 JMP OCTL
23 0614 0603 6711 LDA I
24 0615 0604 1020 17
25 0616 0605 0017 JMP CONV
26 0617 0606 6627 JMP ASK3X
27 0618 0607 6626 STA
28 0619 0610 1040 FDV+2000
29 0620 0611 2375 SET I 1
30 0621 0612 0061 ANSWER+6001
31 0622 0613 7044 LDA I
32 0623 0614 1020 777
33 0624 0615 0777 JMP CONV
34 0625 0616 6627 ASK3X
35 0626 0617 6626 JMP ASK3X
36 0627 0620 1040 STA
37 0628 0621 2403 FDV+2006
38 0629 0622 1020 LDA I
39 0630 0623 0001 1
40 0631 0624 1140 ADM
41 0632 0625 0626 .+1
42 0633 0626 0000 ASK3X, 0
43 0634 /CONVERT NUMBER IN ANSWER BUFFER TO BINARY
44 0635 /ENTER WITH MAX LEGAL VALUE IN AC
45 0636 /IF LEGAL - EXIT CALL+2 WITH VALUE IN AC
46 0637 CONV, COM
47 0638 0017 STC
48 0639 0630 4675 TEMP2 /COMPLEMENT MAX VALUE
49 0640 0631 4114 TEMPI
50 0641 0632 2000 /RETURN ADDR
51 0642 0633 4674 CONVER
52 0643 0634 1321 /GET A CHAR
53 0644 0635 0470 LDH I 1
54 0645 0636 6660 AZE I
55 0646 0637 1120 JMP ERRCHK
56 0647 0640 7720 ADA I
57 0648 /S COMP
58 0649 0641 0451 APO
59 0650 0642 6650 JMP
60 0651 0643 1301 CHKND
61 0652 0644 1120 LDH
62 0653 0645 7710 ADA I
63 0654 0646 0451 /UPPER LIM=7 OR 9
64 0655 0647 6676 APO
65 0656 0648 6650 JMP
66 0657 0649 1301 /MULPLY
67 0658 0650 1301 /CHKND, LDH
68 0659 0651 1460 /SAE I
69 0660 0652 0000 /

```



Address	Code	Label	Comment
0770	LMODE		
0771	#1		
0772	DISPLY, POP		
0773	PMODE		
0774	CLA		
0775	TAD	N	
0776	CLL	RAR	
0777	DCA	GR	/NO OF PTS/2
1000	TAD	GR	
1001	CIA		
1002	DCA	ADD2	/-NO OF PTS/2
1003	TAD	C2000	
1004	DCA	LOADDR	/LOWER ADDR OF DISPLAY
1005	TAD	C1777	
1006	TAD	N	
1007	DCA	UPADDR	/UPPER ADDR OF DISPLAY
1010	CIF	10	/READ IN DATA
1011	JMS	I	
1012	RWPARM		
1013	LINC		
1014	LMODE		
1015	LDA	I	
1016	QUES	13+2000	/WHICH DISPLAY
1017	LIF	2	
1020	JMP	ASK	
1021	LDH		
1022	ANSWER	+6000	
1023	AZE		
1024	JMP	.+3	
1025	LIF	2	
1026	JMP	IFDIAL	/LINE FEED
1027	PDP		
1030	PMODE		
1031	TAD	M11	
1032	SNA		
1033	JMP	DPIMAG	/IMAG
1034	TAD	M4	
1035	SNA		
1036	JMP	I	PDPMAG
1037	TAD	M5	/MAGNITUDE
1040	SNA		
1041	JMP	DPREAL	/REAL
1042	TAD	M1	
1043	SNA	CLA	
1044	JMP	I	PDPSCAL
1045	LINC		/SCALE FACTOR
1046	LMODE		/ERROR
1047	JMP	DISPL1	
1050	REALFG	0	
1051	PMODE		
1052	PDPSCAL		
1053	DPIMAG		
1054	SZA	CLA	
1055	JMP	DISPER	/NO IMAG PARTS TO DISPLAY
1056	TAD	I	PIFTFG
1057	SZA	CLA	/IF TRANSFORM WAS DONE, SWAP HALVES
1060	JMP	NOSWPI	/INVERSE WAS DONE
1061	CMA		
1062	TAD	N	
1063	DCA	10	/OLD LOW ADDR OF 1ST 1/2 = NO OF
1064	TAD	GR	/NEW LOW ADDR OF 1ST 1/2 = 2000 + NO OF PTS/2
1065			



```

1166
1167 * SHOWIT, JMS I KIDORA
1168 6162 4517 0001 1 /LOW ADD " " ELO
1169 6163 0001 0 / " " " "
1170 6164 0000 1 /HIGH " " "
1171 6165 0001 0 / " " " "
1172 6166 2000 0 /Y OFFSET
1173 6167 2000 0 /SCALE
1174 2170 2045 0 /REFRESH UNTIL LF IS HIT
1175 LMODE
1176 SCR 3
1177 PMODE
1200 6171 4520 JMS I KRORA
1201 6172 5031 KSF
1202 6173 5071 JMP , -2
1203 6174 6036 KRB
1204 6175 1102 TAD M215
1205 6176 7650 SNA CLA
1206 6177 5060 JMP REDPLY
1207 6200 6036 KRB
1210 6201 1106 TAD M261
1211 6202 7650 SNA CLA
1212 6203 5216 JMP LARGER
1213 6204 6036 KRB
1214 6205 1103 TAD M321
1215 6206 7650 SNA CLA
1216 6207 5211 JMP SMALLR
1217 6210 5522 JMP I PRFRSH
1220 6211 1536 SMALLR, TAD I KYSCAL
1221 6212 1104 TAD M353
1222 6213 7710 SPA CLA
1223 6214 2536 ISZ I KYSCAL
1224 6215 5522 JMP I PRFRSH
1225 6216 1536 LARGER, TAD I KYSCAL
1226 6217 1105 TAD M340
1227 6220 7750 SPA SNA CLA
1230 6221 5522 JMP I PRFRSH
1231 6222 7040 CMA
1232 6223 1536 TAD I KYSCAL
1233 6224 3536 DCA I KYSCAL
1234 6225 5522 JMP I PRFRSH
1235 /DISPLAY SCALE FACTOR
1236 DPSCAL, TAD I PRELFG
1237 6226 1532 SZA CLA
1238 6227 7640 JMP I PDSPER
1239 6230 5772 TAD N
1240 6231 1003 CLL RAL
1241 6232 7104 DCA TEMPR
1242 6233 3034 TAD I TEMPR
1243 6234 6211 TAD M11
1244 6235 1434 SMA SZA CLA
1245 6236 1077 JMP GR9
1246 6237 7740 TAD LESS10
1247 6238 5244 TAD TEMPR
1248 6241 1074 TAD M12
1249 6242 1434 JMP SHOSCL
1250 6243 5247 TAD I TEMPR
1251 6244 1071 TAD M12
1252 6245 1434 TAD I TEMPR
1253 6246 1073 TAD GRET10
1254 6247 6201 SHOSCL, CDF0
1255 6248 3266 DCA
1256 6249 6141 /INC
1257 6250 6141 DPMAG-2 /STORE IN DISPLAY PARAMETERS
1258 6251 6141 /10+SCALE FACTOR-10
1259 6252 6141 /SPACE + ASCII SCALE FACTOR
1260 6253 6141 />9
1261 6254 6141 /ADDR = NO OF PTS*2
1262 6255 6141 /JUST REAL MEANS I DIDNT MAKE FILE = NO SCALE FACTOR
1263 6256 6141 />9

```







1450 0457 1625  
1450 0460 1502  
1450 0461 0522  
1450 0462 7462  
1451 0463 4347  
1451  
1451  
1452 0464 4043  
1452 0465 0606  
1452 0466 1114  
1452 0467 0540  
1452 0470 1601  
1452 0471 1505  
1452 0472 4040  
1452 0473 7470  
1452 0474 3400  
1452

F UNIT NUMBER<2

FFILE NAME <8\Z  
QUES3, TEXT Z

0475 4043  
0476 0640  
0477 4025  
0500 1611  
0501 2440  
0502 1625  
0503 1502  
0504 0522  
0505 7462  
0506 4347  
0507 4043  
0510 0640  
0511 4002  
0512 1413  
0513 4016  
0514 2515  
0515 0205  
0516 2240  
0517 7463  
0520 3400  
0521 4043  
0522 0610  
0523 1727  
0524 4015  
0525 0116  
0526 3140  
0527 2024  
0530 2377  
0531 7464  
0532 4347  
0533 4043  
0534 4740  
0535 5064  
0536 5561  
0537 6062  
0540 6440  
0541 0231  
0542 4050

F UNIT NUMBER<2

F BLK NUMBER <3\Z  
QUES4, TEXT Z

0521 4043  
0522 0610  
0523 1727  
0524 4015  
0525 0116  
0526 3140  
0527 2024  
0530 2377  
0531 7464  
0532 4347  
0533 4043  
0534 4740  
0535 5064  
0536 5561  
0537 6062  
0540 6440  
0541 0231  
0542 4050

FWOW MANY PTS? <4

0521 4043  
0522 0610  
0523 1727  
0524 4015  
0525 0116  
0526 3140  
0527 2024  
0530 2377  
0531 7464  
0532 4347  
0533 4043  
0534 4740  
0535 5064  
0536 5561  
0537 6062  
0540 6440  
0541 0231  
0542 4050

( 4=1024 BY POWERS OF 2 )

FREAL OR

FCOMPLEX? R/C<1\Z  
QUES5, TEXT Z

F OUTPUT ON

F DIAL UNIT? Y/N<1\Z  
QUES6, TEXT Z

F REPLACE? Y/N<1\Z  
QUES11, TEXT Z

1462	0545	2340
1462	0546	1706
1462	0547	4062
1463	0550	5143
1463		
1464	0551	4740
1464	0552	4306
1464	0553	2205
1464	0554	0114
1464	0555	4017
1464		
1465	0556	2243
1465		
1466	0557	4740
1466	0560	4306
1466	0561	0317
1466	0562	1520
1466	0563	1405
1466	0564	3077
1466	0565	4022
1466	0566	5703
1466	0567	7461
1466	0570	3400
1466		
1467		
1470	0571	4306
1470	0572	4040
1470	0573	1725
1470	0574	2420
1470	0575	2524
1470	0576	4017
1470		
1471	0577	1643
1471	0600	0640
1471	0601	4004
1471	0602	1101
1471	0603	1440
1471	0604	2516
1471	0605	1124
1471	0606	7740
1471	0607	3157
1471	0610	1674
1471	0611	6134
1471		
1472	0612	4043
1473		
1473		
1474	0613	4740
1474	0614	4306
1474	0615	4022
1474	0616	0520
1474	0617	1401
1474	0620	0305
1474	0621	7740
1474	0622	3157
1474	0623	1674
1474	0624	6134
1474		
1475		
1476	-5	4306
1476	0626	0606

1470	0027	2440	
1476	0630	1722	
1476	0631	4004	
1476	0632	1123	
1476	0633	2014	
1476	0634	0131	
1476	0635	7740	
1476	0636	0657	
1476	0637	0474	
1477	0640	6143	
1477			
1500	0641	4740	
1500	0642	4347	
1500			
1501	0643	4043	
1501	0644	0624	
1501	0645	2201	
1501	0646	1623	
1501	0647	0617	
1501	0650	2215	
1501	0651	4017	
1501			
1502	0652	2243	
1502			
1503	0653	4740	
1503	0654	4306	
1503	0655	1116	
1503	0656	2605	
1503	0657	2223	
1503	0660	0577	
1503	0661	4024	
1503	0662	5711	
1503	0663	7461	
1503	0664	3400	
1503			
1504			
1505	0665	4306	
1505	0666	2710	
1505	0667	1103	
1505	0670	1040	
1505	0671	0411	
1505	0672	2320	
1505	0673	1401	
1505	0674	3177	
1505			
1506	0675	7461	
1506	0676	4347	
1506			
1507	0677	4043	
1507	0700	4740	
1507	0701	4040	
1507	0702	4040	
1507	0703	2250	
1507	0704	0501	
1507			
1510	0705	1451	
1510	0706	4347	
1510	0707	4040	
1510	0710	4040	
1510	0711	4011	
1510	0712	5015	
1510	0713	0107	

FFFT OR DISPLAY? F/D<1

FTRANSFORM OR

FINVERSE? T/I<1>\Z  
 QUES13, TEXT Z

FWHICH DISPLAY?<1

R (EAL)

I (MAGINARY)

M (MAGNITUDE)

S (SCALE FACTOR)

LINE FEED (RESTART) \Z

/MESSAGES  
MSG1, TEXT Z

F CANNOT FIND

1510	0715	0122		
1511	0716	3151		
1511	0717	4347		
1511	0720	4040		
1511	0721	4040		
1511	0722	4015		
1511	0723	5001		
1511	0724	0716		
1511	0725	1124		
1511	0726	2504		
1511	0727	0551		
1512	0730	4347		
1512	0731	4040		
1512	0732	4040		
1512	0733	4023		
1512	0734	5003		
1512	0735	0114		
1512	0736	0540		
1512	0737	0601		
1512	0740	0324		
1512	0741	1722		
1512	0742	5143		
1513	0743	4740		
1513	0744	4040		
1513	0745	4040		
1513	0746	1411		
1513	0747	1605		
1513	0750	4006		
1513	0751	0505		
1513	0752	0450		
1513	0753	2205		
1513	0754	2324		
1513	0755	0122		
1513	0756	2451		
1513	0757	3400		
1513	0760	4347		
1516	0761	4043		
1517	0762	0640		
1517	0763	4040		
1517	0764	4003		
1517	0765	0116		
1517	0766	1617		
1517	0767	2440		
1517	0770	0611		
1517	0771	1604		
1520	0772	4347		
1520	0773	4043		
1521	0774	4740		
1521	0775	4040		
1521	0776	4040		
1521	77	4040		
1521	-000	4040		
1521	1001	4010		





1607	PHODE		
1610	/MOVE PTS FROM ONE AREA TO ANOTHER		
1611	/10 = OLD BUFFER		
1612	/11 = NEW "		
1613	/IF CMPFLG=1, COMPLEMENT VALUE		
1614	MOVPTS, 0	2000	
1615	CONF	7116	
1616	TAD	7117	
1617	CLL RAR	7120	
1620	TAD I	7121	
1621	SZL	7122	
1622	CIA I	7123	
1623	ISZ	7124	
1624	JMP	7125	
1625	CONF	7126	
1626	JMP I	7127	
1630	MOVPTS	7130	
1631		7131	
1632			
1633			
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1661			

7132	0000		
7133	7040	CMA	
7134	3010	DCA	
7135	1037	TAD	
7136	1110	TAD	
7137	3011	DCA	
7140	1033	TAD	
7141	3034	DCA	
7142	3130	DCA	
7143	4527	JMS I	
7144	7040	CMA	
7145	1037	TAD	
7146	3010	DCA	
7147	1110	TAD	
7150	3011	DCA	
7151	1033	TAD	
7152	3034	DCA	
7153	4527	JMS I	
7154	5732	JMP I	

10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
CMPFLG			
PMVPTS			
GR			
10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
PMVPTS			
JMP I			

10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
CMPFLG			
PMVPTS			
GR			
10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
PMVPTS			
JMP I			

10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
CMPFLG			
PMVPTS			
GR			
10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
PMVPTS			
JMP I			

10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
CMPFLG			
PMVPTS			
GR			
10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
PMVPTS			
JMP I			

10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
CMPFLG			
PMVPTS			
GR			
10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
PMVPTS			
JMP I			

10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
CMPFLG			
PMVPTS			
GR			
10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
PMVPTS			
JMP I			

10			
C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
CMPFLG			
PMVPTS			
GR			
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C1777			
11			
ADD2			
TEMPR			
PMVPTS			
JMP I			

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C1777			
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ADD2			
TEMPR			
CMPFLG			
PMVPTS			
GR			
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