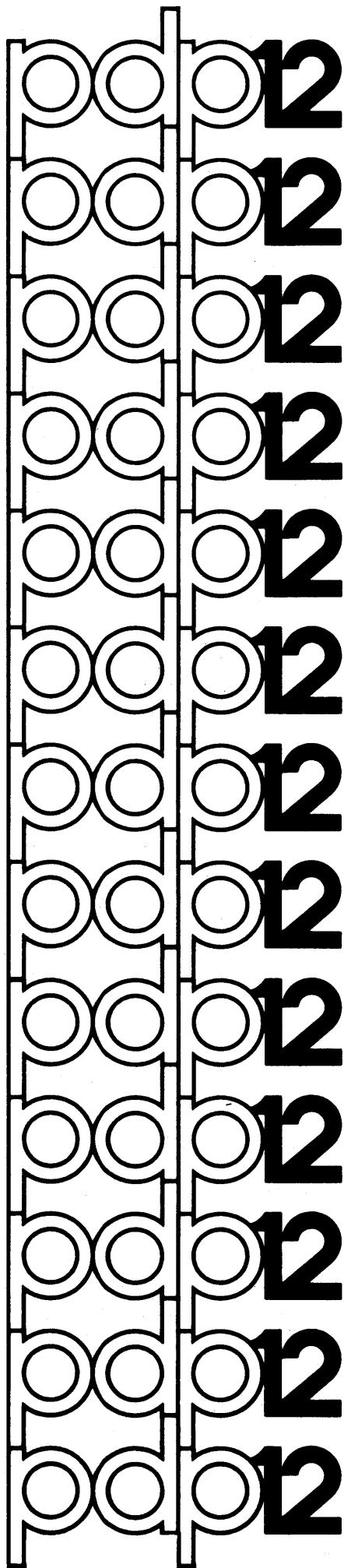


digital

TISA



DEC-12-UW3A-D
June, 1970

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
2.0	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS	1
3.0	OPERATING PROCEDURE	1
3.1	Loading TISA	1
3.2	Operating Modes	2
	Sense Switch Ø Options	2
3.4	Knob Options	3
4.0	SETUP MODE	3
4.1	Using Setup Mode	3
4.2	Message 1	4
4.3	Message 2	5
4.4	Message 3	7
5.0	HELP FRAME AND KEYBOARD COMMANDS	8
5.1	DIAL	8
5.2	Halt All Instruments	8
5.3	Halt Instrument n	9
5.4	Polarize Display	9
5.5	Freeze	10
5.6	Go Instrument n	10
5.7	Setup Mode	10
5.8	Write	10
5.9	CATALCAL	12
5.10	MAGSPY	12
5.11	Load	12
5.12	Polarize	12
5.13	Freeze	12
6.0	TELETYPE USAGE	12
7.0	DATA ACQUISITION	13
8.0	PIN ASSIGNMENTS	14
9.0	DATA BUFFER DISPLAY	16
9.1	Moving Window	16
9.2	Cursor Display	17
9.3	X-Y Coordinates	18
10.0	INSTRUMENT INTERFACE	20
11.0	GLOSSARY	23
Appendix A	Internal Description	A-1
Appendix B	Flowcharts	B-1

1.0 INTRODUCTION

TISA, the Time Independent Spectrum Acquisition program, acquires asynchronous data from interfaced instruments, displays that data on the scope and stores it on LINCtape. TISA is compatible with any instrument that transmits X-Y data at rates that do not exceed 2 milliseconds/point and is capable of acquiring data simultaneously from five instruments. The number of data points that TISA can accept depends on the core size of the PDP-12A being used; the maximum number is 512 points for a 4K machine, 4608 for an 8K machine, and 29,184 for a 32K machine.

The external asynchronous instrument must be interfaced to the PDP-12 by either two potentiometers or one shaft encoder and one potentiometer, such that one input transmits X-axis data (independent variable), and the other transmits Y-axis data (dependent variable). For a given instrument TISA will generate the function $Y=f(X)$. Thus, a typical application for TISA is generating a series of absorption spectra from infra-red spectrophotometers.

Concepts and terminology peculiar to this manual are defined in the glossary (refer to section 11).

2.0 MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

- a. PDP-12A with 4K of core¹ and KW12A clock.
- b. LAP6-DIAL² (version 2) tape with the TISA program.

3.0 OPERATING PROCEDURE

3.1 Loading TISA

TISA is a "load and go" program and is called from tape by the DIAL command
→LO TISA, unit,

where unit is the tape unit with the TISA tape. The initial starting address is 4001; the restart address is 4020.

To obtain correct results, the X-Y inputs for an interfaced instrument must be connected as described in section 8.0, PIN ASSIGNMENTS.

¹For a data buffer of reasonable length, 8K of core is suggested.

²LAP6-DIAL is hereafter referred to as DIAL.

3.2 Operating Modes

TISA has three modes of operation:

- a. Setup mode - experiment parameters are defined
- b. A/D mode - data is being acquired
- c. Pause mode - no data is being acquired

When setup mode is terminated, TISA automatically enters pause mode and the data buffer display is activated. Any of the available commands may be issued at this time (refer to section 5.0).

3.3 Sense Switch Ø Options

Sense Switch Ø (SSWØ) is used in all three operating modes.

In the setup mode, its settings and effects are:

<u>Value</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Ø	none
1	erase <u>all</u> previous parameter input and initialize setup mode

Note that SSWØ is active during all of setup mode and that all user input is ignored when SSWØ=1. The only function of SSWØ during setup mode is to allow the user to restart parameter input from the beginning if he discovers an input error from which he cannot recover. During setup mode, raising and lowering SSWØ performs the same function as the following restart procedure, which may also be used:

1. Raise and lower the STOP switch
2. Set the mode switch to LINC
3. Depress the I/O PRESET switch
4. Depress the START 2Ø switch

During pause and A/D modes, the SSWØ settings and effects are

<u>Value</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Ø	display data buffer
1	display HELP frame

Raising SSWØ during A/D mode has no effect on data acquisition.

3.4 Knob Options

Knobs Ø and 4 provide flexibility for user control of the data buffer display.

Knob Movement	Effect
	KNOB Ø
Clockwise from center position	Move window forward; the farther away from center position, the faster the motion.
Counterclockwise from center position	Move window backward; the farther away from center position, the faster the motion.
Center position	Freeze window.
	KNOB 4
Clockwise	Move cursor toward the right side of the scope.
Counterclockwise	Move cursor toward the left side of the scope.

4.0 SETUP MODE

4.1 Using Setup Mode

Setup mode allows the user to define his particular experimental parameters, such as number of instruments, sampling frequency, etc., by displaying a series of scope messages. The user responds by typing the appropriate characters on the keyboard.

In setup mode, all scope messages are presented using the QANDA subroutine; the user must be familiar with the operating procedures of QANDA. Refer to DEC-12-FISA-D for a detailed explanation of QANDA. The following explanation deals only with those conventions that are peculiar to TISA.

Setup mode is initialized by any of the following:

1. Loading TISA from DIAL (refer to section 3.1)
2. Raising SSWØ during setup mode (refer to section 3.3)
3. Typing "S" during pause mode (refer to section 5.7)
4. Restarting at 4Ø2Ø (refer to section 3.3)

When responding to any of the following messages, an unfilled blank is interpreted as a zero; leading zeros are ignored. Thus, a response of 1 _ _

is identical to a response of $\emptyset\emptyset 1$, _____ is $\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset$. Note that all messages must be answered and terminated according to QANDA conventions except where noted. TISA does not interrogate any user reply until a terminator is typed.

4.2 Message 1

Initializing setup mode clears the data buffers (fills them with zeros) and displays the following message:

```
PARAMETER INPUT
DO'_
1 LINCTAPE
2 KEYBOARD
```

Be usre that $SSW\emptyset=\emptyset$ now or all further keyboard input will be ignored. TISA alerts the user that $SSW\emptyset=1$ by causing message 1 to flicker.

Type 1 to select option 1, LINCtape, or type 2 to select option 2, keyboard. A response other than 1 or 2 and a terminator will redisplay the message.

Option 1 allows the user to recall from LINCtape a parameter list for a given experiment that was previously saved using the WRITE command in the HELP frame (refer to section 5.8). If option 1 is chosen, the following message is displayed:

```
READ TBLK' _ -- -
UNIT _
```

Type the tape block and unit numbers that contain the desired parameter list, followed by a terminator. Only octal values are legal; nonoctal input will redisplay the read message. The user must know where his parameter list is stored; TISA has no file handling capabilities. After the tape block and unit have been specified, TISA tries to read in that parameter list. If the requested tape block contains a previously defined parameter list, setup mode is terminated and pause mode is entered. If the read message is redisplayed after TISA has read in the requested tape block, an illegal TBLK, i.e., one that does not contain a parameter list, has been specified. It is possible to request an illegal tape block that will not be caught. Because TISA cannot check for all possible errors, running TISA under such conditions could produce weird results. The user is cautioned to know the location of a stored parameter list.

Option 2 requires parameter input from the keyboard and will advance to message 2 for definition of each instrument.

4.3 Message 2

Message 2 requests information defining the parameters for a particular instrument. The message has the following format:

INSTRUMENT K IS¹
(1 = analog, 2 = encoded)

STARTING POINT= - - - - -
TOTAL POINTS= - - -
SAMPLING FREQUENCY= - - -

TISA will support up to five instruments, each of which must be defined in message 2. In the above display, K is the number of the instrument currently being defined and is always in the range 0-4. For example, the first instrument defined in message 2 would be displayed as:

INSTRUMENT 0 IS¹

Four error conditions described below may be detected and noted by TISA when the values for message 2 are supplied.

All input to message 2 must be decimal; non-decimal input for any of the four responses will redisplay message 2. If TISA first detects any of the error conditions described below, the appropriate error message is displayed. An error in defining an instrument has no effect on the parameter input for a previously defined instrument; thus, if instruments 0 and 1 have been defined successfully but an error, such as non-decimal input, occurs in defining instrument 2, message 2 is redisplayed for instrument 2 and the parameter definitions for instruments 0 and 1 remain unchanged. Note that if an error in the definition of instrument 1 is detected by the user while defining instrument 2, it can be corrected only by raising SSW0 and starting with message 1 again.

The only legal values for the first response in message 2 are 1 for an analog instrument or 2 for an encoded instrument. Any other response will redisplay message 2.

TISA will support a maximum of three encoded instruments. If an attempt is made to define more than three instruments, the message

ERR ENC

is displayed and message 2 is redisplayed for the offending instrument when the error message is terminated.

The response for STARTING POINT can be any decimal number up to five digits long, i.e. 0-99999, and is the value of the initial X coordinate in the data buffer display routines (see DATA BUFFER DISPLAY, section 9.0).

TOTAL POINTS is the number of points that TISA will acquire and store in its data buffers, as distinguished from a detected point as described in SAMPLING FREQUENCY below.

The response for TOTAL POINTS for any instrument must be a number greater than 0 and less than or equal to the number of points left in the data buffer, which is the maximum number of points available minus the number that has been allotted to previously defined instruments. The maximum number of points available depends upon the amount of core in the system configuration, according to the following scheme:

<u>AMOUNT OF PDP-12 CORE</u>	<u>MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DATA POINTS AVAILABLE</u>
4K	512
8K	4608
12K	8704
16K	12800
20K	16896
24K	20992
28K	25088
32K	29184

Thus, if instruments 0 and 1 are defined as having 608 and 1000 points, respectively, for an 8K machine, the maximum number of points available for instrument 2 is 4608 minus 608 for instrument 0 and 1000 for instrument 1, or 3000 points for instrument 2.

If the user requests no points, the error message

ERR 0 PTS

is displayed.

If more points are requested than there are left, i.e. the capacity of the data buffer is exceeded, the error message

ERR BUF FULL

is displayed.

Terminating either error message reinitializes message 2 for the offending instrument.

The SAMPLING FREQUENCY determines the density or resolution of the spectrum. The X axis input is considered as a pulse. For an analog device a pulse is a one bit increment of an analog channel; for an encoded device a pulse is an interrupt on one of the KWI2A clock channels. A point is said to be detected on the Y axis whenever TISA receives a pulse on the X axis. The ratio of detected points to acquired points is defined as the SAMPLING FREQUENCY. If the user defines TOTAL POINTS to be 1000 and the SAMPLING FREQUENCY to be 5, TISA will detect 500 points and every fifth detected point will be an acquired point. SAMPLING FREQUENCIES of 0 or 1 mean acquire every detected point, a SAMPLING FREQUENCY of 2 means acquire every second detected point, etc.

The SAMPLING FREQUENCY must be a number from 0 to 10. Requested sampling frequencies outside of this range display the error message

ERR FREQ

Terminate this error message; message 2 is reinitialized.

4.4 Message 3

When an instrument's parameter definition has been successfully completed in message 2, TISA displays the following message:

DO!
1 MORE INSTRUMENTS
2 START

Type 1 to redisplay message 2 to define more instruments. TISA will redisplay message 2 with the instrument identifier (the K of message 2) incremented by one. Each instrument is defined in turn in this manner until option 2 of message 3 is selected. Type 2 if all the instruments in this experiment have been defined. Pause mode is entered immediately after typing 2. Terminating message 3 with a response other than 1 or 2 is illegal and redisplays message 3.

If option 1 is selected, there are two possible error messages that may be displayed. If the user attempts to define more than five instruments, the error message

ERR INST

is displayed. If the user attempts to define additional instruments when all the data storage has been allotted to previously defined instruments, the following error message is displayed:

ERR BUF FULL

Terminate either error message display; message 3 is then redisplayed.

5.0 HELP FRAME AND KEYBOARD COMMANDS

When the user is in either pause or A/D mode and $SSW_0=1$, a HELP frame is displayed that briefly summarizes all keyboard commands available to the user in either of these modes. The HELP frame display is:

D	DIAL
A/D	MODE
CTRL/H	HALT ALL INSTRUMENTS
HN	HALT INSTRUMENT N
P	POLARITY
F	FREEZE
PAUSE MODE	
GN	GO INSTRUMENT N
S	SETUP
W	WRITE TAPE
C	CATALCAL
M	MAGSPY
L	LOADER
P	POLARITY
F	FREEZE

All commands are issued by typing the letter(s) and then their action is implemented immediately.

5.1 DIAL

The D command is active in either mode and is used to restart DIAL. Refer to the LAP6-DIAL Programmer's Reference Manual, DEC-12-SE2B-D.

5.2 Halt All Instruments

Typing CTRL/H¹ when in A/D mode directs TISA to halt all instruments; data acquisition is terminated on all instruments and TISA enters pause mode. Whenever TISA enters pause mode, the message:

PAUSE MODE

is printed on the Teletype.

¹CTRL/H is typed by pressing down the CTRL (control) key and simultaneously typing H, in the same manner as using the SHIFT key.

5.3 Halt Instrument n

HN is a two character command that allows the user to halt a given instrument (put it into pause mode) without affecting the mode status of the other defined instruments. The first character of the command is H (for halt); the second character, n, is a number in the range 0-4 and defines the number assigned to the instrument in message 2. Thus, the command H2 means halt instrument 2. Any number of intervening characters may be typed between H and N, the numeric argument, without interfering with the execution of the command HN, except for the character G. Thus, the command HAAA777BBB2 is identical to the command H2 because the nine intervening characters are illegal and ignored by TISA. The command H666PPP???2 directs TISA to halt instrument 2, but it is not identical to the command H2 because it executes the polarity command P (refer to section 5.4) three times before instrument 2 is halted. An HN command is acknowledged by the following message printed on the Teletype:

HALT INSTRUMENT N

where N is the user supplied value 0-4. If the HN command is typed for an instrument that has not been defined by the user or for an instrument that is in pause mode, it is ignored.

5.4 Polarize Display

Typing P polarizes or inverts the entire data buffer display. For example:



The P command does not destroy the integrity of the data in the data buffer but merely inverts it before it is displayed on the scope. If the data buffer is polarized when one P command has already been issued, the display is restored to its normal form. If the P command causes the display to be inverted, TISA responds with the Teletype message:

INVERTED

If the P command causes the display to be normalized, TISA outputs the message:

NORMAL

The P command can be issued as often and whenever the user chooses.

5.5 Freeze

The F command directs TISA to freeze the moving window display (see DATA BUFFER DISPLAY, section 9.0), thereby isolating the display on a given portion of the data buffer. Typing F when the window is frozen directs TISA to restart window motion. TISA acknowledges the F command and indicates the action taken by typing FREEZE or MOTION, whichever is appropriate. The user may issue the F command as often as he likes.

The P and F commands are active in both pause and A/D modes.

5.6 Go Instrument n

GN is a two character command issued in the same manner as HN (refer to section 5.3), but performs the opposite function; GN puts an instrument in A/D mode. Remember that arguments H and G cannot be intermixed in a command. For example, typing H followed by G erases the first half of an HN command and directs TISA to wait for the second argument of a GN command. Thus, the commands HG2, HHHHHG2, and G2 are all identical. If instrument N is in A/D mode, TISA will ignore the command GN.

When TISA initiates A/D mode for a given instrument, the message

GO INSTRUMENT N

is printed on the Teletype, where N is the instrument number 0-4. Whenever TISA enters A/D mode it outputs the following message on the Teletype:

A/D MODE

5.7 Setup Mode

Typing the key S causes TISA to enter setup mode so a new parameter list can be input. The contents of the data buffer are not preserved.

5.8 Write

The W command outputs the data buffers to LINCtape. TISA acknowledges this command by displaying the following message:

E X P E R I M E N T N A M E

The user can name his experiment with any combination of up to eight characters; input acceptable to QANDA is legitimate here.

The Write command will generate $2+K$ TBLKs of output where K is the smallest number of tape blocks needed to store the portion of the data defined by the experiment. If the user had defined 1000 points of the data buffer area, then K is equal to four. The first two blocks contain the experiment name and the parameter list for the experiment just completed; they contain no data but enable the user to exercise the LINCTape input option during setup mode (refer to section 4.2). The experiment name will appear in the beginning of the first block of output exactly as it is typed in the name message above. For example, if the first block of output is assigned the name

ABCD_ _ _

then this block when viewed via MAGSPY¹ will appear as follows:

A B C D
\$%ASJWBE*996%RYSSI&456%&J

After the name message, TISA displays the following Write message:

WRITE XYZ (OCT) TBLKS
FIRST TBLK= _ _ _
UNIT _

where XYZ is the number of octal tape blocks that will be output and is the number $2+K$ described above. The user specifies in octal the starting TBLK and unit number; a non-octal response redisplays the name message. If the response to the Write message is legitimate, TISA commences to write the data buffer plus the two header blocks. While writing, the display is maintained; however, all commands are ignored until this operation is finished. When the interrupt (ION) light comes on, the operation is finished. If this parameter list just output is ever to be recalled, remember the first TBLK specified in the Write message because it is this block that option 1 of message 1 (refer to section 4.2) requires. (This block number may also be determined using the MAGSPY program.) Note that TISA considers TBLK 777 to be contiguous to TBLK 000. For example, if a request is made to write 20 TBLKs starting at TBLK 770, the first 10 TBLKs are written on 770-777 and the last 10 TBLKs on 0-7. Data should not be output in this manner, however, because of difficulties created for related software, such as MAGSPY.¹

¹MAGSPY is a program used to examine data stored on LINCTape. Refer to DEC-12-UZSA-D and section 5.10..

5.9 CATALAC

Typing C exits TISA and loads the program CATALAC which is very useful for data manipulation. Refer to DEC-12-UW1A-D for a description of CATALAC.

5.10 MAGSPY

Typing M exits TISA and loads the program MAGSPY.

The CATALAC and MAGSPY commands both assume that a DIAL-V2 tape (not DIAL-MS) with the binary files CATALAC and MAGSPY are on unit \emptyset . If the binary files are not present, the user will find himself in DIAL with the NO message on the scope. If a DIAL-V2 tape is not on unit \emptyset , the results are unpredictable.

5.11 Load

TISA can load an arbitrary program by issuing the command L. A DIAL V2 tape must be on unit \emptyset . The following load message is displayed:

```
LOAD1
UNIT _ - - - - -
```

Type at least one character for the program name in acceptable QANDA characters and then type the unit where this program is located. No error checking is done for the unit argument; thus, if the user requests unit A, he gets unit 1,etc. If the requested binary is a file on the requested unit, TISA will load it. If the file does not exist, the user will find himself in DIAL with the NO message on the scope.

5.12 Polarize

The P command in pause mode is identical to the P command, Polarize, in A/D mode (refer to section 5.4).

5.13 Freeze

The F command in pause mode is identical to the F command, Freeze, in A/D mode (refer to section 5.5).

6.0 TELETYPE USAGE

TISA outputs messages to the Teletype to make the user aware of the present action. The following set of messages are in TISA's repertoire:

HALT INSTRUMENT N	(N=0-4)
GO INSTRUMENT N	(N=0-4)
MOTION	
FREEZE	
NORMAL	
INVERTED	
PAUSE MODE	
A/D MODE	
HANDS OFF	

A backlog of several messages may occur because the Teletype is a relatively slow device for TISA's environment. TISA services legal keyboard commands immediately; the message(s) appropriate to the command(s), however, is typed afterward. If a command is issued while a message is being typed, the command is executed immediately and the message(s) appropriate to the command is put on TISA's backlog. TISA will never overload the Teletype but the user may do so by leaning on the P key. In this case, the integrity of the messages printed on the Teletype may be destroyed, but execution of the keyboard commands is maintained. If the Teletype becomes too overloaded with commands, the message HANDS OFF is printed.

7.0 DATA ACQUISITION

TISA has the ability to acquire data simultaneously from five instruments. A given device must not transmit X axis data at rates that are faster than 2 milliseconds/point or data will be lost. If all instruments (maximum of 3) are defined as encoded, the optimum rate obeys the following scheme:

<u>NO. OF ENCODED INSTRUMENT</u>	<u>OPTIMUM RATE</u>
1	500 μ s
2	1000 μ s
3	1500 μ s

For analog devices, a one bit increment in the X axis potentiometer indicates to TISA that a point has been detected on the Y axis. For encoded devices, an interrupt on a KW12A clock channel (X axis input) indicates a detected point. The data that TISA acquires comes from the Y axis input. Each data point represents a 10 bit A/D conversion on one of the Y axis analog inputs, and is stored as a 10 bit single precision word. Each defined instrument is assigned a sector of contiguous core locations in the data buffer area, beginning at location 7000 of PDP-8 field 0 and continuing to the last location of the last PDP-8 field. The data sectors for each instrument are adjacent to one another; there are no data gaps between instrument data sectors. The data sector for instrument 0 always begins at the initial PDP-8 data buffer location (07000). For example, if the user defined TOTAL POINTS for

instruments \emptyset , 1, and 2 to be 512, 2000, and 3 ($100\emptyset$, 3720, 3 octal), respectively, then the allocation in the data area for an 8K of core configuration is:

<u>INSTRUMENT</u>	<u>DATA BUFFER ALLOCATION</u>		
	<u>FROM</u>	<u>TO</u>	
\emptyset	\emptyset	7000	0 7777
1	1	0000	1 3717
2	1	3720	1 3722

(1 3723 to 1 7777 is unused)

TISA starts acquiring data from an instrument upon receiving a Go command (refer to section 5.6). No action is taken on an instrument until the first pulse is received from the X axis. TISA does not require the data to be input in a periodic or time dependent fashion; pulses can be days or milliseconds apart.

TISA will acquire data from an instrument until any one of the following conditions occurs:

1. the requested number (TOTAL POINTS) of points has been acquired
2. the user halts the instrument from the keyboard
3. the X axis potentiometer (analog instruments only) decreases $2\emptyset$ bits from its last value read

Conditions 1 and 3 represent internal instrument halts. If a halt message is printed on the Teletype and the halt was not requested by the user from the keyboard, then the instrument halt was internal. All three conditions cease data acquisition for the given instrument and an appropriate message is printed on the Teletype.

8.0 PIN ASSIGNMENTS

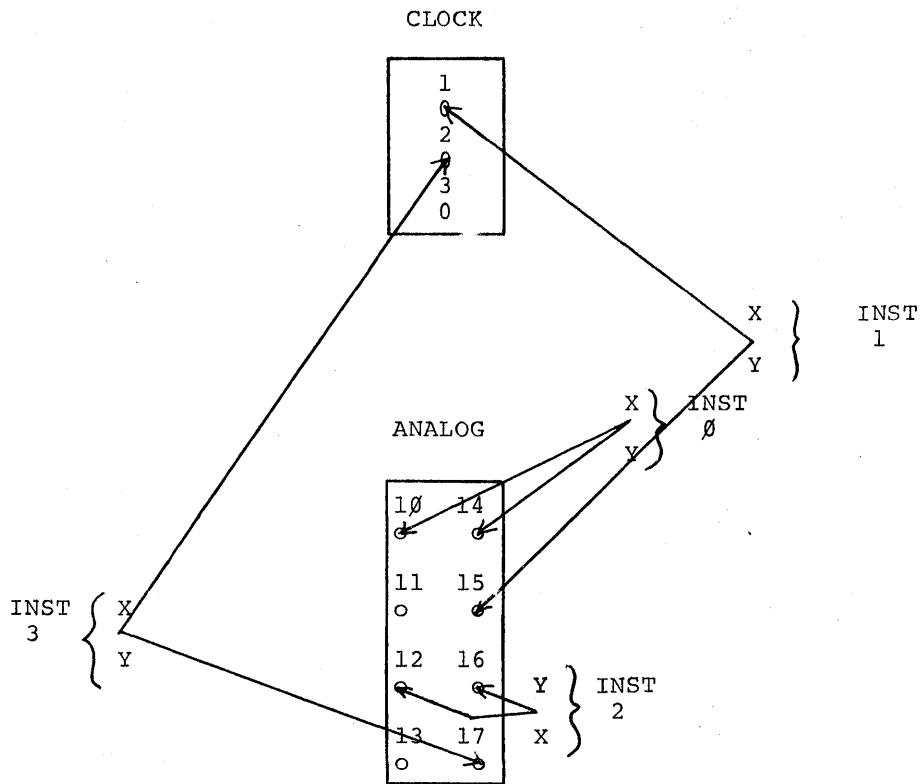
There is only one correct way to connect the X-Y inputs from an instrument to the PDP-12, regardless of the particular system configuration. Let instrument K be the Kth instrument defined during setup mode for $K=\emptyset, 1, 2, 3, 4$ and let N_K be the number of analog instruments that were defined previous to instrument K. The X-Y inputs must then obey the following rules:

1. If instrument K is analog, its X axis input is connected to analog channel $10+K$ for $K \leq 4$. If $K=4$, the input is connected to analog channel $2\emptyset$.¹

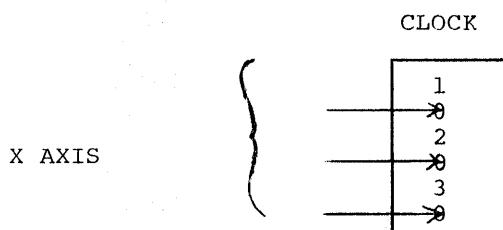
¹The fifth channel requires the analog extension (channels 20-27) which is not standard PDP-12 hardware.

2. If instrument K is encoded, its X axis input is connected to clock channel $1+K-N_K$.
3. The Y axis input for instrument K is analog channel $14+K$ for $K < 4$ ¹. For $K=4$, the input is connected to analog channel 24.

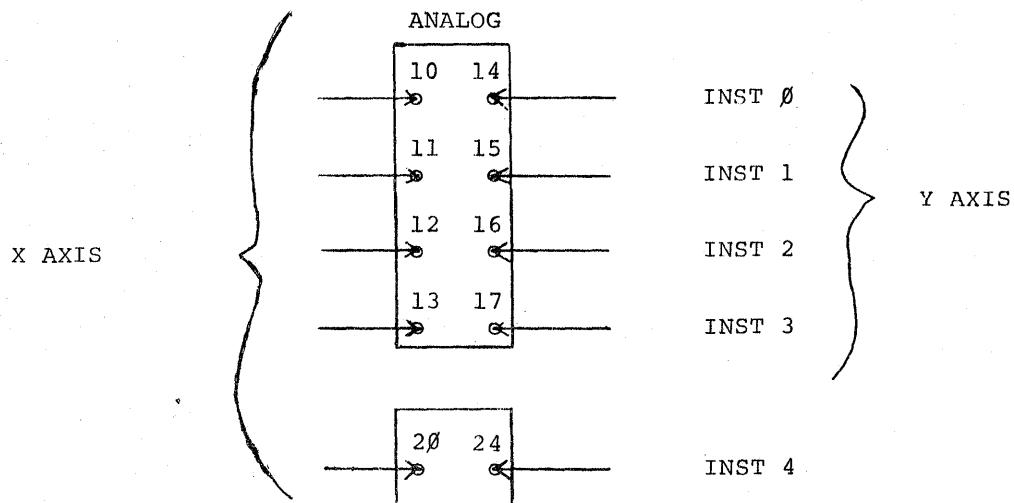
Consider, for example, the following configuration:



GENERAL CONFIGURATION



¹The fifth channel requires the analog extension (channels 20-27) which is not standard PDP-12 hardware.



INST	INST TYPE	N _K	X AXIS	Y AXIS
0	ANALOG	0	ANCH 10	ANCH 14
1	ENCODED	1	CLOCK 1	ANCH 15
2	ANALOG	1	ANCH 12	ANCH 16
3	ENCODED	2	CLOCK 2	ANCH 17

9.0 DATA BUFFER DISPLAY

The data buffer display has the three following features:

1. A moving window display controlled by A/D Knob 0 and the keyboard
2. A cursor superimposed on the data buffer display and controlled by A/D Knob 4
3. X-Y decimal coordinate display of cursor position

The 10 bit values in the data buffer are scaled to 9 bits prior to display to prevent scope "wrap-around."

9.1 Moving Window

Because the scope can display a maximum of 512 points at any one time and the data buffer has a maximum capacity of 29,184 points, the moving window display is used to view any 512 contiguous points of the data buffer, starting at any given point, simply by rotating A/D Knob 0. The moving window is very similar to that used in MAGSPY. Consider the data buffer as a ring

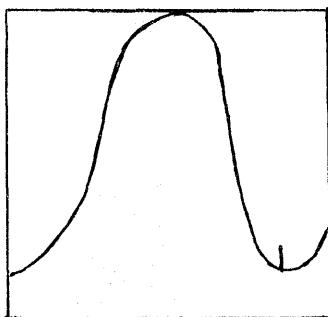
located behind the VR12 scope, with the initial and terminal data points being contiguous, that can be turned by a wheel, namely, A/D knob Ø; the scope is the window. (The phrase moving window is actually a misnomer because it is the data buffer that moves.) When knob Ø is in its center position, the display is stationary.

When A/D knob Ø is moved clockwise from the center position, the data buffer (the ring) appears to move from right to left across the scope. The velocity of the moving window increases with the clockwise movement of A/D knob Ø from the center position. The exact opposite occurs for counterclockwise movement of A/D knob Ø. The data buffer appears to be moving from left to right across the scope. When the display is frozen under the keyboard command F, knob Ø has no effect. When TISA enters pause mode for the first time (after being loaded from LINCTape), the display is frozen and the leftmost scope point is the first point for instrument Ø.

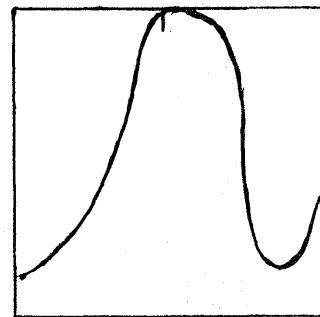
9.2 Cursor Display

A cursor is superimposed upon the data buffer display and can be positioned over any of the 512 points in the display by rotating A/D knob 4. If knob 4 is moved to its furthermost counterclockwise (leftmost) position, the cursor will be imposed on the leftmost point of the scope display. Similarly, if knob 4 is positioned to its furthermost clockwise (rightmost) position, the cursor will be imposed upon the rightmost scope data point. Intervening knob positions will yield intervening cursor positions. The cursor appears on the scope as a vertical line (|) and normally "sits" on top of the display point. However, for those cursor points that do not allow enough room at the top of the scope for the cursor to sit comfortably, the cursor is displayed beneath the cursor point as the following example shows.

CURSOR
ABOVE



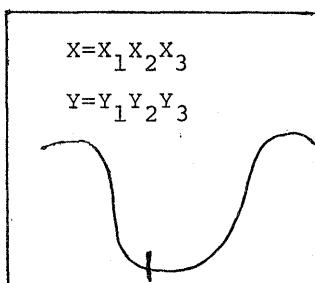
CURSOR
BELOW



It should be noted that knob Ø has no control over the position of the cursor relative to the scope. If the window is frozen and the cursor is 1 inches from the left side of the scope, the cursor will remain fixed at 1 inches from the left of the scope if the window movement is started. The relationship of the cursor to the data buffer, however, changes because the data buffer is moving across the scope.

9.3 X-Y Coordinates

If the cursor is sitting on a defined portion of the data buffer, its X-Y coordinate position is displayed on the scope in the following manner:



Both X and Y are non-negative decimal integers; the range for X is Ø-391829; the range for Y is Ø-511. Leading zeros and the point ØØØØØ are not displayed. If both the X and Y coordinates are Ø, the coordinates are displayed as:

X=
Y=

If the cursor is positioned over an undefined portion of the data buffer, the X-Y coordinates are not displayed at all. The Y coordinate reads the amplitude (height) of the cursor; the value Ø is the bottom of the scope and the value 511 is the top of the scope.

The value of the X-coordinate depends upon the cursor's absolute position within the data buffer and the starting points and sampling frequencies assigned by the user during setup mode. Each instrument was assigned a sector of the data buffer after replying to TOTAL POINTS in message 2 (refer to section 4.3). When the STARTING POINT value was input, an initial X coordinate to the first data point of the data sector for that instrument was assigned.

Consider the case where the sampling frequency is 1, the STARTING POINT is 9ØØØ for instrument K, and the cursor is positioned over the initial data point of the data sector for the instrument K. If the cursor is moved

from left to right with the window frozen and the cursor at the far left of the scope, the X coordinate will read successively:

9000, 9001, ..., 9009, 9010, ..., 9510, 9511

assuming TOTAL POINTS is greater than 511. Because the STARTING POINT (initial X coordinate) is arbitrary and data sectors are adjacent to one another in the data buffer, it is not unusual for the X coordinate to jump as the cursor crosses data sectors. Suppose the user defined TOTAL POINTS=1 for instruments 0, 1, and 2 and STARTING POINTS=9000, 5, and 47311, respectively. If the cursor is positioned over the first (and last) data point for instrument 0 and moved from left to right, the X coordinate will read respectively (and discontinuously):

9000, 5, 47311

As long as the cursor stays within a data sector and moves forward across it via A/D Knob 0 or 4 or both, the X coordinate will increase in value. The difference between any two X coordinates within a data sector for a given instrument is the SAMPLING FREQUENCY of that instrument. In the same case, if the SAMPLING FREQUENCY is three, then the successive X coordinate readings are:

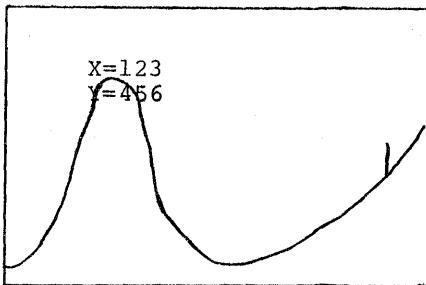
9000, 9003, ..., 9027, 9030, ..., 10530, 10533

For a SAMPLING FREQUENCY of 10, the readings are:

9000, 9010, ..., 9090, 9100, ..., 14100, 14110

With a SAMPLING FREQUENCY of 10, the data acquisition routines acquire 1 point for every 10 detected and they are stored as successive data points in the data buffer. This difference, therefore, is reflected in the X coordinate display. There is no X-Y display over undefined areas of the data buffer because there are no arguments (STARTING POINT, etc.) for the X-Y display routines to use. The X-Y coordinates are displayed on hardware channel 1, and the data buffer is displayed on hardware channel 2. To see both displays the channel select knob should be set to the position 1 & 2. In the event that the data buffer display and X-Y readout overlap, they can be viewed separately by selecting the appropriate hardware scope channel.

OVERLAP CONDITION



10.0 INSTRUMENT INTERFACE

TISA plots the incoming data from each of up to five instruments as a dependent variable versus an independent variable. The dependent variable, for example the intensity at a given frequency for an infra-red spectrophotometer, must be an analog signal within the range of the analog-to-digital converter contained in the particular PDP-12. The standard voltage range is -1 volt to +1 volt.

The independent variable may be a monotonically increasing voltage as shown in figure 1 or a pulse train as shown in figure 2. Note that the fastest sampling rate on any and all instruments is 2 milliseconds per point. The maximum slope of an analog dependent variable can be found by the following formula:

$$\text{maximum slope} \leq \frac{X \text{ volts}}{10^3 \text{ samples}} \cdot \frac{1}{2 \text{ msec}}$$

where X = voltage range of particular analog-to-digital converter system

For the encoded or pulsed dependent variable the input waveform need only pass through the desired threshold whenever an analog sample is required. The desired trigger level is set by the threshold knob on the KW12A input panel. The threshold knob is not calibrated but the limits are approximately ± 6 volts and the potentiometer controlled by the threshold knob is approximately linear. The slope control defined as shown in figure 2 is also on the KW12A input panel.

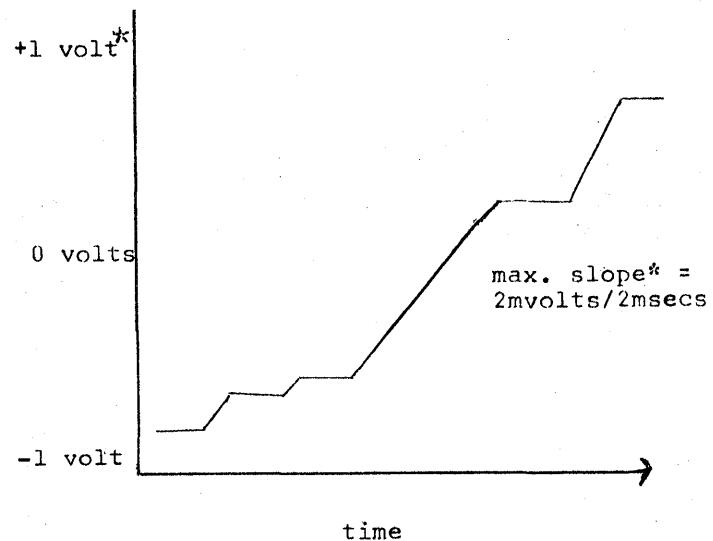


Figure 1 Monotonically Increasing Voltage
*voltage range for standard analog to digital converter

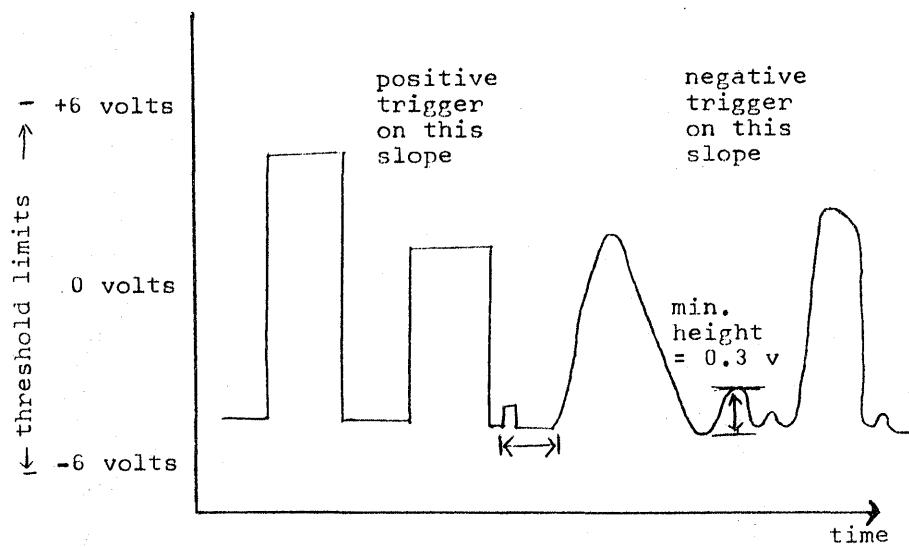


Figure 2 Pulse Train

The setup procedure for instrument N, where $N = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$, is described in section 8.0. The setup procedure details which input channels are to be used.

Typical analog independent variable sources are retransmitting pots or ramp generators while pulsed sources are typically shaft encoders or oscillators.

Several examples of typical interfaces were tried in the PDP-12 engineering laboratory. A Perkin Elmer model 621 infrared spectrophotometer was interfaced by placing a retransmitting pot on the pen drive gear and either a retransmitting pot or an incremental shaft encoder on the main chart drive gear. In the case of the Perkin Elmer instrument, the pickup devices were attached via extra chart drive gears supplied with the instrument. The potentiometers were Bourns 3400S series devices. The incremental shaft encoder was a Data Technology model #C25-100-40 with two one-hundred cycle/turn pulse outputs 90° out of phase.¹ The two outputs can be used to detect the direction of rotation and/or produce a 400 cycle/turn output. However, for this application, either of the outputs alone was sufficient.

¹The specification of these part numbers in this manual does not constitute DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORP. sanction or guarantee, but is intended as an aid for the user.

11.0 GLOSSARY

ACQUIRED POINT	an acquired point is one that has been retrieved from the Y axis of a defined instrument and stored in TISA's data buffers (see also SAMPLING FREQUENCY and DETECTED POINTS).
A/D MODE INSTRUMENT	an instrument is said to be in A/D mode (running) when TISA is accepting information from its X axis.
TISA	TISA is said to be in A/D mode when at least one of its defined instruments is in A/D mode.
ANALOG INSTRUMENT	one of two types of instruments that may be interfaced to TISA. An instrument is defined as analog if its X axis input runs from a potentiometer to a PDP-12A analog channel.
CURSOR	a vertical line () superimposed upon the data buffer display and controlled by A/D knob 4.
CURSOR POINT	that point in the data buffer display upon which the cursor is sitting.
DATA BUFFER	the amount of core available on the PDP-12 that has been reserved for acquiring points. The data buffer is a function of core size and ranges from 512 to 29,184 words.
DATA POINT	a signed 10 bit single precision A/D conversion or word.
DATA SECTOR	a contiguous set of core locations in the data buffer that has been assigned to a defined instrument. A data sector can be anywhere in length from 1 to 29,184 core locations.
DEFINED DATA AREA	the portion of the data buffer that contains the data sectors of all defined instruments.
DEFINED INSTRUMENT	an instrument is defined if it has been assigned a set of parameters during setup mode.
DETECTED POINT	for a given instrument, a point on the Y axis is detected if TISA has received a pulse from the corresponding X axis.

ENCODED INSTRUMENT	one of two types of instruments that may be interfaced to TISA. An instrument is defined as encoded if its X axis input runs from a shaft encoder to a KW12A clock channel.
HELP FRAME	a message that can be displayed on the scope when TISA is in either pause or A/D mode which briefly summarizes the keyboard commands that are available to the user.
INSTRUMENT	interfaced to TISA for data acquisition. Instruments are either analog or encoded, depending upon the manner in which they are interfaced.
INSTRUMENT K	the Kth instrument defined during setup mode; K = $\emptyset, 1, 2, 3, 4$.
INTERNAL HALT	an instrument in A/D mode that is halted by a means other than by an HN or CTRL/H keyboard command is said to have been internally halted.
MODE INSTRUMENT	the state of an instrument at any point in time or the relationship that it bears to TISA is called its mode. An instrument is either in A/D mode or pause mode. Undefined instruments are in pause mode by default.
TISA	the state of TISA's operation or its relationship to the user at any given point in time is called the mode. TISA has three modes: A/D, pause, and setup.
PARAMETER	a numeric value that is used to define an instrument, e.g. TOTAL POINTS.
PARAMETER LIST	the set of all parameters for all defined instruments.
PAUSE MODE INSTRUMENT	an instrument is in pause mode whenever TISA is not accepting information from its X axis.
TISA	TISA is in pause mode whenever all of its defined instruments are in pause mode.
PULSE	X axis information transmitted by a defined instrument. For an analog instrument, a pulse is a one bit increment on the X axis potentiometer. For an encoded instrument, it is an interrupt on one of the KW12A clock channels.
QANDA	a PDP-12 subroutine that facilitates question and answer type of dialogue via the scope and keyboard. (Refer to DEC-12-FISA-D.)
SAMPLING FREQUENCY	an instrument parameter that is the ratio of DETECTED POINTS to ACQUIRED POINTS. SAMPLING FREQUENCY determines an acquired spectrum's resolution.
SETUP MODE	TISA is said to be in setup mode when the user is defining his instruments (messages 1-3).
SPECTRUM	the sum total of an instrument's acquired points is called the spectrum of that instrument.
SSW \emptyset	Sense Switch \emptyset .

STARTING POINT	an instrument parameter that defines the initial X coordinate for the data buffer display of the first data point of the instrument's data sector.
TBLK	an abbreviation for LINCtape block.
TOTAL POINTS	an instrument parameter which equals the total number of points that TISA will attempt to acquire when the instrument is in A/D mode. The length of an instrument's data sector is equal to its TOTAL POINTS.
X AXIS	one of two of an instrument's inputs to TISA that are required to generate the instrument's spectrum. The X axis input is the independent variable.
Y AXIS	one of two of an instrument's inputs to TISA that are required to generate the instrument's spectrum. The Y axis input is the dependent variable.

Appendix A
Internal Description

This appendix assumes that the reader is familiar with TISA's external characteristics as described in sections 1 through 11 of this manual.

- A.1 Interrupt Routines
- A.2 Data Acquisition Routines
- A.3 Teletype Routines
- A.4 Keyboard Routines
- A.5 LINCtape Routines
- A.7 Setup Routines
- A.8 Memory Check Routine
- A.9 Flow Charts
- A.10 Core Allocation

A.1 INTERRUPT ROUTINES

The interrupt routines handle interrupts in both modes. In either mode, only the following central processor registers are preserved: AC, LINK, PC, IF, and DF. The entry and exit routines for P-mode and L-mode interrupts are different but the interrupt dispatching is common to both. Interrupts remain off until the routines exit. I.e., the interrupt routines can not be interrupted. An L-mode interrupt goes to a routine INTL which saves the AC and LINK, sets up a LINKmode jump at RTNJMP, an LDF instruction at RTNLDF and an LIF instruction at RTNLIF, and sets the interrupt mode switch (INTMOD) to 0. A P-mode interrupt saves the AC, link and sets the interrupt mode switch to 7777, before going to interrupt dispatch.

The interrupt dispatch routines always check three devices in the following order: clock, keyboard, and Teletype. If the clock flag is set, the routine dispatches a call to the routine TISA for data acquisition. If the keyboard flag is up, a character is read in and stored in location KBDBUF. If the Teletype flag is up, it is cleared, then location ADMESS is checked to see if a character needs to be typed (C(ADMESS)NE to 0 means type C(ADMESS)). If a character needs to be typed, it is; the location ADMESS is advanced by one; and the location TTYFLG is set to C(ADMESS) - non zero - to indicate that the Teletype is busy. If no characters need to be typed, then TTYFLG is set to 0 to indicate that the Teletype is not busy. When all devices have been either checked or serviced, the AC and link are restored and the INTMOD switch is ISZed to implement one of the two following exits:

P-MODE	L-MODE
RMF	LINC
ION	DJR
JMP I 0	RTNLIF, 0
	RTNLDF, 0
	IOB
	ION
	RTNJMP, 0

A.2 DATA ACQUISITION

When the data acquisition routines are called they check all five devices (even if some devices are not defined or not selected) because it takes only 14.4 microseconds to determine that a device is not selected. The first task of the data acquisition routines is to preserve the clock bits by executing:

CLSA
DCA STATUS

An analog device must be checked whenever there is a clock overflow, not because the device is ready but because it might be ready. The only way to determine a 1 bit increase of an X-axis analog channel is to read it periodically. The clock is set to overflow and causes an interrupt on overflow once every two milliseconds. Analog devices, therefore, are checked once every 2 milliseconds (optimum speed for analog devices under the worst circumstances). An encoded device is checked whenever its clock channel causes an interrupt indicating it is ready. Note that encoded devices can run at speeds much faster than 2 milliseconds. For instance, TISA could handle one encoded device and no others without loss of any data, if the rate of interrupt was faster than 1/2 millisecond/point. Because the optimum speed varies among all possible user defined configurations, the upper limit in the user's manual is a worst possible case restriction. There are only 4 bits in the clock status register that are of interest to the data acquisition routines:

1. Clock overflow, bit 0
2. Interrupt on channel 1, bit 6
3. Interrupt on channel 2, bit 8
4. Interrupt on channel 3, bit 10

Each device has a select word associated to it whose function is to mask out all status bits except the one that determines if the device is ready to be checked. For example, the select word for an analog device is 4000. The coding that determines if a device needs to be checked is identical for all devices. For device K, the coding is:

TAD	STATUS
AND	SELDVK
SNA	
JMP(I)	NXTDV
DCA	DVTYP
JMS I	KINPUT

Devices are deselected by clearing their select words. The select word for an undefined device is always 0. Every device has a set of parameters associated to it that are required for checking and servicing the device. If a device needs to be checked, the subroutine INPUT is called; the parameters for the device are directly beneath the call:

```

JMS I KINPUT
100 XAXDVK
100 YAXDVK
.
.
.
EHIDVK, 0 /END OF LIST
JMP (I) NXTDV /CONTINUE RTN
.
.
.
NXTDV, TAD STATUS /HLT RTN
.
.
.

```

The INPUT routine retrieves the parameter list, checks the devices, and returns. If the device is to be halted, input returns to the halt return; otherwise it returns to the continue return. Each device is checked in an identical manner; the last device checked returns to the interrupt dispatch routines so that the keyboard and Teletype may also be checked.

After retrieving the parameter list, INPUT checks the high order bit of DVTYP to determine if the device is analog or encoded. DVTYP = 4000 for analog and 0XXX for encoded devices. If the device is analog, the routine ANALOG is called to check for a 1 bit increment of the X axis. ANALOG samples the X axis (NEWSAM) and compares the value read with OLDSAM, which holds the X axis A/D value for the last detected point. If NEWSAM is greater than OLDSAM, a point has been detected. At this juncture, NEWSAM replaces OLDSAM and ANALOG returns in line (ANARTN) for further checking of the device. If ANALOG finds no increase, NEWSAM is checked for a 20 bit decrease. If the X axis has dropped 20 bits, ANALOG exits to the halt return; otherwise, it exits to the continue to next device return. For encoded devices or analog devices that make it to ANARTN, INPUT advances and checks the detected point counter. When this counter goes to zero, a point is ready to be acquired; otherwise, INPUT exits to the continue return:

```

ISZ I FREQ
JMP I INPUT
.
.
.
```

If the device is ready, INPUT resets the detected point counter, sets up a 15 bit buffer address (CDF INST and 12 bit address), SAMs the Y axis, stores away the value, and resets the field to 0 (CDF0). INPUT then compares the

current device address to the terminal device address to determine if all points have been acquired and, if so, exits to the halt return. If the device is not finished, INPUT increments the current address by 1 and exits to the continue return. Returning to the halt return affects the values of 2 parameters 0 is put into SELDVK to deselect and the device number (0-4) is put into HSWITK for subsequent use by the routine CHKSWI.

A.3 TELETYPE ROUTINES

The Teletype routines work in conjunction with a que stack capable of holding the addresses (of the first character of each message) of twenty messages. Messages go on the que via the pointer QUEIN, and come off via the pointer QUEOUT; QUECNT always holds the number of untyped messages on the que. The que stack is ringed so that the address of message 20 is adjacent to the address of message 1. Each message consists of a string of 8 bit ASCII characters followed by the message terminator 0000. The subroutine MESCHK takes messages off the que, and the subroutine QUPUT puts them on the que.

A.3.1 MESCHK

MESCHK first looks at QUECNT to see if it is zero. When QUECNT is zero, there are no more messages waiting to be typed so MESCHK exits in this case. Location ADMESS is the pointer to the current message being typed; once ADMESS is initialized by MESCHK, it is controlled by the interrupt routines (see above). If QUECNT is non-zero (message waiting), MESCHK looks at ADMESS (TAD I ADMESS). If the AC is non-zero, a message is in progress and MESCHK exits. If the AC is zero, MESCHK must verify that the last character of the message has been typed; this is done by checking the location TTYFLG. If TTYFLG is non-zero, the TTY is busy and MESCHK exits. If the TTYFLG is zero, MESCHK takes the next message off the que:

```
TAD I QUEOUT  
DCA ADMESS
```

QUEOUT is advanced to the next message; if it is at the end of the que, it is reset to the start of the que. The QUECNT is decreased by 1 and the first character of the message is typed to initiate the Teletype interrupt routines that will finish the message. MESCHK then exits.

A.3.2 QUPUT

When QUPUT is called, the address of the message is in the AC. QUPUT saves the message in QSAVE and checks QUECNT to see if the que has room for only one more message and, if so, the message in QSAVE is ignored and the busy message (HANDS OFF) is put on the que instead. If QUPUT makes it by the busy message, it checks to see if the que is full and, if so, QUPUT exits. If the que is not

full, the message is put on the que via QUEIN; QUEIN is advanced to the next location and QUECNT is incremented by 1; QUPUT then exits.

A.4 KEYBOARD ROUTINES

All incoming characters are dispositioned by the subroutine KEYBRD. When KEYBRD is called it immediately checks location KBDBUF to see if the interrupt routines have retrieved a character. If KBDBUF is zero, no character is waiting and KEYBRD exits. If KBDBUF is non zero, a character is waiting. The waiting character is put into location CHAR which is part of the character look up table, and KBDBUF is cleared (set to zero) so that the waiting character will be dispositioned only once. KEYBRD next searches the character table. Each defined character is assigned a consecutive pair of core locations. The first location in the pair is the 8 bit ASCII code of the defined character, the second location is JMP to a routine appropriate to the character. The last pair in the table is:

```
CHAR, 0
JMP I KEYBRD
```

The reason for this pair is to ensure that all keyboard characters will generate a match in the table search routine. All undefined characters cause KEYBRD to exit. Starting at the top of the table, KEYBRD compares each defined character with the waiting character in location CHAR. The search routine ISZ's by the jump instructions in the table location. JMP X is never compared with CHAR. When a match is found at location A, KEYBRD executes the jump instruction at location A+1 via:

```
TAD      (LOC A+1)
DCA      .+1
          0           /JMP INST
```

The following is an explanation of the various routines that are called from the character table.

A.4.1 D Routine

This routine restarts DIAL with IOF and XOB clear by jumping to the following bootstrap:

```
4015    LDF 3
4016    RCG I
4017    7300
```

A.4.2 CTRLH Routine

The function of this routine is to put TISA into Pause mode. Location MODE determines whether TISA is in pause or A/D mode; 0 = pause, 7777 = A/D.

CTRLH first checks MODE; if it is zero, CTRLH exits (JMP I KEYBRD). If TISA is in A/D mode, CTRLH sets MODE to 0, sends 0 to CLEN to disable all clock interrupts, sets the select words for all devices to 0, puts the address of the pause mode message in the AC, calls QUPUT, and then exits.

A.4.3 H Routine

The character H is the first in a two character command of the form HN(N=0,4). The function of the H routine is to enable the N half of the command. H does this by setting the word HSWIT to 7777. H also clears the go switch GSWIT (sets it to 0) because there is another two character command GN. HSWIT and GSWIT cannot be simultaneously enabled, i.e., TISA waits for either the N half of G or the N half of H, but not both. After setting HSWIT and GSWIT, H exits.

A.4.4 G Routine

G has the opposite effect of H; i.e., GSWIT is set to 7777 and HSWIT is set to 0.

A.4.5 P Routine

The function of the P routine is to complement the polarity word POLAR. Depending upon the value of POLAR, the display routines do or do not complement a data word before it is displayed. The logic employed is:

TAD	(DATA WORD)
SRO I	
POLAR,	/7777 COMPLEMENTS
COM	

After the polarity word is complemented, the P routine checks its value and sends either the normal or inverted message to QUPUT, then exits.

A.4.6 F Routine

Window motion depends upon the value of one word, FREEZE. The logic in the display routines is as follows:

SRO I	
FREEZE,	
JMP	(FREEZE)
JMP	(MOTION)

The F routine dispositions the "F" command and the freeze word in a manner exactly analogous to the P routine.

A.4.7 S Routine

The function of the S routine is to initialize setup mode. If TISA is in A/D mode, S exits; if not, then the interrupts are turned off and S jumps to the setup routines at location SETUP.

A.4.8 W Routine

If TISA is in A/D mode, W exits. If TISA is in Pause mode, W calls the LINCtape write routines (see LINCtape Routines, section A.5.3).

A.4.9 L Routine

If TISA is in A/D mode, the L routine exits; otherwise, L jumps to a routine that displays the following QANDA message:

```
LOAD - - - - -  
UNIT - -
```

which allows the user to specify program name and unit. When the user terminates the load message, the first character of the answer buffer is checked for 00; 00 means the user input no program name to QANDA and will redisplay the load message. When the message is terminated, the routine KLOAD is called, whose function is to transfer the QANDA answer buffer to DIAL's monitor parameter table (for a full discussion of the table see DIAL EDITOR V2 internal description DEC-12-ZW7A-D) at locations E6+2 (2373) - E6+6 (2377).

The program name is first transferred, one half word at a time, to an intermediate table (LODPTR). Eight characters must be transferred for the program name to meet the requirements of the E6 table. Unused portions of a QANDA answer buffer contain 00. Unused portions of the E6 table must contain 77. If the user requested the program name ABCD, the two answer buffers would look as follows:

QANDA BUFFER	KLOAD BUFFER
ANSWER, 74 01 /74A 02 03 /B C 04 00 /D - 00 00 /- - 00 74 /-74 XX /UNIT	LODPTR, 01 02 /AB 03 04 /CD 77 77 77 77 YYYY /UNIT

The KLOAD routine skips over the first QANDA 74 and terminates name transfer when it uncovers the second 74. The response for unit in the QANDA answer buffer is stripped to 3 bits and stored in the LODPTR table after the name. 60 (0) is unit 0 and 01 (A) is unit 1, etc. When the LODPTR table has been set up, KLOAD puts LODPTR-1 into the AC and calls the routine LOADER.

The function of the routine LOADER is to transfer the table whose address-1 is in the AC to the E6 table and call the DIAL loader. All program calls in TISA to DIAL binary files realize that setting up the E6 table and calling the DIAL LOADER is sufficient work to accomplish the task. LOADER turns off the interrupts, clears the XOB and special functions, registers and reads the Editor's grid table into LDF1 in case the DIAL LOADER decides to display "NO". The AC table is transferred to the E6 table and then the DIAL LOADER is read in and started. The logic is highly similar to executing an LO command in the DIAL EDITOR.

A.4.10 C and M Routines

The function of the C and M routines is to call the programs CATALCAL and MAGSPY, respectively. Both routines will execute a JMP I KEYBRD if TISA is in A/D MODE. Otherwise, the address, CATPTR-1 or MAGPTR-1, is loaded into the AC and the LOADER routine is called.

CATPTR, 0301 /CA	MAGPTR, 1501 /MA
2401 /TA	0723 /GS
0301 /CA	2031 /PY
1477 /L	7777
0 /UNIT	0 /UNIT

C and M both require the programs to be on unit 0. C, M, and L all require a DIAL V2 tape to be on unit 0. DIAL MS will not work because the MS LOADER is logically different from the V2 LOADER.

A.4.11 NUM Routine

The function of the NUM routines is to interpret numeric characters. NUM first strips the ASCII and stores the number in TEMP. NUM compares TEMP with DEVNUM, the number of defined devices, to check for an undefined number, exiting in such a case. If the number in TEMP is a defined device number, NUM checks HSWIT for 7777. If HSWIT is set, NUM clears it and calls the HALT routine. If HSWIT is not set, NUM checks GSWIT. If GSWIT is set, NUM clears it and calls the GO routine; otherwise NUM exits.

A.4.12 HALT Routine

The HALT routine checks the device select word to see if the device is in Pause mode and, if so, HALT exits. If the device is in A/D mode, HALT sets the select word to 0 to deselect the device, calls the routine HLTMS to put the Halt message on the Teletype que, and then exits.

A.4.13 GO Routine

The GO routine first checks the device select word to determine if the device is in A/D mode and, if so, GO exits. If the device is in Pause mode, GO

calls GOMS to put the go message on the que. With the aid of 4 tables and relative to the device number in TEMP, the GO routine next initiates the device.

Device K has 2 tables associated to it: TIADK and TISTRK. TISTRK holds the parameters that define the device, and TIADK holds the addresses within the data acquisition routines of these parameters. To initiate a device, six parameters must be set up within the acquisition routines: starting address (2 words), select word, sampling frequency (variable), sampling frequency (fixed), and initial X axis SAM. There are two other tables that are shared by all devices VALTAB and ADRTAB:

VALTAB, TISTR0	ADRTAB, TIAD0
TISTR1	TIAD1
TISTR2	TIAD2
TISTR3	TIAD3
TISTR4	TIAD4

Note that for device K - whose value is in TEMP - VALTAB+K, ADRTAB+K point to TISTRK, TIADK respectively. The GO routine employs the above logic in selecting the tables appropriate to device K. GO further sets up a SAM instruction because analog devices require an initial X-axis SAM at location OSDVK. GO then sets HSWITK to 7777 for the routine CHKSWI, turns the interrupts off, and transfers the device parameters to the data acquisition routines. The interrupts must be off during parameter transfer because it is possible to get an interrupt from device J when device K is only partially initialized. Such a circumstance could produce adverse results for device K. The interrupts are off for 200 microseconds, which presents no problem for the data acquisition routines. Once the device is initialized all clock interrupts are enabled and MODE is checked. If TISA is in Pause mode, the A/D mode message is sent to the que. GO then sets MODE to 7777, turns the interrupts back on, and exits.

A.5 LINCTAPE ROUTINES

There are six LINCTape routines that enable the user to either read a parameter list from LINCTape or write his data buffers onto LINCTape.

A.5.1 READ Routine

If the user selects the LINCTape option during setup mode, TISA calls the READ routine, which displays the QANDA message:

READ TBLK ____
UNIT ____

When the message is terminated, READ sets a pointer to the QANDA answer buffer

and calls DORDC.

A.5.2 DORDC Routine

DORDC calls the routine TPARGS whose function is to translate a QANDA message which holds LINCtape arguments. If TPARGS returns to P+1, the QANDA input was illegal and DORDC implements the error exit, which is simply a recall to the READ routine. If TPARGS returns to P+2, then location TBLK holds the requested tape block; UNIT holds the low order unit bit i.e., UNIT=10 or 0; and the XOB holds the high order unit bits. Using the arguments from TPARGS, DORDC reads the requested TBLK into locations 7000-7377 (start of the data buffer), executes an I/O preset to clear all flags and the extended unit bits, resets no pause, and transfers the parameter list at 7000-7377 to the setup initialization table at 6000-6144. If the user requests a TBLK that does not contain a legitimate parameter list, DORDC checks the only value in the table that could be fatal to TISA and the user, to wit, the number of defined devices. The function of setup mode is to fill the initialization table with the user's parameters. As the user defines more instruments, more information is input to this table. When setup mode is terminated, TISA takes the information from the initialization table and distributes it to appropriate locations within the program. The number of user defined devices is in the table and determines the length of the table transfer. If the number of defined devices is greater than the maximum number allowed, TISA will extend beyond the initialization table and transfer arbitrary values to arbitrary locations; such a situation is quite obviously fatal. If the number of defined devices is too large, DORDC executes the error exit; otherwise, DORDC goes to the last leg of the setup routines (QADUN+3), just as if input was from the keyboard.

A.5.3 WRIT Routine

WRIT first shuts off the interrupts so that the user cannot inhibit the write sequence via the keyboard. WRIT then retrieves the number of blocks to write from the initialization table (loc. BLKCNT), translates it into DIAL codes, and puts it into the text field of the QANDA write message. The following message is then displayed:

```
WRITE      XYZ  (OCT)  TBLKS
FIRST     TBLK =  _ _ _
UNIT      _
```

where XYZ is the number described above. When the user terminates the message, WRIT sets a pointer to the QANDA answer field and calls DOWRC.

A.5.4 DOWRC

Like DORDC, DOWRC calls TPARGS; at the error return (P+1) is a recall to the routine WRIT. If there is no QANDA input error, DOWRC sets up the following arguments for DOMTP: WRI I (U) to ARGHI, MBLK\TBLK to ARGLO; then calls DOMTP. When DOMTP returns to DOWRC, the operation is finished and DOWRC turns the interrupts on and hangs up in the idle loop.

A.5.5 TPARGS

The function of TPARGS is to retrieve the TBLK and UNIT arguments from a QANDA answer field and to return to P+1 for input error and P+2 for no error. To achieve this end, TPARGS enlists the aid of the more general QANDA numeric decoder DIGCHK, a routine that is heavily exercised during setup mode. DIGCHK has 3 returns:

JMS I KDIG

/CALL
/NON DECIMAL CHAR RTN
/QANDA END OF QUES. FIELD RTN
/NORMAL RTN OCTAL NUM IN AC

TPARGS changes location UPLIM of DIGCHK to minus 10 (1's complement) so that non-octal input will be illegal. TPARGS then calls DIGCHK, retrieving in this manner one numeric argument at a time. If DIGCHK returns TPARGS to P+1, then TPARGS returns to the calling program at P+1 (the TPARGS error return). The arguments for TBLK are rolled and packed into location TBLK. DIGCHK is called until it executes the end of field return at which point TPARGS calls DIGCHK one more time for the UNIT argument. The low order unit bit is put into bit 8 of location UNIT and the two high order unit bits go to bits 10 and 11 of the XOB. After the tape arguments have been set up, TPARGS restores UPLIM to its regular value and returns to P+2. TPARGS always restores UPLIM before exiting, error or no error.

A.5.6 DOMTP

The function of DOMTP is to execute a series of tape transfers as indicated by a list of arguments. Currently, only DOWRC calls DOMTP, but DOMTP is general enough in nature to read data as well as write it. The arguments for DOMTP are:

BLKCNT = - (the number to do)
ARGHI = a LINCTape instruction
ARGLO = initial MBLK\TBLK
LDFSTR = initial LDF

DOMTP first retrieves and sets up its arguments, then issues a tape instruction and calls TPWAIT, which is simply a routine to hang in the idle loop until the

tape operation is complete. When the tape is finished, DOMTP adds 1 to the TBLK and 1 to the MBLK, then checks the MBLK to see if it advanced from 7 to 0. When the MBLK goes to 0, DOMTP resets it to 4 and adds 1 to the LDF instruction at TPLDF. All tape transfers are done via the data field. DOMTP then iterates the tape process, counting each step. When the operation is finished, DOMTP stops the tape, clears the extended unit bits, and exits.

A.6 DISPLAY ROUTINES

The Display Routines present the user with one of two displays, depending upon SSW0: Help Frame, or Data Buffer Display.

A.6.1 DSCHLP Routine

The DSCHLP Routine (help frame) is driven by 4 tables: (1) HLPTAB, which contains the DIAL codes for all the characters displayed in the help frame plus a number of control characters that are not displayed; (2) VCTAB, which is a table of scope vertical coordinates and determines the vertical alignment of the help frame; (3) HCTAB, which is a table of scope horizontal coordinates and determines the horizontal alignment of the help frame; and (4) GRDTAB, which is the QANDA table of grid patterns. The following codes in HLPTAB are the control characters that direct DSCHLP to take certain actions:

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
FULL	0600	Switch to full size characters
CRL	4300	End of a line; go to next line
ENDWD1	7700	End of help frame; exit
CHGHC	3600	Reset horizontal coordinate

The LINC data field is set to 2, where the GRID table is located.

DSCHLP first sets up pointers to the tables and falls through to LNNXT. LNNXT puts the next vertical coordinate in VCOORD, the next horizontal coordinate in BETAL, and then checks the first character of the line to determine full or half size characters. The link bit is set to 0 for half size characters and to 1 for full size characters. After setting character size, LNNXT goes to CHRNXT. CHRNXT loads a character from HLPTAB and checks for the control characters, CRL, ENDWD1, and CHGHC. CRL causes a jump to LNNXT, ENDWD1 effects an exit, and CHGHC causes the next value in HCTAB to be placed in BETAL. If CHRNXT finds no control characters, it calls DSCCHR routine to DSC the character whose DIAL code is in the AC.

A.6.2 DSCCHR Routine

DSCCHR finds an address in GRDTAB relative to the contents of the AC and stores the address in GRDPTR (BETA14). VCOORD is loaded into the AC and the character is displayed. To make a horizontal gap between characters so they won't look pressed together on the scope, 2 or 4 is added to BETA1. DSCCHR checks the link bit which indicates character size. A gap of 2 is for half size and 4 is for full size

A.6.3 Data Buffer Display

The Data Buffer Display is controlled by two knobs, 0 and 4. The high order 9 bits of knob 4 determines cursor position; 9 bits will cover 512 points. The A/D value 7400 is converted to -1, and the value 377 is converted to -1000. The converted value is called the cursor count and is stored in location CURCNT. Every time a point is displayed, CURCNT is ISZed. When CURCNT goes to zero, the cursor is displayed. The high order 6 bits of knob 0 is added to the initial scope address to find the address of the first point (leftmost scope point) to be displayed. Suppose the knob value is 10 and the initial scope address is 2000. The display routines display the data from 2010 to 3010 the first time they are called; the second time the display is called, locations 2020 to 3020 are displayed, and so on. Varying the initial scope address in the manner described above lends the appearance of motion to the display routines. Positive knob values move the display from right to left; negative values, from left to right.

When the Data Buffer Display is called, knob 4 is put into CURCNT, XCORD (loc 2017) is set -1000, and knob 0 is put into the AC. Next the FREEZE location is checked. If the display is frozen, the display routine (GODIS) is called immediately. If the display is not frozen, the routine SETMOT is called to determine the initial scope address relative to knob 0.

A.6.3.1 SETMOT - The locations BUFHI,BUFLO hold the initial 15 bit scope address that was used for the last call to the Data Buffer Display. The function of SETMOT is to update this address for each call. The routine further must be capable of making the initial and terminal points of the buffer contiguous. Suppose knob 0 has a value of 20 and BUFHI,BUFLO = 0001,7770 (8K of core). Adding 20 to this address extends 10 locations beyond the size of the data buffer, i.e., 0002,0010. There is no field 2 on an 8K PDP-12. This effect is called high end wrap around. For this case, SETMOT sets the initial address to 10 locations past the initial data buffer address, i.e., 0001,7010. Low end wrap around is handled in analogous fashion. When SETMOT exits, the proper address is in BUFHI,BUFLO. Note that all routines which must handle 15 bit

addresses treat the high order half as a PDP-8 field. An address at HI,LO is referenced in the following manner:

TAD	HI	
CLL	RTL	
RAL		
TAD	CDF0	
DCA	.+1	
0		/CORRECT CDF INST
TAD	I LO	/CORRECT ADDR

A.6.3.2 GODIS Routine - GODIS displays 512 consecutive data points, beginning with the address BUFHI,BUFLO. BUFHI goes to CURCDF, BUFLO goes to BUFPTR. The routine SETCDF sets the data field relative to CURCDF. The BETA register for display is XCORD (2017) and runs from 7000 to 7777. Note that hardware channel 1 is selected. When CURCNT goes to zero CURDIS is called to display the cursor. If BUFPTR goes to zero, a PDP-8 field boundary has been reached and FWDCDF is called to set the next data field. FWDCDF also checks for high end wraparound. BCNTR is set to -1000 when this location goes to zero, GODIS is finished, XYGET is called to display the X,Y coordinates.

A.6.3.3 CURDIS - When CURDIS is called, the cursor Y coordinate is in the AC and it is stored at location YCUR, not only for use by CURDIS but also for subsequent use by the X,Y coordinate routines.

The contents of the data field are put into XCURHI and BUFPTR is put into XCURLO. These two locations are the X coordinate and will be subsequently accessed by the routine XYGET. YCUR is compared to MAXCUR; if YCUR is greater than MAXCUR, -1 is put into TEMPHI and the cursor is displayed below the spectrum. Minus the length or the height of the cursor is in location CURLEN. The cursor is displayed by putting YCUR into the AC, displaying it CURLEN times via a DIS XCORD; prior to each DIS, TEMPHI is added to the AC.

A.6.3.4 XYGET Routines - The routines that determine the X,Y decimal coordinates use a table called LIMVL whose format is:

LIMVL0,	0	/-starting address device 0 (LO ORD)
	0	/-starting address device 0 (HI ORD)
	0	-sampling frequency device 0
	BCD0	/address of initial X-coordinate device 0
.		
.		
.		
LIMVLK,	0	/-S.A. device K (LO ORD)
	0	/-S.A. device K (HI ORD)
	0	/-sam.freq. device K
	BCDK	/addr of X-COORD device K
	0	/first unused core
	0	/location

The first task of XYGET is to find the data sector that contains the address XCURHI, XCURLO. This is done by adding the X coordinate to the starting addresses in the LIMVL table, always saving the sum for step k-1. If the sum for step k becomes minus, then the X coordinate lies in between the starting addresses used for steps k-1 and step k; and the sum for step k-1 is the address of the X coordinate, relative to the data sector that contains the X coordinate.

Suppose that the data sector for device 0 is 1000₈ points and the X coordinate is 07500. The starting address for device 0 is 0 7000; for device 1 it is 1 0000. The X coordinate is the 500th point in the data sector for device 0. Subtracting the starting address for device 0 yields a sum of +500 which is saved. Because the result is positive, the process continues for device 1, yielding 07500-10000 = -300, which is negative. The negative result means that the previous sum, step k-1, i.e., 500, is the desired address. If the entire table is scanned without a negative result, the X coordinate is in undefined data area and the XYGET routines exit. The relative address is then multiplied by the sampling frequency; this result is converted to a six digit BCD number. A routine to deflate by decimal radii is used for the conversion. The BCD number is stored, one digit to a word, at locations BCDVAL-BCDVAL+5. If the sampling frequency is 3, the value to convert to BCD is 1700. The decimal value for 1700 is 960, which is stored as:

BCDVAL,	0
	0
	0
11	/9
6	/6
0	/0

960 is a relative decimal value and must be added to the initial X coordinate which is stored from low to high, starting at location BCDK:

BCDK,	/UNITS
	/TENS
	/HUNDREDS
	/THOUSANDS
	/ 10 THOUSANDS

The number at BCDVAL is added as a BCD number to the number at BCDK. To obtain the DIAL code for each digit, add 60 to the sum for each digit. The DIAL codes are stored in the table DCODEX:

DCODEX,	3075	/X=
	4300	/CR 100K
	0000	/10K 1K
	0000	/100 10
	0043	/UNITS CR

These values will subsequently be displayed by the routine DSCXY.

After the table DCODEX has been set up for the X coordinate, the table DCODEY must be set up for the Y coordinate. First, 400 is added to YCUR to put it in the range 0-511(0-777); YCUR is then converted to a BCD value and then to DIAL codes, one digit at a time, and stored in the table DCODEY.

A.6.3.5 DSCXY Routine - DSCXY sets the LDF to 2 to access the grid table; sets half size characters, and sets the X,Y display coordinate for the top left of the scope (0,400). The routine always displays X=, Y=, but never displays leading zeroes or the value 0000. The non-numeric characters are separated from the numeric characters by the carriage return code (43). Display of numeric characters is inhibited until the first non-zero digit (DIAL code ≠ 60) is encountered. The characters are displayed by loading their codes into the AC and calling the routine DSCCHR. When DSCXY is finished, the entire scope display is complete. DSCXY exits to SCPRTN.

A.7 SETUP ROUTINES

The function of the Setup Routines is to decode QANDA responses and put them into the initialization table which runs from location INISTR to LAST, or to fill the table from a specified block of LINCTape. QANDA and calls to QANDA are in segment 2. The Setup Routines start at location SETUP. For each QANDA setup message, the refresh return contains the instruction JMP CHKSNS:

CHKSNS,	SNS 0
	JMP QARFSH
SETUP,	PDP

thus activating SSW0 for all of Setup mode. The Setup Routines first call the routine FRSTR (fresh start), which clears the data buffer and sets all pointers to their initial values. Message 1 is then displayed. After message 1 comes either the READ message (see above) or message 2.

A.7.1 MESS2 Routine

MESS2 first calls the routine RESTR (restart a device), whose function is to reset all pointers to their initial values for defining device K. The initial values for device K are preserved throughout the entire definition of device K so that if an error is made in input the routine RESTR will be able to reset them.

All values go into the table via the index pointer INIPTR. When message 2 is terminated, the QANDA answer buffer is decoded and put into the initialization table. The first value is the device type. If the device is analog, the value

ANAVAL (4000) is put in the table; if the device is encoded, a value from the table ENCVAL is put into the initialization table. The next 3 values are the STARTING POINT, TOTAL POINTS, and SAMPLING FREQUENCY. The routine DIGCHK is used to convert the DIAL codes to digits. The routine DIGCHK expects that BETA14 (ANSPTR) is pointing to a QANDA answer field. When DIGCHK is called, it retrieves one QANDA character. If the QANDA character is 00 (a blank) it is ignored and another character is retrieved. If the QANDA character is QANDA end of question field (74,<) or QANDA end of answer buffer (34,\), DIGCHK exits to P+2. If the character is decimal (codes 60-71), DIGCHK exits to P+3 with the numeric value (0-11) in the AC. If the character is not decimal and not either 74 or 34, DIGCHK exits to the error return P+1. All DIGCHK error returns initialize the routine MESS2.

To setup the starting point, the routines DIGCHK and DSCL4 are alternately called until the end of question field return. DSCL4 takes the contents of the AC and rolls and packs them 4 bits each call into the double precision accumulator (DAC). After the starting point has been put into the DAC, the routine UPACK is called to take the BCD values out of the DAC and put them into the initialization table.

After STARTING POINT has been set up, TOTAL POINTS is set up. For TOTAL POINTS, the routines DIGCHK and MUL10 are alternately called until end of question field. MUL10 does a decimal to octal conversion with the DAC and AC. When TOTAL POINTS is in the DAC, the arguments appropriate to TOTAL POINTS are put into the table, e.g., starting address device K, 2's complement of the starting address, etc. The error conditions "no points" and "buffer full" are checked for at this time.

Like TOTAL POINTS, SAMPLING FREQUENCY is retrieved by alternately calling DIGCHK and MUL10. After the sampling frequency is in the DAC, the error condition greater than 10 is checked for. If the sampling frequency is zero, it is set to 1 before being input to the table. Sampling frequency terminates definition of the device and message 3 is displayed.

A.7.2 MESS3 Routine

If the user requests more devices, the error conditions "no more devices" and "buffer full" are checked first, then the routine NXSTR (start next device) is called, whose function is to set up all pointers for the definition of the next device; MESS2 is then recalled. If the user requests to start, an I/O preset is executed and the routine GBLK is called, whose function is to translate the defined data area into (-) the number of TBLKS and store it at location BLKCNT. After GBLK, the routine QADUN is called, whose function is to initialize TISA.

Associated to the initialization table is the table of addresses INIAD, which tells where all the initial values are to go. Using INIAD, QADUN distributes the initial values throughout TISA. The buffer preset and clock control registers are set at this time. The TTYQUE is initialized; pause mode is entered by setting the mode to A/D and putting the control H character into KBDBUF. The interrupts are turned on and the IDLE routine is called.

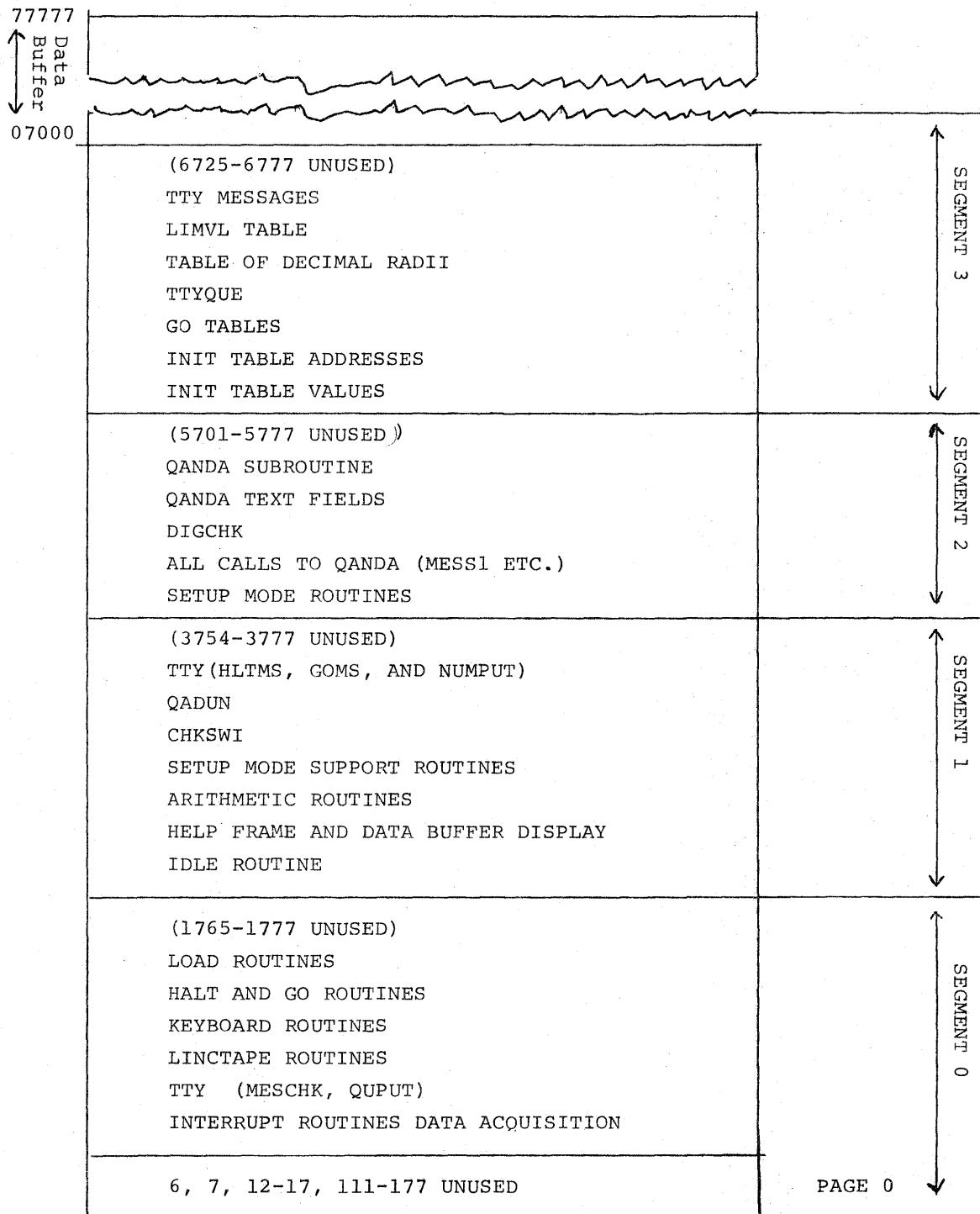
The function of the IDLE routine is to keep TISA busy, when it is not acquiring data, by calling four routines and exiting. The routines and the order in which they are called are

1. SCOPE DISPLAY
2. KEYBRD
3. CHKSWI
4. MESCHK

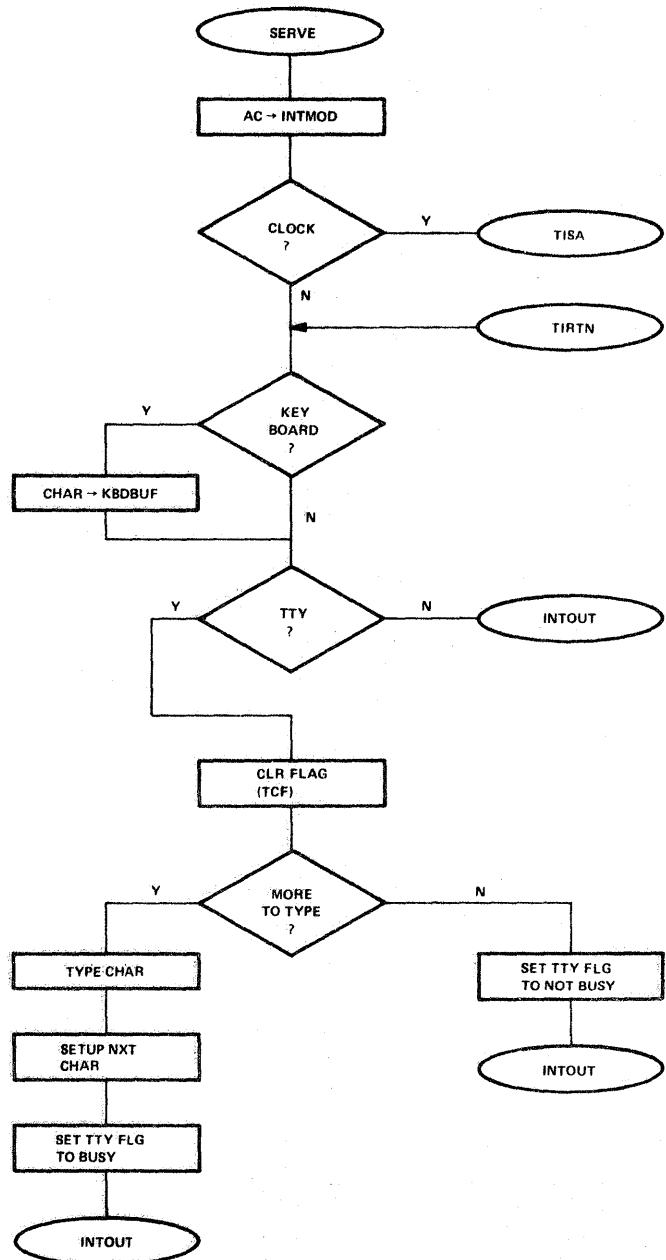
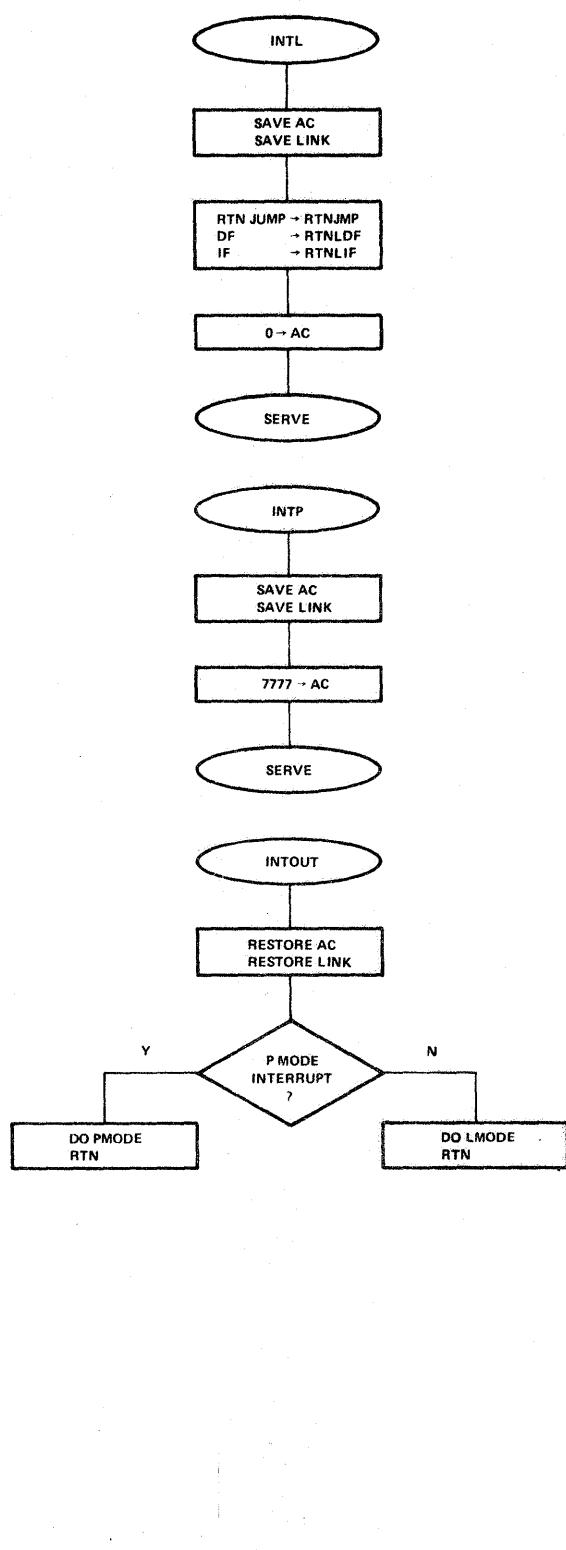
A.8 MEMORY CHECK ROUTINE

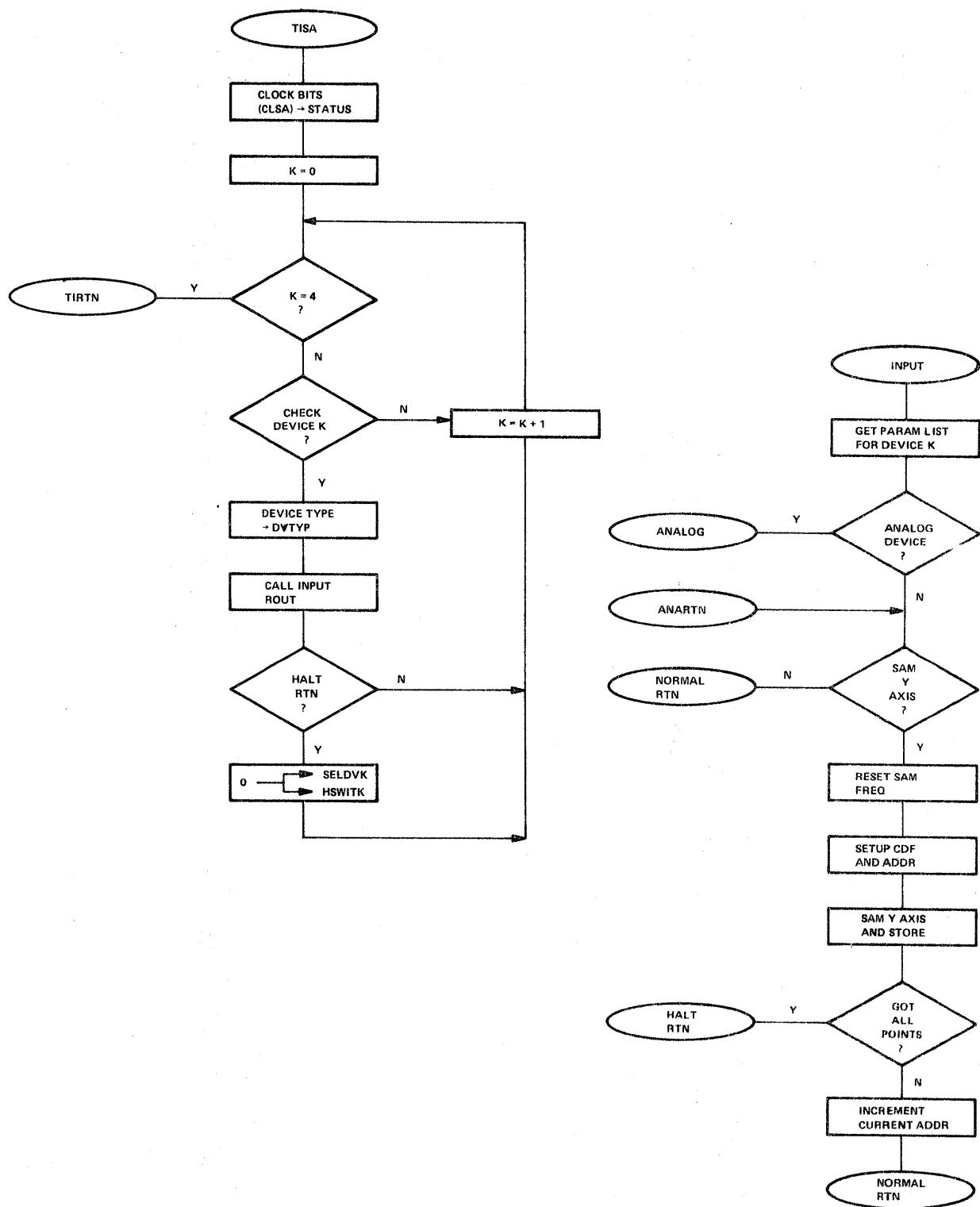
The routine MEMCHK lies in the data area and is called once only (when TISA is loaded from LINCtape). Its function is to determine the core limits of the PDP-12 on which TISA is running. MEMCHK puts the largest PDP-8 field in location MAXCDF and exits. This routine must be called for TISA to function properly and is the primary reason why the starting address for TISA is 4001 and the restart address is 4020.

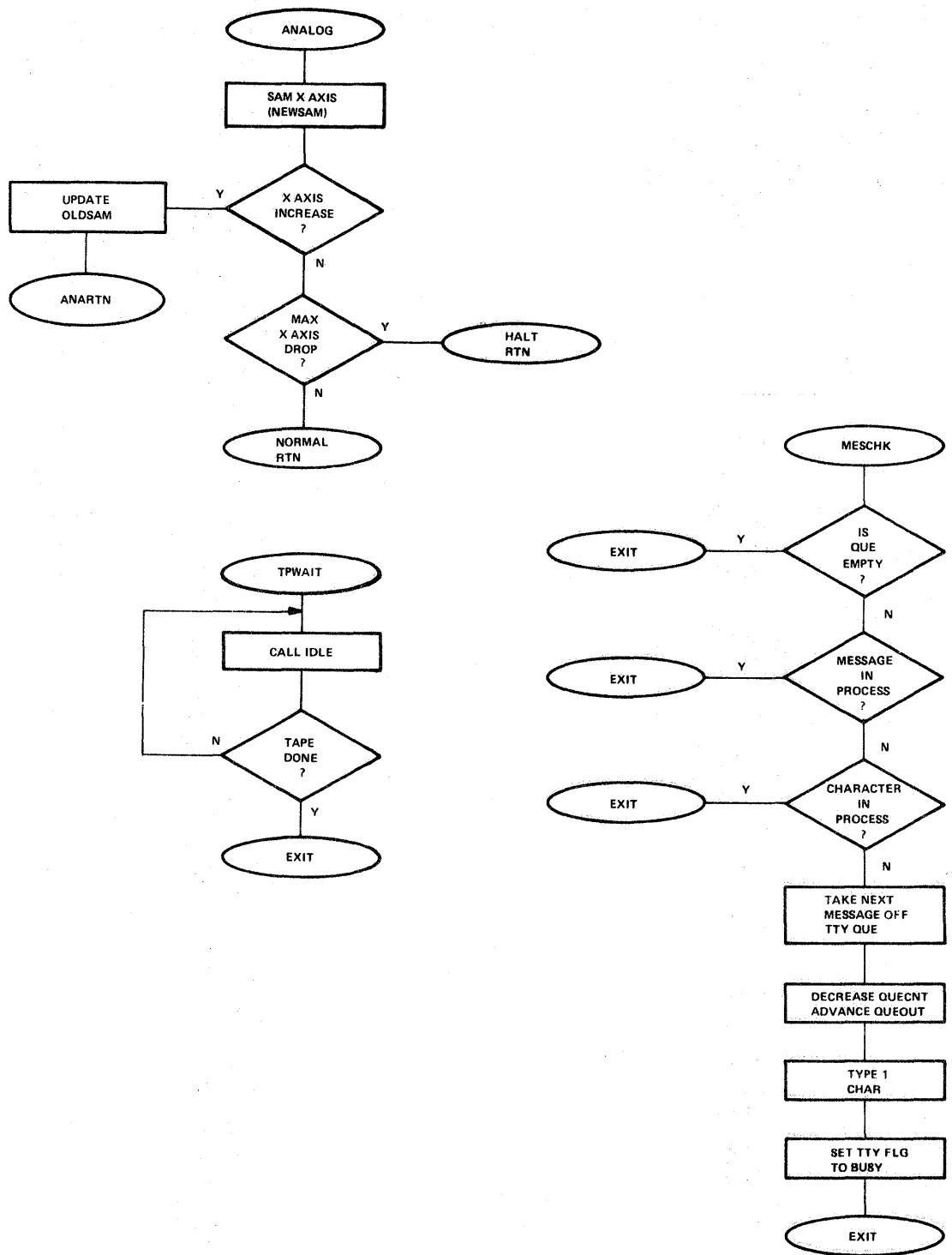
A.10 CORE ALLOCATION

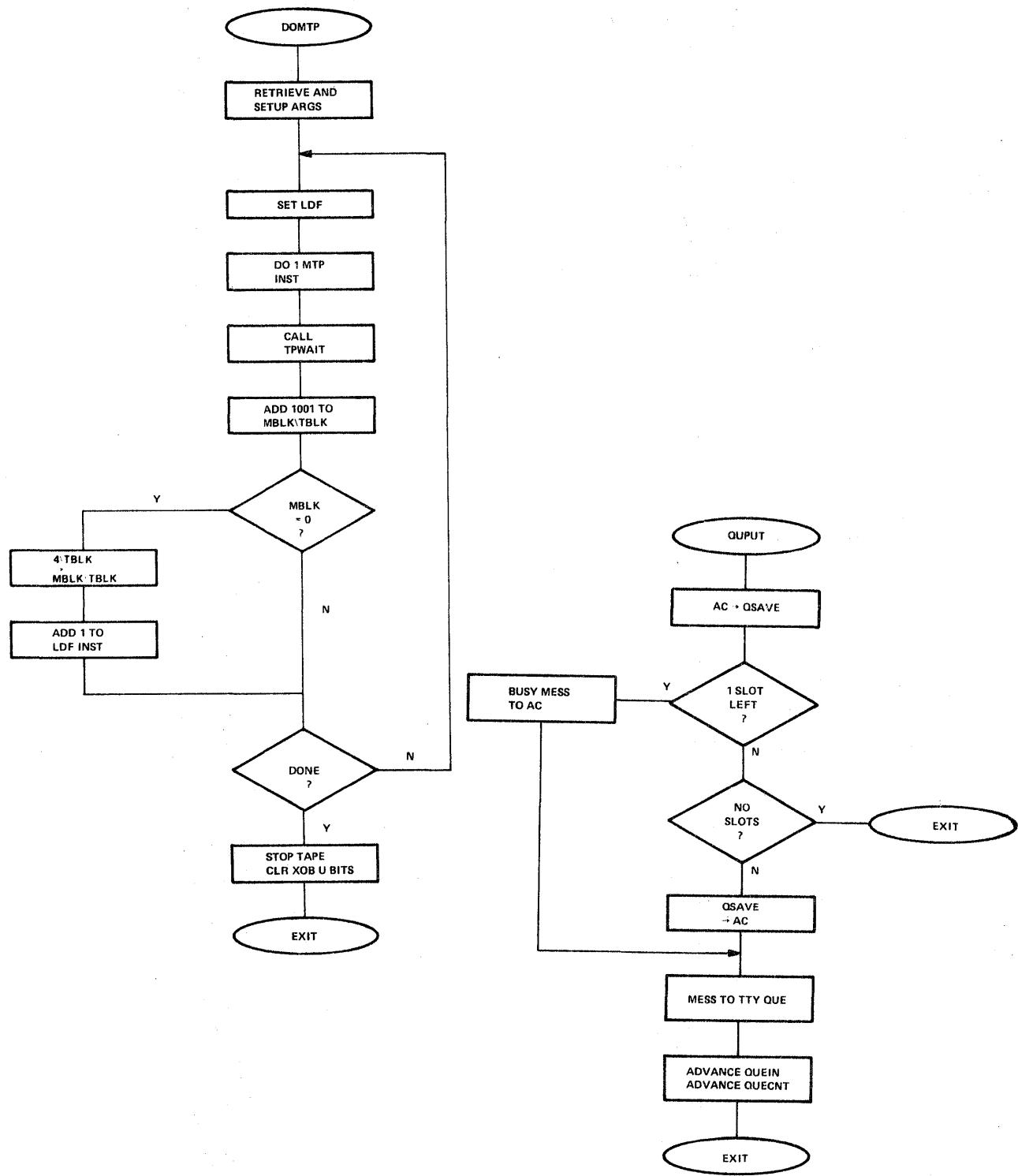


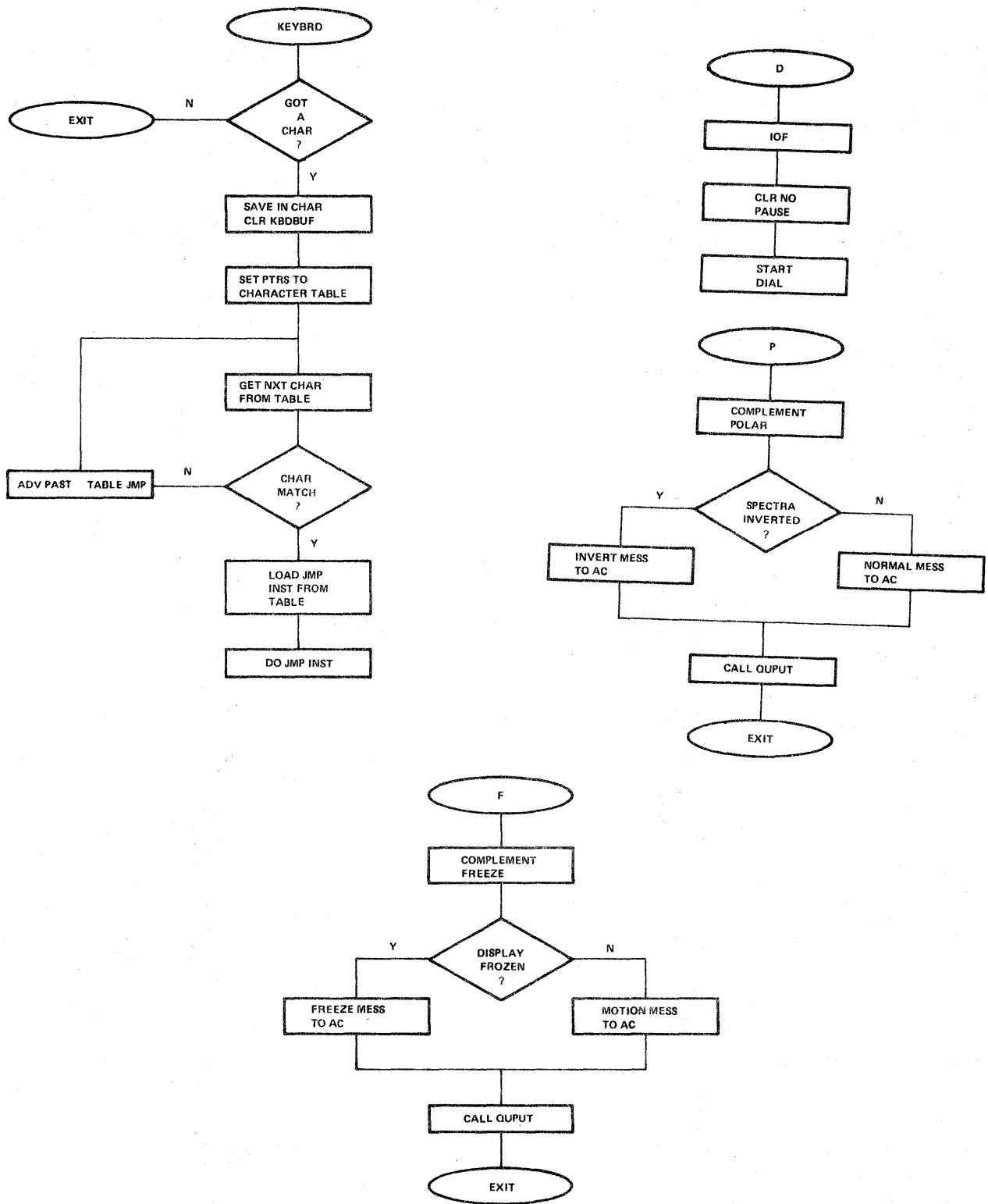
Appendix B
Flowcharts

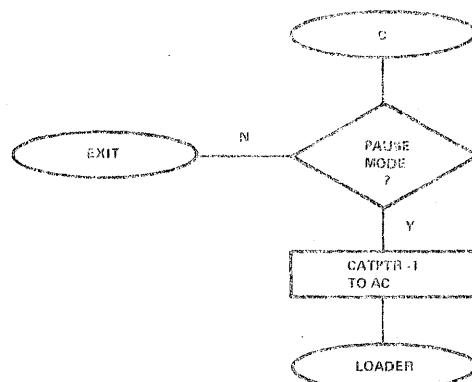
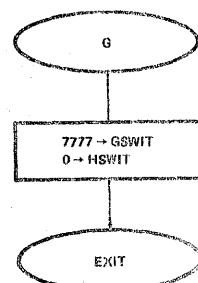
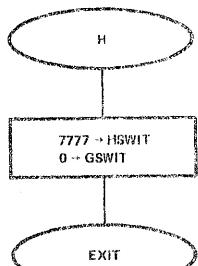
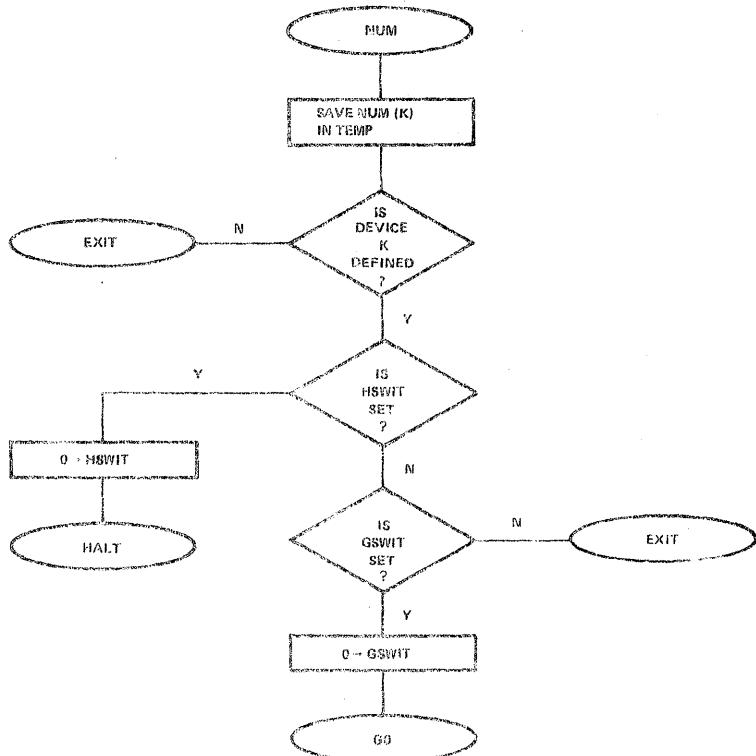
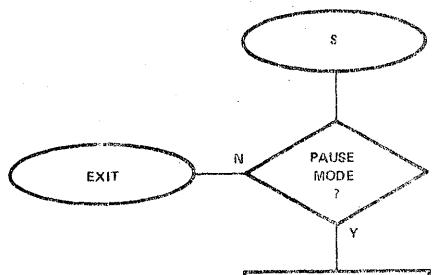


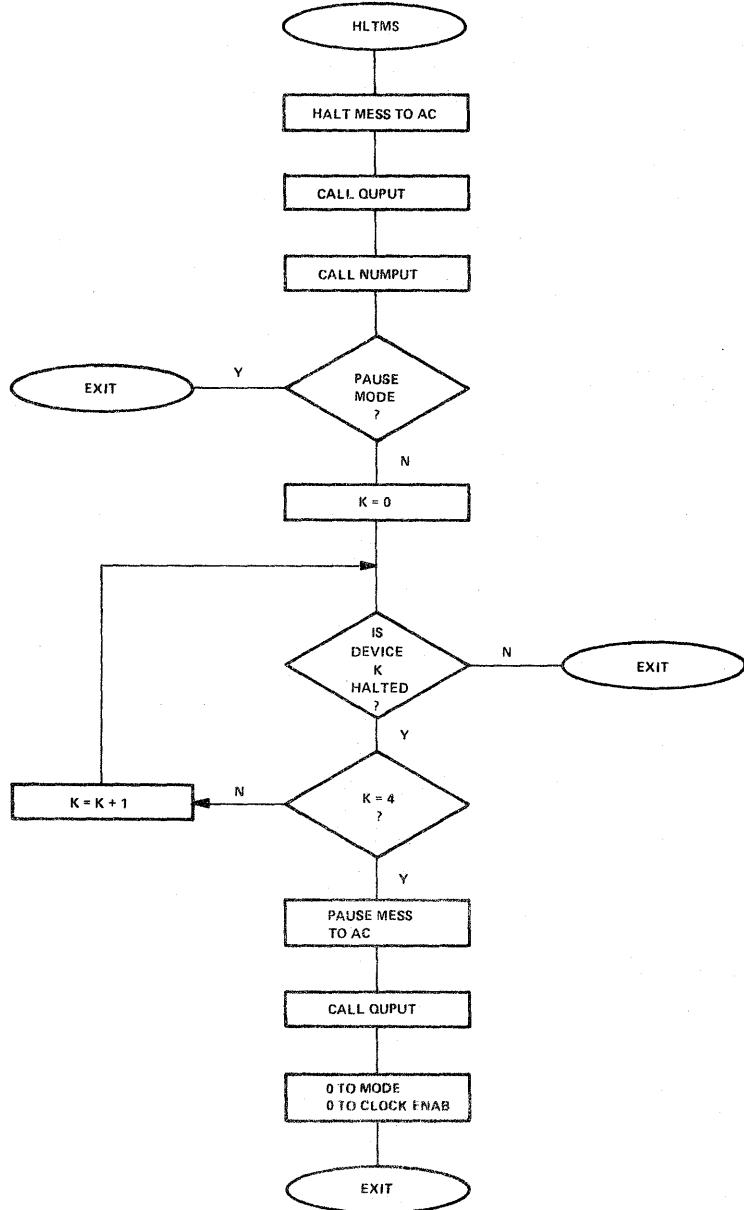
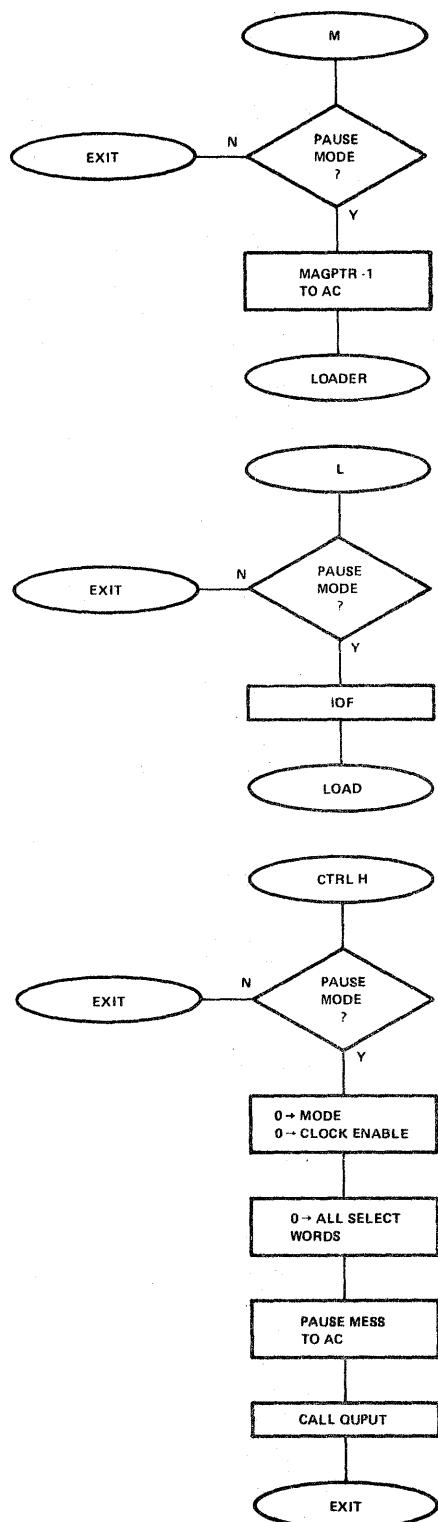


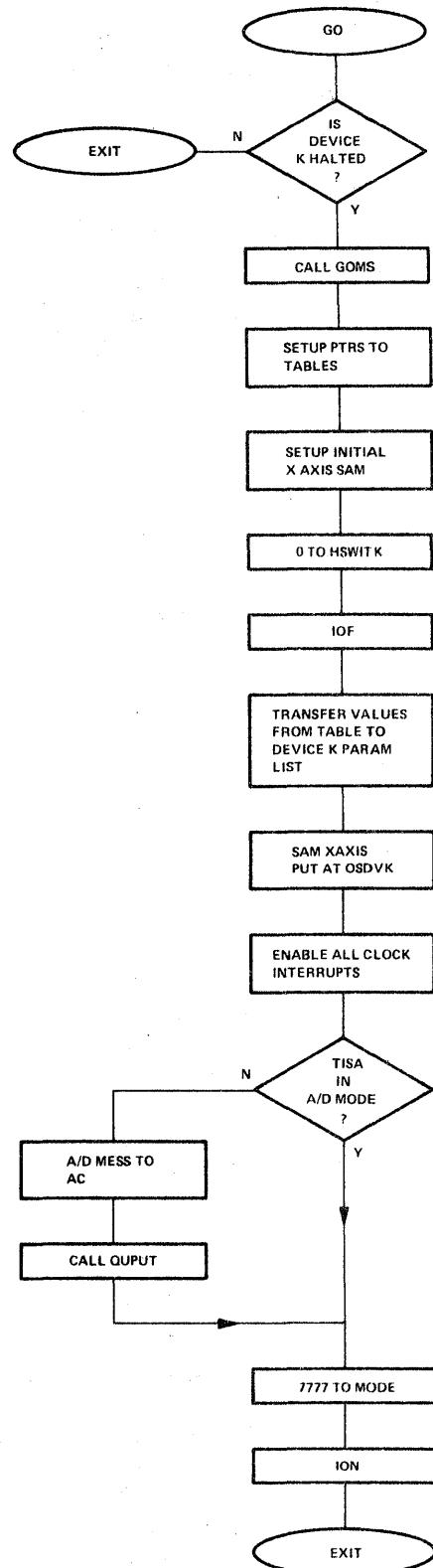
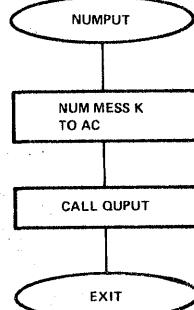
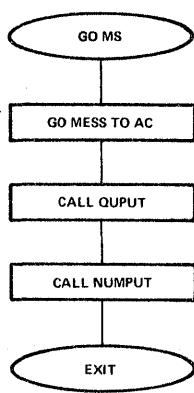
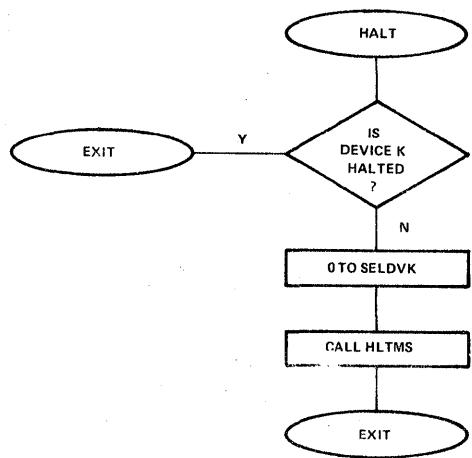


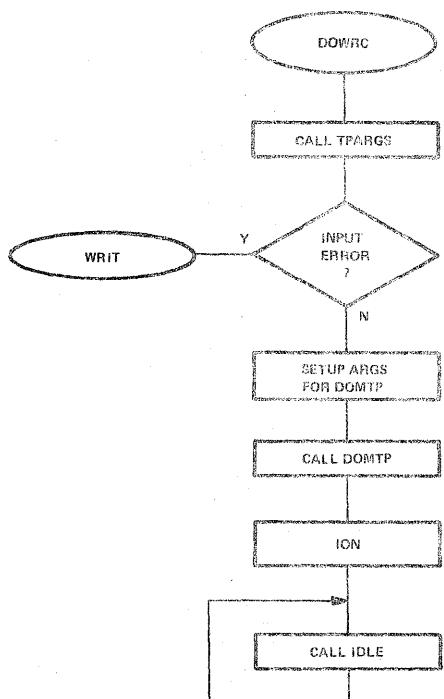
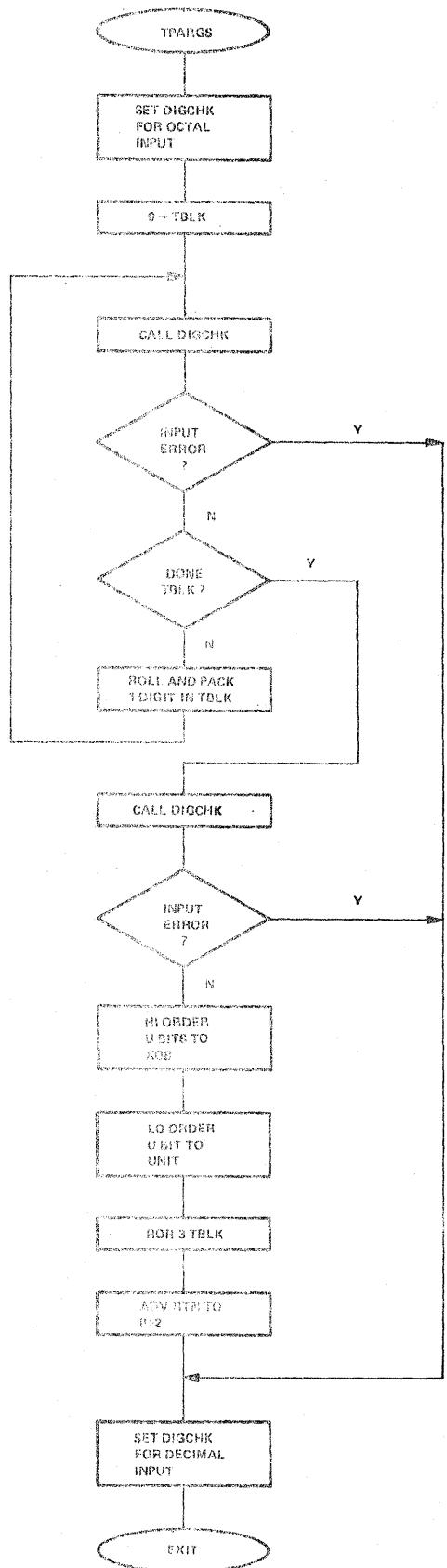
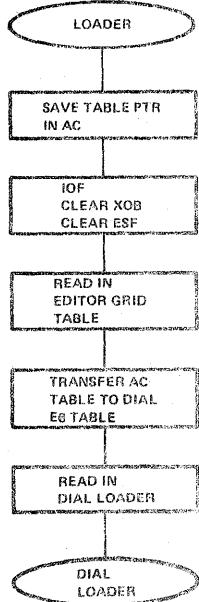


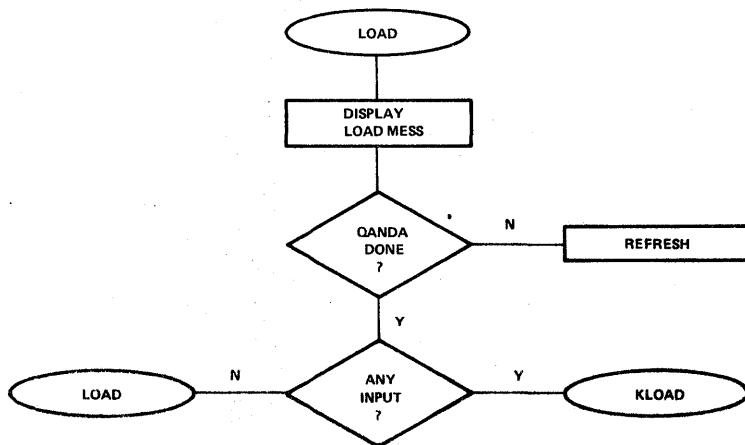
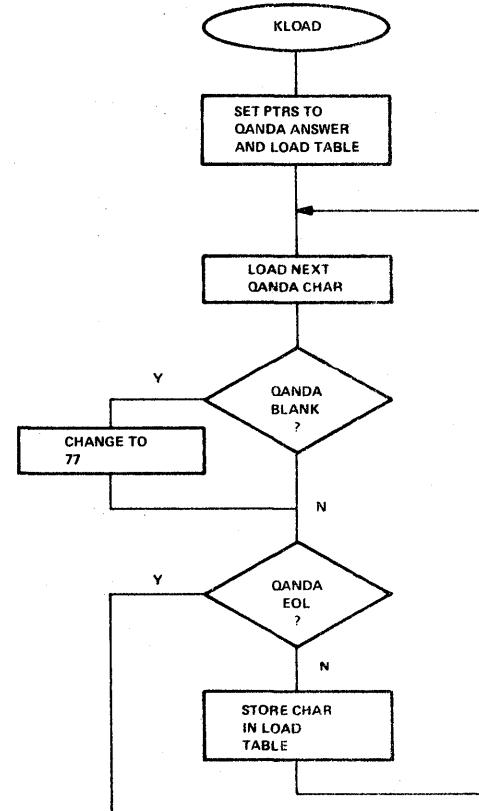
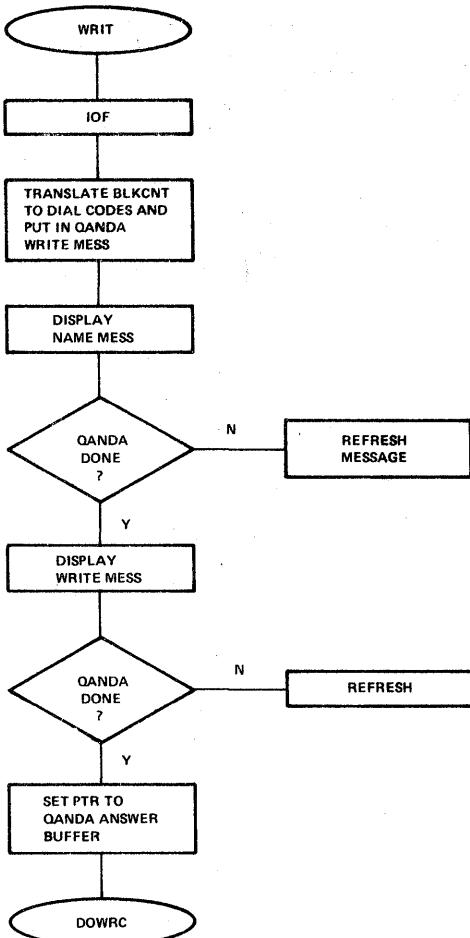


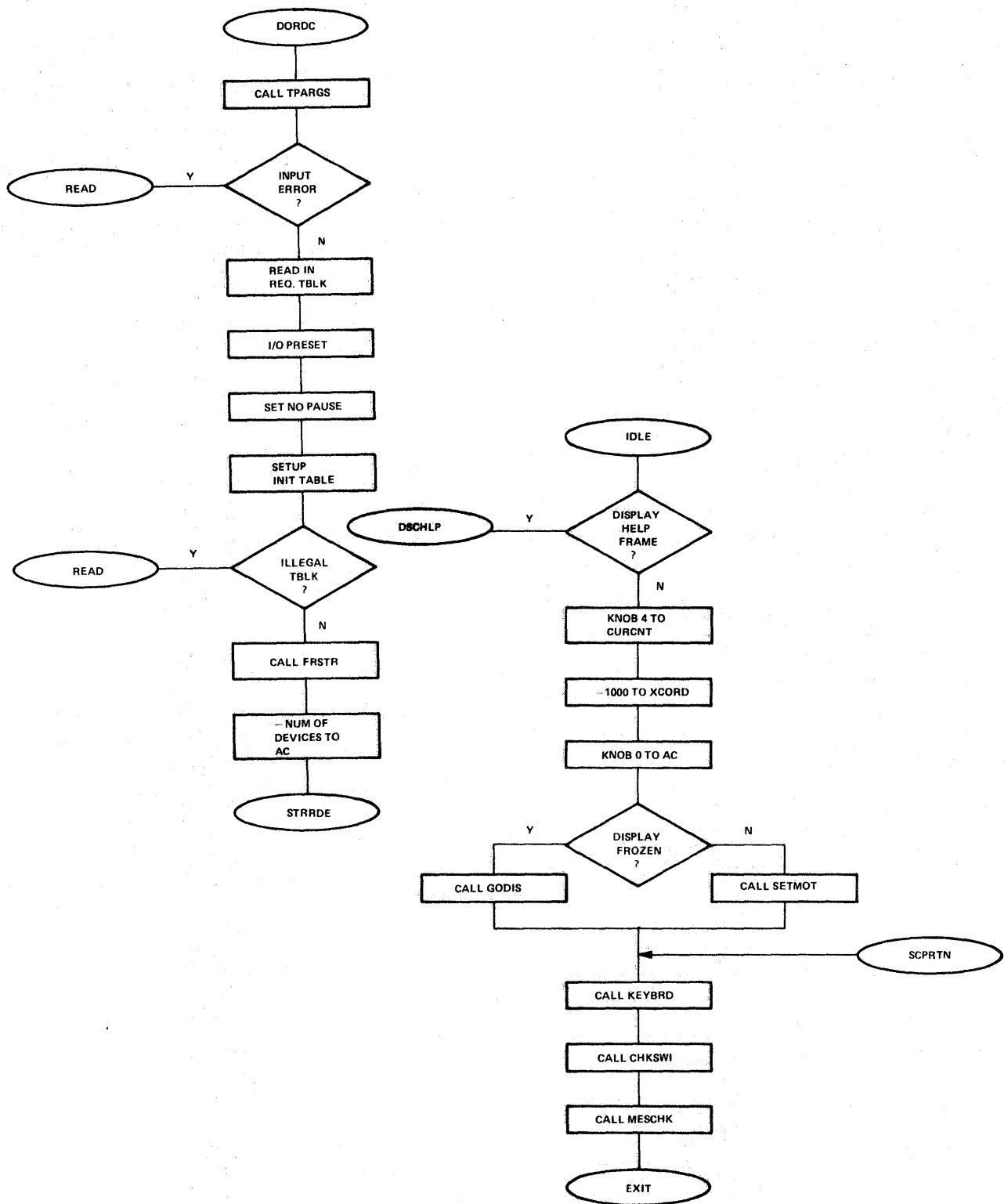


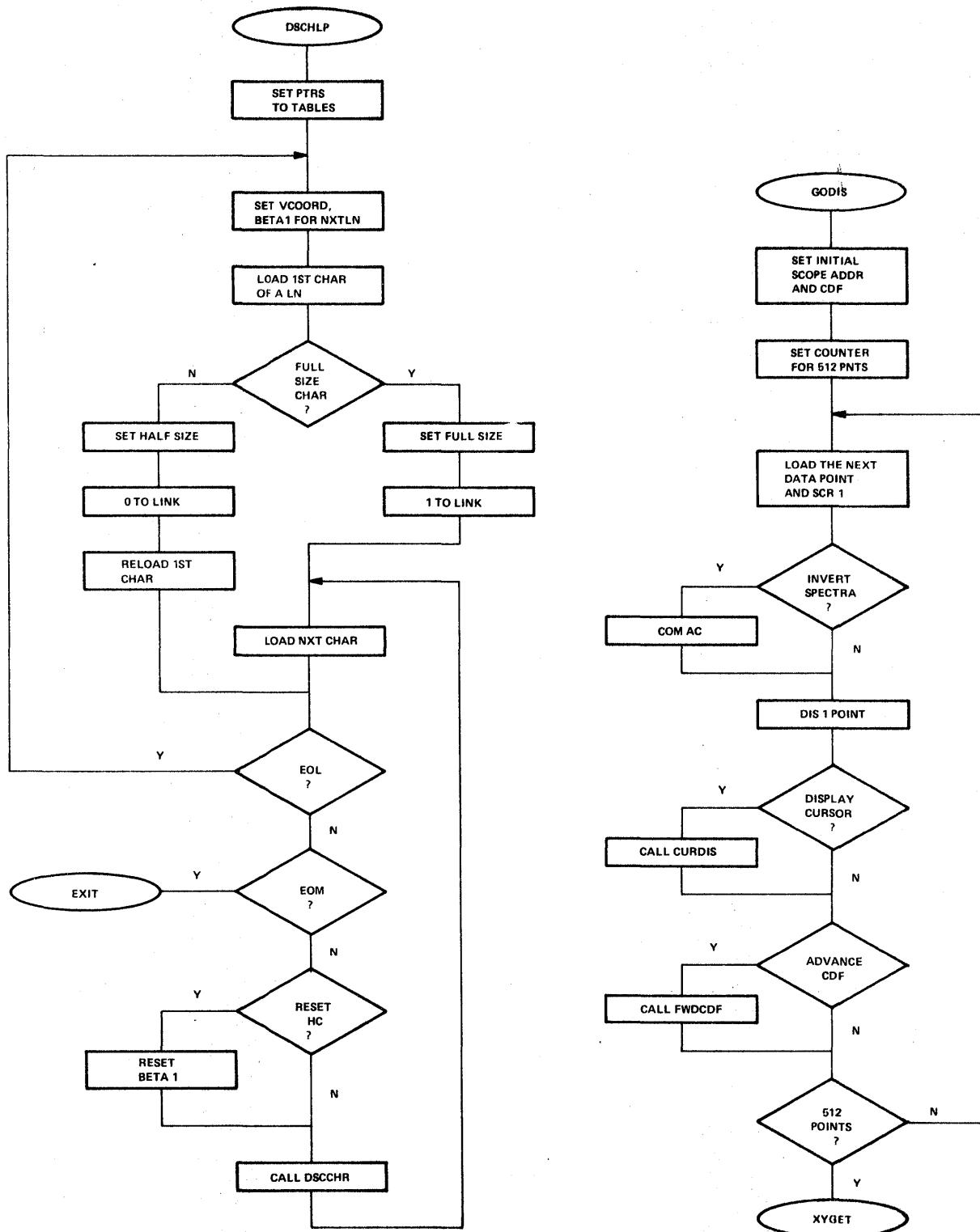


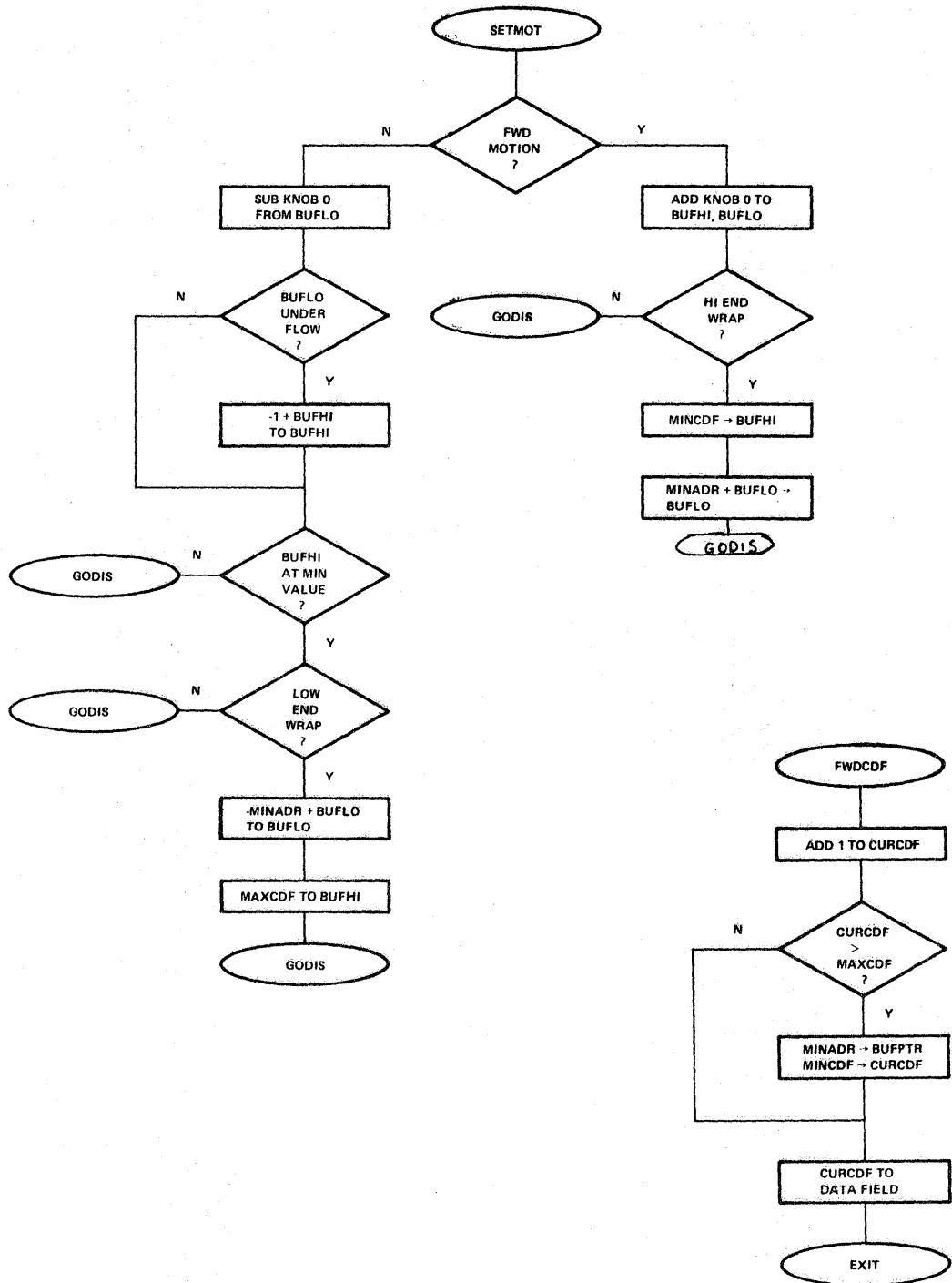


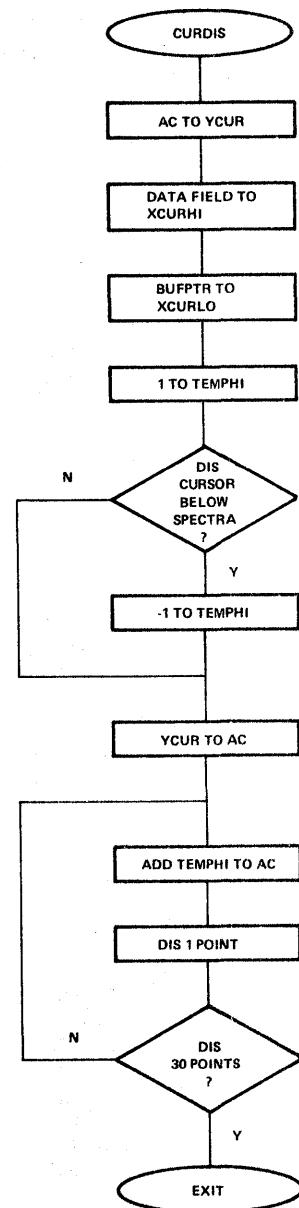
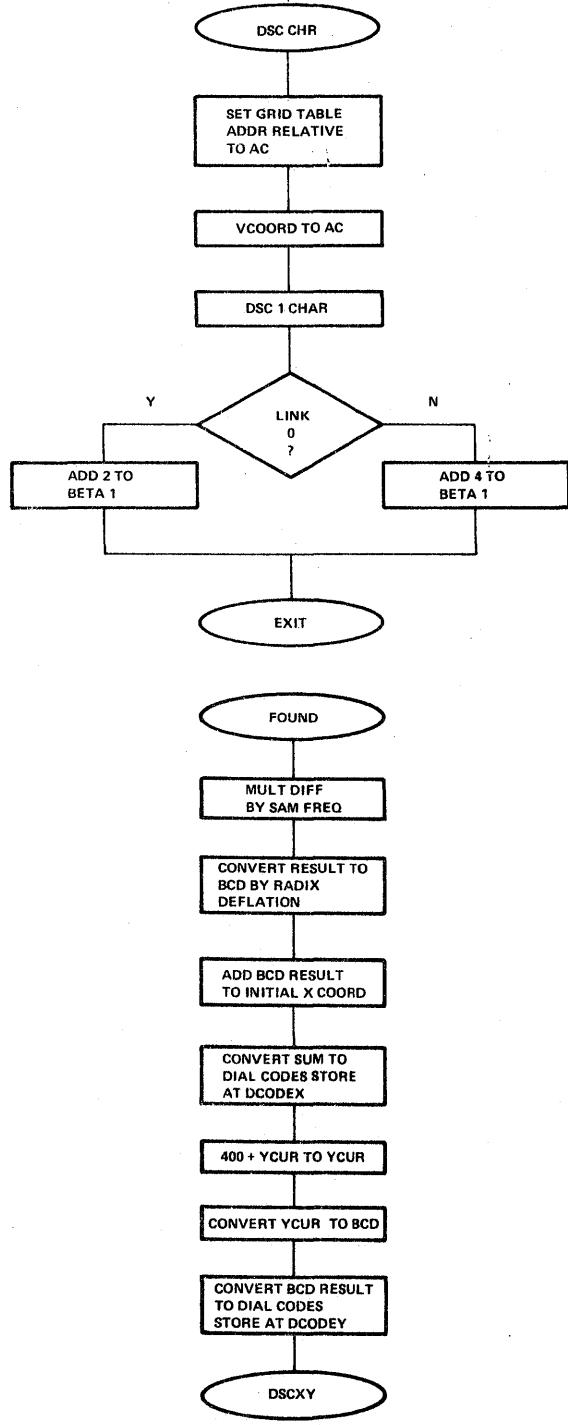


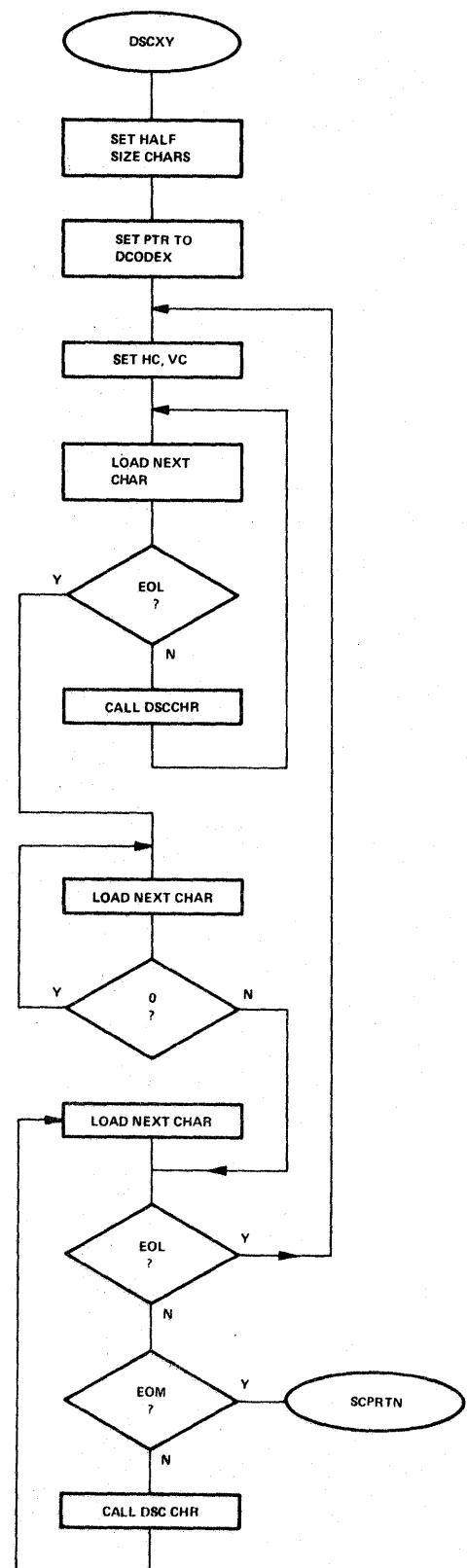
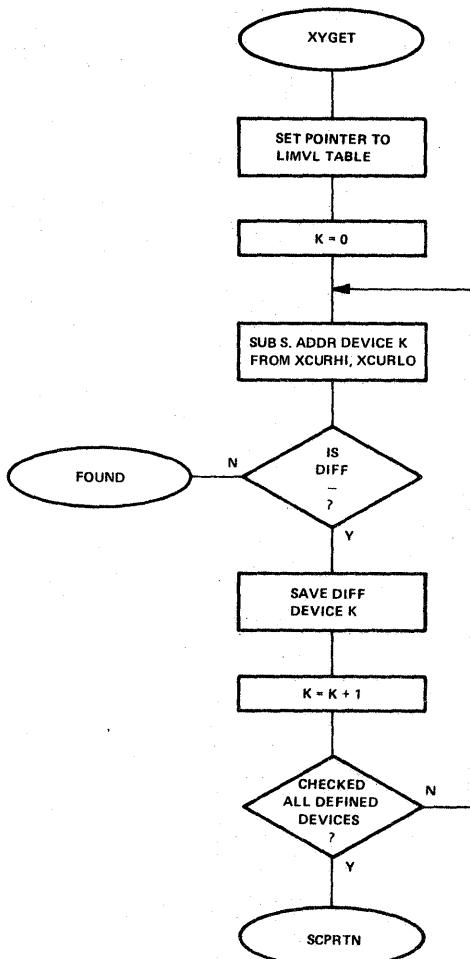


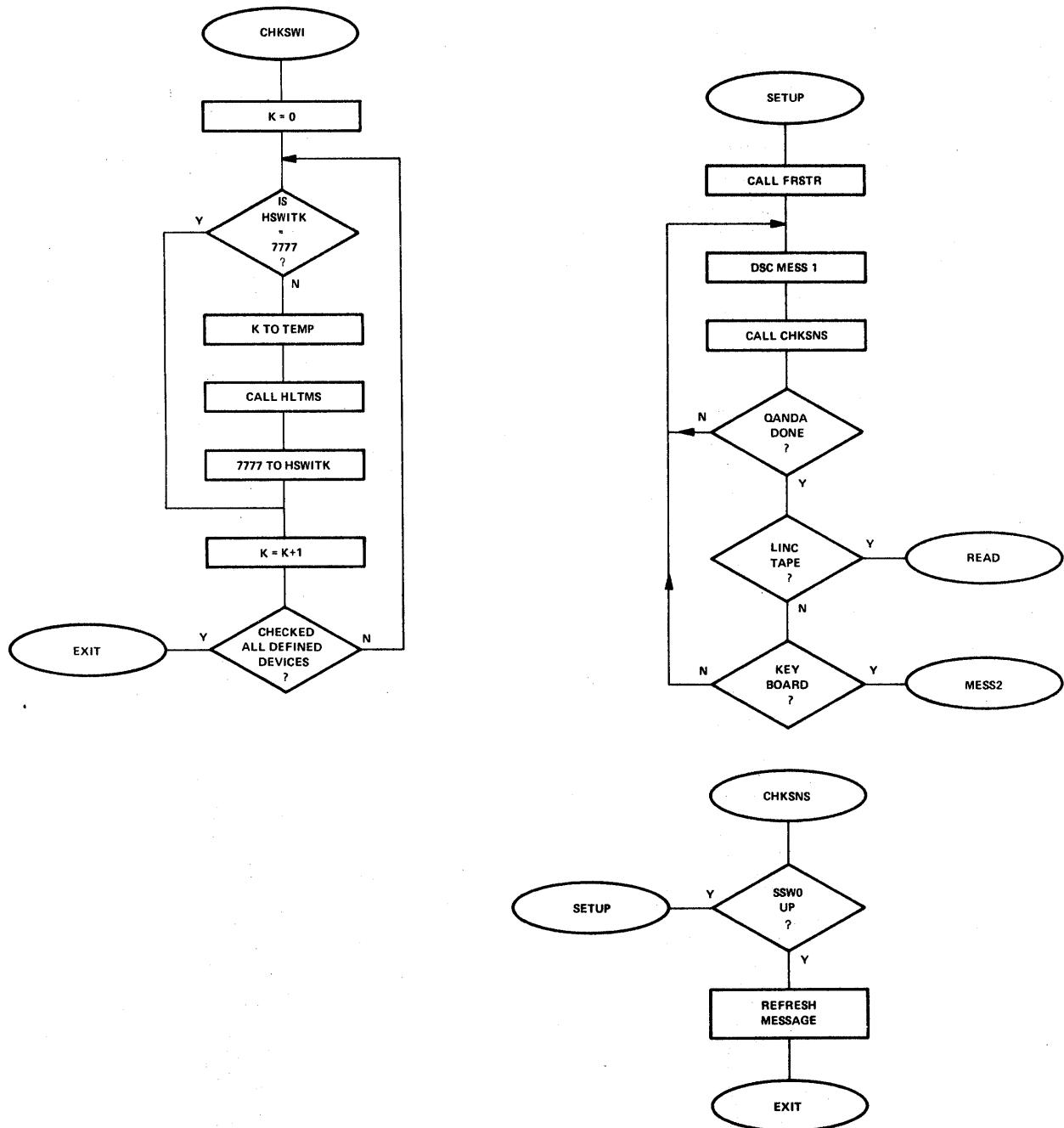


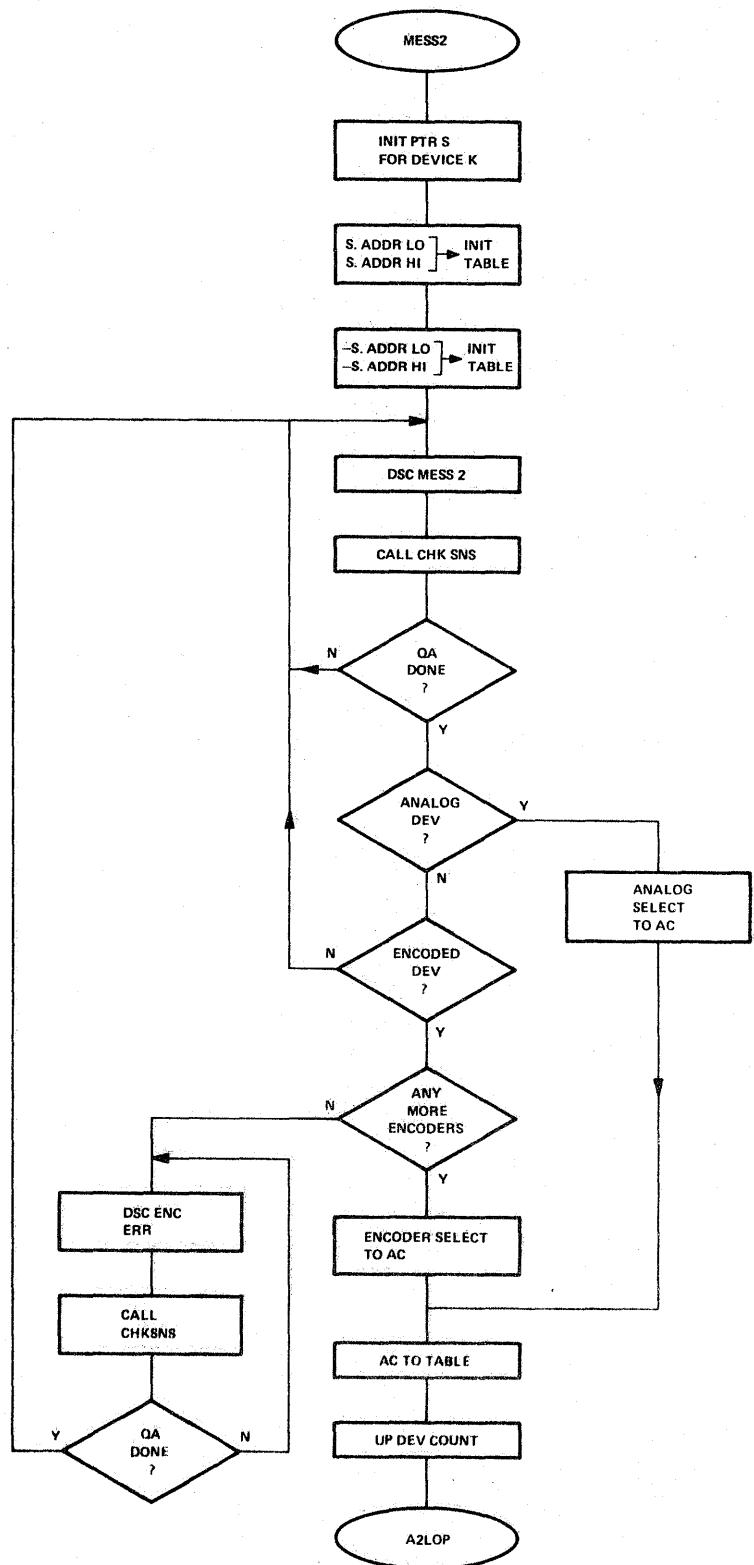
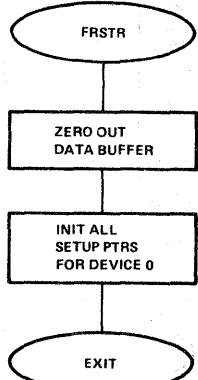
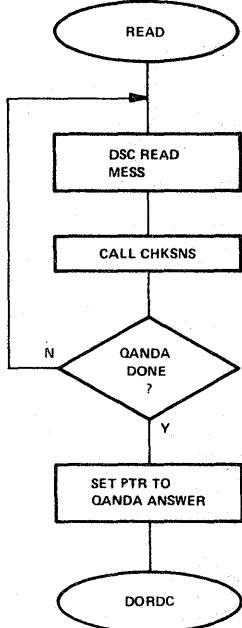


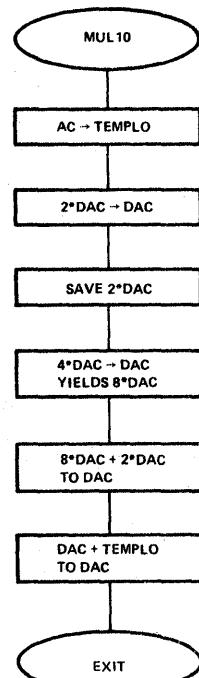
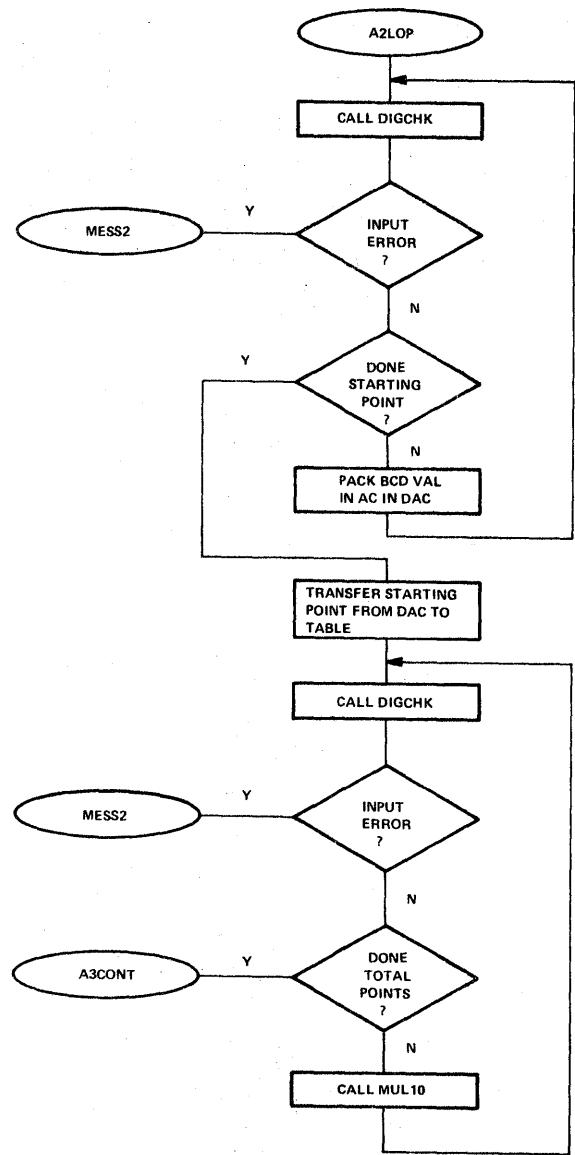


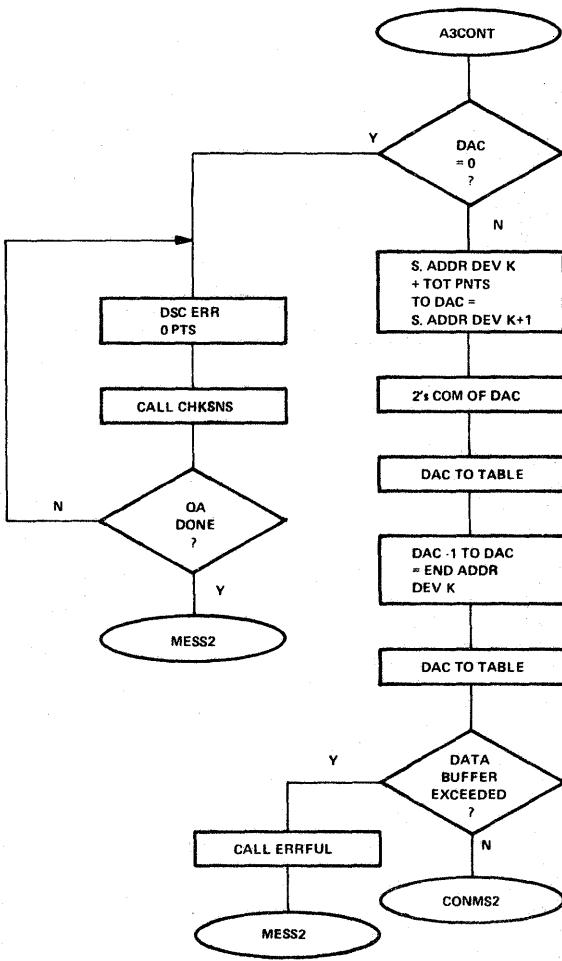


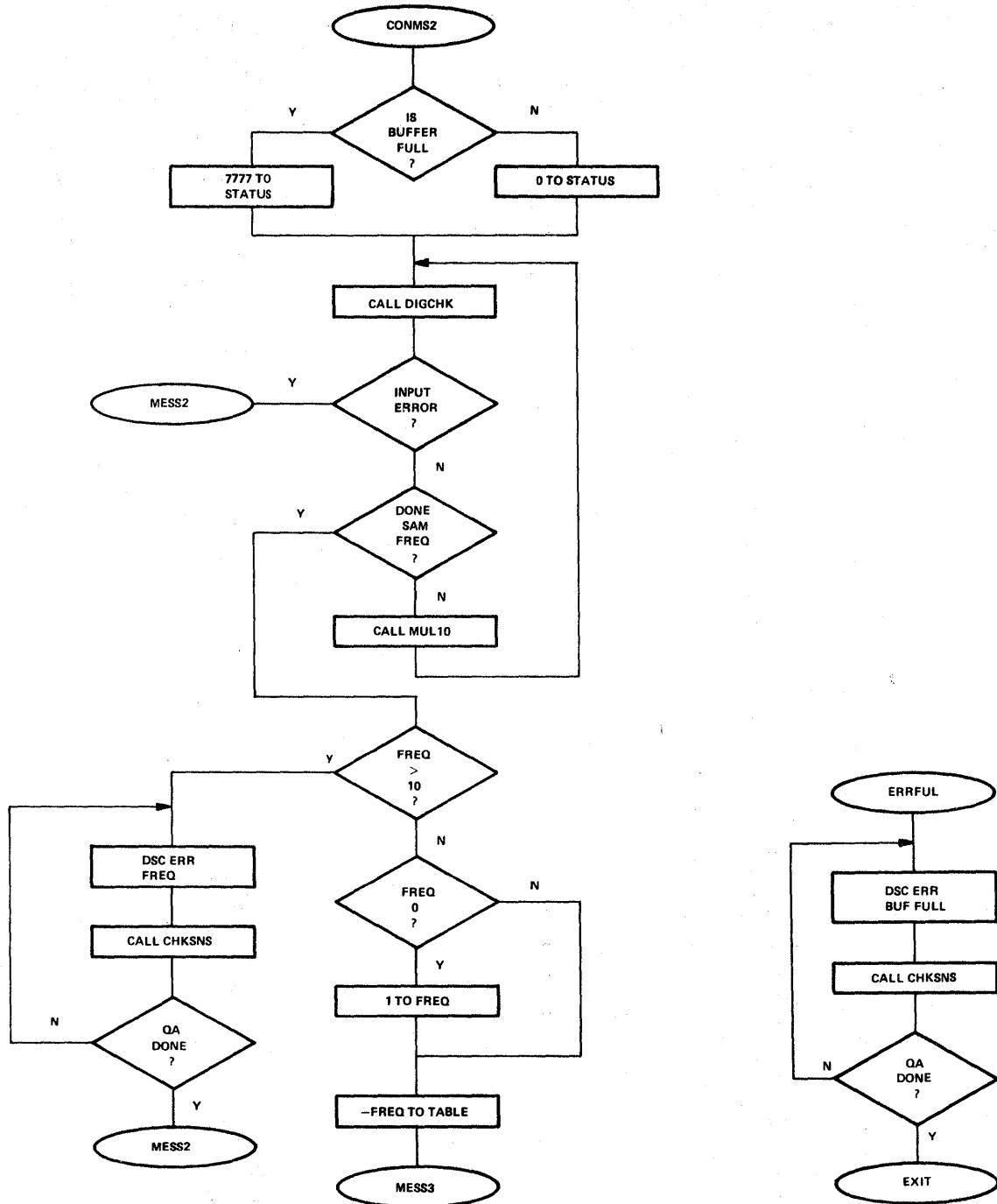


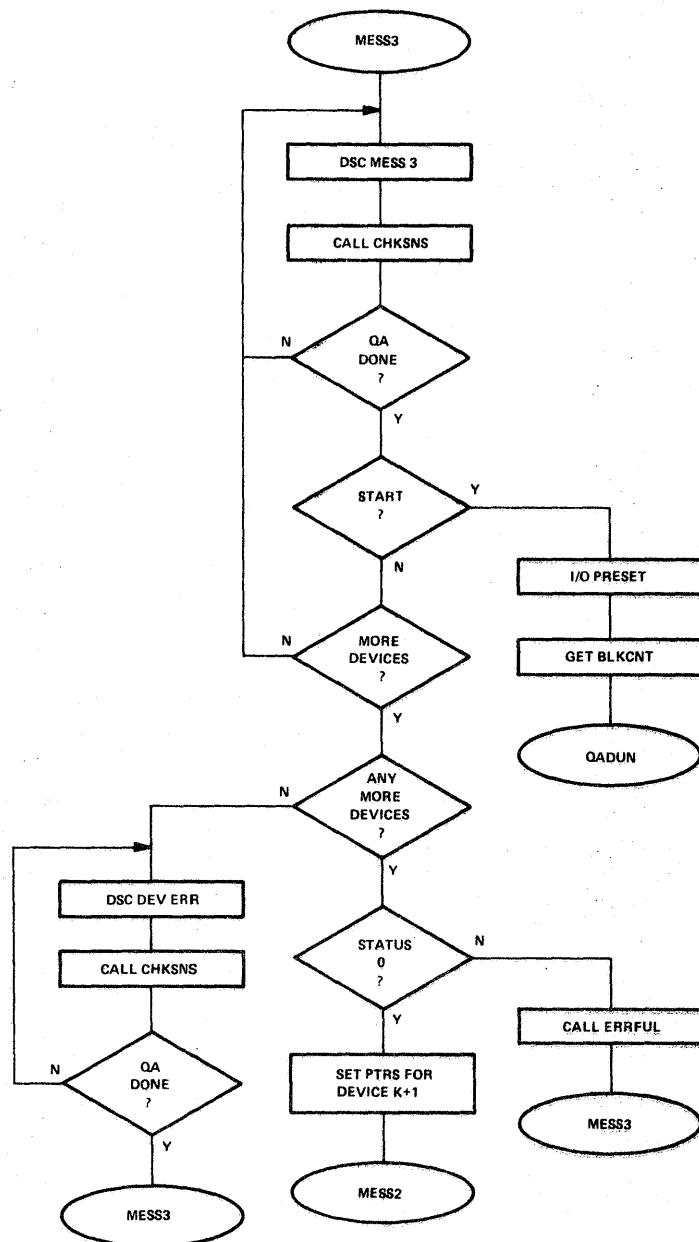


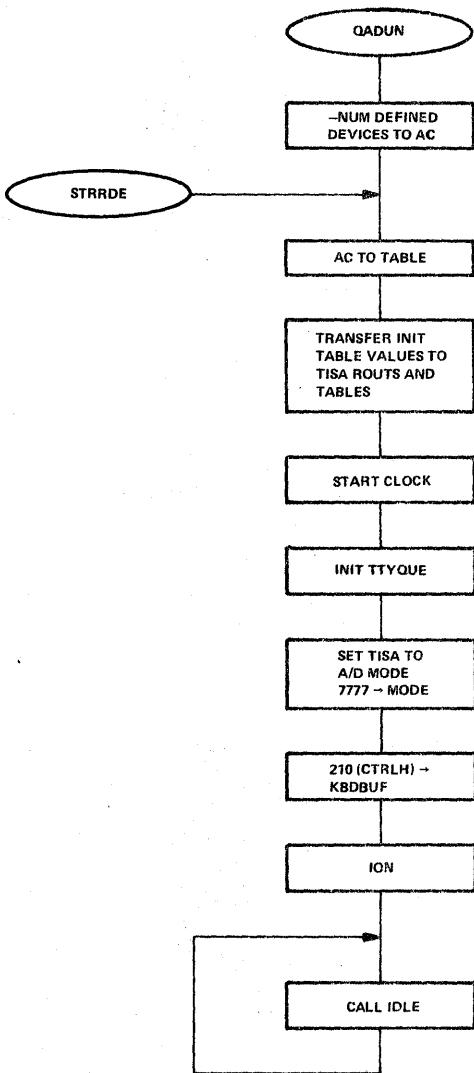
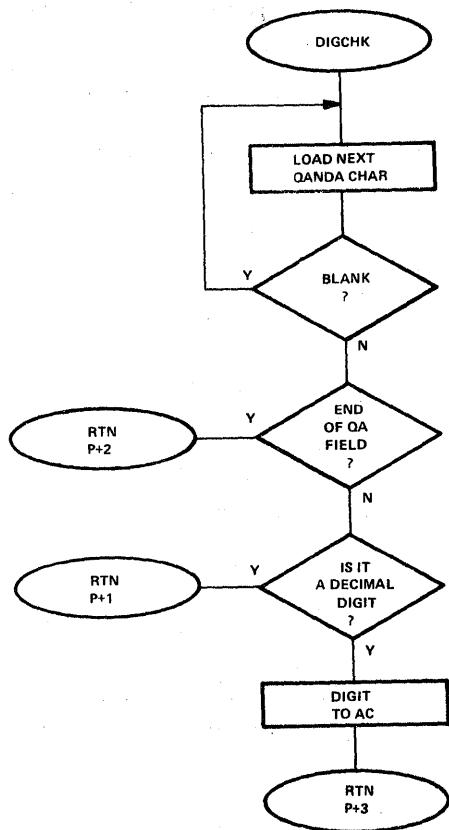












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0000          *20
0001          /TISA (TIME INDEPENDENT
0002          /SPECTRUM ACQUISITION)
0003          /MULTIPLE DEVICES INTERRUPT DRIVEN
0004          /MOVING WINDOW DISPLAY
0005          /CURSOR AND X-Y DECIMAL READ OUT
0006          /USES QANDA FOR SET UP MODE
0007          /SUPPØRTS UP TO 32K OF CORE
0010          PMODE          /INTERRUPT
0011          *1             /DISPATCH
0012          0001 5402      JMP I ,+1   /P MODE
0013          0002 0230      INTP
0014          0003 0000      BETA1, 0    /BETAS FOR LOAD
0015          0004 0000      BETA2, 0    /ROUTS
0016          0005 0000      BETA3, 0
0017          *10
0020          0010 0000      INIPTR, 0   /PTRS FOR TABLE
0021          0011 0000      ADPTR, 0   /SETUP
0022          *20
0023          0020 0000      ADDRESS, 0  /MESSAGE PTR
0024          *20
0025          0021 0000      KBDBUF, 0  /FOR TYPE OUT
0026          0022 0000      TTYFLG, 0  /ROUTINES
0027          0023 0000      QUEIN, 0   /HOLDS LAST
0028          0024 0000      QUEOUT, 0  /KEYBOARD CHAR
0029          0025 0000      QUECNT, 0  /HOLDS LAST
0030          0026 0000      STATUS, 0   /TTY CHAR
0031          0027 0000      DVTYPE, 0  /=0 IF NONE
0032          0028 0000      KINPUT, INPUT /PTR TO TTY QUE
0033          0029 0000      MAXCDF, 0   /FOR IN COMING
0034          0030 0000      MINCDF, CDFMIN /MESSAGES
0035          0031 0000      MINADR, ADRMIN /PTR FOR OUT
0036          0032 0000      YCUR, 0    /GOING MESS
0037          0033 0000      DEVNUM, 0   /HOLDS NUMBER
0038          0034 0000      KADD, DADD /OF UNTYPED
0039          0035 0000      DBLLO, 0    /MESSAGES IN
0040          0036 0000      DBLLO, 0    /TTY QUE
0041          0037 0000      DBLLO, 0    /HOLDS CLOCK
0042          0038 0000      DBLLO, 0    /BITS FROM CLSA
0043          0039 0000      DBLLO, 0    /TELLS WHETHER
0044          0040 0000      DBLLO, 0    /A DEVICE IS
0045          0041 0000      DBLLO, 0    /ANALOG OR
0046          0042 0000      DBLLO, 0    /ENCODED
0047          0043 0000      DBLLO, 0    /4000=ANALOG
0048          0044 0000      DBLLO, 0    /0XXX=ENCODED
0049          0045 0000      DBLLO, 0    /PTR TO INPUT
0050          0046 0000      DBLLO, 0    /ROUT
0051          0047 0000      DBLLO, 0    *BUFFER BOUNDS
0052          0048 0000      DBLLO, 0    /Y COORD
0053          0049 0000      DBLLO, 0    /OF CURSOR
0054          0050 0000      DBLLO, 0    /-NUM OF DV
0055          0051 0000      DBLLO, 0    /AT RUN TIME
0056          0052 0000      DBLLO, 0    /CALL TO DBL
0057          0053 0000      DBLLO, 0    /PREC ADD
0058          0054 0000      DBLLO, 0    /L MODE
0059          0055 0000      DBLLO, 0    *41
0060          0056 0000      DBLLO, 0    /INTERRUPT
0061          0057 0000      DBLLO, 0    /DISPATCH
0062          0058 0000      DBLLO, 0    /DBL PREC
0063          0059 0000      DBLLO, 0
0064          0060 0000      DBLLO, 0
0065          0061 0000      DBLLO, 0
0066          0062 0000      DBLLO, 0
0067          0063 0000      DBLLO, 0
0068          0064 0000      DBLLO, 0
0069          0065 0000      DBLLO, 0
0070          0066 0000      DBLLO, 0
0071          0067 0000      DBLLO, 0
0072          0068 0000      DBLLO, 0
0073          0069 0000      DBLLO, 0
0074          0070 0000      DBLLO, 0
0075          0071 0000      DBLLO, 0

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0076	0045	0000	DBLHI, 0	/AC
0077	0046	0000	ARGLO, 0	/DBL PREC
0100	0047	0000	ARGHI, 0	/ARG
0101				/ALSO =
0102				/XCURLO,XCURHI
0103				/CURSOR X COORD
0104	0050	0000	TEMPL0, 0	
0105	0051	0000	TEMPHI, 0	
0106	0052	0000	CNTR, 0	
0107	0053	0000	BCNTR, 0	
0110	0054	0000	BUFPTR, 0	/FOR MOVING
0111				/WINDOW DISP
0112	0055	0000	LIMPTR, 0	/PTR TO ARGS
0113				/FOR SR XYGET
0114	0056	0000	BCDPTR, 0	/PTR TO BCD VAL
0115				/FOR SR XYGET
0116	0057	0000	RADPTR, 0	/PTR TO PWRS OF
0117				/10 FOR OCTAL
0120				/TO DECIMAL SR
0121	0060	0000	CURCDF, 0	
0122	0061	7773	MAXDVN, DVNMAX	/= -NUM OF DEV
0123				/TISA WILL
0124				/SUPPORT
0125	0062	0377	KCLEN, 0377	/GOES TO CLEN
0126				/INT ON OVF
0127				/CHAN 1,2,3
0130	0063	4466	KDIG, DIGCHK	/CALL TO SR TO
0131				/CHK QANDA ANS
0132				/BUFER FOR
0133				/NUMERIC INPUT
0134	0064	3000	KMUL10, MUL10	/CALL TO DECIMAL
0135				/TO OCT CVERT
0136	0065	2020	KIDLE, IDLE	/CALL TO IDLE
0137				/LOOP
0140	0066	0000	SELDV0, 0	/DEVICE SELECT
0141	0067	0000	SELDV1, 0	/WORDS
0142	0070	0000	SELDV2, 0	
0143	0071	0000	SELDV3, 0	
0144	0072	0000	SELDV4, 0	
0145	0073	7777	HSWIT0, 7777	
0146	0074	7777	HSWIT1, 7777	
0147	0075	7777	HSWIT2, 7777	
0150	0076	7777	HSWIT3, 7777	
0151	0077	7777	HSWIT4, 7777	
0152	0100	0066	SELPTR, SELDV0	
0153	0101	3461	KHLTMS, HLTMS	/CAL SR TO PUT
0154				/HALT MESS IN
0155				/TTY QUE
0156	0102	3507	KGOMS, GOMS	/CALL GO MESS
0157	0103	0000	MODE, 0	/MODE WORD 0=
0160				/PAUSE 7777=A\0
0161	0104	0000	TEMP, 0	
0162	0105	1033	KQPUT, QPUT	/CALL SR TO PUT
0163				/A MESS IN QUE
0164	0106	6015	KINI, INISTR=1	/TOP INIT TABLE
0165	0107	6143	KBLKCT, BLKCNT	/PTR TO -NUM OF
0166				/TBLKS IN BUF
0167	0110	6144	KLAST, LAST	/ENTRY OF INIT
0170				/TABLE
0171	0111	0000	AAAP0, 0	/1ST UNUSED PG
0172				/0 CORE LOC
0173				/L MODE INTURPT
0174	0200	3352	INTL, DCA ASAVE	*200

0175	0201	7010	RAR	
0176	0202	3351	DCA LSAVE	
0177	0203	1040	TAD 40	/MAKE LINC JMP
0200	0204	0355	AND P1777	
0201	0205	1354	TAD P6000	
0202	0206	3274	DCA RTNJMP	
0203	0207	6141	LINC	/SET UP LDF LIF
0204			LMODE	/FOR INTERRUPT
0205	0210	0500	I0B	/RTN
0206	0211	6234	6234	/RIB
0207	0212	1060	STA I	/SAVE IB
0210	0213	0000	0	
0211	0214	0242	ROL 2	/POSITION LDF /BITS
0212			PDP	
0213	0215	0002	PMODE	
0214			AND P37	
0215	0216	0350	TAD ANLDF	
0216	0217	1347	DCA RTNLDF	
0217	0220	3271	TAD , -6	
0220	0221	1213	RTR	/POSITION LIF
0221	0222	7012	RAR	/BITS
0222	0223	7010	AND P37	
0223	0224	0350	TAD ANLIF	
0224	0225	1346	DCA RTNLIF	
0225	0226	3270	JMP SERVE	/SERVICE INTRUP
0226	0227	5234	DCA ASAVE	/P MODE INTRUP
0227	0230	3352	INTP,	
0230	0231	7010	RAR	
0231	0232	3351	DCA LSAVE	
0232	0233	7040	CMA	/7777 FOR PMODE /0000 FOR LMODE
0233			DCA INTMOD	/INTERRUPT
0234	0234	3345	SERVE,	/CLOCK ?
0235	0235	6131	CLSK	
0236	0236	7410	SKP	
0237	0237	5275	JMP TISA	/YES SERVICE /DEVICES
0240			CLA CLL	
0241	0240	7300	TIRTN,	KSF
0242	0241	6031	JMP CHKTTY	/KEYBOARD ?
0243	0242	5245	KRB	
0244	0243	6036	DCA KBD8UF	/YES GET CHAR
0245	0244	3021	CHKTTY,	TSF
0246	0245	6041	JMP INTOUT	/TTY ?
0247	0246	5256	TCF	/NO EXIT
0250	0247	6042	TAD I ADMESS	/CLR FLAG
0251	0250	1420	SNA	/NXT CHAR
0252	0251	7450	JMP , +3	/MORE TO TYPE ?
0253	0252	5255	TLS	/NO
0254	0253	6046	ISZ ADMESS	/SET PTR FOR
0255	0254	2020	DCA TTYFLG	/NEXT CHAR
0256				/SET TTY FLAG
0257	0255	3022		/0 MEANS TTY
0260				/NOT BUSY
0261				/RTN FROM
0262	0256	1351	INTOUT,	/INTERRUPT
0263	0257	7004	TAD LSAVE	
0264	0260	1352	RAL	
0265	0261	2345	TAD ASAVE	
0266	0262	5266	ISZ INTMOD	/P OR L MODE ?
0267	0263	6244	JMP OUTL	/L MODE
0270	0264	6001	RMF	
0271	0265	5400	ION	
0272	0266	6141	JMP I 0	
0273	0267	0006	OUTL,	LINC
			6	/DJR

0274	0270	0000	RTNLIF, 0	
0275	0271	0000	RTNLDF, 0	
0276	0272	0500	500	/I0B
0277	0273	6001	ION	
0300	0274	0000	RTNJMP, 0	
0301				/DATA
0302				/ACQUISITION
0303				/SERVICE
0304				/DEVICES
0305	0275	6135	TISA, CLSA	/SAVE
0306	0276	3026	DCA STATUS	/CLOCK BITS
0307	0277	1026	TAD STATUS	/CHK DV0
0310	0300	0066	AND SELDV0	/SELECT WD DV0
0311	0301	7450	SNA	/READY ?
0312	0302	5321	JMP DV1	/NO GO TO DV1
0313	0303	3027	DCA DVTYP	/SAVE TYPE
0314	0304	4430	JMS I KINPUT	/CALL INPUT
0315				/PARAM LIST
0316				/DEVICE 0
0317	0305	0110	100 XAXDV0	/X AXIS SAM
0320	0306	0114	100 YAXDV0	/Y AXIS SAM
0321	0307	0000	SFDV0, 0	/SAM
0322				/FREQ (VAR)
0323	0310	0000	KSF DV0, 0	/SAM
0324				/FREQ (FIXED)
0325	0311	0000	HIDV0, 0	/15 BIT BUFFER
0326				/ADDR B9-B11
0327				/OF HI ORD
0330				/IS DATA FLD
0331	0312	0000	LODV0, 0	/12 BIT ADDR
0332				/WITHIN DATA
0333				/FIELD
0334	0313	0000	OSDV0, 0	/OLD
0335				/X AXIS SAM
0336	0314	0000	ELODV0, 0	/LAST
0337	0315	0000	EHDV0, 0	/DATA ADDR
0340	0316	5321	JMP DV1	/HERE TO
0341				/CALL DV1
0342				/HERE TO HLT
0343				/DEVICE 0
0344	0317	3066	HLTDV0, DCA SELDV0	/0 DESELECTS
0345				/A DEVICE
0346	0320	3073	DCA HSWIT0	/SET HALT SWIT
0347	0321	1026	DV1, TAD STATUS	
0350	0322	0067	AND SELDV1	/SELECT WD DV1
0351	0323	7450	SNA	/READY ?
0352	0324	5753	JMP I KDV2	/NO GO TO DV2
0353	0325	3027	DCA DVTYP	/SAVE TYPE
0354	0326	4430	JMS I KINPUT	/CALL INPUT
0355				/PARAM LIST
0356				/DEVICE 1
0357	0327	0111	100 XAXDV1	/X AXIS SAM
0360	0330	0115	100 YAXDV1	/Y AXIS SAM
0361	0331	0000	SFDV1, 0	/SAM
0362				/FREQ (VAR)
0363	0332	0000	KSF DV1, 0	/SAM
0364				/FREQ (FIXED)
0365	0333	0000	HIDV1, 0	/15 BIT BUFFER
0366				/ADDR B9-B11
0367				/OF HI ORD
0370				/IS DATA FLD
0371	0334	0000	LODV1, 0	/12 BIT ADDR
0372				/WITHIN DATA

0373				/FIELD
0374	0335	0000	OSDV1, 0	/OLD
0375				/X AXIS SAM
0376	0336	0000	ELODV1, 0	/LAST
0377	0337	0000	EHDV1, 0	/DATA ADDR
0400	0340	5753	JMP I KDV2	/HERE TO
0401				/CALL DV2
0402				/HERE TO HLT
0403				/DEVICE 1
0404	0341	3067	HLTDV1, DCA SELDV1	/0 DESELECTS
0405				/A DEVICE
0406	0342	7001	IAC	/SET HALT SWIT
0407	0343	3074	DCA HSWIT1	
0410	0344	5753	JMP I KDV2	/NXT DEVICE
0411	0345	0000	INTMOD, 0	
0412	0346	0600	ANLIF, 600	
0413	0347	0640	ANLDF, 640	
0414	0350	0037	P37, 37	
0415	0351	0000	LSAVE, 0	
0416	0352	0000	ASAVE, 0	
0417	0353	0400	KDV2, DV2	
0420	0354	6000	P6000, 6000	
0421	0355	1777	P1777, 1777	
0422			*400	
0423	0400	1026	DV2, TAD STATUS	/CHK DV2
0424	0401	0070	AND SELDV2	/SELECT WD DV2
0425	0402	7450	SNA	/READY ?
0426	0403	5223	JMP DV3	/NO GO TO DV3
0427	0404	3027	DCA DVTYP	/SAVE TYPE
0430	0405	4430	JMS I KINPUT	/CALL INPUT
0431				/PARAM LIST
0432				/DEVICE 2
0433	0406	0112	100 XAXDV2	/X AXIS SAM
0434	0407	0116	100 YAXDV2	/Y AXIS SAM
0435	0410	0000	SFDV2, 0	/SAM
0436				/FREQ (VAR)
0437	0411	0000	KSF DV2, 0	/SAM
0440				/FREQ (FIXED)
0441	0412	0000	HIDV2, 0	/15 BIT BUFFER
0442				/ADDR B9-B11
0443				/OF HI ORD
0444				/IS DATA FLD
0445	0413	0000	LODV2, 0	/12 BIT ADDR
0446				/WITHIN DATA
0447				/FIELD
0450	0414	0000	OSDV2, 0	/OLD
0451				/X AXIS SAM
0452	0415	0000	ELODV2, 0	/LAST
0453	0416	0000	EHDV2, 0	/DATA ADDR
0454	0417	5223	JMP DV3	/HERE TO
0455				/CALL DV3
0456				/HERE TO HLT
0457				/DEVICE 2
0460	0420	3070	HLTDV2, DCA SELDV2	/0 DESELECTS
0461				/A DEVICE
0462	0421	7105	CLL IAC RAL	/SET HALT SWIT
0463	0422	3075	DCA HSWIT2	
0464	0423	1026	DV3, TAD STATUS	
0465	0424	0071	AND SELDV3	/SELECT WD DV3
0466	0425	7450	SNA	/READY ?
0467	0426	5246	JMP DV4	/NO GO TO DEV4
0470	0427	3027	DCA DVTYP	/SAVE TYPE
0471	0430	4430	JMS I KINPUT	/CALL INPUT

0472			/PARAM LIST	
0473			/DEVICE 3	
0474	0431	0113	100 XAXDV3	/X AXIS SAM
0475	0432	0117	100 YAXDV3	/Y AXIS SAM
0476	0433	0000	SFDV3, 0	/SAM
0477			/FREQ (VAR)	
0500	0434	0000	KSF DV3, 0	/SAM
0501			/FREQ (FIXED)	
0502	0435	0000	HIDV3, 0	/15 BIT BUFFER
0503			/ADDR B9-B11	
0504			/OF HI ORD	
0505			/IS DATA FLD	
0506	0436	0000	LODV3, 0	/12 BIT ADDR
0507			/WITHIN DATA	
0510			/FIELD	
0511	0437	0000	OSDV3, 0	/OLD
0512			/X AXIS SAM	
0513	0440	0000	ELODV3, 0	/LAST
0514	0441	0000	EHIDV3, 0	/DATA ADDR
0515	0442	5246	JMP DV4	/HERE TO
0516			/CALL DV4	
0517			/HERE TO HLT	
0520			/DEVICE 3	
0521	0443	3071	HLTDV3, DCA SELDV3	/D DESELECTS
0522			/A DEVICE	
0523	0444	7125	STL IAC RAL	/SET HALT SWIT
0524	0445	3076	DCA HSWIT3	
0525	0446	1026	TAD STATUS	
0526	0447	0072	AND SELDV4	/SELECT WD DV4
0527	0450	7450	SNA	/READY ?
0530	0451	5672	JMP I EXIT	/NO EXIT
0531	0452	3027	DCA DVTYP	/SAVE TYPE
0532	0453	4430	JMS I KINPUT	/CALL INPUT
0533			/PARAM LIST	
0534			/DEVICE 4	
0535	0454	0120	100 XAXDV4	/X AXIS SAM
0536	0455	0124	100 YAXDV4	/Y AXIS SAM
0537	0456	0000	SFDV4, 0	/SAM
0540			/FREQ (VAR)	
0541	0457	0000	KSF DV4, 0	/SAM
0542			/FREQ (FIXED)	
0543	0460	0000	HIDV4, 0	/15 BIT BUFFER
0544			/ADDR B9-B11	
0545			/OF HI ORD	
0546			/IS DATA FLD	
0547	0461	0000	LODV4, 0	/12 BIT ADDR
0550			/WITHIN DATA	
0551			/FIELD	
0552	0462	0000	OSDV4, 0	/OLD
0553			/X AXIS SAM	
0554	0463	0000	ELODV4, 0	/LAST
0555	0464	0000	EHIDV4, 0	/DATA ADDR
0556	0465	5672	JMP I EXIT	/HERE TO
0557			/EXIT	
0560			/HERE TO HLT	
0561			/DEVICE 4	
0562	0466	3072	HLTDV4, DCA SELDV4	/D DESELECTS
0563			/A DEVICE	
0564	0467	7107	CLL IAC RTL	/SET HALT SWIT
0565	0470	3077	DCA HSWIT4	
0566	0471	5672	JMP I EXIT	
0567	0472	0240	EXIT, TIRTN	
0570	0473	6002	D, IOF	/D KEY

0571	0474	6141	LINC	/START DIAL
0572			LMODE	
0573	0475	0001	AXO	
0574	0476	0602	LIF 2	
0575	0477	6015	JMP DIAL	
0576			P MODE	
0577	0500	1740	P,	TAD I KPOLAR
0600	0501	7040		CMA
0601	0502	3740		DCA I KPOLAR
0602	0503	1740		TAD I KPOLAR
0603	0504	7640		SZA CLA
0604	0505	5310		JMP ,+3
0605	0506	1343		TAD NORMS
0606	0507	7410		SKP
0607	0510	1344		TAD INVMS
0610				
0611	0511	4505	KEYRTN,	JMS I KQUPUT
0612	0512	5713	ZXIT,	JMP I ,+1
0613	0513	1203		OPKRTN
0614	0514	1737	F,	TAD I KFREQ
0615	0515	7040		CMA
0616	0516	3737		DCA I KFREQ
0617	0517	1737		TAD I KFREQ
0620	0520	7640		SZA CLA
0621	0521	5324		JMP ,+3
0622	0522	1341		TAD MOTMS
0623	0523	7410		SKP
0624	0524	1342		TAD FRMS
0625	0525	5311		JMP KEYRTN
0626	0526	1103	S,	TAD MODE
0627	0527	7640		SZA CLA
0630	0530	5312		JMP ZXIT
0631	0531	6002		IOF
0632	0532	5745		JMP I KSETUP
0633	0533	1103	W,	TAD MODE
0634	0534	7640		SZA CLA
0635	0535	5312		JMP ZXIT
0636	0536	5746		JMP I KWRT
0637				
0640	0537	2040	KFREQ,	FREEZE
0641	0540	2266	KPOLAR,	POLAR
0642	0541	6613	MOTMS,	MSMOT
0643	0542	6624	FRMS,	MSFR
0644	0543	6635	NORMS,	MSNOR
0645	0544	6646	INVMS,	MSINV
0646	0545	4023	KSETUP,	SETUP
0647	0546	4400	KWRT,	WRIT
0650				#600
0651	0600	0000	INPUT,	Ø
0652				
0653				
0654	0601	1600		TAD I INPUT
0655	0602	3303		DCA SAMX
0656	0603	2200		ISZ INPUT
0657	0604	1600		TAD I INPUT
0660	0605	3254		DCA SAMY
0661	0606	2200		ISZ INPUT
0662	0607	1200		TAD INPUT
0663	0610	3335		DCA FREQ
0664				
0665				
0666	0611	2200		ISZ INPUT
0667	0612	1200		TAD INPUT

-

/GET INPUT FROM
 /DEVICE K
 /GET PARAMETER
 /LIST FROM CALL

/X AXIS SAM

/PTR TO
 /SAMPLING FREQ
 /LAST COUNT
 /(VAR)

/PTR TO

0670	0613	3334	DCA KFREQ	/SAM FREQ
0671				/(FIXED)
0672	0614	2200	ISZ INPUT	/PTR TO
0673	0615	1200	TAD INPUT	/BUFFER
0674	0616	3331	DCA CDFVAL	/CDF BITS
0675	0617	2200	ISZ INPUT	/PTR TO
0676	0620	1200	TAD INPUT	/BUFFER
0677	0621	3330	DCA ADDR	/ADDR
0700	0622	2200	ISZ INPUT	
0701	0623	1200	TAD INPUT	
0702	0624	3327	DCA OLDSAM	/PTR TO OLDSAM
0703	0625	2200	ISZ INPUT	
0704	0626	1600	TAD I INPUT	/PTR TO LAST
0705	0627	3332	DCA ENDLO	/DATA ADDR
0706	0630	2200	ISZ INPUT	
0707	0631	1600	TAD I INPUT	
0710	0632	3333	DCA ENDHI	
0711	0633	2200	ISZ INPUT	/FIRST RTN IS /JMP TO DV K+1 /2ND IS HLT DVK
0712				
0713				
0714	0634	1027	TAD DVTYP	/ANALOG
0715	0635	7710	SPA CLA	/OR ENCODED ?
0716	0636	5302	JMP ANALOG	
0717	0637	2735	ANARTN, ISZ I FREQ	/READY TO SAM
0720				/Y AXIS ?
0721	0640	5600	JMP I INPUT	/NO GO TO
0722				/DV K+1
0723	0641	1734	TAD I KFREQ	/RESET FREQ
0724	0642	3735	DCA I FREQ	/FOR NXT PASS
0725	0643	1730	TAD I ADDR	
0726	0644	3336	DCA HOLD	/BUFFER ADDR
0727	0645	1731	TAD I CDFVAL	/SETUP CDF
0730	0646	7104	CLL RAL	
0731	0647	7006	RTL	
0732	0650	1031	TAD CDF0	
0733	0651	3252	DCA .+1	
0734	0652	0000	0	/CDF N
0735	0653	6141	LINC	
0736	0654	0000	SAMY,	
0737	0655	0002	0	/SAM Y AXIS
0740	0656	3736	2	/PDP
0741			DCA I HOLD	/PUT IN DATA
0742	0657	6201	CDF 0	/BUFFER
0743	0660	1332	TAD ENDLO	/RESTORE FLD 0
0744				/DVK IS FINI
0745	0661	1730	TAD I ADDR	/WHEN CURRENT
0746	0662	7640	SZA CLA	/ADDR
0747	0663	5273	JMP NFDVK	/(CDFVAL, ADDR)
0750	0664	7004	RAL	
0751	0665	1333	TAD ENDHI	/#TERMINAL ADDR
0752				/(ENDHI, /ENDLO)
0753	0666	1731	TAD I CDFVAL	
0754	0667	7640	SZA CLA	
0755	0670	5273	JMP NFDVK	
0756	0671	2200	ISZ INPUT	/FINI DV K
0757	0672	5600	JMP I INPUT	
0760	0673	7101	NFDVK, CLL IAC	/ADV CURRENT
0761	0674	1730	TAD I ADDR	/ADDR
0762	0675	3730	DCA I ADDR	
0763	0676	7004	RAL	
0764	0677	1731	TAD I CDFVAL	
0765	0700	3731	DCA I CDFVAL	
0766	0701	5600	JMP I INPUT	/NORMAL RTN

0767	0702	6141	ANALOG, LINC	
0770	0703	0000	SAMX, 0	/SAM X AXIS
0771	0704	0002	2	/PDP
0772	0705	1326	TAD P1000	/MAKE POS
0773	0706	3325	DCA NEWSAM	
0774	0707	1727	TAD I OLDSAM	/CHK FOR 1 BIT
0775	0710	7041	CIA	/INCREASE
0776	0711	1325	TAD NEWSAM	
0777	0712	7540	SMA SZA	/X AXIS READY ?
1000	0713	5320	JMP CHGSAM	/YES
1001	0714	1324	TAD MAXDRP	/CHK FOR
1002	0715	7710	SPA CLA	/TOO FAR ?
1003	0716	2200	ISZ INPUT	/YES ADV TO
1004				/HALT RTN
1005	0717	5600	JMP I INPUT	/NO GO TO DVK+1
1006	0720	7200	CHGSAM, CLA	/UPDATE
1007	0721	1325	TAD NEWSAM	/OLDSAM
1010	0722	3727	DCA I OLDSAM	
1011	0723	5237	JMP ANARTN	/NOW CHK Y
1012				/AXIS
1013	0724	0020	MAXDRP, DRPMAX	/MAX X AX DROP
1014	0725	0000	NEWSAM, 0	
1015	0726	1000	P1000, 1000	
1016	0727	0000	OLDSAM, 0	
1017	0730	0000	ADDR, 0	
1020	0731	0000	CDVAL, 0	
1021	0732	0000	ENDLO, 0	
1022	0733	0000	ENDHI, 0	
1023	0734	0000	KFREQ, 0	
1024	0735	0000	FREQ, 0	
1025	0736	0000	HOLD, 0	
1026			*1000	
1027	1000	0000	MESCHK, 0	/TTY CHK
1030	1001	1025	TAD QUECNT	/IS QUE EMPTY ?
1031	1002	7650	SNA CLA	
1032	1003	5600	JMP I MESCHK	/YES XIT
1033	1004	1420	TAD I ADMESS	/NO IS A MESS
1034	1005	7640	SZA CLA	/IN PROCESS ?
1035	1006	5600	JMP I MESCHK	/YES XIT
1036	1007	1022	TAD TTYFLG	/NO IS A CHAR
1037	1010	7640	SZA CLA	/IN PROCESS ?
1040	1011	5600	JMP I MESCHK	/YES XIT
1041	1012	1424	TAD I QUEOUT	/NO NEXT MESS
1042	1013	3020	DCA ADMESS	/TO BATTERS
1043				/BOX
1044	1014	1024	TAD QUEOUT	/ADV QUEOUT TO
1045	1015	2024	ISZ QUEOUT	/NEXT MESS
1046	1016	1265	TAD ENQUE	/IF AT END OF
1047	1017	7640	SZA CLA	/QUE ADV TO GO
1050	1020	5223	JMP ,+3	/DO NOT COLLECT
1051				/\$200
1052	1021	1264	TAD STQUE	
1053	1022	3024	DCA QUEOUT	
1054	1023	7240	STA	/BACK UP COUNT
1055	1024	1025	TAD QUECNT	
1056	1025	3025	DCA QUECNT	
1057	1026	1420	TAD I ADMESS	/KICK OFF 1ST
1060	1027	2020	ISZ ADMESS	/CHAR
1061	1030	6046	TLS	/INTERRUPTS
1062				/WILL CARRY THE
1063				/BALL FROM HERE
1064	1031	3022	DCA TTYFLG	/SET FLAG TTY
1065				/IS BUSY

1066	1032	5600	JMP I MESCHK	
1067				/INPUT MESS
1070	1033	0000	QUPUT, 0	/TO QUE
1071	1034	3266	DCA QSAVE	/SAVE ADDR
1072	1035	1025	TAD QUECNT	/CHK FOR QUE
1073	1036	1262	TAD QUEMAX	/FULL
1074	1037	7450	SNA	/1 SLOT LEFT ?
1075	1040	5257	JMP TBUSY	/YES INPUT BUSY
1076				/MESS
1077	1041	7700	SMA CLA	/FULL ?
1100	1042	5633	JMP I QUPUT	/YES INHIBIT MS
1101	1043	1266	TAD QSAVE	/NO INPUT MESS
1102	1044	3423	INMESS, DCA I QUEIN	/TO QUE
1103	1045	1023	TAD QUEIN	/IS QUEIN AT
1104	1046	1265	TAD ENQUE	/GO ?
1105	1047	7640	SZA CLA	
1106	1050	5254	JMP ,+4	
1107	1051	1264	TAD STQUE	/YES COLLECT
1110	1052	3023	DCA QUEIN	/\$200
1111	1053	7410	SKP	
1112	1054	2023	ISZ QUEIN	/ADV PTR
1113	1055	2025	ISZ QUECNT	/ADV COUNT
1114	1056	5633	JMP I QUPUT	
1115	1057	7200	TBUSY, CLA	/PUT BUSY
1116	1060	1263	TAD BUSYMS	/MESS IN QUE
1117	1061	5244	JMP INMESS	
1120	1062	7755	QUEMAX, STRQUE-ENDQUE	/~MAX NUM OF
1121				/MESS+1
1122	1063	6676	BUSYMS, MSBUSY	/ADDR OF BUSY
1123				/MESS
1124	1064	6373	STQUE, STRQUE	
1125	1065	1362	ENQUE, -ENDQUE	
1126	1066	0000	QSAVE, 0	
1127	1067	0000	DOMTP, 0	
1130	1070	1507	TAD I KBLKCT	/~NUM TO DO
1131	1071	3266	DCA QSAVE	
1132	1072	1047	TAD ARGHI	
1133	1073	3302	DCA TPINST	
1134	1074	1046	TAD ARGLO	
1135	1075	3303	DCA TPWORD	
1136	1076	1372	TAD LDFSTR	
1137	1077	3301	DCA TPLDF	
1140	1100	6141	MTPLOP, LINC	
1141			LMODE	
1142	1101	0000	TPLDF, 0	/LDF N
1143	1102	0000	TPINST, 0	/MTP INST
1144	1103	0000	TPWORD, 0	/MBLK\TBLK
1145	1104	7163	JMP TPWAIT	
1146	1105	0011	CLR	/LINK BIT
1147	1106	1020	LDA I	/ADV TBLK, MBLK
1150	1107	1001	1001	
1151	1110	1200	LAM	
1152	1111	1103	TPWORD	
1153	1112	1560	BCL I	
1154	1113	7000	P7K, 7000	
1155	1114	0450	AZE	/TBLK WRAP ?
1156	1115	7124	JMP GOODY	/NO
1157	1116	0011	CLR	/LINK
1160	1117	3113	ADD P7K	/BU MBLK
1161	1120	1200	LAM	
1162	1121	1103	TPWORD	
1163	1122	0450	AZE	/END OF DF ?
1164	1123	7137	JMP BYMBLK	/NO

1165	1124	0472	GOODY, LZE I	/MBLK WRAP
1166				/AROUND ?
1167	1125	7137	JMP BYMBLK	/NO
1170	1126	1000	LDA	/YES RESET
1171	1127	1103	TPWORD	/MBLK
1172	1130	1620	BSE I	
1173	1131	4000	4000	
1174	1132	5103	STC TPWORD	
1175	1133	3101	ADD TPLDF	/ADV LDF
1176	1134	1120	ADA I	
1177	1135	0001	1	
1200	1136	5101	STC TPLDF	
1201	1137	0002	BYMBLK, PDP	
1202			PMODE	
1203	1140	2266	ISZ QSAVE	/DONE ?
1204	1141	5300	JMP MTPLOP	/NO
1205	1142	6141	LINC	
1206			LMODE	
1207	1143	1000	LDA	
1210	1144	1102	TPINST	
1211	1145	1560	BCL I	
1212	1146	7767	7767	/U BIT
1213	1147	1120	ADA I	
1214	1150	0707	CHK	
1215	1151	5152	STC ,+1	
1216	1152	0000	Ø	/STOP TAPE
1217	1153	0270	270	
1220	1154	7163	JMP TPWAIT	
1221	1155	0004	ESF	
1222	1156	1020	LDA I	/AND CLR XOB
1223	1157	0010	EXTMTP	/U BITS
1224	1160	0001	AXO	
1225	1161	0002	PDP	
1226			PMODE	
1227	1162	5667	JMP I DOMTP	
1230			LMODE	
1231	1163	0002	TPWAIT, PDP	
1232			PMODE	
1233	1164	4465	JMS I KIDLE	
1234	1165	6141	LINC	
1235			LMODE	
1236	1166	0006	DJR	
1237	1167	0416	STD	
1240	1170	7163	JMP TPWAIT	
1241	1171	6000	JMP Ø	
1242			PMODE	
1243	1172	0643	LDFSTR, FIRLDF	
1244			PAGE	
1245	1200	0000	KEYBRD, Ø	/KEYBOARD SR
1246	1201	1021	TAD KBDBUF	/GOT A CHAR ?
1247	1202	7450	SNA	
1250	1203	5600	OPKRTN, JMP I KEYBRD	/NO XIT
1251	1204	3265	DCA CHAR	/SAVE
1252	1205	3021	DCA KBDBUF	/CLR BUF
1253	1206	1223	TAD CHRTAB	/START OF TABLE
1254	1207	3224	DCA CHRPTR	
1255	1210	1624	CHRLOP, TAD I CHRPTR	/SEARCH FOR
1256	1211	7041	CIA	/MATCH
1257	1212	1265	TAD CHAR	
1260	1213	2224	ISZ CHRPTR	/ADV PAST JMP
1261	1214	7650	SNA CLA	
1262	1215	5220	JMP MATCH	
1263	1216	2224	ISZ CHRPTR	/ADV TO NXT CHR

1264	1217	5210	JMP CHRLOP	
1265	1220	1624	MATCH, TAD I CHRPTR	/LOAD A JMP
1266	1221	3222	DCA ,+1	/SERVE VIA
1267	1222	0000	0	/JMP INST
1270	1223	1225	CHRTAB, KBDTAB	
1271	1224	0000	CHRPTR, 0	
1272			/KEYBOARD LOOKUP TABLE FORMAT IS:	
1273			/LOCA, ASCII CODE OF DEFINED CHAR	
1274			/LOCA+1, JMP TO ROUT FOR CHAR	
1275			/THE LOC CHAR IS IN TABLE SO IF NONE	
1276			/MATCH THE DEFAULT CASE IS JMP I KEYBRD	
1277	1225	0304	KBDTAB, 304	/D
1300	1226	5671	JMP I KD	/START DIAL
1301	1227	0210	210	/CNTRL\H
1302	1230	5274	JMP CTRLH	/HLT ALL DVS
1303	1231	0310	310	/H
1304	1232	5311	JMP H	/HALT
1305	1233	0320	320	/P
1306	1234	5667	JMP I KP	/POLARITY
1307	1235	0306	306	/F
1310	1236	5670	JMP I KF	/FREEZE
1311	1237	0307	307	/G
1312	1240	5315	JMP G	/GO
1313	1241	0323	323	/S
1314	1242	5672	JMP I KS	/SETUP
1315	1243	0327	327	/W
1316	1244	5673	JMP I KW	/WRITE TAPE
1317	1245	0303	303	/C
1320	1246	5342	JMP C	/CALL CATAL
1321	1247	0315	315	/M
1322	1250	5347	JMP M	/CALL MAGSPY
1323	1251	0314	314	/L
1324	1252	5354	JMP L	/CALL LOADER
1325				/NUMERIC ARGS
1326				/FOR H AND G
1327	1253	0260	260	/0
1330	1254	5321	JMP NUM	
1331	1255	0261	261	/1
1332	1256	5321	JMP NUM	
1333	1257	0262	262	
1334	1260	5321	JMP NUM	
1335	1261	0263	263	
1336	1262	5321	JMP NUM	
1337	1263	0264	264	
1340	1264	5321	JMP NUM	
1341	1265	0000	CHAR, 0	/DEFAULT CASE
1342	1266	5600	JMP I KEYBRD	
1343	1267	0500	KP,	P
1344	1270	0514	KF,	F
1345	1271	0473	KD,	D
1346	1272	0526	KS,	S
1347	1273	0533	KW,	W
1350				/CTRLH KEY
1351	1274	1103	CTRLH, TAD MODE	/=0 FOR PAUSE
1352				/=7777 FOR A\N
1353	1275	7650	SNA CLA	/PAUSE MODE ?
1354	1276	5600	JMP I KEYBRD	/YES IGNORE
1355				/CTRLH
1356	1277	3103	DCA MODE	/SET MODE TO
1357				/PAUSE
1360	1300	6134	CLEN	/DISABLE ALL
1361				/CLOCK
1362				/INTERRUPTS

1363	1301	3066	DCA SELDV0	
1364	1302	3067	DCA SELDV1	/DESELECT
1365	1303	3070	DCA SELDV2	/ALL DEVICES
1366	1304	3071	DCA SELDV3	
1367	1305	3072	DCA SELDV4	
1370	1306	1363	TAD HL TALL	/PUT MESS
1371	1307	4505	JMS I KQUPUT	/IN QUE
1372	1310	5600	JMP I KEYBRD	
1373				/H AND G SET A
1374				/SWITCH TO WAIT
1375				/FOR A 2ND CHAR
1376	1311	7040	H,	/SET FOR 2ND
1377	1312	3364	CMA	/H AND G CANNOT
1400	1313	3365	DCA HSWIT	/BOTH BE SET
1401	1314	5600	DCA GSWIT	
1402	1315	7040	JMP I KEYBRD	
1403	1316	3365	CMA	/SET FOR 2ND
1404	1317	3364	DCA GSWIT	
1405	1320	5600	DCA HSWIT	
1406	1321	1265	JMP I KEYBRD	
1407	1322	0367	TAD CHAR	/NUM KEY
1410	1323	3104	AND PP17	/STRIP ASCII
1411	1324	1104	DCA TEMP	
1412	1325	1036	TAD TEMP	/CHK FOR
1413	1326	7700	TAD DEVNUM	/UNDEFINED
1414	1327	5600	SMA CLA	/DEV NUM
1415	1330	1364	JMP I KEYBRD	/ILLEGAL XIT
1416	1331	7650	TAD HSWIT	/IS 2ND ARG
1417	1332	5335	SNA CLA	/FOR H ?
1420	1333	3364	JMP ,+3	/NO CHK G
1421	1334	5766	DCA HSWIT	/YES CLR SWIT
1422	1335	1365	JMP I KHALT	/GO TO HALT SR
1423	1336	7650	TAD GSWIT	/IS IT G ?
1424	1337	5600	SNA CLA	
1425	1340	3365	JMP I KEYBRD	
1426	1341	5770	DCA GSWIT	
1427	1342	1103	JMP I KGO	
1430	1343	7640	C,	TAD MODE
1431	1344	5600	SZA CLA	/PAUSE MODE ?
1432	1345	6141	JMP I KEYBRD	/NO IGNORE C
1433	1346	7517	LINC	/YES LOAD
1434	1347	1103	6000+CATA	/CATACAL
1435	1350	7640	M,	TAD MODE
1436	1351	5600	SZA CLA	/PAUSE MODE ?
1437	1352	6141	JMP I KEYBRD	/NO IGNORE M
1440	1353	7522	LINC	/YES LOAD
1441	1354	1103	6000+MAG	/MAGSPY
1442	1355	7640	L,	TAD MODE
1443	1356	5600	SZA CLA	/PAUSE MODE ?
1444	1357	6002	JMP I KEYBRD	/NO XIT
1445	1360	6141	IOF	/YES GET PROG
1446			LINC	/NAME TO BE
1447	1361	0602	LMODE	/LOADED
1450	1362	6454	LIF 2	
1451			JMP LOAD	
1452	1363	6661	PMODE	
1453	1364	0000	HL TALL, ALL HLT	
1454	1365	0000	HSWIT, 0	
1455	1366	1400	GSWIT, 0	
1456	1367	0017	KHALT, HALT	
1457	1370	1411	PP17, 17	
1460			KGO, GO	
1461				/HERE TO HALT
				/A DEVICE

				PAGE	
1462				TAD TEMP	/HOLDS DV NUM
1463	1400	1104	HALT,	TAD SELPTR	/TO BE HALTED
1464					/PTR TO 1ST
1465	1401	1100			/SELECT WORD
1466					/THEY OCCUR
1467					/SEQUENTIALLY
1470					
1471	1402	3306		DCA ATEMP	/IS DEVICE
1472	1403	1706		TAD I ATEMP	/HALTED ?
1473	1404	7650		SNA CLA	/YES IGNORE
1474	1405	5705		JMP I KEYXIT	/HALT COMMAND
1475					/0 TO SELECT
1476	1406	3706		DCA I ATEMP	/WORD
1477					/PUT HALT
1500					/MESS IN QUE
1501	1407	4501		JMS I KHLTMS	
1502	1410	5705		JMP I KEYXIT	
1503	1411	1104	GO,	TAD TEMP	/START A DEVICE
1504	1412	1100		TAD SELPTR	/GET ADDR OF
1505	1413	3306		DCA ATEMP	/SELECT WORD
1506	1414	1706		TAD I ATEMP	/IS THE DV IN
1507	1415	7640		SZA CLA	/A&D MODE ?
1510	1416	5705		JMP I KEYXIT	/YES IGNORE
1511					/GO COMMAND
1512					/PUT GO MESS
1513	1417	4502		JMS I KGOMS	/IN QUE
1514	1420	1104		TAD TEMP	/GET ADDR OF
1515	1421	1307		TAD TIVAL	/DV GO VALUES
1516	1422	3310		DCA FROM	
1517	1423	1710		TAD I FROM	
1520	1424	3310		DCA FROM	
1521	1425	1104		TAD TEMP	
1522	1426	1312		TAD TIADR	/GET PTR TO
1523	1427	3311		DCA TO	/WHERE THEY
1524	1430	1711		TAD I TO	/GO
1525	1431	3311		DCA TO	
1526	1432	7146		CLL CMA RTL	/3
1527	1433	1104		TAD TEMP	/RELATIVE TO
1530	1434	7740		SMA SZA CLA	/SAM 10 ?
1531	1435	7107		CLL IAC RTL	/(4) NO SAM 20
1532	1436	1313		TAD ASAM	/AC=SAM 10 OR
1533					/SAM 14
1534	1437	1104		TAD TEMP	/SETUP 1ST SAM
1535	1440	3264		DCA INISAM	
1536	1441	1104		TAD TEMP	/CLR HLT SWIT
1537	1442	1316		TAD HLTPTR	
1540	1443	3104		DCA TEMP	
1541	1444	7040		CMA	
1542	1445	3504		DCA I TEMP	
1543	1446	1314		TAD M5	/TRANSFER 5
1544	1447	3104		DCA TEMP	/VALUES FROM
1545					/TABLE
1546	1450	6002		IOF	/INTERRUPTS OFF
1547					/UNTIL DV IS
1550					/SELECTED
1551	1451	1711	GOLOP,	TAD I TO	/GET AN ADDR
1552	1452	3306		DCA ATEMP	/SAVE
1553	1453	1710		TAD I FROM	/GET A VALUE
1554	1454	5706		DCA I ATEMP	/STORE
1555	1455	2310		ISZ FROM	/ADV PTRS
1556	1456	2311		ISZ TO	
1557	1457	2104		ISZ TEMP	
1560	1460	5251		JMP GOLOP	/DONE 5 ?

1561	1461	1711	TAD I TO	/GET ADDR OF
1562	1462	3306	DCA ATEMP	/OLDSAM
1563	1463	6141	LINC	
1564	1464	0000	INISAM, Ø	/SAM X AXIS
1565	1465	0002	2	/PDP
1566	1466	1315	TAD PL1000	/MAK +
1567	1467	3706	DCA I ATEMP	/STORE INITIAL
1570				/SAM
1571	1470	1062	TAD KCLEN	/ENABLE ALL
1572	1471	6134	CLEN	/CLOCK
1573				/INTERRUPTS
1574	1472	7200	CLA	
1575	1473	1103	TAD MODE	
1576	1474	7710	SPA CLA	
1577	1475	5300	JMP .+3	
1600	1476	1304	TAD ADMS	
1601	1477	4505	JMS I KQPUT	
1602	1500	7240	STA	/SET AND MODE
1603	1501	3103	DCA MODE	
1604	1502	6001	ION	/DV IS READY
1605	1503	5705	JMP I KEYXIT	
1606	1504	6712	ADMS, MSAD	
1607	1505	1203	KEYXIT, OPKRTN	
1610	1506	0000	ATEMP, Ø	
1611	1507	6361	TIVAL, VALTAB	
1612	1510	0000	FROM, Ø	
1613	1511	0000	TO, Ø	
1614	1512	6366	TIADR, ADRTAB	
1615	1513	0110	ASAM, 0110	/SAM 10
1616	1514	7773	M5, -5	
1617	1515	1000	PL1000, 1000	
1620	1516	0073	HLTPTR, HSWITØ	
1621			LMODE	
1622	1517	1020	CATA, LDA I	/LOAD CATAL
1623	1520	1575	CATPTR=1	
1624	1521	7550	JMP LOADER	
1625	1522	1020	MAG, LDA I	/LOAD MAGSPY
1626	1523	1602	MAGPTR=1	
1627	1524	7550	JMP LOADER	
1630	1525	0642	KLOAD, LDF 2	
1631	1526	0063	SET I BETA1	/LOAD PRGM X
1632	1527	5607	LODPTR=HBIT	/GET NAME FROM
1633	1530	0064	SET I BETA2	/QANDA ANS BUF
1634	1531	2524	ANSWER+2000	
1635	1532	1324	LODLOP, LDH I BETA2	/FROM QA
1636	1533	0470	AZE I	
1637	1534	0017	COM	/SET Ø TO 77
1640	1535	1420	SHD I	
1641	1536	7400	QAEOL1	/END OF NAME
1642	1537	7542	JMP GETU	/YES GET UNIT
1643	1540	1363	STH I BETA1	/TO LOD TABLE
1644	1541	7532	JMP LODLOP	
1645	1542	1324	GETU, LDH I BETA2	/UNIT WD
1646	1543	1560	BCL I	
1647	1544	7770	7770	
1650	1545	1063	STA I BETA1	
1651	1546	1020	LDA I	
1652	1547	1607	LODPTR=1	
1653	1550	4004	LOADER, STC BETA2	/PUT PROG AND
1654	1551	0500	I0B	/UNIT IN E6
1655				/TABLE FOR
1656				/LOADER
1657				/ARG IS IN AC

1660	1552	6002	6002	/IOF
1661	1553	0001	AX0	/CLR XOB
1662	1554	0004	ESF	
1663	1555	0641	LDF 1	
1664	1556	0720	RDC I	/DIAL GRD TAB
1665	1557	4314	4\314	
1666	1560	0063	SET I BETA1	/E6 TABLE FOR
1667	1561	2372	2372	/LOADER
1670	1562	0065	SET I BETA3	/NAME AND UNIT
1671	1563	7772	-5	/TAKE 5 WORDS
1672	1564	1024	LDA I BETA2	
1673	1565	1063	STA I BETA1	
1674	1566	0225	XSK I BETA3	/DONE ?
1675	1567	7564	JMP ,=3	/NO
1676	1570	0642	LDF 2	
1677	1571	0720	RDC I	/GET DIAL
1700	1572	4354	4\354	/LOADER
1701	1573	0641	LDF 1	
1702	1574	0602	LIF 2	
1703	1575	6020	JMP 20	/GO LOADER
1704	1576	0301	CATPTR, 0301	/CA
1705	1577	2401	2401	/TA
1706	1600	0301	0301	/CA
1707	1601	1477	1477	/L 77
1710	1602	0000	0	/UNIT
1711	1603	1501	MAGPTR, 1501	/MA
1712	1604	0723	0723	/GS
1713	1605	2031	2031	/PY
1714	1606	7777	7777	
1715	1607	0000	0	/UNIT
1716	1610	0000	LOOPTR, 0	/N
1717	1611	0000	0	/A
1720	1612	0000	0	/M
1721	1613	0000	0	/E
1722	1614	0000	0	/UNIT
1723			PMODE	/HERE TO SETUP
1724				/READ WRITE SR
1725	1615	0000	TPARGS, 0	/GET MTP ARGS
1726	1616	7200	CLA	/FROM QANDA
1727	1617	1260	TAD M10	/SET DIGCHK
1730	1620	3661	DCA I KUPLIM	/TO ACCEPT
1731				/OCTAL INPUT
1732				/ONLY
1733	1621	3262	DCA TBLK	/CLR TBLK
1734	1622	4463	TPLOP, JMS I KDIG	/GET 1 DIGIT
1735	1623	5253	JMP ANONO	/INPUT ERROR
1736	1624	5232	JMP DUNBLK	/FINI TBLK
1737	1625	1262	TAD TBLK	/UPDATE
1740	1626	7106	RTL CLL	/TBLK
1741	1627	7004	RAL	
1742	1630	3262	DCA TBLK	
1743	1631	5222	JMP TPLOP	
1744	1632	4463	DUNBLK, JMS I KDIG	/GET UNIT
1745	1633	5253	JMP ANONO	/INPUT ERROR
1746	1634	7200	CLA	/ONLY 1 ARG
1747	1635	7110	CLL RAR	/SET U BITS
1750	1636	6141	LINC	
1751			LMODE	
1752	1637	1120	ADA I	
1753	1640	0010	EXTMTP	/EXT U BITS
1754	1641	0001	AX0	/TO XOB
1755	1642	0002	POP	/NOW PUT LOW
1756			PMODE	/ORD U BIT

1757	1643	7206	CLA RTL	/IN BIT 8
1760	1644	7006	RTL	/OF UNIT WORD
1761	1645	3263	DCA UNIT	
1762	1646	1262	TAD TBLK	
1763	1647	7112	RTR CLL	
1764	1650	7010	RAR	/POS TO 9 BITS
1765	1651	3262	DCA TBLK	
1766	1652	2215	ISZ TPARGS	
1767	1653	7200	ANONO, CLA	/ADV PAST
1770	1654	1257	TAD MM12	/ERROR RTN
1771	1655	3661	DCA I KUPLIM	/FIX UP
1772	1656	5615	JMP I TPARGS	/DIGCHK
1773	1657	7765	MM12, -13	/-12 1S COM
1774	1660	7767	M10, -11	/-10 1S COM
1775	1661	4506	KUPLIM, UPLIM	
1776	1662	0000	TBLK, Ø	
1777	1663	0000	UNIT, Ø	
2000				/HERE TO READ
2001				/PARAM INPUT
2002	1664	4215	DORDC, JMS TPARGS	/GET TBLK, UNIT
2003	1665	5737	JMP I KRDERR	/INPUT ERROR
2004	1666	1262	TAD TBLK	
2005	1667	1344	TAD RMBLK	
2006	1670	3277	DCA RDCWD	
2007	1671	1263	TAD UNIT	
2010	1672	1341	TAD ANRDC	
2011	1673	3276	DCA TPRDC	
2012	1674	6141	LINC	
2013			LMODE	
2014	1675	0643	LOF 3	
2015	1676	0000	TPRDC, Ø	/RDC (U)
2016	1677	0000	RDCWD, Ø	/MBLK\TBLK
2017	1700	0416	STD	
2020	1701	7700	JMP .-1	
2021	1702	1020	LDA I	
2022	1703	0020	2Ø	
2023	1704	0004	ESF	/I/O PRESET
2024	1705	1020	LDA I	
2025	1706	0010	EXTMTP	/SET
2026	1707	0001	AXO	/NO PAUSE
2027	1710	0002	PDP	
2030			PMODE	
2031	1711	7200	CLA	
2032	1712	1342	TAD RDLEN	/LENGTH OF INIT
2033	1713	3052	DCA CNTR	/TABLE
2034	1714	1340	TAD KFIRST	/START OF TABLE
2035	1715	3010	DCA INIPTR	
2036	1716	1034	TAD MINADR	/INPUT STARTS
2037	1717	3011	DCA ADPTR	/BEG OF BUFFER
2040	1720	1411	TAD I ADPTR	
2041	1721	3410	DCA I INIPTR	
2042	1722	2052	ISZ CNTR	/DONE ?
2043	1723	5320	JMP .=3	
2044	1724	1510	TAD I KLAST	/CHK FOR FATAL
2045	1725	7500	SMA	
2046	1726	5737	JMP I KRDERR	
2047	1727	7041	CIA	/ERROR WRONG
2050	1730	1061	TAD MAXDVN	/TBLK AND TOO
2051	1731	7740	SMA SZA CLA	/MANY DEVS
2052	1732	5737	JMP I KRDERR	/ILLEGAL TBLK
2053	1733	4745	JMS I KFRESH	/CLR BUFFER
2054	1734	1510	TAD I KLAST	/=NUM OF DEVS
2055	1735	5736	JMP I .+1	/GO TO QADUN

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2056	1736	3315	STRRDE	/ROUT
2057	1737	4343	KRDERR, READ-1	
2060	1740	6000	KFIRST, FIRST-1	
2061	1741	0700	ANRDC, 700	
2062	1742	7634	RDLEN, FIRST-LAST-1	
2063	1743	4000	WMBLK, WRMLBK	
2064	1744	6000	RMBLK, RDMLBK	
2065	1745	3200	KFRESH, FRSTR	
2066	1746	4215	DOWRC, JMS TPARGS	/GET TBLK, UNIT
2067	1747	5764	JMP I KWRERR	/INPUT ERROR
2070	1750	1262	TAD TBLK	
2071	1751	1343	TAD WMBLK	
2072	1752	3046	DCA ARGLO	/ARG1 FOR /SR DOMTP
2073	1753	1263	TAD UNIT	
2075	1754	1362	TAD AWRI	/ARG2 FOR
2076	1755	3047	DCA ARGHI	/DOMTP
2077	1756	4763	JMS I KDOMTP	/WRITE N BLKS
2100	1757	6001	ION	
2101	1760	4465	JMS I KIDLE	
2102	1761	5360	JMP .-1	
2103	1762	0726	AWRI, 726	/WRI I
2104	1763	1067	KDOMTP, DOMTP	
2105	1764	4400	KWRERR, WRIT	
2106	1765	0000	AAAS0, 0	
2107			/DISPLAY ROUTINES	
2110			/MOVING WINDOW, CURSOR	
2111			/X-Y DECIMAL READ OUT	
2112			/HELP FRAME	
2113			SCPFLD=2000	
2114			LMODE	
2115			SEGMNT 1	/=SCPFLD/2000
2116			*17	
2117	0017	0000	XCORD, 0	/DIS REGISTER
2120	0020	0000	IDLE, 0	/IDLE LOOP
2121				/SCOPE, KEYBRD
2122				/TTY
2123	0021	6141	6141	/LINC
2124	0022	0460	SNS I 0	/1 OF 2 DISPS
2125	0023	6052	JMP DSCHLP	/HELP FRAME
2126				/DATA BUFFER
2127	0024	0104	SAM 4	/CURSOR KNOB
2130	0025	0341	SCR 1	/9 BITS COVERS
2131				/ALL X VALUES
2132	0026	0002	POP	/MAKE +
2133			PMODE	/WHEN CURCNT
2134	2027	1566	TAD P401	/GOES TO 0
2135	2030	7041	CIA	/DIS CURSOR
2136	2031	6141	LINC	
2137			LMODE	
2140	0032	4351	STC CURCNT-SCPFLD	
2141	0033	0077	SET I XCORD	
2142	0034	6777	=1000	/INIT X COORD
2143				/-1
2144	0035	0100	SAM 0	/WINDOW KNOB
2145	0036	0344	SCR 4	/HI ORD 6 BITS
2146				/DET MOTION +
2147				/IS FWD - IS BWD
2150				/APPEARANCE OF
2151				/MOTION IS
2152				/GIVEN BY
2153				/VARYING THE
2154				/INITIAL ADDR

2155	0037	1520	SRO I	
2156	0040	7777	FREEZE, 7777	/7777 MEANS /FREEZE WINDOW
2157				
2160	0041	6250	JMP GODIS-SCPFLD-1	
2161	0042	6200	JMP SETMOT-SCPFLD	
2162			PMODE	/HERE WHEN
2163				/SCOPE FINI
2164	2043	4647	SCPRTN, JMS I KKEY	/KEYBOARD
2165	2044	4651	JMS I KSWI	/INTERNAL HLT
2166	2045	4650	JMS I KMES	/TTY
2167	2046	5620	JMP I IDLE	
2170	2047	1200	KKEY, KEYBRD	
2171	2050	1000	KMES, MESCHK	
2172	2051	3107	KSWI, CHKSWI	
2173			LMODE	/DSC HELP
2174				/SEE HLPTAB
2175				/FOR FORMAT
2176	0052	0642	DSCHLP, LDF 2	/GRID TABLE
2177				/IN LDF 2
2200	0053	0077	SET I MSPTR	/TO DIAL
2201	0054	5614	HLPTAB-HBIT	/ENCODED MESS
2202	0055	0076	SET I VCPTR	/TABLE OF
2203	0056	1537	VCTAB-1	/VERT COORDS
2204	0057	0075	SET I HCPtr	/TABLE OF
2205	0060	1556	HCTAB-1	/HORIZ COORDS
2206	0061	1036	LNNXT, LDA I VCPTR	
2207	0062	4737	STC VCOORD	
2210	0063	1035	LDA I HCPtr	
2211	0064	4001	STC 1	
2212	0065	1337	LDH I MSPTR	/1ST CHAR OF LN
2213	0066	1420	SHD I	/IS LN FULL
2214	0067	0600	FUL1	/SIZE CHARS ?
2215	0070	6114	JMP SETFUL	/YES
2216	0071	0011	CLR	/L=0 FOR HAF
2217	0072	0004	ESF	/SET HAF SIZE
2220	0073	1317	LDH MSPTR	/RESTORE CHAR
2221	0074	0467	SKP	
2222	0075	1337	CHRNXT, LDH I MSPTR	
2223	0076	1420	SHD I	
2224	0077	4300	CR1	/END OF LN ?
2225	0100	6061	JMP LNNXT	/YES
2226	0101	1420	SHD I	/END OF
2227	0102	7700	ENDWD1	/MESSAGE ?
2230	0103	6163	JMP SCPXIT	/YES
2231	0104	1420	SHD I	/RESET
2232	0105	3600	CHGHC	/HORIZ COORD ?
2233	0106	6111	JMP SETHC	/YES
2234	0107	6732	JMP DSCCHR	
2235	0110	6075	JMP CHRNXT	
2236	0111	1035	SETHC, LDA I HCPtr	
2237	0112	4001	STC 1	
2240	0113	6075	JMP CHRNXT	
2241	0114	1020	SETFUL, LDA I	
2242	0115	0200	200	
2243	0116	0004	ESF	/SET FULL SIZE
2244	0117	0017	COM	
2245	0120	0261	ROL I 1	/L=1 FOR FULL
2246	0121	6075	JMP CHRNXT	
2247	0122	0642	DSCXY, LDF 2	/DSC: X=====
2250	0123	0011	CLR	/ Y====
2251	0124	0004	ESF	/HALF SIZE
2252	0125	2166	ADD P401-SCPFLD	
2253	0126	4737	STC VCOORD	

2254	0127	0077	SET I MSPTR	/DIAL ENCODED
2255	0130	5526	DCODEX-HBIT	/MESS
2256	0131	1020	NXTLN, LDA I	
2257	0132	7757	-20	
2260	0133	1140	ADM	
2261	0134	0737	VCOORD	
2262	0135	0061	SET I 1	
2263	0136	0000	XYHC	
2264	0137	1337	INICHR, LDH I MSPTR	/INIT CHARS
2265	0140	1420	SHD I	
2266	0141	4300	CR1	/EOL ?
2267	0142	6145	JMP .+3	/YES
2270	0143	6732	JMP DSCCHR	
2271	0144	6137	JMP INICHR	
2272	0145	1337	LDH I MSPTR	
2273	0146	1420	SHD I	/DO NOT DSC
2274	0147	6000	6000	/LEADING 0S
2275	0150	6145	JMP .+3	
2276	0151	0467	SKP	
2277	0152	1337	NXTCHR, LDH I MSPTR	
2300	0153	1420	SHD I	
2301	0154	4300	CR1	/EOL ?
2302	0155	6131	JMP NXTLN	/YES
2303	0156	1420	SHD I	
2304	0157	7700	ENDWD1	/END OF MESS ?
2305	0160	6163	JMP SCPXIT	/YES
2306	0161	6732	JMP DSCCHR	
2307	0162	6152	JMP NXTCHR	
2310	0163	0002	SCPXIT, PDP	/RTN
2311			PMODE	
2312	2164	7300	CLA CLL	
2313	2165	5243	JMP SCPRTN	
2314	2166	0401	P401, 401	
2315			*SCPFLD+200	/GET INIT BUF
2316				/ADDR FOR DISP
2317				/DELTA X IN AC
2320	2200	0002	SETMOT, 2	/PDP
2321	2201	7100	CLL	
2322	2202	7510	SPA	/FWD OR BWD ?
2323	2203	5224	JMP BWDMOT	
2324	2204	1346	TAD BUFLO	/UPDATE 15 BIT
2325	2205	5346	DCA BUFLO	/ADDR
2326	2206	7004	RAL	
2327	2207	1347	TAD BUFHI	
2330	2210	3347	DCA BUFHI	
2331	2211	1347	TAD BUFHI	/CHK FOR HI
2332	2212	7041	CIA	/END WRAP
2333	2213	1032	TAD MAXCDF	/AROUND
2334	2214	7700	SMA CLA	/OK ?
2335	2215	5251	JMP GODIS	/YES
2336	2216	1033	TAD MINCDF	/RESET LO END
2337	2217	3347	DCA BUFHI	
2340	2220	1034	TAD MINADR	/NEW ADDR IS
2341	2221	1346	TAD BUFLO	/REL TO MINADR
2342	2222	3346	DCA BUFLO	
2343	2223	5251	JMP GODIS	
2344	2224	1346	BWDMOT, TAD BUFLO	/BU ADDR
2345	2225	5346	DCA BUFLO	
2346	2226	7430	SZL	/UNDER FLOW ?
2347	2227	5233	JMP CHKADR	/NO
2350	2230	7240	STA	/YES BU CDF
2351	2231	1347	TAD BUFHI	
2352	2232	3347	DCA BUFHI	/BITS

2353	2233	1033	CHKADR, TAD MINCDF	
2354	2234	7041	CIA	
2355	2235	1347	TAD BUFHI	
2356	2236	7740	SMA SZA CLA	/CDF BITS AT /LOW END ?
2357			JMP GODIS	/NO
2360	2237	5251	TAD MINADR	
2361	2240	1034	CIA	
2362	2241	7041	TAD BUFLO	/ADDR BITS
2363	2242	1346	SMA	/OK ?
2364	2243	7500	JMP GODIS	/YES
2365	2244	5251	DCA BUFLO	/CORRECT ADDR
2366	2245	3346	2	/IS IN AC
2367			TAD MAXCDF	/SET CDF BITS
2370	2246	1032	DCA BUFHI	/BWD WRAP
2371	2247	3347	2	/SOMETIMES HERE
2372	2250	0002		/IN LMODE (PDP)
2373			GODIS, CLA CLL	
2374	2251	7300	TAD BUFLO	/SET BUFPTR
2375	2252	1346	DCA BUFPTR	/TO INIT ADDR
2376	2253	3054	TAD BUFHI	/SET CDF BITS
2400	2255	3060	DCA CURCDF	
2401	2256	4320	JMS SETCDF	/SET DATA FLD
2402	2257	1350	TAD M1000	/SET FOR
2403	2260	3053	DCA BCNTR	/512 POINTS
2404	2261	7200	NXTPNT, CLA	
2405	2262	1454	TAD I BUFPTR	
2406	2263	6141	LINC	
2407			LMODE	
2410	0264	0341	SCR 1	/SCP MAX IS 9
2411			SRO I	/BITS
2412	0265	1520	0	/7777 INVERTS
2413	0266	0000	POLAR,	/SPECTRUM
2414	0267	0017	COM	
2415	0270	0177	DIS I XCORD	
2416	0271	0002	PDP	
2417			PMODE	
2420	2272	2351	ISZ CURCNT	/READY TO DIS
2421			SKP	/CURSOR
2422	2273	7410	JMP I KCUR	/NO
2423	2274	5752	CURRTN, ISZ BUFPTR	/CHNG FLDS ?
2424	2275	2054	SKP	/NO
2425	2276	7410	JMP FWDCDF	
2426	2277	5303	FWDRTN, ISZ BCNTR	/512 PNTS ?
2427	2300	2053	JMP NXTPNT	/NO
2430	2301	5261	JMP I KXYGET	/YES GET
2431	2302	5753	FWDCDF, CLA	/X-Y COORDS
2432			ISZ CURCDF	/ADV CDF
2433	2303	7200	2060	
2434	2304	2060	TAD CURCDF	
2435	2305	1060	CIA	
2436	2306	7041	TAD MAXCDF	
2437	2307	1032	JMP BYWRAP	
2440	2310	7700	TAD MINADR	/WRAP AROUND ?
2441	2311	5316	2312 1034	/NO
2442	2313	3054	TAD MINCOF	
2443	2314	1033	DCA BUFPTR	
2444	2315	3060	TAD CURCDF	
2445	2316	4320	JMS SETCDF	
2446	2317	5300	JMP FWDRTN	
2447	2320	0000	SETCDF, 0	/SET CDF REL
2450				/TO CURCDF

2452	2321	1060	TAD CURCDF	
2453	2322	7104	RAL CLL	
2454	2323	7006	RTL	
2455	2324	1031	TAD CDF0	
2456	2325	3326	DCA ,+1	
2457	2326	0000	0	
2460	2327	5720	JMP I SETCDF	
2461			/DBL PREC ADD	
2462			/OF	
2463			/(DBLHI,DBLLO)	
2464			/(ARGHI,ARGLO)	
2465			/ANSWER IN	
2466			/(DBLHI,DBLLO)	
2467			/L=0 IF +	
2470			/L=1 IF -	
2471	2330	0000	DADD, 0	
2472	2331	7300	CLA CLL	
2473	2332	1044	TAD DBLLO	
2474	2333	1046	TAD ARGLO	/=XCURLO
2475	2334	3044	DCA DBLLO	
2476	2335	7004	RAL	
2477	2336	1045	TAD DBLHI	
2500	2337	1047	TAD ARGHI	/=XCURHI
2501	2340	3045	DCA DBLHI	
2502	2341	7100	CLL	
2503	2342	1045	TAD DBLHI	
2504	2343	7710	SPA CLA	
2505	2344	7020	CML	
2506	2345	5730	JMP I DADD	
2507	2346	7000	BUFL0, ADRMIN	
2510	2347	0000	BUFHI, CDFMIN	
2511	2350	7000	M1000, =1000	
2512	2351	0000	CURCNT, 0	
2513	2352	2700	KCUR, CURDIS	
2514	2353	2400	KXYGET, XYGET	
2515			*SCPFLD+400	/FIND REL DEV
2516				/ADDR IN BUFFER
2517	2400	6201	XYGET, CDF 0	/RESTORE FIELD
2520	2401	7200	CLA	/HOLDS ADDR OF
2521	2402	1325	TAD KLIM	/TABLE DEV INFO
2522	2403	3055	DCA LIMPTR	
2523	2404	7240	STA	
2524	2405	1036	TAD DEVNUM	/= NUM DV
2525	2406	3052	DCA CNTR	
2526	2407	1455	LIMLOP, TAD I LIMPTR	/=ST ADDR
2527	2410	3044	DCA DBLLO	/FOR DV K
2530	2411	2055	ISZ LIMPTR	/ADDR TO DBLLO
2531	2412	1455	TAD I LIMPTR	/CDF BITS
2532	2413	3045	DCA DBLHI	/TO DBLHI
2533				/XCOORD IS IN
2534				/(ARGHI,ARGLO)
2535	2414	4437	JMS I KDADD	/IS XCOORD GE
2536	2415	7430	SZL	/ST ADDR DV K ?
2537	2416	5232	JMP FOUND	/NO ADDR LIMITS
2540				/HAVE BEEN DET
2541	2417	1044	TAD DBLLO	/SAVE DIFF FOR
2542	2420	3050	DCA TEMPLO	/DV K IT IS REL
2543	2421	1045	TAD DBLHI	/ADDR FOR DV K+1
2544	2422	3051	DCA TEMPPI	
2545	2423	2055	ISZ LIMPTR	/ADV PTR TO
2546	2424	2055	ISZ LIMPTR	/NEXT ST
2547	2425	2055	ISZ LIMPTR	/ADDR
2550	2426	2052	ISZ CNTR	/SCANNED ALL

2551				/DEVICES ?
2552	2427	5207	JMP LIMLOP	/NO
2553	2430	5631	JMP I ,+1	/YES CURSOR IS
2554	2431	2043	SCPRTN	/IN VOID AREA
2555				/DO NOT DSC X=Y
2556	2432	3044	FOUND,	/ANSWER IS IN
2557	2433	3045	DCA DBLLO	/TEMPLO,TEMPHI
2560			DCA DBLHI	/CLR DBL AC
2561	2434	7346	STA CLL RTL	/BU PTR (-3)
2562	2435	1055	TAD LIMPTR	/TO DEVICE
2563	2436	3055	DCA LIMPTR	/SAM FREQ
2564	2437	1455	TAD I LIMPTR	/MULT ANSWER
2565	2440	3052	DCA CNTR	/BY SAM FREQ
2566	2441	1051	TAD TEMPHI	
2567	2442	3047	DCA ARGHI	
2570	2443	1050	TAD TEMPLO	
2571	2444	3046	DCA ARGLO	
2572	2445	4437	JMS I KDAADD	
2573	2446	2052	ISZ CNTR	/DONE ?
2574	2447	5245	JMP ,+2	/NO
2575				/YES REL OCTAL
2576				/ADDR NOW IN
2577				/DBL AC CVERT
2600				/TO BCD
2601	2450	2055	ISZ LIMPTR	/ADV TO BCD
2602	2451	1455	TAD I LIMPTR	/ADDR FOR DV K
2603	2452	3055	DCA LIMPTR	/(+LO TO HI)
2604				/5 DIGITS
2605	2453	1326	TAD KBCD	/ADDR OF BCD
2606	2454	3056	DCA BCDPTR	/ANSWER
2607	2455	1327	TAD KRAD	/PTR TO
2610	2456	3057	DCA RADPTR	/DECIMAL RADII
2611	2457	1330	TAD NEG5	
2612	2460	3052	DCA CNTR	
2613	2461	1457	DBLLOP, TAD I RADPTR	/=100K,-10, HI
2614	2462	3047	DCA ARGHI	
2615	2463	2057	ISZ RADPTR	
2616	2464	1457	TAD I RADPTR	/=100K,-10, LO
2617	2465	3046	DCA ARGLO	
2620	2466	2057	ISZ RADPTR	
2621	2467	3053	DCA BCNTR	/COUNTS MULTS
2622				/OF PWRS OF 10
2623	2470	1044	DBLDEF, TAD DBLLO	/SAVE LAST
2624	2471	3050	DCA TEMPLO	/DEFLATE
2625	2472	1045	TAD DBLHI	
2626	2473	3051	DCA TEMPHI	
2627	2474	4437	JMS I KDAADD	/DEFLATE 1 TIME
2630	2475	2053	ISZ BCNTR	
2631	2476	7420	SNL	/MINUS YET ?
2632	2477	5270	JMP DBLDEF	/NO CONT
2633	2500	7240	STA	/CORRECT FOR
2634	2501	1053	TAD BCNTR	/OFF BY 1
2635	2502	3456	DCA I BCDPTR	/SAVE
2636	2503	2056	ISZ BCDPTR	
2637	2504	1050	TAD TEMPLO	/RESET TO
2640	2505	3044	DCA DBLLO	/LAST VAL
2641	2506	1051	TAD TEMPHI	
2642	2507	3045	DCA DBLHI	
2643	2510	2052	ISZ CNTR	/DONE BOTH ?
2644	2511	5261	JMP DBLLOP	/NO
2645	2512	1044	TAD DBLLO	/UNITS
2646	2513	3456	DCA I BCDPTR	
2647	2514	6141	LINC	

2650			LMODE	
2651	0515	0077	SET I XCORD	/SET PTR TO
2652	0516	1533	DCODEX+4	/X-Y TABLE
2653	0517	0002	PDP	
2654			PMODE	
2655	2520	1330	TAD NEG5	/SET FOR 5
2656	2521	3052	DCA CNTR	/BCD ADDS
2657	2522	3053	DCA BCNTR	/HOLDS BCD
2660				/CARRYS
2661	2523	5724	JMP I,+1	
2662	2524	2600	BCDLOP	/CONT NXT PAGE
2663	2525	6443	KLIM,	LIMVL0
2664	2526	6435	KBCD,	BCDVAL
2665	2527	6417	KRAD,	RADVAL
2666	2530	7773	NEG5,	-5
2667				/ADD ABSOLUTE
2670				/DECIMAL VIA
2671				/LIMPTR TO
2672				/DECIMAL XCOORD
2673				/VIA BCDPTR AND
2674				/STORE FINAL
2675				/RESULT IN
2676				/X-Y TABLE
2677			*SCPFLD+600	
2700	2600	7300	BCDLOP, CLA CLL	
2701	2601	1053	TAD BCNTR	/CARRY=0,1
2702	2602	1455	TAD I LIMPTR	/0-11
2703	2603	1456	TAD I BCDPTR	/0-11
2704	2604	3050	DCA TEMPLO	/0-23
2705	2605	1050	TAD TEMPLO	/CHK CARRY
2706	2606	1353	TAD M12	
2707	2607	7500	SMA	/CARRY ?
2710	2610	3050	DCA TEMPLO	/YES CORRECT
2711				/ANSWER IS IN AC
2712	2611	7204	RAL CLA	/L=1 ON CARRY
2713	2612	3053	DCA BCNTR	/SET CARRY FOR
2714				/NEXT BCD ADD
2715	2613	7040	CMA	/RESET PTRS
2716	2614	1056	TAD BCDPTR	
2717	2615	3056	DCA BCDPTR	
2720	2616	2055	ISZ LIMPTR	
2721	2617	1050	TAD TEMPLO	/ANSWER+60
2722	2620	1354	TAD P60	/=DIAL CODE
2723	2621	6141	LINC	
2724			LMODE	/STORE IN
2725	0622	1357	STH XCORD	/X-Y TABLE
2726	0623	1020	LDA I	/BU XCORD
2727	0624	3777	=HBIT	
2730	0625	2017	ADD XCORD	
2731	0626	4017	STC XCORD	
2732	0627	0002	PDP	
2733			PMODE	
2734	2630	2052	ISZ CNTR	/DONE ?
2735	2631	5200	JMP BCDLOP	/NO
2736	2632	1456	TAD I BCDPTR	/YES GET 100K
2737	2633	1053	TAD BCNTR	/DIGIT+CARRY
2740	2634	1354	TAD P60	
2741	2635	6141	LINC	
2742			LMODE	
2743	0636	1357	STH XCORD	
2744	0637	0077	SET I XCORD	/NOW SET FOR
2745	0640	1535	DCODEY+1	/Y VALUE
2746	0641	0002	PDP	

2747			P MODE	
2750	2642	7344	CLL STA RAL	/DO 100S, 10S
2751	2643	3052	DCA CNTR	/Y BCD CVERT
2752	2644	1355	TAD PP400	/MAKE Y +
2753	2645	1035	TAD YCUR	
2754	2646	3035	DCA YCUR	
2755				/Y IS 0-777
2756	2647	1457	YLQP,	TAD I RADPTR /-100, -10
2757	2650	3046	DCA ARGLO	
2760	2651	3053	DCA BCNTR	
2761	2652	2057	ISZ RADPTR	
2762	2653	1035	TAD YCUR	
2763	2654	1046	TAD ARGLO	/1 DEFLATE
2764	2655	2053	ISZ BCNTR	/BCD VALUE
2765	2656	7500	\$MA	/DONE ?
2766	2657	5254	JMP ,=3	/NO
2767	2660	1457	TAD I RADPTR	/+100, +10
2770	2661	3035	DCA YCUR	/RESET VALUE
2771	2662	2057	ISZ RADPTR	
2772	2663	1053	TAD BCNTR	/OFF BY 1
2773	2664	1357	TAD P57	/60-1
2774	2665	6141	LINC	
2775			L MODE	/DIAL CODE
2776	0666	1377	STH I XCORD	/TO X-Y TABLE
2777	0667	0002	POP	
3000			P MODE	
3001	2670	7200	CLA	
3002	2671	2052	ISZ CNTR	/DONE ?
3003	2672	5247	JMP YLQP	/NO
3004	2673	1035	TAD YCUR	/UNITS
3005	2674	1354	TAD P60	
3006	2675	6141	LINC	/STORE
3007			L MODE	/THE TABLE
3010	0676	1377	STH I XCORD	/IS FINALLY
3011	0677	6122	JMP DSCXY	/READY
3012				/HERE TO
3013			P MODE	/DIS CURSOR
3014	2700	3035	CURDIS, DCA YCUR	/Y COORD
3015	2701	6214	RDF	
3016	2702	7110	CLL RAR	
3017	2703	7012	RTR	
3020	2704	3047	DCA XCURHI	/X COORD HI
3021	2705	1054	TAD BUFPTR	
3022	2706	3046	DCA XCURL0	/X COORD LO
3023	2707	7001	IAC	
3024	2710	3051	DCA TEMPHI	/DELTA V +,-1
3025	2711	1351	TAD CURLEN	/CURSOR IS VERT
3026	2712	3052	DCA CNTR	/LN OF LENGTH
3027				/=C(CURLEN)
3030	2713	1352	TAD MAXCUR	/IF Y COORD
3031	2714	1035	TAD YCUR	/TOO HI CURSOR
3032	2715	7750	SPA SNA CLA	/IS DIS BELOW
3033				/SPECTRUM
3034	2716	5321	JMP CURL0P-1	
3035	2717	7040	CMA	/TOO HI SET
3036	2720	3051	DCA TEMPHI	/DELTA V TO -1
3037	2721	1035	TAD YCUR	
3040	2722	1051	CURLOP, TAD TEMPHI	
3041	2723	6141	LINC	
3042			L MODE	
3043	0724	0157	DIS XCORD	
3044	0725	0002	POP	
3045			P MODE	

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3046	2726	2052	ISZ CNTR
3047	2727	5322	JMP CURLOP
3050	2730	5731	JMP I .+1
3051	2731	2275	CURRTN
3052			LMODE
3053	0732	0241	DSCCHR, ROL 1
3054	0733	1120	ADA I
3055	0734	7330	GRDTAB-1+2000
3056	0735	4014	STC GRDPTR
3057	0736	1120	ADA I
3060	0737	0000	VCOORD, 0
3061	0740	1774	DSC I GRDPTR
3062	0741	1774	DSC I GRDPTR
3063	0742	1020	LDA I
3064	0743	0002	P2, 2
3065	0744	0452	LZE .
3066	0745	2743	ADD P2
3067	0746	1140	ADM
3070	0747	0001	1
3071	0750	6000	JMP 0
3072			PMODE
3073	2751	7750	CURLEN, KURLEN
3074			/--LENGTH OF
3075	2752	7431	MAXCUR, -377~KURLEN
3076			/MAX Y COORD
3077			/FOR CURSOR
			/ABOVE SPECTRUM
3100	2753	7766	M12, -12
3101	2754	0060	P60, 60
3102	2755	0400	PP400, 400
3103	2756	7774	MM4, -4
3104	2757	0057	P57, 57
3105			PAGE
3106	3000	0000	MUL10, 0
3107	3001	3050	DCA TEMPLO
3110	3002	4217	JMS DSCL
3111	3003	1044	TAD DBLLO
3112	3004	3046	DCA ARGLO
3113	3005	1045	TAD DBLHI
3114	3006	3047	DCA ARGHI
3115	3007	4217	JMS DSCL
3116	3010	4217	JMS DSCL
3117	3011	4437	JMS I KDADD
3120	3012	3047	DCA ARGHI
3121	3013	1050	TAD TEMPLO
3122	3014	3046	DCA ARGLO
3123	3015	4437	JMS I KDADD
3124	3016	5600	JMP I MUL10
3125	3017	0000	DSCL, 0
3126	3020	7300	CLA CLL
3127	3021	1044	TAD DBLLO
3130	3022	7004	RAL
3131	3023	3044	DCA DBLLO
3132	3024	1045	TAD DBLHI
3133	3025	7004	RAL
3134	3026	3045	DCA DBLHI
3135	3027	5617	JMP I DSCL
3136	3030	0000	DCIA, 0
3137	3031	7200	CLA
3140	3032	1045	TAD DBLHI
3141	3033	7040	CMA
3142	3034	3045	DCA DBLHI
3143	3035	1044	TAD DBLLO
3144	3036	7041	CIA

3145	3037	7450	SNA	
3146	3040	2045	ISZ DBLHI	
3147	3041	3044	DCA DBLLO	
3150	3042	5630	JMP I DCIA	
3151	3043	0000	DSCL 4,	0
3152	3044	3050	DCA TEMPLO	/PACK BCD IN
3153	3045	4217	JMS DSCL	/DAC =ROL 4 +AC
3154	3046	4217	JMS DSCL	/MOVE 4 LEFT
3155	3047	4217	JMS DSCL	
3156	3050	4217	JMS DSCL	
3157	3051	1044	TAD DBLLO	
3160	3052	1050	TAD TEMPLO	
3161	3053	3044	DCA DBLLO	
3162	3054	5643	JMP I DSCL 4	
3163	3055	0000	UPACK,	0
3164	3056	7346	STA CLL RTL	/UNPACK DAC
3165	3057	3050	DCA TEMPLO	/PUT IN INITAB
3166	3060	5264	JMP ,+4	/5 VALS 3 IN
3167				/DBLLO
3170	3061	7012	PCKLOP,	RTR
3171	3062	7012		/NXT VAL
3172	3063	3044	DCA DBLLO	/TO LOW 4 BITS
3173	3064	1044	TAD DBLLO	/UPDATE
3174	3065	0306	AND P17	
3175	3066	3410	DCA I INIPTR	/1 VAL TO TABLE
3176	3067	1044	TAD DBLLO	
3177	3070	2050	ISZ TEMPLO	/DONE ?
3200	3071	5261	JMP PCKLOP	/NO
3201	3072	7200	CLA	
3202	3073	1045	TAD DBLHI	/LAST VALS
3203	3074	0306	AND P17	
3204	3075	3410	DCA I INIPTR	
3205	3076	1045	TAD DBLHI	
3206	3077	7012	RTR	
3207	3100	7012	RTR	
3210	3101	0306	AND P17	
3211	3102	3410	DCA I INIPTR	
3212	3103	3044	DCA DBLLO	
3213	3104	3045	DCA DBLHI	/CLR DAC
3214	3105	5655	JMP I UPACK	
3215	3106	0017	P17,	17
3216	3107	0000	CHKSWI,	0
3217	3110	1330	TAD HSWPTR	/SEE IF TISA
3220	3111	5004	DCA BETA2	/HAS HALTED
3221	3112	1036	TAD DEVNUM	/ANY DEVS
3222	3113	3052	DCA CNTR	/=NUM DEFINED
3223	3114	1404	CHKLOP,	TAD I BETA2
3224	3115	7510	SPA	/TISA HALT ?
3225	3116	5323	JMP BYHLT	/NO
3226	3117	3104	DCA TEMP	/HLT MESS
3227	3120	4501	JMS I KHLTMS	/TO QUE
3230	3121	7040	CMA	/CLR SWIT
3231	3122	3404	DCA I BETA2	
3232	3123	7200	BYHLT,	CLA
3233	3124	2004		ISZ BETA2
3234	3125	2052		ISZ CNTR
3235	3126	5314		JMP CHKLOP
3236	3127	5707		JMP I CHKSWI
3237	3130	0073	HSWPTR,	HSWIT0
3240				PAGE
3241				/FRESH START
3242				/CLR BUFFER
3243				/INIT ALL ARGS

3244	3200	0000	FRSTR,	0	
3245	3201	7200	CLA		/PUT 0\$ FROM
3246	3202	1034	TAD MINADR		/MINCDF,MINADR
3247	3203	3046	DCA ARGLO		/TO MAXCDF,7777
3250	3204	1033	TAD MINCDF		
3251	3205	3060	DCA CURCDF		
3252	3206	4672	CLRLOP,	JMS I KSET	/SET CDF
3253	3207	3446	DCA I ARGLO		/A 0 TO BUFER
3254	3210	2046	ISZ ARGLO		/DONE FIELD ?
3255	3211	5207	JMP , -2		/NO
3256	3212	2060	ISZ CURCDF		/ADV FLD
3257	3213	1060	TAD CURCDF		
3260	3214	7041	CIA		
3261	3215	1032	TAD MAXCDF		
3262	3216	7700	SMA CLA		
3263	3217	5206	JMP CLRLOP		/FINI ?
3264	3220	6201	CDF 0		/NO
3265	3221	3053	DCA BCNTR		/RESET FLD
3266	3222	1034	TAD MINADR		/DEV COUNT
3267	3223	3274	DCA LSSALO		/1ST AVAIL
3270	3224	1033	TAD MINCDF		/BUF ADDR
3271	3225	3275	DCA LSSAHI		/=SA DV 0
3272	3226	1106	TAD KINI		
3273	3227	3276	DCA LSINI		
3274	3230	1277	TAD KENC		/SA ENC TABLE
3275	3231	3300	DCA LSENC		
3276	3232	5600	JMP I FRSTR		
3277					/INIT ARGS FOR
3300					/CURRENT DEVICE
3301	3233	0000	RESTR,	0	
3302	3234	7200	CLA		
3303	3235	1053	TAD BCNTR		/=NUM OF
3304					/DEFINED DVS
3305	3236	3052	DCA CNTR		
3306	3237	1274	TAD LSSALO		/SA CURN DV
3307	3240	3021	DCA CURNLO		
3310	3241	1275	TAD LSSAHI		
3311	3242	3020	DCA CURNHI		
3312	3243	1276	TAD LSINI		
3313	3244	3010	DCA INIPTR		
3314	3245	1300	TAD LSENC		
3315	3246	3022	DCA ENCPTR		
3316	3247	3044	DCA DBLLO		
3317	3250	3045	DCA DBLHI		
3320	3251	1301	TAD P4060		
3321	3252	1052	TAD CNTR		/CURN DV NUM
3322	3253	3702	DCA I KXTX26		/TO QA TXT FLD
3323	3254	5633	JMP I RESTR		
3324					/INIT ARGS NXT
3325					/DV REVERSE OF
3326					/RESTR
3327	3255	0000	NXSTR,	0	
3330	3256	.7200	CLA		
3331	3257	1052	TAD CNTR		
3332	3260	3053	DCA BCNTR		
3333	3261	1021	TAD CURNLO		
3334	3262	3274	DCA LSSALO		
3335	3263	1020	TAD CURNHI		
3336	3264	3275	DCA LSSAHI		
3337	3265	1010	TAD INIPTR		
3340	3266	3276	DCA LSINI		
3341	3267	1022	TAD ENCPTR		
3342	3270	3300	DCA LSENC		

3343	3271	5655	JMP I NXSTR
3344	3272	2320	KSET, SETCDF
3345	3273	7757	INILEN, INISTR-INIEND-1
3346	3274	0000	LSSALO, 0
3347	3275	0000	LSSAHI, 0
3350	3276	0000	LSINI, 0
3351	3277	3306	KENC, ENCVAL
3352	3300	0000	LSENC, 0
3353	3301	4060	P4060, 4060
3354	3302	4573	KTXT26, TXT2+6
3355	3303	6144	KADR, INIAD=1
3356	3304	7776	CLKCNT, -2
3357	3305	4100	CLKMOD, 4100
3360	3306	0040	ENCVAL, 0040
3361	3307	0010	0010
3362	3310	0002	0002
3363	3311	0000	0
3364			/ENABLE CHAN 1
3365	3312	7200	QADUN, CLA
3366	3313	1052	TAD CNTR
3367	3314	7041	CIA
3370	3315	3036	STRRDE, DCA DEVNUM
3371	3316	1036	TAD DEVNUM
3372	3317	3510	DCA I KLAST
3373			/VERY LAST
3374			/ENTRY IN
			/TABLE
3375	3320	1036	TAD DEVNUM
3376	3321	3052	DCA CNTR
3377	3322	1106	TAD KINI
3400	3323	3010	DCA INIPTR
3401	3324	1303	TAD KADR
3402	3325	3011	DCA ADPTR
3403	3326	1273	LOP1, TAD INILEN
3404	3327	3053	DCA BCNTR
3405	3330	1411	LOP2, TAD I ADPTR
3406	3331	3104	DCA TEMP
3407	3332	1410	TAD I INIPTR
3410	3333	3504	DCA I TEMP
3411	3334	2053	ISZ BCNTR
3412	3335	5330	JMP LOP2
3413	3336	2052	ISZ CNTR
3414	3337	5326	JMP LOP1
3415	3340	1304	TAD CLKCNT
3416	3341	6133	CLAB
3417	3342	7200	CLA
3420	3343	1305	TAD CLKMOD
3421	3344	6132	CLLR
3422	3345	7200	CLA
3423	3346	3025	DCA QUECNT
3424	3347	1367	TAD KSTRQ
3425	3350	3023	DCA QUEIN
3426	3351	1367	TAD KSTRQ
3427	3352	3024	DCA QUEOUT
3430	3353	7040	CMA
3431	3354	3103	DCA MODE
3432	3355	1366	TAD K210
3433	3356	3021	DCA KBDBUF
3434	3357	3022	DCA TTYFLG
3435	3360	1365	TAD KTTY
3436	3361	3020	DCA ADMESS
3437	3362	6001	ION
3440	3363	4465	JMS I KIDLE
3441	3364	5363	JMP .=1
			/SET A/D MODE
			/PUT CNTRL H
			/IN KEYBRO BUF
			/SET TTY FOR
			/NOT BUSY
			/NO MESSAGES
			/HANG IN IDLE
			/LOOP TISA WILL
			/IMMEDIATELY

=

3442	3365	0022	KTTY,	TTYFLG	/SWITCH INTO
3443	3366	0210	K210,	210	/PAUSE MODE
3444	3367	6373	KSTRQ,	STRQUE	
3445				PAGE	
3446	3400	0000	P1DAC,	0	/ADD 1 TO DAC
3447	3401	7201		CLA IAC	
3450	3402	3046		DCA ARGLO	
3451	3403	3047		DCA ARGHI	
3452	3404	4437		JMS I KDADD	
3453	3405	5600		JMP I P1DAC	
3454	3406	0000	LOHI,	0	
3455	3407	1021		TAD CURNLO	/SA LO HI
3456	3410			DCA I INIPTR	/TO TABLE
3457	3411	1020		TAD CURNHI	
3460	3412	3410		DCA I INIPTR	
3461	3413	1021		TAD CURNLO	
3462	3414	3044		DCA DBLLO	
3463	3415	1020		TAD CURNHI	
3464	3416	3045		DCA DBLHI	
3465	3417	4627		JMS I KKDCIA	/DBL PREC CIA
3466	3420	1044		TAD DBLLO	/=SA LO HI
3467	3421	3410		DCA I INIPTR	/TO TABLE
3470	3422	1045		TAD DBLHI	
3471	3423	3410		DCA I INIPTR	
3472	3424	3044		DCA DBLLO	
3473	3425	3045		DCA DBLHI	
3474	3426	5606		JMP I LOHI	
3475	3427	3030	KKDCIA,	DCIA	
3476	3430	0000	GBLK,	0	
3477					/DETERMINE
3500					/BUFER LEN
3501					/AS A FCN OF
3502					/TBLKS FOR
3503	3431	7200		CLA	/TAPE ROUTS
3504	3432	1023		TAD QUEIN	
3505	3433	3044		DCA DBLLO	/LAST USED
3506	3434	1024		TAD QUEOUT	/CORE LOC
3507	3435	3045		DCA DBLHI	
3510	3436	1034		TAD MINADR	
3511	3437	3046		DCA ARGLO	
3512	3440	1033		TAD MINCDF	
3513	3441	3047		DCA ARGHI	
3514	3442	4437		JMS I KDADD	/DAC NOW--
3515					/TOT CORE
3516					/LOCs USED
3517	3443	1260		TAD PL400	
3520	3444	3046		DCA ARGLO	
3521	3445	3047		DCA ARGHI	
3522	3446	3053		DCA BCNTR	
3523	3447	4437		JMS I KDADD	/ADD 400
3524	3450	2053		ISZ BCNTR	/COUNT TBLKS
3525	3451	7430		SZL	/DONE ?
3526	3452	5247		JMP I =3	/NO
3527	3453	7005		IAC RAL	/2 BLKS OF HDR
3530	3454	1053		TAD BCNTR	
3531	3455	7041		CIA	
3532	3456	3507		DCA I KBLKCT	
3533	3457	5630		JMP I GBLK	
3534	3460	0400	PL400,	400	
3535	3461	0000	HLTMS,	0	/PUT HLT MESS
3536	3462	1314		TAD AHLTMS	/ADDR OF MESS
3537	3463	4505		JMS I KQUPUT	/INPUT MESS
3540	3464	4317		JMS NUMPUT	/DEV NUM TO QUE

3541	3465	1103	TAD MODE	
3542	3466	7700	SMA CLA	/PAUSE MODE ?
3543	3467	5661	JMP I HLTMS	/YES
3544	3470	1036	TAD DEVNUM	/CHK FOR PAUSE
3545	3471	3053	DCA BCNTR	/ALL SELECT
3546	3472	7040	CMA	/WORDS MUST
3547	3473	1100	TAD SELPTR	/BE 0
3550	3474	3011	DCA ADPTR	
3551	3475	1411	HLTLOP, TAD I ADPTR	
3552	3476	7640	SZA CLA	/DEV K HALTED ?
3553	3477	5661	JMP I HLTMS	/NO EXIT
3554	3500	2053	ISZ BCNTR	/CHKED ALL ?
3555	3501	5275	JMP HLTLOP	/NO
3556	3502	1316	TAD HALTAL	/PAUSE MODE
3557	3503	4505	JMS I KQUPUT	/INPUT MESS
3560	3504	3103	DCA MODE	/0=PAUSE
3561	3505	6134	CLEN	/CLR CLOCK
3562	3506	5661	JMP I HLTMS	
3563	3507	0000	GOMS,	/PUT GO MESS
3564	3510	1315	TAD AGOMS	
3565	3511	4505	JMS I KQUPUT	/INPUT MESS
3566	3512	4317	JMS NUMPUT	
3567	3513	5707	JMP I GOMS	
3570	3514	6527	AHLTMS, MSHLT	/ADDR OF HLT MS
3571	3515	6550	AGOMS, MSGO	/ADDR OF GO MS
3572	3516	6661	HALTAL, ALLHLT	/ADDR OF PAUSE
3573				/MODE MESS
3574	3517	0000	NUMPUT, 0	
3575	3520	1104	TAD TEMP	
3576	3521	1326	TAD KNUM	
3577	3522	3003	DCA BETA1	
3600	3523	1403	TAD I BETA1	
3601	3524	4505	JMS I KQUPUT	
3602	3525	5717	JMP I NUMPUT	
3603	3526	6522	KNUM, NUM0	
3604				/X-Y TABLE
3605				/FOR DSC OF
3606				/X=====
3607				/Y=-
3610			LMODE	
3611	1527	3075	DCODEX, 3075	/X, =
3612	1530	4300	CR1 00	/EOL, 100K
3613	1531	0000	0000	/10K, 1K
3614	1532	0000	0000	/100, 10
3615	1533	0043	00 CR	/UNITS, EOL
3616	1534	3175	DCODEY, 3175	/Y, =
3617	1535	4300	CR1 00	/EOL, 100
3620	1536	0000	0000	/10, UNITS
3621	1537	7700	ENDWD1	/EOM
3622				/TABLE OF VERT
3623				/COORDS FOR
3624				/HELP FRAME
3625				/DISPLAY
3626	1540	0340	VCTAB, 340	/D DIAL
3627	1541	0240	240	/A/D MODE
3630	1542	0200	200	/CTRL/H
3631	1543	0160	160	/HN
3632	1544	0140	140	/P
3633	1545	0120	120	/F
3634	1546	0020	20	/PAUSE MODE
3635	1547	7757	-20	/GN
3636	1550	7737	-40	/S
3637	1551	7717	-60	/W

3640	1552	7677	-100	/C
3641	1553	7657	-120	/M
3642	1554	7637	-140	/L
3643	1555	7617	-160	/P
3644	1556	7577	-200	/F
3645				/TABLE OF HORIZ
3646				/COORDS
3647	1557	0020	HCTAB,	20
3650	1560	0260		260
3651	1561	0164		164
3652	1562	0354		354
3653	1563	0310		310
3654	1564	0454		454
3655	1565	0310		310
3656	1566	0454		454
3657	1567	0310		310
3660	1570	0454		454
3661	1571	0276		276
3662	1572	0454		454
3663	1573	0164		164
3664	1574	0354		354
3665	1575	0310		310
3666	1576	0454		454
3667	1577	0310		310
3670	1600	0454		454
3671	1601	0310		310
3672	1602	0454		454
3673	1603	0310		310
3674	1604	0454		454
3675	1605	0310		310
3676	1606	0454		454
3677	1607	0310		310
3700	1610	0454		454
3701	1611	0310		310
3702	1612	0454		454
3703	1613	0276		276
3704	1614	0454		454
3705				/FREEZE
3706				/DIAL ENCODED MESSAGE
3707				/FORMAT IS:
3710			/D	DIAL
3711			/	
3712			/	A/D MODE
3713			/	
3714			/	CTRL/H HALT ALL INSTRUMENTS
3715			/	HN HALT INSTRUMENT N
3716			/	P POLARITY
3717			/	F FREEZE
3720			/	
3721			/	PAUSE MODE
3722			/	GN GO INSTRUMENT N
3723			/	S SETUP
3724			/	W WRITE TAPE
3725			/	C CATALCAL
3726			/	M MAGSPY
3727			/	L LOADER
3730			/	P POLARITY
3731			/	F FREEZE
3732	1615	0604		
3732	1616	3604		
3732	1617	1101		
3732				HLPTAB, TEXT 9FD+DIAL
3733	1620	1443		

3733 1621 0601
3733 1622 5704
3733 1623 3615
3733 1624 1704

FAD MODE

3734 1625 0543
3734 1626 0324
3734 1627 2214
3734 1630 5710
3734 1631 3610
3734 1632 0114
3734 1633 2440
3734 1634 0114
3734 1635 1440
3734 1636 1116
3734 1637 2324
3734 1640 2225
3734 1641 1505
3734 1642 1624

CTRL/H HALT ALL INSTRUMENTS

3735 1643 2343
3735 1644 1016
3735 1645 3610
3735 1646 0114
3735 1647 2440
3735 1650 1116
3735 1651 2324
3735 1652 2225
3735 1653 1505
3735 1654 1624

HN HALT INSTRUMENT N

3736 1655 4016
3736 1656 4320
3736 1657 3620
3736 1660 1714
3736 1661 0122
3736 1662 1124

P POLARITY

3737 1663 3143
3737 1664 4006
3737 1665 3606
3737 1666 2205
3737 1667 0532

F FREEZE

3740 1670 0543
3740 1671 0620
3740 1672 0125
3740 1673 2305
3740 1674 3615
3740 1675 1704

FPAUSE MODE

3741 1676 0543
3741 1677 0716
3741 1700 3607
3741 1701 1740
3741 1702 1116
3741 1703 2324
3741 1704 2225
3741 1705 1505
3741 1706 1624

GN GO INSTRUMENT N

3742 1707 4016
3742 1710 4323

3742	1711	3623	
3742	1712	0524	S+SETUP
3742			
3743	1713	2520	
3743	1714	4327	
3743	1715	3627	
3743	1716	2211	
3743	1717	2405	
3743	1720	4024	
3743	1721	0120	
3743			W+WRITE TAPE
3744	1722	0543	
3744	1723	0336	
3744	1724	0301	
3744	1725	2401	
3744	1726	0301	
3744			C+CATAL
3745	1727	1443	
3745	1730	1536	
3745	1731	1501	
3745	1732	0723	
3745			M+MAGSPY
3746	1733	2031	
3746	1734	4314	
3746	1735	3614	
3746	1736	1701	
3746	1737	0405	
3746			L+LOADER
3747	1740	2243	
3747	1741	2036	
3747	1742	2017	
3747	1743	1401	
3747	1744	2211	
3747			P+POLARITY
3750	1745	2431	
3750	1746	4340	
3750	1747	0636	
3750	1750	0622	
3750	1751	0505	
3750			F+FREEZE
3751	1752	3205	
3751	1753	4377	
3751			?
3752	1754	0000	AAAS1, 0
3753			/QANDA AND SETUP ROUTINES
3754			SEGMENT 2
3755			QAFLD=4000
3756			#1 /ONCE ONLY
3757	0001	1020	LDA I
3760	0002	0010	EXTMTP /NO PAUSE
3761	0003	0001	AXO
3762	0004	0707	CHK
3763	0005	0270	270
3764	0006	0603	LIF 3 /DETERMINE
3765	0007	7001	JMP MEMCHK /CORE SIZE
3766			/RTN TO SETUP
3767			*15
3770	0015	0643	DIAL, LDF 3 /RESTART
3771	0016	0721	RCG I /DIAL
3772	0017	7300	7300
3773	0020	6023	START, JMP SETUP
3774	0021	0440	CHKNS, SNS 0 /INIT SETUP
3775	0022	7066	JMP QARFSH /ON SSW0=1

3776	0023	0002	SETUP,	PDP	
3777				PMODE	
4000	4024	4763		JMS I KFRSTR	/INIT ALL
4001	4025	6141		LINC	/DSC
4002				LMODE	/PARAM INPUT
4003	0026	7013	MESS1,	JMP QAINIT	/DO -
4004	0027	0535		TXT1	/1 LINC TAPE
4005	0030	0524		ANSWER	/2 KEYBOARD
4006	0031	6021		JMP CHKSNS	
4007	0032	1300		LDH	
4010	0033	4524		ANSWER+HBIT	
4011	0034	1420		SHD I	
4012	0035	6100		6100	/READ ?
4013	0036	6344		JMP READ	/YES
4014	0037	1460		SAE I	
4015	0040	0062		62	/KEYBRD ?
4016	0041	6026		JMP MESS1	/NO ERROR
4017	0042	0002		PDP	
4020				PMODE	/INIT ARGS FOR
4021	4043	4764	MESS2,	JMS I KRESTR	/DEV K
4022	4044	4773		JMS I KLOHI	
4023	4045	6141		LINC	/DSC
4024				LMODE	/INST K IS -
4025	0046	7013	REMS2,	JMP QAINIT	/(1=ANA, 2=ENC)
4026	0047	0565		TXT2	/ST PNT -----
4027	0050	0524		ANSWER	/TOT PT -----
4030	0051	6021		JMP CHKSNS	/SAM FREQ --
4031	0052	0074		SET I ANSPTR	
4032	0053	0525		ANSWER+1	
4033	0054	1300		LDH	/CHK ANA OR
4034	0055	4524		ANSWER+HBIT	/ENC
4035	0056	1420		SHD I	
4036	0057	6100		6100	/ANALOG ?
4037	0060	6073		JMP SETANA	/YES
4040	0061	1460		SAE I	
4041	0062	0062		62	/ENCODED ?
4042	0063	6046		JMP REMS2	/NO ERROR
4043	0064	0002		PDP	
4044				PMODE	
4045	4065	7200		CLA	
4046	4066	1422		TAD I ENCPTR	/ANY MORE
4047	4067	7450		SNA	/ENCODERS ?
4050	4070	5765		JMP I KERENC	/NO ENC ERROR
4051	4071	2022		ISZ ENCPTR	/SET FOR NXT
4052	4072	5276		JMP A1CONT	
4053				LMODE	
4054	0073	1020	SETANA,	LDA I	
4055	0074	4000		ANAVAL	
4056	0075	0002		PDP	
4057				PMODE	
4060	4076	3410	A1CONT,	DCA I INIPTR	/SELECT WD TO
4061					/INIT TABLE
4062	4077	2052		ISZ CNTR	/UP DV CNT
4063					/X COORD DV K
4064	4100	4463	A2LOP,	JMS I KDIG	/GET 1 DIGIT
4065					/FROM QA FLD
4066	4101	5243		JMP MESS2	/INPUT ERROR
4067	4102	5305		JMP A2CONT	/DONE QA FLD
4070	4103	4766		JMS I KDSCL4	/1 BCD VAL IS
4071					/AC SCALE AND
4072					/PACK IN DAC
4073	4104	5300		JMP A2LOP	
4074	4105	4767	A2CONT,	JMS I KUPACK	/UNPACK AND PUT

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4075				/IN TABLE
4076				/TOTAL POINTS
4077	4106	4463	A3LOP,	/GET 1 DIGIT
4100	4107	5243	JMP MESS2	/INPUT ERROR
4101	4110	5313	JMP A3CONT	/DONE QA FLD
4102	4111	4464	JMS I KMUL10	/DECIMAL TO /OCTAL CVERT
4103				/ANSWER IN DAC
4104				
4105	4112	5306	JMP A3LOP	
4106	4113	7200	A3CONT,	CLA
4107	4114	1044	TAD DBLLO	/CHK FOR /NO POINTS
4110	4115	7640	SZA CLA	
4111	4116	5322	JMP NOT0	
4112	4117	1045	TAD DBLHI	
4113	4120	7650	SNA CLA	
4114	4121	5770	JMP I KEROPT	/ERR 0 PTS
4115	4122	1021	NOT0,	TAD CURNLO
4116	4123	3046	DCA ARGLO	/GET ST ADDR
4117	4124	1020	TAD CURNHI	/NXT DV
4120	4125	3047	DCA ARGHI	/*TOT PTS+
4121	4126	4437	JMS I KDADD	/ST ADDR DV K
4122	4127	1044	TAD DBLLO	/SAVE NXT SA
4123	4130	3021	DCA CURNLO	
4124	4131	1045	TAD DBLHI	
4125	4132	3020	DCA CURNHI	
4126	4133	4771	JMS I KDCIA	/2S COM DAC
4127	4134	1044	TAD DBLLO	
4130	4135	3410	DCA I INIPTR	/=SA ADDR
4131	4136	1045	TAD DBLHI	/NEXT DEV
4132	4137	3410	DCA I INIPTR	
4133	4140	1044	TAD DBLLO	/SAVE FOR
4134	4141	3023	DCA QUEIN	/GBLK SR
4135	4142	1045	TAD DBLHI	
4136	4143	3024	DCA QUEOUT	
4137	4144	4774	JMS I KP1DAC	
4140	4145	1044	TAD DBLLO	/=END ADDR
4141	4146	3410	DCA I INIPTR	/DEV K
4142	4147	1045	TAD DBLHI	
4143	4150	3410	DCA I INIPTR	
4144				/CHK FOR
4145	4151	1032	TAD MAXCDF	/BUFFER FULL
4146	4152	3047	DCA ARGHI	
4147	4153	7040	CMA	
4150	4154	3046	DCA ARGLO	
4151	4155	4437	JMS I KDADD	/IF -END ADR IS
4152				/GT BUF LEN
4153				/BUF IS EXCEEDED
4154	4156	7420	SNL	/IS DAC = ?
4155	4157	5762	JMP I KCONMS	
4156	4160	4772	JMS I KERFUL	/YES BUF ERROR
4157	4161	5243	JMP MESS2	
4160	4162	4200	KCONMS, CONMS2	
4161	4163	3200	KFRSTR, FRSTR	
4162	4164	3233	KRESTR, RESTR	
4163	4165	4303	KERENC, ERRENC	
4164	4166	3043	KDSCL4, DSCL4	
4165	4167	3055	KUPACK, UPACK	
4166	4170	4311	KEROPT, ERROPT	
4167	4171	3030	KDCIA, DCIA	
4170	4172	4317	KERFUL, ERRFUL	
4171	4173	3406	KLOHI, LOHI	
4172	4174	3400	KP1DAC, P1DAC	
4173				*QAFLD+200

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4174	4200	1044	CONMS2,	TAD DBLLO	
4175	4201	7640	SZA CLA	/SET BUFF FULL	
4176	4202	5207	JMP OK2		
4177	4203	1045	TAD DBLHI	/SWITCH	
4200	4204	7640	SZA CLA	/7777=FULL	
4201	4205	5207	JMP OK2		
4202	4206	7040	CMA	/ITS FULL	
4203	4207	3026	OK2,	DCA STATUS	
4204	4210	3044		DCA DBLLO	/SAM FREQ
4205	4211	4463	A4,	JMS I KDIG	/1 DIGIT
4206	4212	5700		JMP I KMESS2	/INPUT ERROR
4207	4213	5216		JMP A4CONT	/DONE QA FLD
4210	4214	4464		JMS I KMUL10	/DEC TO OCT
4211	4215	5211		JMP A4	
4212	4216	7200	A4CONT,	CLA	
4213	4217	1044		TAD DBLLO	/CHK GT 10
4214	4220	1301		TAD NEG12	
4215	4221	7740		SMA SZA CLA	
4216	4222	5327		JMP ERFREQ	/ERROR FREQ
4217	4223	1044		TAD DBLLO	/SET 0=1
4220	4224	7450		SNA	
4221	4225	7001		IAC	
4222	4226	7041		CIA	/- FREQ TO TAB
4223	4227	3050		DCA TEMPLO	
4224	4230	1050		TAD TEMPLO	
4225	4231	3410		DCA I INIPTR	
4226	4232	1050		TAD TEMPLO	
4227	4233	3410		DCA I INIPTR	
4230	4234	1050		TAD TEMPLO	
4231	4235	3410		DCA I INIPTR	
4232	4236	6141		LINC	/DSC
4233				LMODE	/DO -
4234	0237	7013	MESS3,	JMP @INIT	/1 MORE INSTS
4235	0240	0650		TXT3	/2 START
4236	0241	0524		ANSWER	
4237	0242	6021		JMP CHKSNS	
4240	0243	1300		LDH	
4241	0244	4524		ANSWER+HBIT	
4242	0245	1420		SHD	
4243	0246	6200		6200	/START ?
4244	0247	6270		JMP ALLDUN	/YES
4245	0250	1460		SAE	
4246	0251	0061		61	/MORE DVS ?
4247	0252	6237		JMP MESS3	/NO ERROR
4250	0253	0002		POP	
4251				PMODE	/CHK FOR NO
4252	4254	7200		CLA	/MORE DEVICES
4253	4255	1052		TAD CNTR	/#NUM DEFINED
4254	4256	1061		TAD MAXDVN	/--NUM ALLOWED
4255	4257	7650		SNA CLA	
4256	4260	5335		JMP ERRDEV	/ERROR NO MORE
4257					/DEVICES
4260	4261	1026		TAD STATUS	/CHK FOR NO
4261	4262	7700		SMA CLA	/MORE PTS
4262	4263	5266		JMP OK1	
4263	4264	4317		JMS ERFUL	/NONE LEFT FOR
4264	4265	5236		JMP MESS3-1	/NEXT DEV
4265	4266	4677	OK1,	JMS I KNXSTR	/SET ARGS FOR
4266					/DEVICE K+1
4267	4267	5700		JMP I KMESS2	/DO IT ALL
4270					/OVER AGAIN
4271				LMODE	
4272	0270	1020	ALLDUN, LDA I		

4273	0271	0020	20	/I\O PRESET
4274	0272	0004	ESF	
4275	0273	0002	POP	
4276			PMODE	
4277	4274	4702	JMS I KGBLK	/GET BLK CNT
4300	4275	5676	JMP I ,+1	
4301	4276	3312	QADUN	
4302	4277	3255	KNXSTR, NXSTR	
4303	4300	4043	KMESS2, MESS2	
4304	4301	7766	NEG12, -12	
4305	4302	3430	KGBLK, GBLK	
4306	4303	6141	ERRENC, LINC	
4307			LMODE	
4310	0304	7013	JMP QAINIT	/DSC
4311	0305	1006	TXT14	/ERR ENC
4312	0306	0000	0	
4313	0307	6021	JMP CHKSNS	
4314	0310	6046	JMP REM\$2	
4315	0311	6141	ERROPT, 6141	/LINC
4316	0312	7013	JMP QAINIT	/DSC
4317	0313	0757	TXT10	/ERR 0 PTS
4320	0314	0000	0	
4321	0315	6021	JMP CHKSNS	
4322	0316	6042	JMP MESS2-1	
4323	0317	0000	ERRFUL, 0	
4324	0320	6141	6141	/LINC
4325	0321	7013	JMP QAINIT	/DSC
4326	0322	0765	TXT11	/ERR BUF FULL
4327	0323	0000	0	
4330	0324	6021	JMP CHKSNS	
4331	0325	0002	POP	
4332			PMODE	
4333	4326	5717	JMP I ERRFUL	
4334			LMODE	
4335	0327	6141	ERFREQ, 6141	/DSC
4336	0330	7013	JMP QAINIT	/ERR FREQ
4337	0331	0774	TXT12	
4340	0332	0000	FREE, 0	
4341	0333	6021	JMP CHKSNS	
4342	0334	6042	JMP MESS2-1	
4343	0335	6141	ERRDEV, 6141	/DSC
4344	0336	7013	JMP QAINIT	/ERR DEV
4345	0337	1001	TXT13	
4346	0340	0000	0	
4347	0341	6021	JMP CHKSNS	
4350	0342	6237	JMP MESS3	
4351	0343	6141	6141	/LINC
4352	0344	7013	JMP QAINIT	/DSC
4353	0345	0705	TXT5	/READ TBLK ---
4354	0346	0524	ANSWER	/UNIT -
4355	0347	6021	JMP CHKSNS	
4356	0350	0074	SET I ANSPTR	
4357	0351	0524	ANSWER	
4360	0352	0002	POP	
4361			PMODE	
4362	4353	5754	JMP I ,+1	
4363	4354	1664	DORDC	
4364			PAGE	
4365	4400	6002	WRIT, IOF	/IGNORE KBRD
4366				/DURING WRITE
4367	4401	1507	TAD I KBLKCT	/-NUM TO DO
4370	4402	7041	CIA	
4371	4403	6141	LINC	

4372			LMODE	
4373	0404	4332	STC FREE	/PUT TBLK
4374	0405	0074	SET I ANSPTR	/NUM (3 DIGITS)
4375	0406	0723	TXT6+3	/IN QANDA TEXT
4376	0407	2332	ADD FREE	/AT TXT6+3,
4377	0410	0306	ROR 6	/TXT6+4,
4400	0411	1560	BCL I	/AND TXT6+5
4401	0412	7770	7770	
4402	0413	2513	ADD PL60	
4403	0414	1374	STH I ANSPTR	
4404	0415	1000	LDA	
4405	0416	0332	FREE	
4406	0417	0303	ROR 3	
4407	0420	1560	BCL I	
4410	0421	7770	7770	
4411	0422	2513	ADD PL60	
4412	0423	1374	STH I ANSPTR	
4413	0424	1000	LDA	
4414	0425	0332	FREE	
4415	0426	1560	BCL I	
4416	0427	7770	7770	
4417	0430	2513	ADD PL60	
4420	0431	1374	STH I ANSPTR	
4421	0432	0643	LDF 3	/EXP NAME
4422	0433	7013	JMP QAINIT	/-----
4423	0434	0672	TXT4	
4424	0435	2005	ANS4+2000	
4425	0436	7066	JMP QARFSH	
4426	0437	1020	LDA I	/PATCH SPACE
4427	0440	0040	40	/AROUND NAME
4430	0441	1340	STH	/FOR MAGSPY
4431	0442	2005	ANS4+2000	
4432	0443	7013	JMP QAINIT	/DSC
4433	0444	0720	TXT6	/WRITE ---
4434	0445	0524	ANSWER	/TBLKS
4435	0446	7066	JMP QARFSH	/1ST TBLK ---
4436	0447	0074	SET I ANSPTR	/UNIT -
4437	0450	0524	ANSWER	
4440	0451	0002	PDP	
4441			PMODE	
4442	4452	5653	JMP I ,+1	
4443	4453	1746	DOWRC	
4444			LMODE	
4445	0454	7013	LOAD,	
4446	0455	0747	JMP QAINIT	/DSC
4447	0456	0524	TXT7	/LOAD -----
4450	0457	7066	ANSWER	/UNIT -
4451	0460	1300	JMP QARFSH	
4452	0461	4524	LDH	
4453	0462	0470	ANSWER+HBIT	
4454	0463	6454	AZE I	
4455	0464	0600	JMP LOAD	
4456	0465	7525	LIF 0	
4457	0466	0000	JMP KLOAD	
4460	0467	6141	DIGCHK, 0	/CHK NUMERIC
4461	0470	1334	6141	/INPUT
4462	0471	1420	DLOOP, LDH I ANSPTR	/FROM QA FLD
4463	0472	7400	SHD I'	
4464	0473	6517	QAEOL1	
4465	0474	0470	JMP EOLXIT-QAFLD	
4466	0475	6470	AZE I	/BLANK INPUT ?
4467	0476	1420	JMP DLOOP	/YES IGNORE
4470	0477	3400	SHD I	
			QAEOM1	

4471	0500	6517	JMP EOLXIT-QAFLD
4472	0501	1120	ADA I
4473	0502	7720	-57
4474	0503	0451	APO /DIGIT ?
4475	0504	6522	JMP ERRXIT-QAFLD/NO ILLEGAL /INPUT
4476			
4477	0505	1120	ADA I
4500	0506	7765	UPLIM, -12 /=10 OR =12
4501	0507	0471	APO I /DIGIT ?
4502	0510	6522	JMP ERRXIT-QAFLD
4503	0511	1314	LDH ANSPTR
4504	0512	1560	BCL I /PUT DIGIT
4505	0513	0060	60 /IN AC
4506	0514	0002	POP
4507			P MODE
4510	4515	2266	ISZ DIGCHK /P+3 IS NORMAL
4511	4516	7410	SKP
4512	4517	0002	EOLXIT, 2 /PDP
4513	4520	2266	ISZ DIGCHK /P+2 IS EOL
4514	4521	7410	SKP
4515	4522	0002	ERRXIT, 2 /P+1 IS ERR
4516	4523	5666	JMP I DIGCHK /RTN
4517			L MODE
4520	0524	0000	ANSWER, 0
4521	0525	0000	0
4522	0526	0000	0
4523	0527	0000	0
4524	0530	0000	0
4525	0531	0000	0
4526	0532	0000	0
4527	0533	0000	0
4530	0534	0000	0
4531	0535	0620	
4531	0536	0122	
4531	0537	0115	
4531	0540	0024	
4531	0541	0022	
4531	0542	4011	
4531	0543	1620	
4531			TXT1, TEXT ?FPARAMETER INPUT
4532	0544	2024	
4532	0545	4306	
4532	0546	0417	
4532			F00<1
4533	0547	7461	
4533	0550	4306	
4533	0551	6140	
4533	0552	1411	
4533	0553	1603	
4533	0554	4024	
4533	0555	0120	
4533			F1 LINC TAPE
4534	0556	0543	
4534	0557	0662	
4534	0560	4013	
4534	0561	0531	
4534	0562	0217	
4534	0563	0122	
4534	0564	0434	
4534			F2 KEYBOARD\?
4535	0565	0511	
4535	0566	1623	
4535	0567	2422	

4535 0570 2515
4535 0571 0516
4535 0572 2440
4535 0573 3031
4535 0574 4011
4535 0575 2374

4535 0576 0143
4536

4537 0577 4043
4537 0600 4040
4537 0601 4040
4537 0602 5061
4537 0603 7501
4537 0604 1601
4537 0605 1417
4537 0606 0754
4537 0607 4062
4537 0610 7505
4537 0611 1603
4537 0612 1704
4537 0613 0504

4537 0614 2143
4540 0615 0623
4540 0616 2401

4540 0617 2224
4540 0620 1116
4540 0621 0740
4540 0622 2017
4540 0623 1116
4540 0624 2475

4540 0625 7465

4541 0626 4306
4541 0627 2417
4541 0630 2401
4541 0631 1440
4541 0632 2017
4541 0633 1116
4541 0634 2423
4541 0635 7574

4541 0636 6543

4542 0637 0623
4542 0640 0115

4542 0641 2014

4542 0642 1116
4542 0643 0740

4542 0644 0622

4542 0645 0521

4542 0646 7574

4542 0647 6234

4542 0650 0604

4543 0651 1774

4543 0652 6143

4544 0653 0661

4544 0654 4015

4544 0655 1722

4544 0656 0540

4544 0657 1116

TXT2, TEXT ?F INSTRUMENT XY IS<1

(1=ANALOG, 2=ENCODED)

FSTARTING POINT=<5

FTOTAL POINTS=<5

FSAMPLING FREQ=<21?

TXT3, TEXT ?F00<1

4544 0600 2324
4544 0601 2220
4544 0602 1500
4544 0603 1624

F1 MORE INSTRUMENTS

4545 0604 2343
4545 0605 0662
4545 0606 4023
4545 0607 2401
4545 0608 2224
4545 0609 3400

F2 START\?

4546 0610 0605
4546 0611 3020
4546 0612 0522
4546 0613 1115
4546 0614 0516
4546 0615 2440
4546 0616 1601

TXT4, TEXT ?FEXPERIMENT NAME

4547 0617 1505
4547 0618 4306
4547 0619 7470
4547 0620 3400

F<8\?

4550 0621 0622
4550 0622 0501
4550 0623 0440
4550 0624 2402
4550 0625 1413

TXT5, TEXT ?FREAD TBLK<3

4551 0626 7463
4551 0627 4306
4551 0628 2516
4551 0629 1124
4551 0630 7461
4551 0631 3400

FUNIT<1\?

4552 0632 0627
4552 0633 2211
4552 0634 2405
4552 0635 4030
4552 0636 3132
4552 0637 4050
4552 0638 1703
4552 0639 2451
4552 0640 4024
4552 0641 0214

TXT6, TEXT ?FWRITE XYZ (OCT) TBLKS

4553 0642 1323
4553 0643 4306
4553 0644 0611
4553 0645 2223
4553 0646 2440
4553 0647 2402
4553 0648 1413
4553 0649 7574

FFIRST TBLK=<3

4554 0650 6343
4554 0651 0625
4554 0652 1611
4554 0653 2474
4554 0654 6134

4554			FUNIT<1\?
4555	0747	0614	
4555	0750	1701	
4555	0751	0474	
4555			TXT7, TEXT ?FILEADCKS
4556	0752	7043	
4556	0753	0625	
4556	0754	1611	
4556	0755	2474	
4556	0756	6134	
4556			FUNIT<1\?
4557	0757	0605	
4557	0760	2222	
4557	0761	4060	
4557	0762	4020	
4557	0763	2423	
4557	0764	3400	
4557			TXT10, TEXT ?FERR @ PTS\?
4560	0765	0605	
4560	0766	2222	
4560	0767	4002	
4560	0770	2506	
4560	0771	4006	
4560	0772	2514	
4560	0773	1434	
4560			TXT11, TEXT ?FERR BUF FULL\?
4561	0774	0605	
4561	0775	2222	
4561	0776	4006	
4561	0777	2205	
4561	1000	2134	
4561			TXT12, TEXT ?FERR FREQ\?
4562	1001	0605	
4562	1002	2222	
4562	1003	4011	
4562	1004	1623	
4562	1005	2434	
4562			TXT13, TEXT ?FERR INST\?
4563	1006	0605	
4563	1007	2222	
4563	1010	4005	
4563	1011	1603	
4563	1012	3400	
4563			TXT14, TEXT ?FERR ENC\?
4564			NOLIST
5530	1701	0000	AAAS2,
5531			0
5532			SEGMENT 3
5533	0001	4040	#1
5534	0002	4040	/SPACE FMT
5535	0003	4040	/AROUND NAME
5536	0004	4040	/FOR MAGSPY
5537	0005	0000	FIRST, 4040
5540	0006	0000	4040
5541	0007	0000	4040
5542	0010	0000	4040
5543	0011	0000	4040
5544	0012	4040	ANS4, 0
5545	0013	4040	0
5546	0014	4040	0
5547	0015	4040	0
5550			/EXPERIMENT
5551			/NAME
			PMODE
			/INITIALIZATION TABLE FILLED BY

5552 /SETUP AND READ ROUTS
 5553 /17 VALUES PER DEVICE 4 DEVICES
 5554 6016 0001 INISTR, 1 /SA LO
 5555 6017 0002 2 /SA HI
 5556 6020 0003 3 /-SA LO
 5557 6021 0004 4 /-SA HI
 5560 6022 0005 5 /SELECT WORD
 5561 6023 0006 6 /X COORD 1S
 5562 6024 0007 7 /10S
 5563 6025 0010 8 /100S
 5564 6026 0011 9 /1000S
 5565 6027 0010 10 /10000S
 5566 6030 0011 11 /-SA LO NXT DV
 5567 6031 0012 12 /-SA HI NXT DV
 5570 6032 0013 13 /-(EA LO,EA HI)
 5571 6033 0014 14 /
 5572 6034 0015 15 /-SAM FREQ
 5573 6035 0016 16 /-SAM FREQ
 5574 6036 0017 17 /-SAM FREQ
 5575 6037 0001 INIEND, 1 /DEVICE 1
 5576 6040 0002 2
 5577 6041 0003 3
 5600 6042 0004 4
 5601 6043 0005 5
 5602 6044 0006 6
 5603 6045 0007 7
 5604 6046 0010 8
 5605 6047 0011 9
 5606 6050 0010 10
 5607 6051 0011 11
 5610 6052 0012 12
 5611 6053 0013 13
 5612 6054 0014 14
 5613 6055 0015 15
 5614 6056 0016 16
 5615 6057 0017 17
 5616 6060 0001 1 /DEVICE 2
 5617 6061 0002 2
 5620 6062 0003 3
 5621 6063 0004 4
 5622 6064 0005 5
 5623 6065 0006 6
 5624 6066 0007 7
 5625 6067 0010 8
 5626 6070 0011 9
 5627 6071 0010 10
 5630 6072 0011 11
 5631 6073 0012 12
 5632 6074 0013 13
 5633 6075 0014 14
 5634 6076 0015 15
 5635 6077 0016 16
 5636 6100 0017 17
 5637 6101 0001 1 /DEVICE 3
 5640 6102 0002 2
 5641 6103 0003 3
 5642 6104 0004 4
 5643 6105 0005 5
 5644 6106 0006 6
 5645 6107 0007 7
 5646 6110 0010 8
 5647 6111 0011 9
 5650 6112 0010 10

5651	6113	0011	11
5652	6114	0012	12
5653	6115	0013	13
5654	6116	0014	14
5655	6117	0015	15
5656	6120	0016	16
5657	6121	0017	17
5660	6122	0001	1
5661	6123	0002	2
5662	6124	0003	3
5663	6125	0004	4
5664	6126	0005	5
5665	6127	0006	6
5666	6130	0007	7
5667	6131	0010	8
5670	6132	0011	9
5671	6133	0010	10
5672	6134	0011	11
5673	6135	0012	12
5674	6136	0013	13
5675	6137	0014	14
5676	6140	0015	15
5677	6141	0016	16
5700	6142	0017	17
5701	6143	0000	BLKCNT, 0
5702	6144	0000	LAST, 0
5703	/TABLE OF ADDR THAT TELL WHERE		
5704	/INIT VALS GO		
5705	6145	6272	TISTR0 /DEVICE 0
5706	6146	6273	TISTR0+1
5707	6147	6443	LIMVL0
5710	6150	6444	LIMVL0+1
5711	6151	6274	TISTR0+2
5712	6152	6471	BCD0
5713	6153	6472	BCD0+1
5714	6154	6473	BCD0+2
5715	6155	6474	BCD0+3
5716	6156	6475	BCD0+4
5717	6157	6447	LIMVL1
5720	6160	6450	LIMVL1+1
5721	6161	0314	ELODV0
5722	6162	0315	EHDV0
5723	6163	6275	TISTR0+3
5724	6164	6276	TISTR0+4
5725	6165	6445	LIMVL0+2
5726	6166	6277	TISTR1 /DEVICE 1
5727	6167	6300	TISTR1+1
5730	6170	6447	LIMVL1
5731	6171	6450	LIMVL1+1
5732	6172	6301	TISTR1+2
5733	6173	6476	BCD1
5734	6174	6477	BCD1+1
5735	6175	6500	BCD1+2
5736	6176	6501	BCD1+3
5737	6177	6502	BCD1+4
5740	6200	6453	LIMVL2
5741	6201	6454	LIMVL2+1
5742	6202	0336	ELODV1
5743	6203	0337	EHDV1
5744	6204	6302	TISTR1+3
5745	6205	6303	TISTR1+4
5746	6206	6451	LIMVL1+2
5747	6207	6304	TISTR2 /DEVICE 2

5750	6210	6305	TISTR2+1
5751	6211	6453	LIMVL2
5752	6212	6454	LIMVL2+1
5753	6213	6306	TISTR2+2
5754	6214	6503	BCD2
5755	6215	6504	BCD2+1
5756	6216	6505	BCD2+2
5757	6217	6506	BCD2+3
5760	6220	6507	BCD2+4
5761	6221	6457	LIMVL3
5762	6222	6460	LIMVL3+1
5763	6223	0415	EL0DV2
5764	6224	0416	EHDV2
5765	6225	6307	TISTR2+3
5766	6226	6310	TISTR2+4
5767	6227	6455	LIMVL2+2
5770	6230	6311	TISTR3
5771	6231	6312	TISTR3+1
5772	6232	6457	LIMVL3
5773	6233	6460	LIMVL3+1
5774	6234	6313	TISTR3+2
5775	6235	6510	BCD3
5776	6236	6511	BCD3+1
5777	6237	6512	BCD3+2
6000	6240	6513	BCD3+3
6001	6241	6514	BCD3+4
6002	6242	6463	LIMVL4
6003	6243	6464	LIMVL4+1
6004	6244	0440	EL0DV3
6005	6245	0441	EHDV3
6006	6246	6314	TISTR3+3
6007	6247	6315	TISTR3+4
6010	6250	6461	LIMVL3+2
6011	6251	6316	TISTR4
6012	6252	6317	TISTR4+1
6013	6253	6463	LIMVL4
6014	6254	6464	LIMVL4+1
6015	6255	6320	TISTR4+2
6016	6256	6515	BCD4
6017	6257	6516	BCD4+1
6020	6260	6517	BCD4+2
6021	6261	6520	BCD4+3
6022	6262	6521	BCD4+4
6023	6263	6467	LIMVL5
6024	6264	6470	LIMVL5+1
6025	6265	0463	EL0DV4
6026	6266	0464	EHDV4
6027	6267	6321	TISTR4+3
6030	6270	6322	TISTR4+4
6031	6271	6465	LIMVL4+2
6032			/TABLE OF VALUES FOR GO ROUTS
6033			/5 PER DEVICE
6034	6272	0001	TISTR0, 1
6035	6273	0002	2
6036	6274	0003	3
6037	6275	0004	4
6040	6276	0005	5
6041	6277	0001	TISTR1, 1
6042	6300	0002	2
6043	6301	0003	3
6044	6302	0004	4
6045	6303	0005	5
6046	6304	0001	TISTR2, 1
			/DV2

6047	6305	0002	2
6050	6306	0003	3
6051	6307	0004	4
6052	6310	0005	5
6053	6311	0001	TISTR3, 1
6054	6312	0002	2
6055	6313	0003	3
6056	6314	0004	4
6057	6315	0005	5
6060	6316	0001	TISTR4, 1
6061	6317	0002	2
6062	6320	0003	3
6063	6321	0004	4
6064	6322	0005	5
6065	/TABLE OF ADDR FOR GO VALUES		
6066	/6 PER DEVICE		
6067	6323	0312	TIAD0, LODV0
6070	6324	0311	HIDV0
6071	6325	0066	SELDV0
6072	6326	0307	SFDV0
6073	6327	0310	KSF DV0
6074	6330	0313	OSDV0
6075	6331	0334	TIAD1, LODV1
6076	6332	0333	HIDV1
6077	6333	0067	SELDV1
6100	6334	0331	SFDV1
6101	6335	0332	KSF DV1
6102	6336	0335	OSDV1
6103	6337	0413	TIAD2, LODV2
6104	6340	0412	HIDV2
6105	6341	0070	SELDV2
6106	6342	0410	SFDV2
6107	6343	0411	KSF DV2
6110	6344	0414	OSDV2
6111	6345	0436	TIAD3, LODV3
6112	6346	0435	HIDV3
6113	6347	0071	SELDV3
6114	6350	0433	SFDV3
6115	6351	0434	KSF DV3
6116	6352	0437	OSDV3
6117	6353	0461	TIAD4, LODV4
6120	6354	0460	HIDV4
6121	6355	0072	SELDV4
6122	6356	0456	SFDV4
6123	6357	0457	KSF DV4
6124	6360	0462	OSDV4
6125	/ADDR OF START OF EACH TABLE		
6126	/FOR GO ROUTS		
6127	6361	6272	VALTAB, TISTR0
6130	6362	6277	TISTR1
6131	6363	6304	TISTR2
6132	6364	6311	TISTR3
6133	6365	6316	TISTR4
6134	6366	6323	ADRTAB, TIAD0
6135	6367	6331	TIAD1
6136	6370	6337	TIAD2
6137	6371	6345	TIAD3
6140	6372	6353	TIAD4
6141	6373	0001	/TTY QUE HOLDS 20 MESS ADDRS MAX
6142	6374	0002	STRQUE, 1
6143	6375	0003	2
6144	6376	0004	3
6145			4

6146	6377	0005	5
6147	6400	0006	6
6150	6401	0007	7
6151	6402	0010	8
6152	6403	0011	9
6153	6404	0010	10
6154	6405	0011	11
6155	6406	0012	12
6156	6407	0013	13
6157	6410	0014	14
6160	6411	0015	15
6161	6412	0016	16
6162	6413	0017	17
6163	6414	0020	18
6164	6415	0021	19
6165	6416	0020	ENDQUE, 20
6166			/TABLES FOR SCOPE ROUTINES
6167			/POWERS OF TEN
6170			/FOR OCTAL TO
6171			/DECIMAL
6172			/CONVERSION
6173	6417	7747	RADVAL, 7747 /=100,000
6174	6420	4540	4540
6175	6421	7775	7775
6176	6422	4360	4360
6177	6423	7777	7777
6200	6424	6030	6030
6201	6425	7777	7777
6202	6426	7634	-144
6203	6427	7777	7777
6204	6430	7766	-12
6205	6431	7634	-144
6206	6432	0144	+144
6207	6433	7766	-12
6210	6434	0012	+12
6211			/HOLDS BCD VAL
6212			/OF X COORD
6213	6435	0000	BCDVAL, 0 /100K
6214	6436	0000	0 /10K
6215	6437	0000	0 /1K
6216	6440	0000	0 /100S
6217	6441	0000	0 /10S
6220	6442	0000	0 /UNITS
6221			/DEVICE INFO
6222			/TABLE FOR
6223			/XYGET SETUP
6224			/AT QANDA STAGE
6225	6443	0000	LIMVL0, 0 /=ST ADDR DV0
6226	6444	0000	0 /LO, HI
6227	6445	0000	0 /= SAM FREQ DV0
6230	6446	6471	BCD0 /ADDR OF BCD
6231			/VAL FOR DEV 0
6232	6447	0000	LIMVL1, 0 /DV1 ARGS
6233	6450	0000	0
6234	6451	0000	0
6235	6452	6476	BCD1
6236	6453	0000	LIMVL2, 0 /DV2 ARGS
6237	6454	0000	0
6240	6455	0000	0
6241	6456	6503	BCD2
6242	6457	0000	LIMVL3, 0 /DV3 ARGS
6243	6460	0000	0
6244	6461	0000	0

6245	6462	6510	BCD3	
6246	6463	0000	LIMVL4,	0
6247	6464	0000		0
6250	6465	0000		0
6251	6466	6515	BCD4	
6252	6467	0000	LIMVL5,	0
6253	6470	0000		0
6254				
6255				/1ST UNUSED
6256				/BUFFER CORE
6257				/LOC COMES
				/RIGHT AFT LAST
				/USER DEFINED
				/DEVICE
6260	6471	0000	BCD0,	0
6261	6472	0000		0
6262	6473	0000		0
6263	6474	0000		0
6264	6475	0000		0
6265	6476	0000	BCD1,	0
6266	6477	0000		0
6267	6500	0000		0
6270	6501	0000		0
6271	6502	0000		0
6272	6503	0000	BCD2,	0
6273	6504	0000		0
6274	6505	0000		0
6275	6506	0000		0
6276	6507	0000		0
6277	6510	0000	BCD3,	0
6300	6511	0000		0
6301	6512	0000		0
6302	6513	0000		0
6303	6514	0000		0
6304	6515	0000	BCD4,	0
6305	6516	0000		0
6306	6517	0000		0
6307	6520	0000		0
6310	6521	0000		0
6311	6522	6567	NUM0,	MS0
6312	6523	6573	NUM1,	MS1
6313	6524	6577	NUM2,	MS2
6314	6525	6603	NUM3,	MS3
6315	6526	6607	NUM4,	MS4
6316			/TISA MESSAGES	
6317	6527	0310	MSHLT,	310
6320	6530	0301		301
6321	6531	0314		314
6322	6532	0324		324
6323	6533	0240		240
6324	6534	0311		311
6325	6535	0316		316
6326	6536	0323		323
6327	6537	0324		324
6330	6540	0322		322
6331	6541	0325		325
6332	6542	0315		315
6333	6543	0305		305
6334	6544	0316		316
6335	6545	0324		324
6336	6546	0240		240
6337	6547	0000		0
6340	6550	0307	MSG0,	307
6341	6551	0317		317
6342	6552	0240		240
6343	6553	0311		311

6344	6554	0316	316	/N
6345	6555	0323	323	/S
6346	6556	0324	324	/T
6347	6557	0322	322	/R
6350	6560	0325	325	/U
6351	6561	0315	315	/M
6352	6562	0305	305	/E
6353	6563	0316	316	/N
6354	6564	0324	324	/T
6355	6565	0240	240	/SPACE
6356	6566	0000	0	/EOM
6357	6567	0260	260	
6360	6570	0215	215	
6361	6571	0212	212	
6362	6572	0000	0	
6363	6573	0261	261	
6364	6574	0215	215	
6365	6575	0212	212	
6366	6576	0000	0	
6367	6577	0262	262	
6370	6600	0215	215	
6371	6601	0212	212	
6372	6602	0000	0	
6373	6603	0263	263	
6374	6604	0215	215	
6375	6605	0212	212	
6376	6606	0000	0	
6377	6607	0264	264	
6400	6610	0215	215	
6401	6611	0212	212	
6402	6612	0000	0	
6403	6613	0315	315	/M
6404	6614	0317	317	/O
6405	6615	0324	324	/T
6406	6616	0311	311	/I
6407	6617	0317	317	/O
6410	6620	0316	316	/N
6411	6621	0215	215	/CR
6412	6622	0212	212	/LF
6413	6623	0000	0	/EOM
6414	6624	0306	306	/F
6415	6625	0322	322	/R
6416	6626	0305	305	/E
6417	6627	0305	305	/E
6420	6630	0332	332	/Z
6421	6631	0305	305	/E
6422	6632	0215	215	
6423	6633	0212	212	
6424	6634	0000	0	
6425	6635	0316	316	/N
6426	6636	0317	317	/O
6427	6637	0322	322	/R
6430	6640	0315	315	/M
6431	6641	0301	301	/A
6432	6642	0314	314	/L
6433	6643	0215	215	
6434	6644	0212	212	
6435	6645	0000	0	
6436	6646	0311	311	/I
6437	6647	0316	316	/N
6440	6650	0326	326	/V
6441	6651	0305	305	/E
6442	6652	0322	322	/R

6443	6653	0324	324	/T
6444	6654	0305	305	/E
6445	6655	0304	304	/D
6446	6656	0215	215	
6447	6657	0212	212	
6450	6660	0000	0	
6451	6661	0320	ALLHLT, 320	/P
6452	6662	0301	301	/A
6453	6663	0325	325	/U
6454	6664	0323	323	/S
6455	6665	0305	305	/E
6456	6666	0240	240	/SP
6457	6667	0315	315	/M
6460	6670	0317	317	/O
6461	6671	0304	304	/D
6462	6672	0305	305	/E
6463	6673	0215	215	
6464	6674	0212	212	
6465	6675	0000	0	
6466	6676	0310	MSBUSY, 310	/H
6467	6677	0301	301	/A
6470	6700	0316	316	/N
6471	6701	0304	304	/O
6472	6702	0323	323	/S
6473	6703	0240	240	
6474	6704	0317	317	/O
6475	6705	0306	306	/F
6476	6706	0306	306	/F
6477	6707	0215	215	
6500	6710	0212	212	
6501	6711	0000	0	
6502	6712	0301	MSAD, 301	/A
6503	6713	0257	257	//
6504	6714	0304	304	/D
6505	6715	0240	240	
6506	6716	0315	315	/M
6507	6717	0317	317	/O
6510	6720	0304	304	/D
6511	6721	0305	305	/E
6512	6722	0215	215	
6513	6723	0212	212	
6514	6724	0000	0	
6515	6725	0000	AAAS3, 0	
6516			L MODE	
6517			*1000	
6520	1000	0004	P4,	4
6521				/FIND OUT HOW
6522				/MUCH EXT MEM
6523	1001	0640	MEMCHK, LDF 0	/PUT ANYTHING
6524	1002	1020	LDA I	/EXCEPT LDF K
6525	1003	0640	LDF 0	/IN LDF 0
6526	1004	1040	STA	
6527	1005	2000	2000	
6530	1006	1040	STA	/SET LDF
6531	1007	1013	NLDF	/INST
6532	1010	3000	LOOP, ADD P4	/PUT LDF K
6533	1011	1040	STA	/K=4,10,...,34
6534	1012	1013	NLDF	/IN LOC NLDF
6535	1013	0000	0	
6536	1014	1040	STA	/PUT LDF K
6537	1015	2000	2000	/IN LDF K
6540	1016	1000	LDA	/GET IT
6541	1017	2000	2000	/BACK

=

6542	1020	1440	SAE	/DID WE
6543	1021	1013	NLDF	/MAKE IT ?
6544	1022	7035	JMP DUN	/NO
6545	1023	0640	LDF 0	/CHK FOR
6546	1024	1440	SAE	/CONTROL LOGIC
6547	1025	2000	2000	/ONLY
6550	1026	0467	SKP	/STILL OK
6551	1027	7035	JMP DUN	/4K ONLY
6552	1030	1460	SAE I	/CHK FOR
6553	1031	0674	LDF 34	/MAX CORE
6554	1032	7010	JMP LOOP	/DO SOME MORE
6555	1033	3000	ADD P4	/WE HAVE 32K
6556	1034	5013	STC NLDF	
6557	1035	1000	DUN,	/PUT FIRST NON
6560	1036	1013	NLDF	/EXISTANT LDF
6561				/IN AC
6562	1037	1120	ADA I	
6563	1040	7137	-640	
6564	1041	0302	ROR 2	/=1ST NON CDF
6565	1042	1120	ADA I	
6566	1043	7776	-1	
6567	1044	0470	AZE I	
6570	1045	0011	CLR	
6571	1046	0002	PDP	
6572			PMODE	
6573	7047	6201	CDF 0	
6574	7050	3032	DCA MAXCDF	
6575	7051	1255	TAD P4040	
6576	7052	3656	DCA I K6K	/FIXUP 6000
6577	7053	5654	JMP I ,+1	
6600	7054	4023	SETUP	
6601	7055	4040	P4040, 4040	
6602	7056	6000	K6K, 6000	
6603			/DEFINITIONS FOR INPUT ROUTINES	
6604			ADRMIN=7000	/1ST BUF ADDR
6605			CDFMIN=0	
6606			DRPMAX=20	/MAX X AX DROP
6607			WRMBLK=4000	/1ST MBLK FOR
6610				/WRITE
6611			FIRLDF=643	/1ST BUF LDF
6612			RDMBLK=6000	/1ST MBLK FOR
6613				/READ
6614			/ANALOG ASSIGNMENTS FOR DEVICES	
6615			/X AXIS	
6616			XAXDV0=10	
6617			XAXDV1=XAXDV0+1	
6620			XAXDV2=XAXDV1+1	
6621			XAXDV3=XAXDV2+1	
6622			XAXDV4=20	
6623			/Y AXIS	
6624			YAXDV0=14	
6625			YAXDV1=YAXDV0+1	
6626			YAXDV2=YAXDV1+1	
6627			YAXDV3=YAXDV2+1	
6630			YAXDV4=24	
6631			/DEFINITIONS FOR SCOPE ROUTINES	
6632			CHGHC=3600	/CHANGE HORIZ
6633				/COORD
6634			CR=0043	/EOL RH
6635			CR1=4300	/EOL LH
6636			ENDWD=0077	/END OF MESS
6637			ENDWD1=7700	/END OF MESS
6640			FUL=0006	/FULL SIZE CHARS

6641 FUL1=0600
6642 GRDPTR=14 /PTR TO GRID
6643 GRDTAB=QAV /TABLE
6644 /ADDR OF GRID
6645 HBIT=4000 /TABLE
6647 HCPTTR=15 /PTR TO TABLE
6650 KURLEN=-30 /HORIZ COORDS
6651 /- LENGTH OF
6652 MSPTTR=17 /CURSOR
6653 /=XCORD
6654 VCPTR=16 /PTR TO DIAL
6655 /ENCODED MESS
6656 XCURHI=ARGHI /PTR TO TABLE
6657 XCURLO=ARGLO /VERT COORDS
6660 XYHC=0 /PAGE 0
6661 /PAGE 0
6662 /INIT HORIZ
6663 /COORD FOR
6664 /X-Y DISP
6665 /DEFINITIONS FOR QANDA SETUP ROUTINES
6666 ANAVAL=4000 /ANALOG SELECT
6667 ANSPTR=14 /PAGE 0
6670 CURNHI=ADMESS /PAGE 0
6671 CURNLO=KDBBUF /PAGE 0
6672 DVNMAX=-5 /PAGE 0
6673 ENCPTR=TTYFLG /PAGE 0
6674 EXTMTP=10 /XOB CONSTANT
6675 QAEOL1=7400
6676 QAEOM1=3400
6677 /TISA 15 APR 70

0000 ERRORS

AAAP0 0111
AAAS0 1765
AAAS1 3754
AAAS2 5701
AAAS3 6725
ADINR 017510
ADMES 0020
ADMS 1504
ADPTR 0011
ADMIN 7000
ADR TAB 6366
AGOMS 3515
AHLTMS 3514
ALLDUN 4270
ALLHLT 6661
ANALOG 0702
ANARTN 0637
ANAVAL 4000
ANLDF 0347
ANLIF 0346
ANONO 1653
ANRUC 1741
ANSPTK 0014
ANSWER 4524
ANS4 6005
ARGHI 0047
ARGLO 0046
ASAM 1513
ASAVE 0352

ATEMP	1506
AWRI	1762
A1CONT	4076
A2CONT	4105
A2LUP	4100
A3CONT	4113
A3LOP	4106
A4	4211
A4CONT	4216
BCDLUP	2600
BCDPTR	0056
BCDVAL	6435
BCD0	6471
BCD1	6476
BCD2	6503
BCD3	6510
BCD4	6515
BCNTR	0053
BETA1	0003
BETA2	0004
BETA3	0005
BLKCNT	6143
BUFH1	2347
BUFL0	2346
BUFPTR	0054
BUSYMS	1063
BWDMOT	2224
BYHLT	3123
BYMBLK	1137
BYWRAP	2316
C	1342
CATA	1517
CATPTR	1576
CDFMIN	0000
CDFVAL	0731
CDF0	0031
CHAR	1265
CHGHC	3600
CHGSAM	0720
CHKADR	2233
CHKLOP	3114
CHKSNS	4021
CHKSWI	3107
CHKTTY	0245
CHRLOP	1210
CHRNXT	2075
CHRPTH	1224
CHRTAB	1223
CLKCNT	3304
CLKMOD	3305
CLRLOP	3206
CNTR	0052
CONMS2	4200
CR	0043
CR1	4300
CTRLH	1274
CURCDF	0060
CURCNT	2351
CURDIS	2700
CURLEN	2751
CURLOP	2722
CURNHI	0020
CURNLO	0021

CURRTN 2275
D 0473
DADD 2330
DBLDEF 2470
DBLHI 0045
DBLLO 0044
DBLLOOP 2461
DCIA 3030
DCODEX 3527
DCODEY 3534
DEVNUM 0036
DIAL 4015
DIGCHK 4466
DLOOP 4470
DOMTP 1067
DORDC 1664
DOWRC 1746
DRPMAX 0020
DSCCHR 2732
DSCHLP 2052
DSCL 3017
DSCL4 3043
DSCXY 2122
DUN 7035
DUNBLK 1632
DVNMAX 7773
DVTYP 0027
DV1 0321
DV2 0400
DV3 0423
DV4 0446
EHIDV0 0315
EHIDV1 0337
EHIDV2 0416
EHIDV3 0441
EHIDV4 0464
ELODV0 0314
ELODV1 0336
ELODV2 0415
ELODV3 0440
ELODV4 0463
ENCPTR 0022
ENCVAL 3306
ENDHI 0733
ENDLO 0732
ENDQUE 6416
ENDWD 0077
ENDWD1 7700
ENQUE 1065
EOLXIT 4517
ERFREQ 4327
ERRDEV 4335
ERRENC 4303
ERRFUL 4317
ERRXIT 4522
ERROPT 4311
EXIT 0472
EXTMTP 0010
F 0514
FIRLDF 0643
FIRST 6001
FOUND 2432
FREE 4332

=

FREEZE 2040
FREQ 0735
FRMS 0542
FROM 1510
FRSTR 3200
FUL 0006
FUL1 0600
FWDCDF 2303
FWDRTN 2300
G 1315
GBLK 3430
GETKBD 5534
GETU 1542
GO 1411
GODIS 2251
GOLOP 1451
GOMS 3507
GOODY 1124
GRDPTR 0014
GRDTAB 5331
GSWIT 1365
H 1311
HALT 1400
HALTAL 3516
HBIT 4000
HCPTR 0015
HCTAB 3557
HIDV0 0311
HIDV1 0333
HIDV2 0412
HIDV3 0435
HIDV4 0460
HLPTAB 3615
HLTALL 1363
HLTDV0 0317
HLTDV1 0341
HLTDV2 0420
HLTDV3 0443
HLTDV4 0466
HLTLOP 3475
HLTMS 3461
HLTPTR 1516
HOLD 0736
HSWIT 1364
HSWIT0 0073
HSWIT1 0074
HSWIT2 0075
HSWIT3 0076
HSWIT4 0077
HSWPTR 3130
IDLE 2020
INIAD 6145
INICHR 2137
INIEND 6036
INILEN 3273
INIPTR 0010
INISAM 1464
INISTR 6016
INMESS 1044
INPUT 0600
INTL 0200
INTMOD 0345
INTOUT 0256

INTP 0230
INVMS 0544
KADR 3303
KBCD 2526
KBDBUF 0021
KBDTAB 1225
KBLKCT 0107
KCLEN 0062
KCONMS 4162
KCUR 2352
KD 1271
KDADD 0037
KDCIA 4171
KDIG 0063
KDOMTP 1763
KDSCL4 4166
KDV2 0353
KENC 3277
KERENC 4165
KERFUL 4172
KEROPT 4170
KEYBRD 1200
KEYRTN 0511
KEYXIT 1505
KF 1270
KFIRST 1740
KFREQ 0734
KFRESH 1745
KFRSTR 4163
KGBLK 4302
KGO 1370
KGOMS 0102
KHALT 1366
KHLTMS 0101
KIDLE 0065
KINI 0106
KINPUT 0030
KKDCIA 3427
KKEY 2041
KLAST 0110
KLIM 2525
KLOAD 1525
KLOHI 4173
KMES 2050
KMESS2 4300
KMUL10 0064
KNUM 3526
KMXSTR 4277
KP 1267
KPOLAR 0540
KP1DAC 4174
KOUPUT 0105
KR1J 2527
KRDERI 1737
KRESTH 4164
KS 1272
KSET 1272
KSETUP J545
KSFDV0 0310
KSFDV1 0332
KSFDV2 0411
KSFDV3 0434

KSF DV4 0457
KSTRQ 3367
KSWI 2051
KTY 3365
KXT26 3302
KUPACK 4167
KUPLIM 1661
KURLEN 7750
KW 1273
KWRERR 1764
KWRIT 0546
KXYGET 2353
K210 3366
K6K 7056
L 1354
LAST 6144
LDFSTR 1172
LIMLOP 2407
LIMPTR 0055
LIMVL0 6443
LIMVL1 6447
LIMVL2 6453
LIMVL3 6457
LIMVL4 6463
LIMVL5 6467
LN NXT 2061
LOAD 4454
LOADER 1550
LUDLOP 1532
LOOPTR 1610
LODV0 0312
LODV1 0334
LODV2 0413
LODV3 0436
LODV4 0461
LUHI 3406
LOOP 7010
LOP1 3326
LOP2 3330
LSAVE 0351
LSENC 3300
LSINI 3276
LSSAHI 3275
LSSALO 3274
M 1347
MAG 1522
MAGPTR 1603
MATCH 1220
MAXCDF 0032
MAXCUR 2752
MAXDRP 0724
MAXDVN 0061
MEMCHK 7001
MESCHK 1000
MESS1 4026
MESS2 4043
MESS3 4237
MINADR 0034
MINCDF 0033
MM12 1657
MM4 2756
MODE 0103
MOTMS 0541

MSAD 6712
MSBUSY 6676
MSFR 6624
MSG0 6550
MSHLT 6527
MSINV 6646
MSMOT 6613
MSNOR 6635
MSPTR 0017
MS0 6567
MS1 6573
MS2 6577
MS3 6603
MS4 6607
MTPLOP 1100
MUL10 3000
M10 1660
M1000 2350
M12 2753
M5 1514
NEG12 4301
NEG5 2530
NEWSAM 0725
NFDVK 0673
NLDF 7013
NORMS 0543
NOT0 4122
NUM 1321
NUMPUT 3517
NUM0 6522
NUM1 6523
NUM2 6524
NUM3 6525
NUM4 6526
NXSTR 3255
NXTCHR 2152
NXTLN 2131
NXTPNT 2261
OK1 4266
OK2 4207
OLDSAM 0727
OPKRTN 1203
OSDV0 0313
OSDV1 0335
OSDV2 0414
OSDV3 0437
OSDV4 0462
OUTL 0266
P 0500
PCKLOP 3061
PL1000 1515
PL400 3460
PL60 4513
POLAR 2266
PP17 1367
PP400 2755
P10AC 3400
P1000 0726
P17 3106
P1777 0355
P2 2743
P37 0350
P4 7000

P401 2166
P4040 7055
P4060 3301
P57 2757
P60 2754
P6000 0354
P7K 1113
QAB 5017
QACA 5030
QACCHAR 5670
QACKLF 5634
QACNTR 5617
QAD 5041
QADUN 3312
QAE 5063
QAEOL1 7400
QAEOM1 3400
QAEXIT 5650
QAF 5531
QAFLD 4000
QAG 5075
QAH 5127
QAI 5144
QAINIT 5013
QAJ 5151
QAK 5320
QAKRB 6036
QAL 5210
QALEG1 5610
QAM 5114
QAN 5236
QAO 5244
QAP 5255
QAQ 5276
QARFSH 5066
QAT 5303
QATLS 6046
QATPE 5657
QATSF 6041
QATY 5551
QUU 5521
QAV 5331
QAW 5525
QAX 5437
QAY 5425
QAZ 5314
QSAVE 1066
QUECNT 0025
QUEIN 0023
QUEMAX 1062
QUEOUT 0024
QUPUT 1033
RADPTR 0057
RADVAL 6417
RDCWD 1677
RDLEN 1742
RDMBLK 6000
READ 4344
REMS2 4046
RESTR 3233
RMBLK 1744
RTNJMP 0274
RTNLDF 0271

RTNL IF 0270
S 0526
SAMX 0703
SAMY 0654
SCPFLD 2000
SCPRTN 2043
SCPXIT 2163
SELDV0 0066
SELDV1 0067
SELDV2 0070
SELDV3 0071
SELDV4 0072
SELPTR 0100
SERVE 0234
SETANA 4073
SETCDF 2320
SETFUL 2114
SETHC 2111
SETMOT 2200
SETUP 4023
SFDV0 0307
SFDV1 0331
SFDV2 0410
SFDV3 0433
SFDV4 0456
START 4020
STATUS 0026
STQUE 1064
STRQUE 6373
STRRDE 3315
TBLK 1662
TBUSY 1057
TEMP 0104
TEMPHI 0051
TEMPLO 0050
TIADR 1512
TIAD0 6323
TIAD1 6331
TIAD2 6337
TIAD3 6345
TIAD4 6353
TIRTN 0240
TISA 0275
TISTR0 6272
TISTR1 6277
TISTR2 6304
TISTR3 6311
TISTR4 6316
TIVAL 1507
TO 1511
TPARGS 1615
TPINST 1102
TPLDF 1101
TPLOP 1622
TPRDC 1676
TPWAIT 1163
TPWORD 1103
TTYFLG 0022
TXT1 4535
TXT10 4757
TXT11 4765
TXT12 4774
TXT13 5001

TXT14	5006
TXT2	4565
TXT3	4650
TXT4	4672
TXT5	4705
TXT6	4720
TXT7	4747
UNIT	1663
UPACK	3055
UPLIM	4506
VALTAB	6361
VCOORD	2737
VCPTR	0016
VCTAB	3540
W	0533
WMBLK	1743
WRIT	4400
WRMBLK	4000
XAXDV0	0010
XAXDV1	0011
XAXDV2	0012
XAXDV3	0013
XAXDV4	0020
XCORD	2017
XCURHI	0047
XCURLO	0046
XYGET	2400
XYHC	0000
YAXDV0	0014
YAXDV1	0015
YAXDV2	0016
YAXDV3	0017
YAXDV4	0024
YCUR	0035
YLOP	2647
ZXIT	0512

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