PUNABUTE

5200 Computer Unit Technical Manual

5200 COMPUTER

MAINTENANCE

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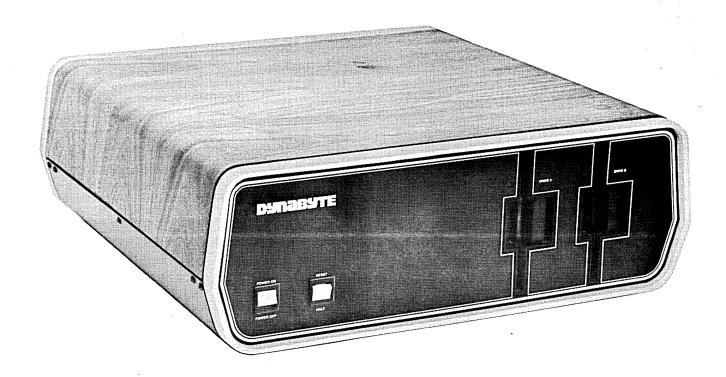


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1. GENERAL

1.01 This manual provides a physical and functional description and operating theory necessary for effective field service of the 5200 Computer. Prior to May 1, 1980, the 5200 Computer was designated the DB8/2 Computer and was documented using an eight-digit part number system. This manual uses the current Dynabyte six-digit part number system. Part 7 includes cross-reference tables for referencing old part numbers to current part numbers.

Features

1.02 The 5200 Computer, illustrated in Figure 1-1, is supplied individually or as a system component to a larger Dynabyte computer system: Series 5400, 5500 and 5800. It is an S-100 bus computer which includes a central processing unit (CPU), random access memory (RAM), input and output (I/O) ports, and 5.25 inch dual diskette storage. A high degree of flexibility has been designed into the 5200 computer for field servicing and provision for expansion to the user's computer system. Features of the 5200 include the following:

- Z-80 microprocessor operating at 4 MHz.
- Two serial, software programmable 110 to 76,800 baud ports. Each of the port's data lines may be configured to an RS-232C level or 20 mA current loop data communication line interface.
- One parallel port with full handshaking logic.
- Application of the ac line power causes the 5200 to jump to a switch-optioned starting address in memory. This option is disabled when the 5200 is configured with a 5010 Dual Diskette Storage Unit.
- Double Density Diskette Controller.
- CP/M[®] Operating System.
- Built-in Dual Diskette Drives in single-sided configuration (630 kB total) or in double-sided configuration (1.26 MB total).
- Ten internal timers.

- Sixteen prioritized vectored interrupts.
- A real time clock.
- Memory is available in 48K or 64K configurations. Additionally, optionally bank switching to 400K bytes can also be provided with multiple memory cards.
- The power supply module features preregulation to minimize operational problems from brown outs and line voltage surges.
- Efficient cooling of the 5200 S-100 cards and power supply is assured by a 4-5/8 inch metal axial fan(s) furnishing air through the chassis and exhausted out through the rear panel.
- The backplane is shielded and fully socketed for 12 S-100 card positions.
- Heavy duty metal construction with cast aluminum bezels front and rear is used.
- The front panel switches POWER and RESET-HALT are illuminated.
- A line fuse is provided for ac line protection.
- A switched ac power outlet is provided for auxiliary equipment, e.g., a 5010 Dual Diskette Storage Unit.
- Each internal subassembly is modular and is unit replaceable for ease in servicing.
- A woodgrain veneer enclosure top is provided.
- Each 5200 carries a 180-day warranty on parts and labor from the date of shipment from Dynabyte.
- Each 5200 is burned in for a minimum of 72 hours.

1.03 Dynabyte maintains hardware and software compatibility with Dynabyte S-100 cards used in the Dynabyte S-100 Bus only. S-100 I/O cards, e.g., modems, clocks and parallel ports from other manufacturers will be compatible with the Dynabyte S-100 Bus in most cases. Contact Dynabyte for specific applications.

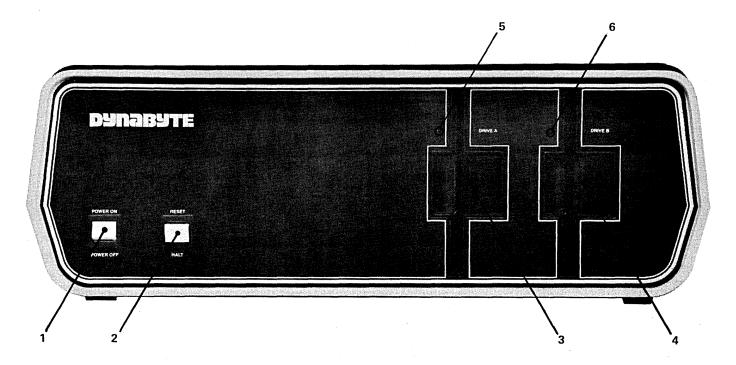


Figure 2-1 - 5200 Computer - Front Panel - 801406

Table 2-1 — 5200 Computer — Front Panel Controls and Indicators

Key	Element	Function
1	POWER ON OFF Switch and Indicator	Applies the ac line to the 5200 Computer and the ac power receptacle on the rear panel. Refer to Figure 2-2, Key 3. The indicator lights when +8 Vdc is available from the power supply.
2	RESET Switch and HALT Indicator	Momentarily grounds the S-100 Reset line generating a Power On Clear (POC) sequence:
		(1) CPU Program Counter is reset,
		(2) Disk Controller is reset.
		When the indicator is lit, the CPU has stopped at a Z-80 HLT (76H) instruction in the program.
3	Diskette Drive A — 800646	Provides for reading and writing onto Dysan 104/1 Diskette for permanent storage of programs and data files.
4	Diskette Drive B — 800665	Same as Key 3.
5	Drive A Select Indicator	Lit when Disk Controller selects drive for a read or write operation.
6	Drive B Select Indicator	Same as Key 5.

2. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

- 2.01 The 5200 Computer illustrated in Figure 1-1 is an integrated piece of electronic equipment incorporating all necessary component assemblies. The principle assemblies are:
 - (1) Power Supply Module,
 - (2) Central Processing Unit (CPU),
 - (3) S-100 Bus Card Cage and Motherboard,
 - (4) Random Access Memory (RAM),
 - (5) Disk Controller
 - (6) Dual Diskette Drives and Auxiliary Controller (AUX).

Some of the optional assemblies are:

(7) Octaport (an eight-port serial I/O).

Details on these individual assemblies, as well as their schematic diagrams and replaceable parts lists, are furnished under separate cover as individual technical manuals. These assemblies have been enclosed in an exceptionally compact package measuring 52 cm x 47 cm x 18 cm (20.5 in. x 18.5 in. x 7 in.) weighing 25 kg (about 55 lbs.).

- 2.02 The 5200 draws nominally 313 VA of 115 Vac, 60 Hz commercial power. It may be factory optioned for operation from a 230 Vac, 50 Hz line.
- 2.03 The 5200 is designed to operate efficiently in an environment with an ambient temperature range from 10°C to 35°C (50°F to 95°F) and with a relative humidity from 20 to 80 per cent.
- 2.04 Figures 2-1 through 2-3 provide number key callouts of all components located on the front, rear and interior of the 5200. Associated Tables 2-1 through 2-3 provide a cross reference for each callout, identifying the respective part as to function, description and/or designation.

Front Panel

2.05 Refer to Figure 2-1 for the description which follows. The 5200 Computer Front Panel has only two operating controls with which the user should be concerned.

(1) The POWER ON OFF Switch turns the computer on and off. The switch also connects the ac line power to a convenience receptacle on the rear panel for powering a mass storage device such as the Dynabyte 5010. The switch also contains an indicator which lights when there is an output from the internal +8 Vdc power supply.

IMPORTANT

The 5200 Computer should never be turned on or off while a diskette is installed in a drive.

(2) The RESET Switch is used to restart the computer if it should become locked up due to a software or hardware malfunction. Operating the RESET Switch causes the S-100 Reset Line, Pin 75, to be active low. The Reset Line is an input to the Power On Clear (POC) circuits and resets the CPU Program Counter, Disk Controller, etc. Then the CPU initiates a reboot by jumping to a starting address appropriate for the user's system. The switch also contains an indicator, which, when lit, indicates the CPU has read a Halt (HLT) instruction and has stopped.

The right half of the front panel contains the 5.25 inch dual diskette storage unit. The left drive is designated A and the right B. A red indicator above each drive door is lit when the drive is performing a read or write operation.

Rear Panel

Figure 2-2A and Figure 2-2B illustrate 2.06 Revision A and Revision B of the 5200 Rear Panel. The 5200 Computers shipped after August 1, 1980, incorporate a Revision B Rear Panel. Table 2-2 tabulates and describes each of the rear panel elements. Ac line and computer Input Output (I/O) connections are through the rear panel. At the right, the ac line is connected through an IEC connector. This permits the 5200 to be connected domestically to 115 Vac, 60 Hz with a National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) cord set or internationally with a cord set appropriate for that country. A line fuse provides protection for the 5200 and equipment powered from the ac convenience receptacle above.

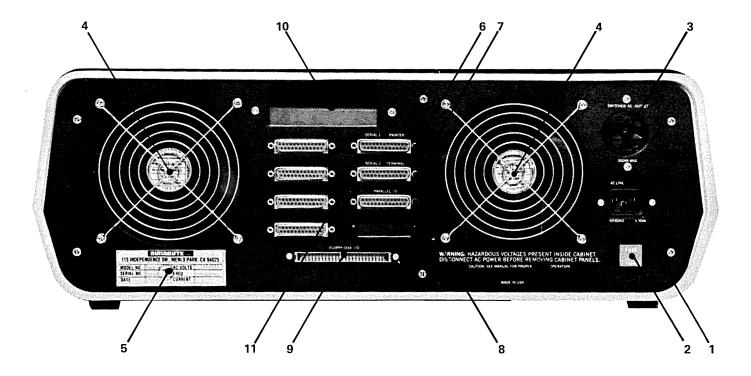


Figure 2-2A - 5200 Computer - Rear Panel - Revision A - 800266

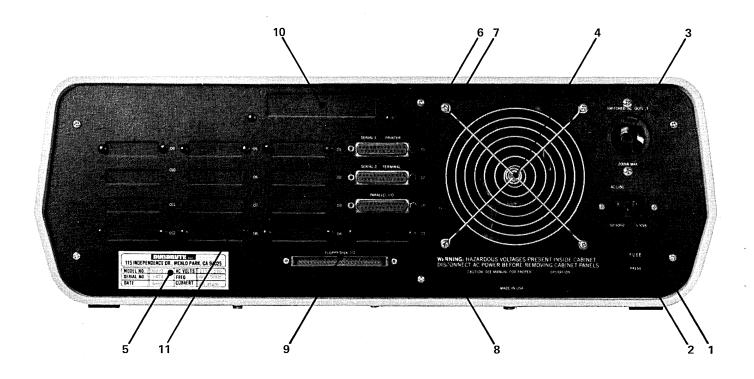


Figure 2-2B - 5200 Computer - Rear Panel - Revision B - 802470

Table 2-2 - 5200 Computer - Rear Panel Controls and Connectors

Key	Element	Function	
1	Ac Line Receptacle (J6)	IEC standard three-wire male receptacle. Provides for ac line, neutral and a third wire bonded to the chassis frame. Mates with Belden P-2392 ac cord set for U.S. domestic use or the appropriate cord set for the export country.	
2	Ac Line Fuse (F1)	Provides ac line overcurrent protection:	
		(1) 115 Vac — 6 A.	
		(2) 230 Vac — 3 A.	
		Early serial number units are provided with a circuit breaker in this position.	
3	SWITCHED AC OUTLET Receptacle (J7)	NEMA three-wire female receptacle provides for the ac line, neutral and third wire bonded to the chassis frame. This receptacle is switched by the POWER ON Switch on the front panel, refer to Figure 2-1, Key 1, and is protected by fuse, Key 2, above. This outlet normally supplies power to a 5010 Dual Diskette Storage Unit, 200 VA maximum.	
4	Axial Fan(s)	Provides for drawing heat from the power supply module and internal heat dissipating pc assemblies.	
5	Dynabyte Identification Plate	Furnishes the model and serial number necessary for warranty service. Refer to Figure 6-1.	
6	SERIAL 1 PRINTER Port Receptacle	DB-25-S connector. Optionally EIA RS-232C or 20 mA current interface. Connection point for the EIA cable to the Serial Printer.	
7	SERIAL 2 TERMINAL Port Receptacle	DB-25-S connector. Optionally EIA RS-232C or 20 mA current interface. Connection point for the EIA cable to the Video Terminal.	
8	PARALLEL I/O Port Receptacle	DB-25-S connector. Eight-bit parallel I/O connection point to 25-conductor cable to a parallel printer.	
9	FLOPPY DISK I/O Receptacle	50-conductor ribbon connector. Provides a connection point for the cable to the Dynabyte 5010 Dual Diskette Storage for I/O data, control and status lines.	
10	Hard Disk I/O Access Hole and Clamp	Furnishes a hole and clamp for the cable to the Dynabyte 5012 Cartridge Module Drive or 5011 or 5013 Winchester Drive.	
11	I/O Port Connector Area	Provides positions for DB-25-S connectors. Figure 2-2 illustrates connectors for:	
		(1) Three ports from the CPU,	
		(2) Up to 16 ports from up to two Octaport cards.	

CAUTION

Power consumption from the ac convenience receptacle is limited to 200 VA.

2.07 A four-inch fan(s) draws heat dissipated internally out the rear panel. Air is drawn into the 5200 cabinet through louvers provided in the bottom of the cabinet. Refer to Figure 2-3.

IMPORTANT

Install the 5200 Computer so as not to obstruct the air flow through the louvers in the bottom of the cabinet and allow a three-inch clearance from the rear of the fan.

Desk-type system cabinets supplied from Dynabyte are designed to assure constant air flow through the computer.

- 2.08 Several mass storage devices can be used with the 5200. The rear panel furnishes connector access for these devices.
 - (1) A fifty-pin ribbon cable connector provides for disk I/O signals, control signals and status signals to a Dynabyte 5010 Dual Diskette Storage Unit.
 - (2) A rectangular hole provides access for a multi-wire ribbon cable for disk I/O signals, control and status to a Dynabyte 5012 Cartridge Module Drive or Dynabyte 5011, 5013 or 5014 Winchester Drive.
- 2.09 Eight (sixteen) positions are provided on the rear panel for DB-25-S connectors and are used for I/O signals to the system peripheral devices such as:
 - (1) Serial Printers,
 - (2) Video Terminals,
 - (3) Parallel I/O Printer,
 - (4) Acoustical Coupler or Modems,
 - (5) Plotting Terminals.

Each installation will vary depending upon the selection of peripheral devices and the applications programs in use. Three I/O ports are furnished as part of the CPU. These are shown connected to the rear panel illustrated in Figure 2-2 and 2-3. In applications requiring additional ports, a Quadraport or an Octaport may be installed into the S-100 Bus and interconnected to the rear panel. Both the front and rear panels are secured to their respective bezel by 6-32 Kep nuts. Each bezel is secured to the base plate by 6-32 screws. Both panel and bezel may be easily removed for servicing or installation of additional I/O ports in the field.

Card Cage - S-100 Bus

- 2.10 Refer to Figure 2-3 for the description which follows. The card cage furnishes a rigid support structure for the S-100 Bus cards when they are inserted into the S-100 Bus. The Motherboard PC Assembly contains 12 S-100 Bus receptacles or jacks, J1 through J12. Each jack has 100 separate pins. The actual bus consists of 100 parallel traces on the pc board connecting the same pin on each jack. Each line has a ground trace between it and the adjacent line to minimize coupling between signal lines.
- 2.11 The S-100 Bus lines are described by function in Part 3 of this manual. Physically they make up five groups:
 - (1) Power and common lines. These are connected to the power supply module discussed in 2.17. Six lines.
 - (2) Address lines. 16 lines.
 - (3) Data In and Out lines. 16 lines.
 - (4) Control Signal lines. 40 lines.
 - (5) Dynabyte Reserved lines. 22 lines.

The Motherboard PC Assembly also contains a few descrete components which make up the Halt Detector. The Halt Detector and Reset line are connected to the front panel by a four-conductor receptacle, J13, connected to plug, P13, mounted at the front edge of the Motherboard PC Assembly.

S-100 Bus Cards

- 2.12 Dynabyte S-100 Bus cards are pc assemblies normally measuring 5 x 10 inches.
 A 100-pin edge connector mates with the S-100 Bus connector on the motherboard. This connector is offset by 5/8 inch from the card centerline, i.e., an S-100 Bus card cannot be inserted into a jack backwards.
- 2.13 Dynabyte S-100 Bus cards may have one or more on-board regulators for regulating and distributing the dc power supply voltages from the bus to the logical elements on the card.

NOTE

An S-100 Bus card should never be inserted or removed from the bus when the ac line power is on.

- 2.14 A solder mask is applied to the component and non-component sides of the pc boards when it is manufactured and before it is loaded with components. This mask covers all surfaces except:
 - (1) The 100 gold-plated fingers of the edge connectors,
 - (2) Each of the plated-through holes.

The solder mask assures there will be no bridges between traces. The soldering operation can then only take place at a hole where normally solder joins a component lead and a pad.

- 2.15 Dynabyte S-100 Bus cards usually provide sockets for most multi-lead active devices to facilitate fault location and servicing.
- 2.16 Options for Dynabyte S-100 cards are provided by three methods:
 - (1) Dual-In-Line packaged (DIP) switches of one to nine poles, SPST, are normally used in functions which may have to be set to the user's individual installation.
 - (2) Bare wire straps are soldered into the pc board for options which are installed at the factory. These are not to be changed in the field except by instructions from Dynabyte Customer

Support or when specified in the individual Dynabyte S-100 Bus Card Technical Manual.

IMPORTANT

Never change the settings of an Option Switch without referring to the Option Switch Tables in the individual Dynabyte S-100 Bus Card Technical Manual.

(3) Instructions are written into a programmable read-only memory (PROM) at the Dynabyte factory resulting in a read-only memory (ROM). In some applications a ROM can be phantomed into a desired range of addressed RAM. Phantoming means a memory segment can replace another under program control. When the 5200 is set to POWER ON or RESET is operated, the CPU jumps to the starting address of the disk controller ROM. The ROM boot instructions are overlaid at the common address location. These instructions are for the CPU to read Track 0, Sector 1 from Drive A. This particular operation is called the ROM Boot. Track 0, Sector 1 contains additional instructions which are loaded into RAM and executed. These instructions cause the CPU to read the Dynabyte Disk Operating System from the diskette or disk. This second operation is called the Disk Boot. The ROM is then switched out.

NOTE

Dynabyte ROMs are individually marked with a Dynabyte part number. The part number represents an individual program for a specific equipment configuration. The ROM part numbers are tabulated for various equipment configurations in the specific S-100 Bus Card Technical Manual.

Changes in options of this type are made by exchanging the particular ROM. ROMs are only available from Dynabyte.

2.17 Dynabyte S-100 Bus cards carry a distinctive white silkscreened marking on the component side of the pc assembly.

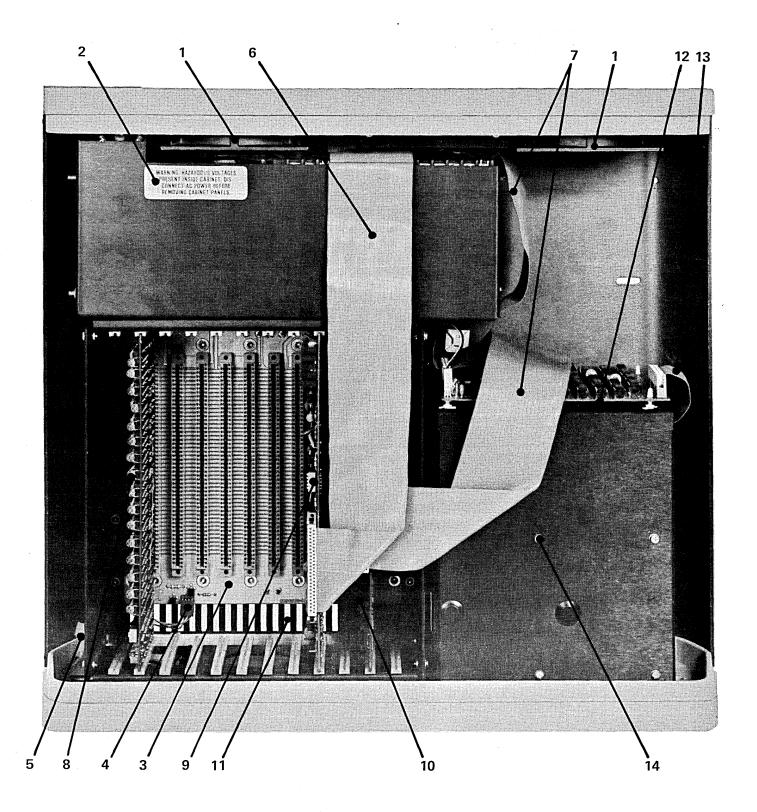


Figure 2-3 — 5200 Computer — Interior

Table 2-3 - 5200 Computer - Interior Major Assemblies

Key	Element	Function
1	Axial Fan(s)	Provides forced air cooling to the power supply module and internal heat dissipating pc assemblies.
2	Power Supply Module 800361	Accepts 115 or 230 Vac, 50-60 Hz and supplies the following preregulated voltages to the S-100 Bus and other assemblies:
		(1) +16 Vdc, (2) +12 Vdc, (3) + 8 Vdc, (4) + 5 Vdc, (5) Power Supply common, (6) -16 Vdc.
3	Card Cage and S-100 Bus PC Assembly 800038	Provides 12 pc assembly positions. Power and signal busses are tabulated by function in Table 7-1.
4	Front Panel Indicator Connector J13	A four-position connector which provides a connection point for the cable to the POWER ON, HALT indicators and the RESET switch on the front panel.
5	Front Panel Power Connector	A two-position connector which provides a connection point for the cable to the POWER ON switch on the front panel.
6	CPU I/O Cable 800285	Provides for the interconnection of data, status and control between the CPU PC Assembly and the rear panel I/O ports. Refer to Figure 2-2, Key 6, 7 and 8.
7	Disk Interface I/O Cable 800228	Provides for the interconnection of data, status and control between the Controller PC Assembly and the Rear Panel Disk I/O receptacle. Refer to Figure 2-2, Key 9.
8	Random Access Memory PC Assembly 800589	Provides storage for the Operating System, Application Program and variables during program execution.
9	CPU PC Assembly 803439	Provides a central processor, interrupt logic, two serial I/O ports and one parallel I/O port.
10	Disk Controller PC Assembly 800741	Provides the logic, status registers and ROM bootstrap to support the Dynabyte diskette drives.
11	Cabinet Louvers	Provides air inlets for drawing air into the cabinet for ventilation.
12	Auxiliary Controller 800703	Provides the specialized electrical functions for:
		(1) 5.25 inch diskette drives,
		(2) 8.00 inch diskette drives.

Table 2-3 - 5200 Computer - Interior Major Assemblies (Continued)

Key	Element	Function
		option strapping allows the Disk Controller, Key 10 above, to work with both types of media.
13	5.25 Diskette Drive Interface Cable 800437	Provides for supplying I/O signals to the drive module.
14	Drive Module	Housing for the dual diskette drives and control electronics.

- (1) The card name and part number. This facilitates board identification and referencing for reordering, servicing and referencing the appropriate Dynabyte S-100 Card Technical Manual, schematic or replaceable parts list.
- (2) Component reference designators are marked when practical. They facilitate locating the individual part on a schematic or parts list.

Most Dynabyte pc assemblies derive the major component reference designators from a row-column matrix silkscreened onto the pc board. For example, rows are A to D and columns are 1 to 18 on the 64K RAM card. An integrated circuit located in the upper left corner is A1 and the one located in the lower right corner is D18.

2.18 Input/Output (I/O) Signals not affecting the S-100 Bus are transferred over special multi-pin connectors normally located at the top of the pc assembly. Cable harnesses which mate with these connectors are normally made up of flat multi-pair or flat twisted multi-pair cable.

Figure 2-3, Keys 6 and 7, show typical flat I/O cables.

Power Supply Module

2.19 The power supply module is located at the rear of the 5200 cabinet between the card cage and the rear panel. The power supply operates on 115 or 230 Vac, 50 or 60 Hz line, optioned internally by straps. It utilizes a phase-controlled regulator to provide ac line and load regulation. The supply operates at relatively high efficiency and utilizes a minimum of components resulting in high reliability. The ac chassis wiring to the power supply module includes an EMI filter to minimize radiation of power supply switching transients over the ac line.

Dual Diskette Drives

2.20 The dual diskette drives are an enclosed module mounted at the right front of the chassis. Power for this module is furnished from the 5200 power supply module.

3. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

3.01 Part 3 will furnish the user with an overview of the 5200 Computer and the
 S-100 Bus. Detailed information on individual Dynabyte S-100 cards is provided in its technical manual.

NOTE

An * suffix to a signal name indicates logical NOT and active low.

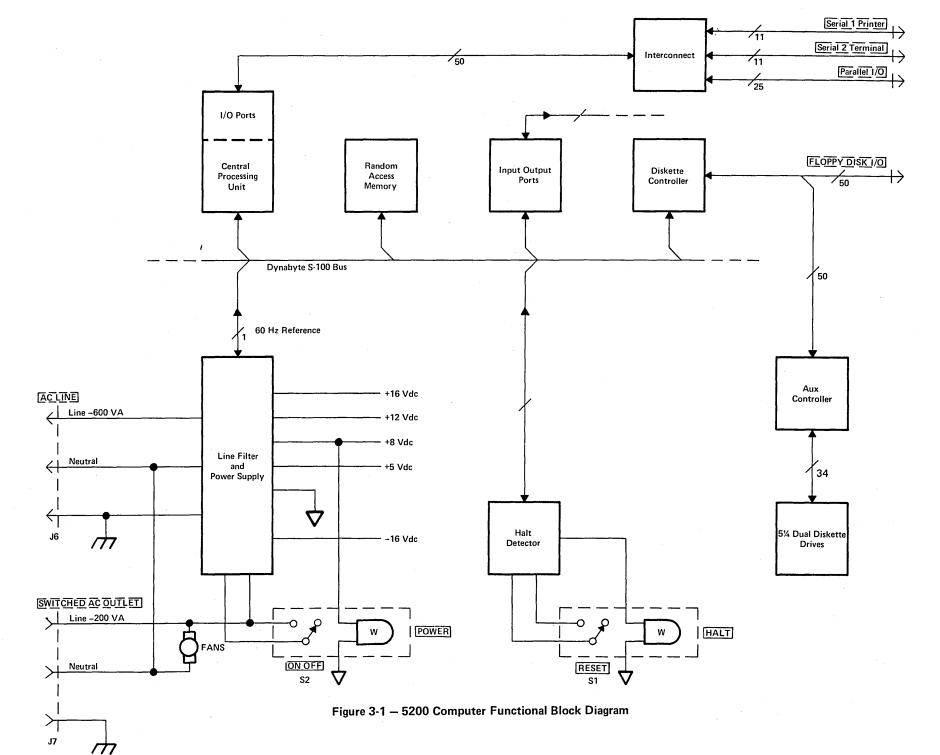
- 3.02 Figure 3-1 illustrates the 5200 Computer in block diagram. It should be used in conjunction with the schematic diagrams in Part 7 to familiarize the user with the circuits. The 5200 Computer chassis can be divided into four logical sections:
 - (1) Operational Controls,
 - (2) Power Supply Module,
 - (3) S-100 Bus,
 - (4) Dual 5.25 inch Dual Diskette Drives.
- 3.03 Two *operation controls* are provided on the 5200 Computer.
 - (1) The POWER switch applies ac line voltage to the fans, ac convenience receptacle and power supply module. The POWER ON indicator is lit when the power supply module outputs nominally +8 Vdc.
 - (2) The RESET switch pulls the Reset line, Pin 75, of the S-100 Bus low to initiate a restart of the CPU, etc. The reset switch housing contains a lamp and indicates a halt when lit. A Halt Detector is part of the S-100 Motherboard PC Assembly. This detector monitors the HLTA line, Pin 48. When this status line goes high, a HLT instruction has been executed. The HALT indicator is lit.
- 3.04 The Power Supply Module converts ac line voltage to low dc voltages for the S-100 Bus and monitoring circuits. It provides regulation against ac line fluctuations and load variations of the S-100 Bus. The output voltages are nominally:

- (1) +16 Vdc,
- (2) +12 Vdc,
- (3) +8 Vdc,
- (4) +5 Vdc,
- (5) -16 Vdc.

One adjustment, R2 on the Modulator PC Assembly and part of the power supply module, is used to set the +8 Vdc supply output voltage. The other voltages are nominal and track the +8 Vdc. Refer to Figure 6-2 for the tolerance range.

- 3.05 Regulation is provided by a triac modulating the ac line applied to the low voltage power transformer. The +8 Vdc output line is monitored and a feedback loop is used to control the conduction of the triac resulting in phase-controlled regulation.
- 3.06 The +16, +8 and -16 output voltages are passively filtered. Ripple on the +8 Vdc line is 0.3 to 1 Volt. The +5 and +12 voltages are set and controlled by three-terminal regulators. These two voltages power the dual diskette drives.
- 3.07 The S-100 Bus system consists of a set of signal lines used to carry all information, interface messages and device-dependent messages among interconnected devices.
- 3.08 The bus structure is organized into seven sets of signal lines:
 - (1) Data Lines,
 - (2) Address Lines,
 - (3) Status Bus,
 - (4) Control Output,
 - (5) Control Input Bus,
 - (6) Vectored Interrupt Bus,
 - (7) Utility Bus.

Refer to Table 7-1 for the description which follows.



NOTE

In and Out References are in respect to the CPU.

- 3.09 The data bus consists of 16 lines grouped as two unidirectional 8-bit busses for byte operations.
 - (1) Data output appears on the data output bus DO0 DO7. DO7 is the most significant bit.
 - (2) Data input appears on the data input bus DIO DI7. DI7 is the most significant bit.
- 3.10 The address bus consists of 16 signal lines used to select a specific location in memory or a specific input/output device for communications during the current bus cycle. The memory address bus consists of 16 lines specifying 1 of 64K memory locations. These 16 lines are named A0 through A15, where A15 is the most significant bit. The I/O device address bus consists of lines, A0 through A7, specifying 1 of 256 I/O devices, with A7 used as the most significant bit. Address lines A15 A8 are used as an I/O address modifier in specific cases, i.e., the Octaport.
- 3.11 The status bus consists of nine lines that identify the nature of the bus cycle in progress and qualify the nature of the address on the address bus. The mnemonics for status lines always begin with a lower case s and consist of:
 - (1) Memory Read sMEMR
 - (2) Op-Code Fetch -sM1
 - (3) Input sINP
 - (4) Output sOUT
 - (5) Write Cycle sWO*
 - (6) Interrupt Acknowledge sINTA
 - (7) Halt Acknowledge sHLTA
 - (8) Memory Request sMREQ*
 - (9) Memory Refresh sRFSH*

- 3.12 The lines of the control output bus determine the timing and movement of data during any bus cycle. The mnemonics for the control output lines always begin with a lower case p. The four lines are:
 - (1) pSYNC*, which indicates the start of a new bus cycle.
 - (2) pDBIN, a generalized read strobe that gates data from an addressed slave onto the data bus.
 - (3) pWR*, a generalized write strobe that writes data from the data bus into an addressed slave.
 - (4) pHLDA, the hold acknowledge signal that indicates to the highest priority temporary master that the permanent master is relinquishing control of the bus.
- 3.13 The five lines of the control input bus allow bus slaves to synchronize the operations of bus masters with conditions internal to the bus slave, e.g., data not ready, and to request operations of the permanent master, e.g., interrupt or hold. The five control input lines are:
 - (1) RDY
 - (2) XRDY
 - (3) INT*
 - (4) NMI*
 - (5) HOLD*

The ready lines are used by bus slaves to synchronize bus masters to the response speed of the slave. Thus cycles are suspended and wait states inserted until both ready lines are asserted. The RDY line is the general ready line for bus slaves. It is specified as an open collector line. The XRDY line is a special ready line used by test devices to stop and single-step bus masters. It is not specified as an open collector line and should not be used by other bus slaves since a bus conflict may exist.

3.14 The two interrupt lines INT* and NMI* are used to request service from the permanent bus master. The INT* line may be masked off by the bus master, usually via an internal software

generation. If the bus master accepts the interrupt request on the INT* line, it may respond with an interrupt acknowledge bus cycle accepting vectoring information from the data bus.

- 3.15 The NMI* line is a nonmaskable interrupt request line, that is, it may not be masked off by the bus master. Accepting an interrupt on the NMI* line will not generate an interrupt acknowledge bus cycle. An interrupt request on the INT* line is asserted as a level, that is, the line is asserted until interrupt service is received. An interrupt request on the NMI* line, on the other hand, is asserted as a negative-going edge, since no interrupt acknowledge cycle will be generated. Both lines are specified as open-collector lines.
- 3.16 The hold request line, HOLD*, is used by temporary bus masters to request control of the bus from the permanent bus master to prevent temporary masters from gaining bus control. The HOLD* line is specified as an open collector line and may only be asserted at certain times.
- bus are used in conjunction with the generalized vectored interrupt request, INT*, to arbitrate among eight levels of interrupt request priorities. The eight lines of the vectored interrupt bus are VIO* through VI7*, where VIO* is considered the highest priority interrupt. The vectored interrupt lines should be implemented as levels; that is, they should be held active until service is received.
- 3.18 Power in the Dynabyte S-100 Bus systems is distributed to bus devices as unregulated voltages. A total of six bus lines are used:
 - (1) +8 Volts, 2 lines,
 - (2) +16 Volts, 1 line,
 - (3) -16 Volts, 1 line,
 - (4) Power supply common, 2 lines.

- 3.19 The system clock, 4 MHZ PHASE 2, is generated by the CPU. The control timing for all bus cycles must be derived from this clock. This signal is never transferred during a bus exchange operation.
- 3.20 Another line, called CLOCK, is specified as a 2 MHz, 0.5 percent tolerance, signal with no relationship to any other bus signal. It is used by counters, timers, baud-rate generators, etc.
- 3.21 System reset functions are divided into two lines:
 - (1) RESET*, is an open collector input line that requests a Power On Clear (POC).
 - (2) POC*, power on clear is active on power on and when requested by RESET*, is specified as having a minimum active period of 10 ms.
- 3.22 The memory write strobe, MWRT, is generated by the permanent bus master and is defined as:

 $MWRT = pWR \bullet sOUT* (logic equation)$

- 3.23 Another line, PHANTOM*, is provided for overlaying bus slaves at a common address location. When this line is activated, phantom bus slaves are enabled and normal bus slaves are disabled. This line is specified as an open-collector line.
- 3.24 The remaining lines are designated as Dynabyte reserved and for use in future S-100 card and system designs.
- Computer with internal mass storage for application programs and data files. Each diskette will store either 315K bytes or 630K bytes in the double-sided mode. An Auxiliary Controller is part of the drive module. The Auxiliary Controller, allows the Disk Controller, installed in the S-100 Bus, to be used with both 8.00 and 5.25 inch diskettes as well as single and double density. Disk Controller I/O signals are supplied to a 50-pin receptacle on the rear panel for additional mass storage, e.g., 5010.

4. SPECIFICATIONS

- 4.01 Part 4 furnishes the user with information for shipping and installation and should be used to establish acceptance tests if they are performed. Minor deviations from the specifications tabulated in Tables 4-1 and 4-2 which do not affect the 5200 Computer are excluded from the Dynabyte Warranty.
- 4.02 The functional specifications of the 5200 Computer are determined by:
 - (1) The Dynabyte Disk Operating System and the particular application program running, i.e., the software.

- (2) The specific Dynabyte S-100 cards installed in the bus, i.e., the hardware.
- 4.03 Table 4-1 summarizes the 5200 Computer Functional Specifications with the following hardware:
 - (1) Central Processing Unit,
 - (2) 64K Random Access Memory.

For other hardware configurations the user should refer to the individual Dynabyte S-100 Card Technical Manual Specifications.

Table 4-1 — 5200 Computer Functional Specifications

Parameter	Characteristics
Front Panel Section	
Power Switch	Alternate action. Lit in POWER ON condition.
Reset Switch	Momentary action. Lit when the CPU is in the Halt condition.
Card Cage Section	
System	Dynabyte S-100 Bus
Capacity	12 positions
EMI	Fully shielded backplane
Processor Section	
Туре	Z-80A
Clock Rate	4 MHz
Instruction Set	158
Interval Timer Number Time Unit Range Interrupt	10 $64~\mu s$ per count 1 to 255 units $(64~\mu s - 16.32~ms)$ Interrupts on 0 count under program control
Real Time Clock Frequency Indication	Ac line synchronous Sets status bit or causes interrupt

Table 4-1 – 5200 Computer Functional Specifications (Continued)

Parameter	Characteristics
Interrupts	
Number	16
Priority, Highest	Timer 6
,, ,	Timer 7
	Port Interrupt
	Timer 8
	Serial 2 Receive Data Available
	Serial 2 Transmit Data Available
	Timer 9
	Timer 10 or Parallel Port Input Bit 7
	Timer 1
	Timer 2
	Real Time Clock Timer 3
	Serial 1 Receive Data Available
	Serial 1 Transmit Buffer Empty
	Timer 4
Priority, Lowest	Timer 5
Levels of Interrupt	2
Masking	
Level 1	Masks all interrupts
Level 2	Individual masking of interrupts
Off Card Interrupts	One maskable One unmaskable
Input/Output Section	
Serial Ports	2
Rates	110, 150, 300, 880, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19,200, 38,400
	76,800 baud
Rate Selection	Software control
Connector	DB-25-S
Data In	EIA RS-232C
Data Out	EIA RS-232C
Signal Common Data In	EIA RS-232C
Data In Data Out	20 ma current loop 20 ma current loop
Parallel Port	1
Input	8 bits
Input Ready Flag	Edge triggered
Input Sense	1 bit 8 bits
Output Output Strobe	1 bit
Output Strobe Output Flags	2
Connector	DB-25-S

Table 4-1 - 5200 Computer Functional Specifications (Continued)

Parameter	Characteristics
Memory Section	
Random Access Address Size Type Cycle Time	16 bits 65,536 bytes (64K) Dynamic 400 ns
Optional Size	Bank switching 400K bytes maximum
Mass Memory Section	
Heads Per Track	1
Tracks Per Surface	77
Media	5.25 diskette. Soft sectored
Unformatted Capacity Track Surface	6250 bytes 480K bytes
Formatted Capacity Sector Size Sectors Per Track Surface	128 bytes 32 315K bytes
Transfer Rate	250K bytes ps
Average Latency	100 ms
Head Load	75 ms
Access Time Track-To-Track Settling Average Access	30 ms 10 ms 360 ms
Track Density	100 tpi
Spindle Speed Variation	300 rpm ±3%
Recording Density	5248 bpi
Flux Density	5248 frpi

Table 4-1 — 5200 Computer Functional Specifications (Continued)

Parameter	Characteristics
Mass Memory Section (Continued)	
Encoding Method	MFM
Reliability (estimated) MTBF PM MTTR	8500 hours None 30 minutes
Error Rate Soft Read Errors Hard Read Errors Seek Error	Less than 1×10^9 bits Less than 1×10^{12} bits Less than 1×10^6 seeks
Media Life Passes per track Insertions	Greater than 3×10^6 Greater than $30,000$
Power Supply Section	
Type	Phase-controlled regulator
Voltages	±16 Vdc at 6 A +8 Vdc at 20 A +12 Vdc at 1.0 A, 1.3 A peak +5 Vdc at 0.5 A
Adjustment	1
Rear Panel Section	
DB-25-S Connector Positions	8 or 16
Diskette Storage Connector	50 conductor ribbon
Convenience Receptacle	Two-wire and grounded NEMA 200 VA maximum
·	

Table 4-2 - 5200 Computer Physical Specifications

Parameter	Characteristics
Cooling, Revision A Revision B	140 CFM, two 4-5/8 inch axial fans 70 CFM, one 4-5/8 inch axial fan
Operating temperature	10° to 35°C (50° to 95°F)
Relative humidity	20% to 80%
Line Voltage, standard optional power	115 ±10% Vac, 60 Hz 230 ±10% Vac, 50 Hz 313 VA
Dimension, width depth height weight	52.1 cm (20.5 inches) 47.0 cm (18.5 inches) 17.8 cm (7.0 inches) 25.0 kg (55 lbs.)
·	

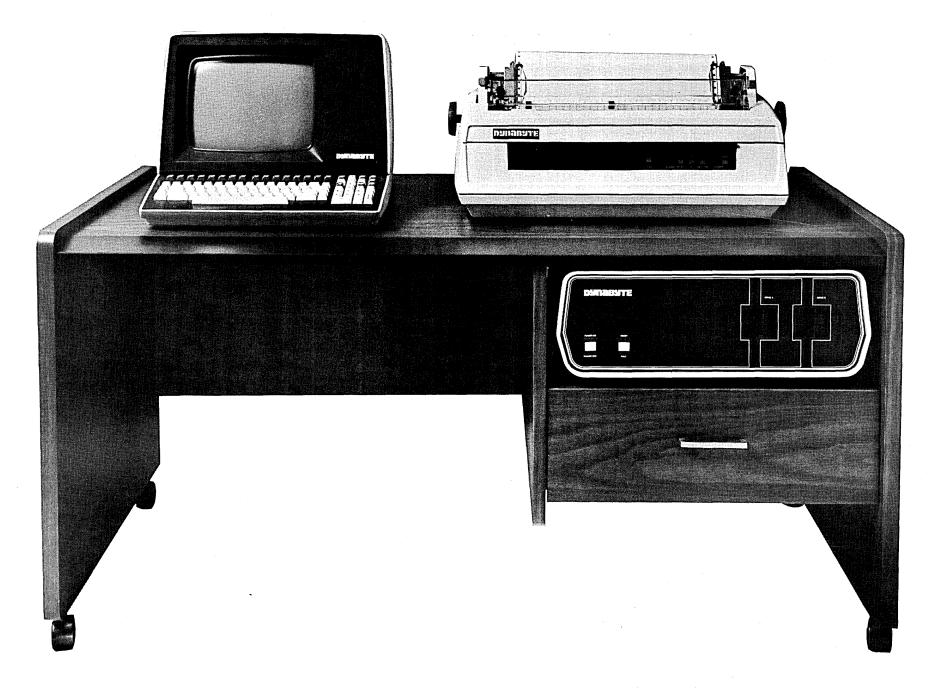


Figure 5-1 — 5200 Computer Installed In Dynabyte Desk Enclosure

5. OPERATION AND INSTALLATION

Unpacking

5.01 After the 5200 Computer arrives, the shipping cartons should be examined for visible loss or damage.

IMPORTANT

Each unit's shipping carton should be retained for the warranty period and used for the return of equipment to Dynabyte if it is necessary.

Since the 5200 can be ordered in several optional configurations:

- (1) Random access memory size,
- (2) RAM bank switching,
- (3) Number of I/O ports,
- (4) Type of mass storage,
- (5) Slave CPUs,

check to make certain the packing slip agrees with the Purchase Order. Do not apply power to any unit.

5.02 Next, check each unit for concealed loss, damage or omissions in shipment. The laminated wood cover is secured to the chassis by six 3/32 hex head 6-32 x 1/2 screws. A hex head wrench is supplied with the 5200 Computer.

IMPORTANT

Remove only the three center hex head screws from each side of the cover.

Figure 2-3 illustrates the 5200 interior. The Dynabyte S-100 Bus structure allows any Dynabyte S-100 card to be installed into any vacant card position, but as a matter of practical cabling convenience, the order shown in Figure 2-3 is recommended.

Step	Procedure		
1	If a Dynabyte mass storage, e.g., 5010 or 5012 was ordered, install the Controller PC Assembly and connect its Disk Interface I/O Cable to the rear panel.		
2	If additional I/O Ports were optioned, confirm that the Octaport PC Assembly is installed and its Port I/O Cable is connected to the rear panel.		
3	Check the interior for loss or damage during shipment:		
	(1) Loose screws, nuts or washers,		
	(2) Broken wires or loose components,		
	(3) Major assemblies broken at mountings.		

IMPORTANT

The equipment is thoroughly tested, inspected and carefully packed before leaving the Dynabyte factory. Claims for loss or damage should be made upon the carrier, NOT TO Dynabyte, as follows:

- (1) Visible Loss or Damage must be noted on the freight bill or express delivery sheet. The form required to file such a claim will be supplied by the carrier.
- (2) Concealed Loss or Damage means loss or damage which does not become apparent until the equipment has been unpacked and placed in service. When the damage is discovered upon unpacking, make a written request for an inspection by the carrier's agent within fifteen days of the delivery date. Then file a claim with the carrier.

Obvious workmanship problems or incomplete shipments should be reported immediately to Dynabyte.

Ac Line

5.03 The 5200 Computer is normally wired and shipped from the factory for operation from a 115 Vac, 60 Hz single ac line. The ac line receptacle, J6, is provided with a third wire bonded to the chassis.

IMPORTANT

Safe operation of Dynabyte equipment depends upon the user providing a two-wire, grounded, 115 Vac, 15 Amp service wall receptacle.

Select a wall receptacle which is not switched except for a circuit breaker. Ideally no other equipment should be connected to the branch circuit.

NOTE

The 5200 Computer chassis is wired at the factory for either 115 Vac, 60 Hz or 230 Vac, 50 Hz operation. Conversion in the field for operation on the alternate voltage is not recommended.

Options

5.04 The user should refer to the Dynabyte S-100 Card Technical Manual for detailed information for options to individual S-100 cards and system components. Figures 5-2 through 5-5 will furnish the 5200 user with option settings necessary for a 5200 system to run diagnostic programs.

5200/5010 Units

5.05 The following procedure will serve as an option check list when a 5200 Computer Unit stands alone or is used with or expanded to include one 5010 Unit.

Step	Procedure
1	For a stand-alone 5200 Computer Unit installation, check the Main Disk Controller PC Assembly options:
	(1) Disk Clock Strap Option to DB8/4 8/2 position,
	(2) A ROM should be installed appropriate to drive manufacturer and number of surfaces. Refer to Figure 5-4.
2	If a system does not include a 5010 Unit, check the Auxiliary Disk Controller options in the 5200 Computer Unit:
	(1) Address Strap Option to 0,
	(2) Terminating Resistor Pack at A3.
	Refer to Figure 5-5.
3	If the system does include a 5010 Unit, check the Auxiliary Disk Controller PC Assembly options in the 5200 Computer Unit.
	(1) Address Strap Option to 0.
	(2) No Terminating Resistor Pack at A3.
4	Check the Auxiliary Disk Controller PC Assembly options in the 5010 Unit:
ı	(1) Address Strap Option to 1,
	(2) Terminating Resistor Pack at A3.

IMPORTANT

Only one Terminating Resistor Pack should be installed in a Disk Storage System.

The Resistor Pack should only be installed in the last Auxiliary Controller in the Disk Storage System.

Set Up and Turn On

- 5.06 The following procedure will serve as a useful check list for setting up or resetting up the 5200 Computer. For illustration purposes the system components are:
 - (1) 5200 Computer, 64K Dynamic RAM.
 - (2) Serial 1 Port is connected to the Serial Printer, 300 baud, and is the listing device (LST:).
 - (3) Serial 2 Port is connected to the Video Terminal, 9600 baud, and is the console device (CON:).
 - (4) Dynabyte Disk Operating System Diskette.

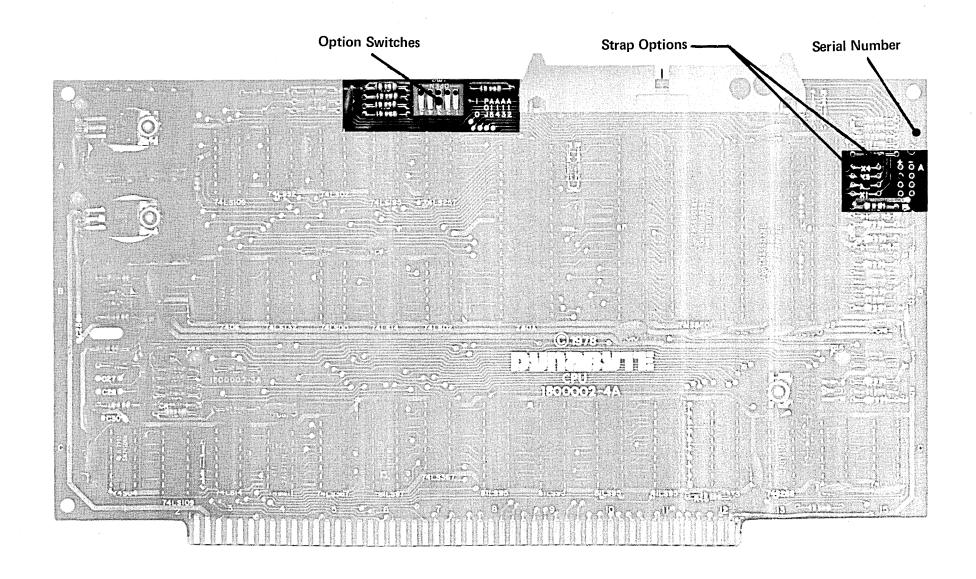
NOTE

Set all ac line power switches to OFF.

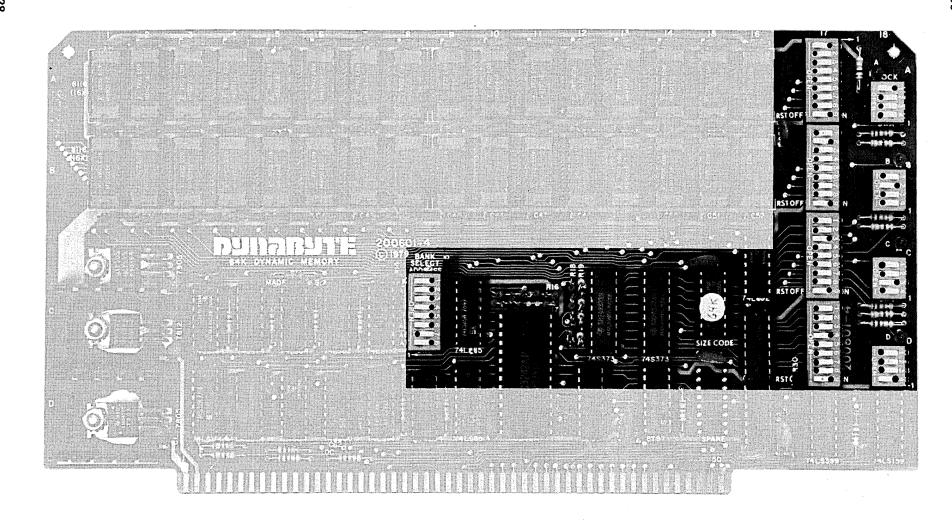
Step	Procedure
1	Install the 5200 so as not to obstruct the air flow through the louvers in the bottom of the cabinets. Make certain there is a three-inch clearance from the rear of the fans. Dynabyte desk-type cabinets, Figure 5-1, are designed to assure constant air flow through the equipment cabinets.
2	Check the option switch settings: (1) Each S-100 Bus card. Refer to 5.04 above.

Step	Procedure
	(2) Video Terminal. Refer to the Technical Manual.
	(3) Serial Printer. Refer to the Technical Manual.
3	Connect to computer system cables:
	(1) EIA cable between Port 1 and the Serial Printer.
	(2) EIA cable between Port 2 and the Video Terminal.
	IMPORTANT
	Tighten the retaining screws on the DB-25-S connectors. Do not overtighten.
4	Connect the ac line cords:
	(1) Video Terminal ac line cord to the wall receptacle.
	(2) Serial Printer ac line cord to the wall receptacle.
	(3) 5200 ac line cord to the wall receptacle.
5	Open both diskette drive doors.
	NOTE
	Always check the drive does not have a diskette installed before installing a diskette into a drive.
6	Turn on the ac power switches:
	(1) Video Terminal.
	(2) Serial Printer
	(3) 5200 Computer.

Step	Procedure
7	Verify the following:
	(1) Power on indicators on all units are lit.
	(2) Fan(s) in the 5200 are running.
	(3) Disk Drive A select lamp is flashing.
8	Insert the System Diskette into Drive A and close the door.
9	The Video Terminal should present the Dynabyte sign-on message.
10	Refer to the 5200 Computer Operation Manual.

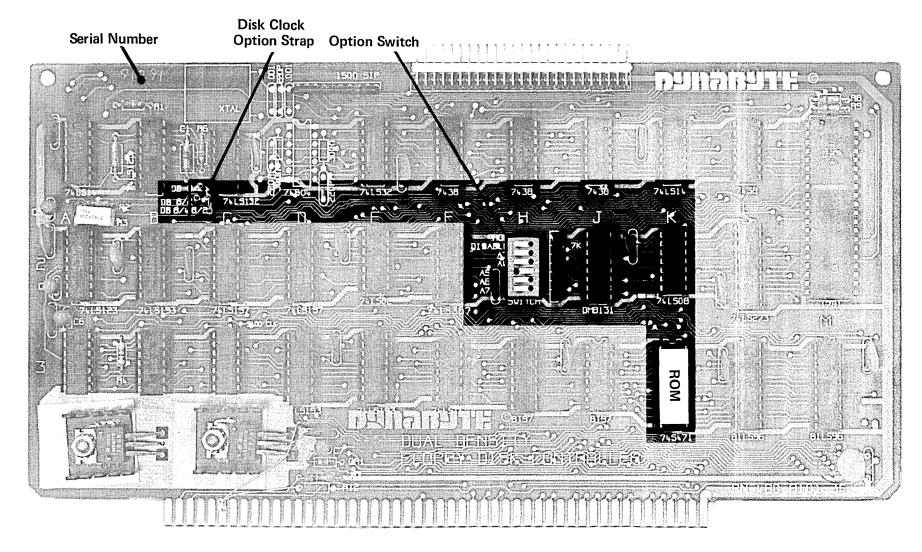


NOTE: The dots on the switches indicate the direction in which the switch should be set for correct operation.



NOTE: The dots on the switches indicate the direction in which the switch should be set for correct operation.

Figure 5-3 — 64K Random Access Memory — Option Switch Settings



NOTE: The dots on the switches indicate the direction in which the switch should be set for correct operation. **ROM Option Selection**

Dynabyte Part Number	Mnemonic	Dynabyte Equipment
803952	RBOOT1A	5100 and 5010 Shugart 1D Drives, 5200 and 5010 Shugart 1D Drives, 5200 alone
802033	RBOOT2	5100 and 5010 Remex 1D Drives, 5200 and 5010 Remex 1D Drives, 5200 alone
802052	RBOOT3	5200 and 5010 Remex 2D Drives, 5200 and 5010 Remex 2D Drives, 5200 alone
803971	RBOOT4A	5100 and two 5010s 2D Drives
804741	RBOOT5	5100 and two 5010s 1D Drives

NOTE: 1D is a single-surface diskette. 2D is a double-surface diskette.

Figure 5-4 — Disk Controller — Option Switch Settings

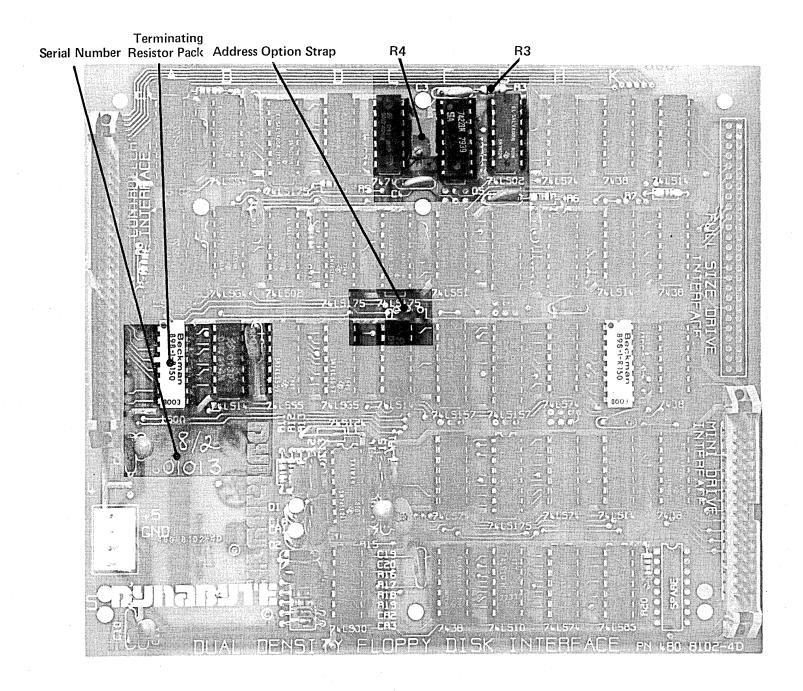


Figure 5-5 — Auxiliary Disk Controller — Option Switch Settings.

6. MAINTENANCE

6.01 The 5200 Computer is a result of several years of design, development and modern electronic manufacturing. The units are designed around the latest semiconductors and integrated circuits. They operate at relatively low power levels with adequate cooling. Each 5200 Computer is operated under power and functionally tested in the Dynabyte factory for a minimum of 72 hours before shipment. The 5200 Computer can be expected to operate at peak performance for long intervals. No routine maintenance is required except occasional dusting and cleaning of the painted surfaces with a good all-purpose cleaner which does not attack or scratch painted surfaces or plastic.

(1) Formula 409 All Purpose Cleaner Distributed by Clorox Company Oakland, Ca. 94612

available from most supermarkets is well suited for this application.

Customer Support Service

6.02 Maintenance and procedures described in this manual should be performed in accordance with local instructions and the individual user's maintenance plan. Maintenance and repair of the 5200 Computer during the warranty period should be limited to:

- (1) returning the 5200 Computer,
- (2) isolation of a fault to a specific pc assembly or unit,
- (3) replacement of the ac line fuse once.

NOTE

Dynabyte Authorized Service Centers (ASC) are staffed with factory-trained technicians that are supplied with technical manuals and routinely receive service bulletins and design change information on Dynabyte equipment.

Repacking and Returning Material

6.03 The Dynabyte Customer Support staff is available by telephone for assistance in troubleshooting and recommendations for repairs. If equipment is to be returned for repair or replacement, the following procedure will expedite repair and return of the equipment. All communications and material should be directed to:

Dynabyte, Inc. Customer Support 115 Independence Drive Menlo Park, Ca. 94025 (415) 329-8021 TWX 9103732019

Step	Procedure
1	Call Dynabyte Customer Support by telephone and provide the following information:
	(1) The nearest Dynabyte Authorized Service Center name and number if known.
	(2) The Dynabyte Model Number and Serial Number of the equipment. Figure 6-1 illustrates the Dynabyte Identification Plate for equipment. Normally this is located at the rear of the equipment.
2	If the fault has been traced to a specific subassembly, e.g., an S-100 Bus card, furnish the type, part number and serial number. This information is marked on the component side of the pc assembly.
	(1) Subassembly replaced into the failed equipment if one was available.
	(2) Subassembly to be returned to Dynabyte.

Procedure
Furnish a brief statement of the problem.
Customer Support will issue a Return Material Authorization Number (RMA Number).
(1) The RMA permits the Dynabyte Customer Support staff to provide better coordination of returned material.
(2) The RMA permits the Dynabyte customer to easily reference material returned to Dynabyte.
NOTE
Material returned to Dynabyte without a Return Material Authorization for repair will be refused by Dynabyte and returned to the sender.
Package equipment in the Dynabyte packing carton in which the equipment was received. If the original packing material is not available, Dynabyte Customer Support will provide information and recommendations or material to be used.
Fill out and enclose a Dynabyte Repair Service Report with the equipment or provide the following information in writing:
(1) The RMA number furnished by Dynabyte.
(2) The nearest Dynabyte Authorized Service Center.
(3) Model number and serial number of equipment. Refer to Step 1 above.
(4) A brief statement of the problem.
Ship the equipment to Dynabyte, shipment prepaid.

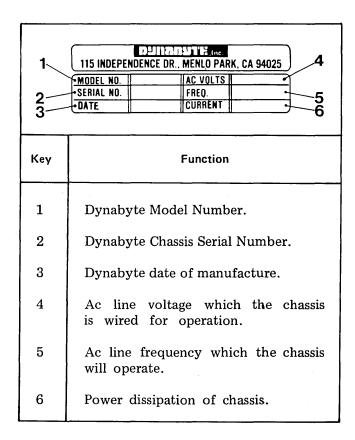


Figure 6-1 — Dynabyte Identification Plate

Diagnostics

6.04 A diagnostic program supplied on a diskette is available for the 5200 Computer from a Dynabyte Authorized Service Center. This program is a three-minute process to verify the 5200 works in general and the diskette drives are functioning properly. The program diskette is supplied with a Dynabyte Technical Manual describing the program operation in detail.

Fault Location

- 6.05 A troubleshooting chart has been included in this manual to assist the user in isolating a fault location to one of three areas. Refer to Table 6-1.
 - (1) The fault symptom resulted from incorrect user operation of the 5200 Computer.

- (2) The fault symptom resulted from some other piece of equipment, e.g., cable, diskette storage, diskette or terminal.
- (3) The fault symptom resulted from a 5200 S-100 card or power supply module.

Table 6-1 does not tabulate all the possible symptoms, only those Dynabyte Customer Support has found most likely to occur. The diagnostic program, refer to 6.04 above, will also provide pointers for troubleshooting hardware malfunctions.

Power Supply Module Voltages and Adjustment

6.06 The procedure which follows will assist the user in checking and adjusting the power supply should it be necessary. The user will need a digital multimeter (DMM), e.g., Fluke 8020A or equal. Refer to Figure 6-2.

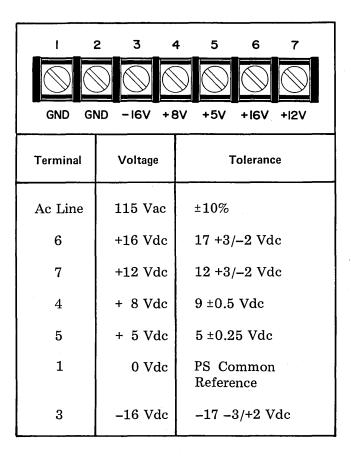


Figure 6-2 - Power Supply Module Voltage Test Points - BS1

Step	Procedure
1	Remove the top cover. Refer to 6.08 below.
2	Remove the power supply cover. Refer to 6.09, Steps 1 through 3.
3	The power supply voltages are distributed from barrier strip, BS1.
4	Connect the DMM (–) lead to Terminal 1 and the (+) lead to Terminal 4. The voltage should be:
	9 ± 0.5 Vdc
5	If it is necessary to adjust the +8 Vdc supply to bring this into tolerance, adjust R2 on the Modulator PC Assembly.
6	Check each of the other voltages tabulated in Figure 6-2 are in tolerance.

Removing Assemblies

- 6.07 The user will need the following hand tools to remove the major assemblies from the 5200 Computer chassis:
 - (1) 3/32 hex Allen wrench,
 - (2) 11/32 socket wrench,

- (3) 1/4 socket wrench,
- (4) No. 2 Phillips head screwdriver,
- (5) No. 3 Phillips head screwdriver.
- 6.08 Top Cover The descriptions which follow view the 5200 Computer from the front. Perform the following:

Step	Procedure
	WARNING
	Hazardous voltages are present inside the cabinet. Disconnect ac power before removing the cabinet cover or assemblies.
1	Remove the <i>center</i> three 3/32 hex head screws from each side of the top cover.
2	Remove the cover and place it in position so the woodgrain surface will not be marred during servicing.

6.09 Power Supply Module – is located between the card cage and the rear panel. Perform the following:

Step	Procedure
	NOTE
	Handle I/O cables with care as they can be easily damaged.
1	Disconnect the following cables:
	(1) Port I/O Cable from the CPU.
٠	(2) Disk Interface I/O Cable from the Controller.
	Dress cables back over the rear panel.
2	Remove the two 6-32 Kep nuts and flat washers from the left side of the black anodized power supply cover.
3	Remove the two 4-40 Kep nuts and flat washers from the right side of the power supply cover.
4	Remove the power supply cover.
5	Disconnect the Motherboard Power Cable.
	(1) BS1 — 1 BLK (2) — 2 BLK (2) — 3 VIO/WHT (1) — 4 ORG/WHT (2) — 5 ORG (3) — 6 RED/WHT (1) — 7 RED (2)
	(2) BS2 - 5 YEL (1)
6	Remove the four Phillips head 10-32 screws, star washers and flat washer which secure the Power Supply Module to the cabinet base.
7	Shift the Power Supply Module slightly to gain access to the rear interior. Disconnect the ac line. This is two push-on connectors on the EMI line filter.
8	Remove the Power Supply Module from the 5200.

6.10 Card Cage - S-100 Bus Motherboard — is located directly behind the front panel. The Motherboard Power Cable must be disconnected first. Repeat 6.09, Steps 1 through 5. Then, perform the following:

Step	Procedure
1	Remove all the S-100 cards installed in the card cage.
2	Disconnect the front panel cable connector from J14, the four-conductor pc-mounted receptacle.
3	Remove the fourteen $6-32 \times 3/8$ Phillips head screws and star washers which secure the S-100 Motherboard PC Assembly to the cabinet base.
4	Remove the card cage from the 5200 Computer.
5	Remove the eight $6-32 \times 3/8$ Phillips head screws and star washers which secure the S-100 Bus Motherboard PC Assembly to the card cage.

6.11 Front or Rear Panel — Both panels are secured to the respective cabinet bezel by five 6-32 Kep nuts. It is more convenient to remove the entire bezel. Perform the following:

Step	Procedure					
1	Remove the two 3/32 hex head screws from each side.					
2	Remove the five $8-32 \times 3/4$ Phillips head screws and star washers which secure the bezel to the cabinet base. Two of these screws also secure rubber bumpers.					
3	Disconnect the electrical connections from the respective panel.					
	(1) Front Panel — Disconnect the ac line cable from the rear panel and the front panel cable connector from J14, the four-conductor pc mounted receptacle.					
	(2) Rear Panel — Disconnect the ac line cable to the front panel and the ac line cable to the power supply. This consists of two push-on connectors on the EMI line filter.					
4	Remove the panel.					

6.12 Dual Diskette Drive Module — is located behind the front panel. Prior to August 1, 1979, this module utilized a different method of mounting, Revision A, than the current production units which use Revision B method of mounting. Perform the following:

Step	Procedure
1	Remove the following cables:
	(1) Disk I/O from the Aux Controller receptacle marked CONTROLLER.
	(2) Aux I/O from the Aux Controller receptacle marked MINI DRIVE.
2	Remove the Aux Controller PC Assembly from the drive module rear panel. The plastic retainer detents must be released before the Aux Controller can be removed.
3	Remove the four plastic retainers which secure the rear panel to the module.
4	Remove the dc power cables from Drive A and Drive B.
5	For Revision A mounting:
	(1) Remove the two 6-32 x 3/8 Phillips head screws and star washers which secure the module to the cabinet base.
	(2) Remove the front panel. Follow the steps listed in 6.11.
	(3) Remove the four 8-32 Kep nuts which secure the module to the front panel.
6	For Revision B mounting:
	(1) Remove the four 6-32 x 3/8 Phillips head screws and star washers which secure the module to the cabinet base.
7	Remove the Dual Diskette Drives from the 5200 Computer.

Table 6-1 — Troubleshooting Chart

No.	Symptom	Probable Cause	Remedy
1	POWER ON indicator does not light and fans are not running.	 Power cord is not connected to the ac line. The ac line fuse is blown. 	Connect to the ac line. Replace the fuse one time only. Then check the ac chassis wiring.
		3. The power supply module is defective.	3. Replace or repair. Refer to Trouble 2 below.
2	POWER ON indicator flickers.	The power supply module is defective.	 Check all output voltages. Refer to Figure 6-2. Replace or repair.
		2. One of the S-100 Bus cards is defective.	2. Remove one card at a time from the bus. Monitor the power supply output until the trouble clears. Replace or repair the card.
3	POWER ON indicator is lit. RESET is pressed. The sign on message is not presented on the console. Drive A Select indicator does not light.	 System cables or options are incorrect for the installation. Power Supply module is defective. 	 Check cables and options. Refer to Trouble 2 above.
4	POWER ON indicator is lit. RESET is pressed. The sign on message is not presented on the console. Drive A Select indicator lights and heads load several times.	 System diskette is inserted incorrectly or is missing. System diskette is defective or has incorrect operating system for the installation. Chassis connectors or wiring is defective. Power Supply module is defective. Controller is defective. Aux Controller is defective. Drive A is defective. 	 Insert system diskette. Press RESET. Insert a new system diskette. Check. Refer to Part 7 for diagram. Replace or repair. Refer to Trouble 2 above. Replace or repair.

Table 6-1 — Troubleshooting Chart (Continued)

		1	
No.	Symptom	Probable Cause	Remedy
5	RESET button pressed. No sign on message is presented on the console. Drive A Select indicator lights and the head loads once.	Console is not configured to the system.	1. Check console cabling to port, data communication controls, e.g., baud rate, parity, etc.
	ine near roads once.	System diskette has a defective operating system.	2. Insert a new system diskette.
		3. CPU is defective.	3. Replace or repair.
6	RESET is pressed. HALT indicator remains lit.	1. CPU is defective.	1. Replace or repair.
		2. The phantom bootstrapping option jumper is not installed in the lowest addressed RAM. This is appropriate to:	2. Install jumper. Refer to the Technical Manual.
		16K Dynamic 16K Static 32K Static	
		3. RAM is defective.	3. Replace or repair.
7	Diskette drive is defective. The spindle is turning.	Motor pulley is the wrong size.	1. Replace.
		2. Internal drive troubles.	2. Refer to the Technical Manual for the drive.
8	Diskette drive is defective. The spindle is not turning.	Drive belt motor is off or broken.	1. Reinstall or replace the belt.
	The drive motor is running.	2. Drive motor belt pulley is loose.	2. Tighten.
9	Diskette drive is defective. Drive motor is not running.	No power to the drive motor. Power Supply module is defective.	1. Refer to Trouble 2 above.
		2. Drive motor is defective.	2. Replace or repair.

7. REFERENCE

S-100 Bus

7.01 Shortly after the introduction of the 8080, 8080A and Z-80 Microprocessor integrated circuits, several high-technology companies developed the S-100 Bus structure for use in personal and business computer systems. The S-100 Bus has been adapted by over 50 other manufacturers who also offer products that connect to the bus. Table 7-1 tabulates the Dynabyte S-100 Bus pins by assignment and function in the 5200 Computer.

Schematics and Replaceable Parts

- 7.02 Figure 7-1 furnishes the chassis wiring for the 5200 chassis. Table 7-2 tabulates replaceable parts for the 5200 Computer chassis covering:
 - (1) Front panel assembly,
 - (2) Rear panel assembly,
 - (3) Frame assembly.

Schematics and replaceable parts lists for all other assemblies, modules and pc assemblies or S-100 cards are covered in the individual Dynabyte Technical Manual.

- 7.03 On May 1, 1980, Dynabyte changed its part number system.
 - (1) The old part number system used an eight-digit part number with a letter suffix indicating the revision level.

Format:

NNNNNNN-NL

Example:

1800002-4A

(2) The current system uses a six-digit part number.

Format:

NNNNNN

Example:

803439

All references in this manual reference the current six-digit part numbering system. Tables 7-3 and 7-4 furnish the user with a cross reference for parts and assemblies discussed in this manual.

7.04 Table 7-5 tabulates the rear panel DB-25-S receptacle pin assignments when the three I/O ports from the CPU are used.

OEM Equipment

7.02 Physical and functional descriptions, maintenance information and replaceable parts list for the OEM equipment part of the 5200 Computer are provided under separate cover or may be ordered from:

(1) Dual Diskette Drives
Model 1015
Maintenance Manual
Micropolis Corporation
7939 Deering Avenue
Canoga Park, Ca. 91304

Technical Manual Revisions

- 7.03 The following summarizes the change history for this technical manual.
 - (1) Revision A The initial release October, 1980.
 - (2) Revision B Removed minor typographical errors. Figure 5-5 and Disk Controller Options procedure was added to Part 5 in June, 1981.

Table 7-1 — Dynabyte S-100 Bus Pin Assignments

Pin No.	Signal — Type	Active Level	Description
1	+8 Volts (B)		Instantaneous minimum greater than 7 Volts, instantaneous maximum less than 25 Volts, average maximum less than 11 Volts.
2	+16 Volts (B)		Instantaneous minimum greater than 14.5 Volts, instantaneous maximum less than 35 Volts, average maximum less than 21.5 Volts.
3	XRDY (S)	Н	One of two ready inputs to the current bus master. The bus is ready when both these ready inputs are true. See pin 72.
4	VI0* (S)	LOC	Vectored interrupt line 0.
5	VI1* (S)	LOC	Vectored interrupt line 1.
6	VI2* (S)	LOC	Vectored interrupt line ² .
7	VI3* (S)	LOC	Vectored interrupt line 3.
8	VI4* (S)	LOC	Vectored interrupt line 4.
9	VI5* (S)	LOC	Vectored interrupt line 5.
10	VI6* (S)	LOC	Vectored interrupt line 6.
11	VI7* (S)	LOC	Vectored interrupt line 7.
12	NMI* (S)	LOC	Nonmaskable interrupt.
13	Dynabyte Reserved		·
14	Dynabyte Reserved		
15	Dynabyte Reserved		
16	Dynabyte Reserved		
17	Dynabyte Reserved		
18	SDSB* (M)	LOC	The control signal to disable the 8 status signals.
19	CDSB* (M)	LOC	The control signal to disable the 5 control output signals.
20	Dynabyte Reserved	,	
21	Dynabyte Reserved		

Table 7-1 — Dynabyte S-100 Bus Pin Assignments (Continued)

Pin No.	Signal — Type	Active Level	Description
22	ADSB* (M)	L OC	The control signal to disable the 16 address signals.
23	DODSB* (M)	L OC	The control signal to disable the 16 address signals.
24	4 MHz Phase 2 (B)		The master timing signal for the bus.
25	Dynabyte Reserved		
26	pHLDA (M)	Н	A control signal used in conjunction with HOLD* to coordinate bus master transfer operations.
27	Dynabyte Reserved		
28	Dynabyte Reserved		
29	A5 (M)	Н	Address bit 5.
30	A4 (M)	Н	Address bit 4.
31	A3 (M)	Н	Address bit 3.
32	A15 (M)	Н	Address bit 15 (most significant).
33	A12 (M)	Н	Address bit 12.
34	A9 (M)	Н	Address bit 9.
35	DO1 (M)	Н	Data out bit 1.
36	DO0 (M)	Н	Data out bit 0.
37	A10 (M)	Н	Address bit 10.
38	DO4 (M)	Н	Data out bit 4.
39	DO5 (M)	Н	Data out bit 5.
40	DO6 (M)	Н	Data out bit 6.
41	DI2 (S)	Н	Data in bit 2.
42	DI 3 (S)	Н	Data in bit 3.
43	DI7 (S)	Н	Data in bit 7.
44	sM1 (M)	Н	The status signal which indicates that the current cycle is an op-code fetch.

Table 7-1 — Dynabyte S-100 Pin Assignments (Continued)

Pin No.	Signal — Type	Active Level	Description
45	sOUT (M)	Н	The status signal identifying the data transfer bus cycle to an output device.
46	sINP (M)	Н	The status signal identifying the data transfer bus cycle from an input device.
47	sMEMR (M)	Н	The status signal identifying bus cycles which transfer data from memory to a bus master, which are not interrupt acknowledge instruction fetch cycle(s).
48	sHLTA (M)	Н	The status signal which acknowledges that a HLT instruction has been executed.
49	CLOCK (B)		2 MHz (0.5%) 40 - 60% duty cycle. Not required to be synchronous with any other bus signal.
50	GND (B)		Common with pin 100.
51	+8 Volts (B)		Common with pin 1.
52	-16 Volts (B)	ı	Instantaneous maximum less than -14.5 Volts, instantaneous minimum greater than -35 Volts, average minimum greater than -21.5 Volts.
53	Dynabyte Reserved		
54	Dynabyte Reserved		
55	Dynabyte Reserved		·
56	Dynabyte Reserved		
57	Dynabyte Reserved	!	
58	Dynabyte Reserved		
59	Dynabyte Reserved		·
60	Dynabyte Reserved		
61	Dynabyte Reserved		
62	Dynabyte Reserved		·
63	Dynabyte Reserved		·
64	Dynabyte Reserved		

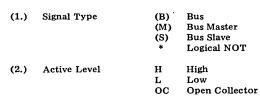
Table 7-1 — Dynabyte S-100 Pin Assignments (Continued)

Pin No.	Signal — Type	Active Level	Description
6 5	sMREQ* (M)	L	The status signal identifying bus cycles which reference memory read, write or refresh.
66	sRFSH* (M)	L	The status signal identifying the current address on A0 - A6 is a dynamic memory refresh address.
67	PHANTOM*	LOC	A bus signal which disables memory during disk controller ROM access.
68	MWRT (B)	Н	A bus memory write signal. pWR•sOUT* (logic equation). This signal must follow pWR* by not more than 30 ns.
69	Dynabyte Reserved		than 50 ns.
70	Dynabyte Reserved		
71	Dynabyte Reserved		
72	RDY (S)	н ос	See comments for pin 3.
73	INT* (S)	LOC	The primary interrupt request bus signal.
74	HOLD* (M)	L OC	The control signal used in conjunction with pHLDA to coordinate bus master transfer operations.
75	RESET* (B)	L OC	Requests the reset of all bus master devices. Connects to the Front Panel Reset Switch and activates POC*.
76	pSYNC (M)	Н	The control signal identifying the beginning of a processor cycle.
77	pWR* (M)	L	The control signal signifying the presence of valid data on DO bus.
78	pDBIN (M)	Н	The control signal that requests data on the DI bus.
79	A0 (M)	Н	Address bit 0 (least significant).
80	A1 (M)	Н	Address bit 1.
81	A2 (M)	Н	Address bit 2.
82	A6 (M)	Н	Address bit 6.
83	A7 (M)	Н	Address bit 7.
84	A8 (M)	H ⁄	Address bit 8.

Table 7-1 — Dynabyte S-100 Pin Assignments (Continued)

Pin No.	Signal — Type	Active Level	Description	
85	A13 (M)	H	Address bit 13.	
86	A14 (M)	Н	Address bit 14.	
87	A11 (M)	Н	Address bit 11.	
88	DO2 (M)	н	Data out bit 2.	
89	DO3 (M)	Н	Data out bit 3.	
90	DO7 (M)	Н	Data out bit 7.	
91	DI4 (S)	Н	Data in bit 4.	
92	DI5 (S)	Н	Data in bit 5.	
93	DI6 (S)	Н	Data in bit 6.	
94	DI1 (S)	Н	Data in bit 1.	
95	DI0 (S)	Н	Data in bit 0 (least significant for 8-bit data).	
96	sINTA (M)	н	The status signal identifying the bus input cycle(s) that may follow an accepted interrupt request presented on INT*.	
97	sWO* (M)	L	The status signal identifying a bus cycle which transfers data from a bus master to a slave.	
98	Dynabyte Reserved			
99	POC* (B)	L	The Master Reset signal. The Power-On-Clear signal for all devices. When this signal goes low, it must stay low for at least 10 ms.	
100	GND (B)		System ground and common to Pin 50.	

NOTES:



	C.P.U. PINOUTS	
PA	ARALLEL CONNECTOR	
CARD	SIGNAL NAME	D12.52
IL PIN		PIN NO
32	Sa za i el mi di	
	FARALLEL IN \$	
41	I III I	2
43	IN Z	3
40	111 3	4
		_
42	110 4	5
39	10.5	6
44	1116	7
88	PARALLEL IN 7	A
8	GROUND	9
50	PARALLEL IN READY (III)	IΦ
22	SENSE	11
6	FLAG 1	12
49		
	INTERRUPT	13
36	PARALLEL OUT O	14
29	OUT 1	15
37	OUT Z	160
28	5 TUO	17
35	047 4	18
27	017 5	19
34	0076	20
33	PARALLEL OUT 7	ય
14	GROUND	22
20		23.
	PARALLEL OUT BSY (IN)	
14	PARALLEL OUT STE (OUT)	24
4	FLAG 2	25
12	GROUND	_
3Ф	GROUND	
31	GROUND	
	·	l—
•	BERIAL 2 TERMINAL	
15	5 1 1 ···	2
	E.I.A. IN	
19	EIA OUT	3
7		
	RTS Z OUT	4-
74	CTS Z (IN EIA)	4
24	CTS Z (IN EIA)	5
16	DSR 2 (IN EIA)	5
	CTS Z (IN EIA)	5
16	DSR Z (IN)	5
16 47 45	CTS Z (IN EIA) DSR Z (IN) GROUND +ZO MA OUT	5 6 7
16 47 45 21	CTS Z (IN EIA) DSR Z (IN) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT	5 6 7 11 18
16 47 45 21 5	CTS Z (IU EIA) DSC Z (IU) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT DTR Z (OUT)	5 6 7 11 18 24
16 47 45 21	CTS Z (IU EIA) DSC Z (IU) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT DTR Z (OUT)	5 6 7 11 18
16 47 45 21 5 25	CTS Z (IU EIA) DSC Z (IU) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT DTR Z (OUT) +ZO MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21
16 47 45 21 5	CTS Z (IU EIA) DSC Z (IU) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT DTR Z (OUT)	5 6 7 11 18 24
16 47 45 21 5 25	CTS Z (IU EIA) DSC Z (IU) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT DTR Z (OUT) +ZO MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21
16 47 45 21 5 25	CTS Z (IU EIA) DSC Z (IU) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT DTR Z (OUT) +ZO MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21
16 47 45 21 5 25	CTS Z (IU EIA) DSC Z (IU) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT DTR Z (OUT) +ZO MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21
16 47 45 21 5 25 13	CTS Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) #20LLD +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT DTR Z (OUT) +20 MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21
16 47 45 21 5 25 13	CTS Z (IU EIA) DSC Z (IU) GROUND +ZO MA OUT -ZO MA OUT DTR Z (OUT) +ZO MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21
16 47 45 21 5 25 13	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) GEOUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT DTR Z (OUT) +20 MA IN -20 MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25
447 445 21 5 25 13	CTE 2 (IN EIA) DSC 2 (IN) GEOUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -21 MA IN -22 MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21
16 47 45 21 5 25 13	CTE 2 (IN EIA) DSC 2 (IN) GEOUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -21 MA IN -22 MA IN	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25
447 45 21 5 25 13	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) #20UID +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -70 MA IN -70 MA IN ERIAL I PRINTER EIA IN EIA OUT	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25
16 47 45 21 5 25 13	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) GEOLUD +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN ESCRIAL 1 FRINTEZ EIA IN EIA OUT ETS L (OUT)	5 6 7 11 18 20 21 25 2 2 25
16 47 45 21 5 7 13 13	CTE 2 (IN EIA) DSC 2 (IN) GROUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA OUT EIA OUT ETS L(OUT) TTS L(OUT) TTS L(OUT) TTS L(OUT)	5 6 7 11 18 20 21 25 2 2 2 2 3 4
16 47 45 21 5 25 13	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) GEOLUD +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN ESCRIAL 1 FRINTEZ EIA IN EIA OUT ETS L (OUT)	5 6 7 11 18 20 21 25 2 2 25
16 47 45 21 5 7 13 13	CTE 2 (IN EIA) DSC 2 (IN) GROUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA OUT EIA OUT ETS L(OUT) TTS L(OUT) TTS L(OUT) TTS L(OUT)	5 6 7 11 18 20 21 25 2 2 2 2 3 4
16 47 45 21 5 5 7 7 13 2 17 3 * 2 18	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) REQUID #20 MA OUT TO MA OUT TO MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA OUT EIA OUT ETE I (OUT) CTE I (IN EIA) DSC I (IN) ECCOUD	5 6 7 1 11 18 24 21 25 21 25 2 4 6
16 47 45 21 5 75 13 2 17 2 17 3 * 2 18 48 48	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) #2011D #20 MA OUT #20 MA OUT #20 MA IN #20 MA IN ERIAL 1 PRINTER EIA IN EIA OUT ETS L(OUT) #25 (IN EIA) #26 CRIAL 1 (IN EIA) #26 CRIAL 1 (IN EIA) #26 CRIAL 1 (IN) #27 EIA OUT #28 EIA OUT #28 EIA OUT #29 EIA OUT #29 EIA OUT #29 EIA OUT #20 MA OUT #20 MA OUT	5 6 7 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6
16 47 45 21 5 25 13 13 2 17 3 * 26 18 46 46 23	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) GEOUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA IN EIA OUT ETS I (OUT) TTS I (OUT) CTS I (IN EIA) DSC I (IN EIA) SECUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6 7
16 47 45 21 5 75 13 2 17 2 17 3 * 2 18 48 48	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) GEOUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA IN EIA OUT ETS I (OUT) TTS I (OUT) CTS I (IN EIA) DSC I (IN EIA) SECUND +20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT	5 6 7 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6
16 47 45 21 5 25 13 2 17 3 * 26 18 48 48 23 1 *	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) 420-IND 420-IND TEO MA OUT TO MA IN TO MA IN EIA OUT EIA OUT EIA OUT TES LOUT) TO EIA (IN EIA) DSC I (IN) 420 MA OUT TO MA OUT	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6 7 11 18
16 47 45 21 5 75 13 25 17 3 * 20 17 48 46 46 23 1 * 9	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) #20MDD #20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA IN EIA IN EIA OUT RTS I (OUT) RTS I (OUT) DSC I (IN EIA) DSC II) EXCUID #20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6 6 7 11 18 24
16 47 45 21 5 25 13 2 17 3 * 26 18 48 48 23 1 *	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) 420-IND 420-IND TEO MA OUT TO MA IN TO MA IN EIA OUT EIA OUT EIA OUT TE'S (CUT) TO EIA (IN) EIA OUT TE'S (IN) SECUIND TO MA OUT	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6 7 11 18
16 47 45 21 5 75 13 25 17 3 * 20 17 48 46 46 23 1 * 9	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) #20MDD #20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA IN EIA IN EIA OUT RTS I (OUT) RTS I (OUT) DSC I (IN EIA) DSC II) EXCUID #20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6 6 7 11 18 24
16 47 45 21 5 75 13 25 17 3 * 20 17 48 46 46 23 1 * 9	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) #20MDD #20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA IN EIA IN EIA OUT RTS I (OUT) RTS I (OUT) DSC I (IN EIA) DSC II) EXCUID #20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6 6 7 11 18 24
16 47 45 21 5 75 13 25 17 3 * 10 48 46 46 23 1 * 9	CTE Z (IN EIA) DSC Z (IN) #20MDD #20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT -20 MA IN -20 MA IN -20 MA IN EIA IN EIA IN EIA OUT RTS I (OUT) RTS I (OUT) DSC I (IN EIA) DSC II) EXCUID #20 MA OUT -20 MA OUT	5 6 7 11 18 24 21 25 2 3 4 6 6 6 7 11 18 24

^{*} CPU JUMPER TO + RS 232

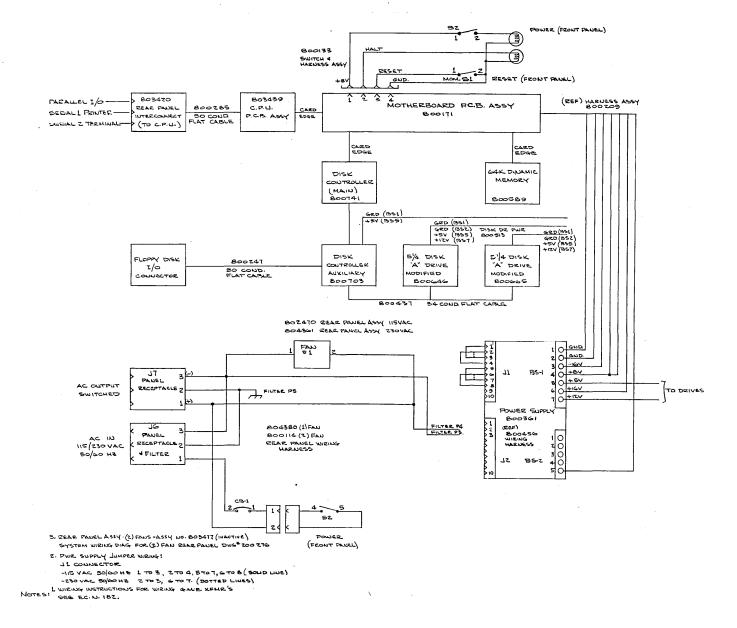


Figure 7-1 - 5200 Computer Chassis Wiring Diagram

Table 7-2 — 5200 Computer Replaceable Parts List

Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Manufacturer's Part Number	Dynabyte Part Number
	ASM: ENCLOSURE COVER: VENEERED TOP PANEL: BOTTOM BEZEL: CABINET FOOT: RUBBER	DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE	800019 700144 700036 700054 700216	800019 700144 700036 700054 700216
	ASM: 5200 FRONT PANEL HARNESS: FRONT PANEL SWITCH: ALTERNATE ACTION SWITCH: MOMENTARY ACTION LAMP: 10V	DYNABYTE DYNABYTE CK CK PRECISION	801406 800133 5101/W/BEZEL 5108/W/BEZEL PL389	801406 800133 711206 702700 702718
	ASM: REAR PANEL REV B FUSEHOLDER: 3AG FUSE: 3AG 3A FUSE: 3AG 6A FAN: 115 VAC FAN: 230 VAC GUARD: FAN HARNESS: REAR PANEL REV B CONNECTOR: IEC M 250V 6A CONNECTOR: NEMA F 115V 15A FASTENER: DB25 CONNECTOR	DYNABYTE LITTLEFUSE LITTLEFUSE LITTLEFUSE IMC ROTRON IMC DYNABYTE BELDEN HUBBELL AMPHENOL	802470 348-8-7-1 312003 312006 WS2107F-2 WRA31 005-009 804380 17252 5256 17893	802470 700594 700198 700180 700504 714866 700522 804380 702880 702862 700630
	MODULE: 5200 POWER SUPPLY COVER: POWER SUPPLY MODULE: DISKETTE DRIVE A MODULE: DISKETTE DRIVE B HARNESS: DISK DRIVE POWER DISKETTE: 5.25IN SOFT SECTOR	DYNABYTE DYNABYTE MICROPOLIS MICROPOLIS DYNABYTE DYSAN	800361 700108 1015 MODEL II 1015 MODEL II 800513 800380 500144	800361 700108 800646 800665 800513 711116 500144
	DISKETTE: OPERATING SYSTEM ASM: CARD CAGE 12 SLOT ASM: S-100 CARD RETAINER PCA: MOTHERBOARD HARNESS: MOTHERBOARD	DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE	800038 800152 800171 800209	800038 800152 800171 800209

Table 7-2 — 5200 Computer Replaceable Parts List (Continued)

Reference	Description	Manufacturer	Manufacturer's Part Number	Dynabyte Part Number
	5200 CABLE ASSEMBLIES			
	CABLE: AUX*I/O CABLE: CPU I/O CABLE: DISK I/O CABLE: QUADRAPORT I/O CABLE: OCTAPORT I/O CABLE: CDC I/O 26-CONDUCTOR CABLE: CDC I/O 60-CONDUCTOR CORD: 115 VAC POWER CORD: 230 VAC POWER	DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE DYNABYTE BELDEN STORM	800437 800285 800247 803705 803515 801482 801501 17250 C2123-02M-GY	800437 800285 800247 803705 803515 801482 801501 700414 708100
	PCA: AUXILARY CONTROLLER 5200 PCA: CPU PCA: DISK CONTROLLER PCA: DYNAMIC RAM 32K PCA: DYNAMIC RAM 48K PCA: DYNAMIC RAM 64K PCA: INTERCONNECT PCA: KONAN SMC 100 PCA: OCTAPORT PCA: OCTAPORT PCA: QUADRAPORT PCA: QUADRAPORT	DYNABYTE	800703 803439 800741 800532 800551 800589 803420 803629 801995 801975	800703 803439 800741 800532 800551 800589 803420 803629 801995 801957 802014 801976
	5200 OBSOLETE PARTS ASM: REAR PANEL REV A HARNESS: REAR PANEL REV A CIRCUIT BREAKER: 115VAC 5A FASTENER: 8-32 COVER	DYNABYTE DYNABYTE EPA TINNERMANN	800266 800114 41-06-P30 C1802-832	800266 800114 715360 715342

Table 7-3 — 5200 Computer Assembly/Part Number Cross Reference
Old Part Numbers To Current Part Numbers

·		
Old Part Number	Current Part Number	Description
	802470	ASM: Rear Panel
	800532	PCA: 32K Dynamic RAM
	800551	PCA: 48K Dynamic RAM
	800627	PCA: 16K Dynamic RAM
0200601-4	800589	PCA: 64K Dynamic RAM
1800002-4	803439	PCA: CPU
2801601-4	803857	PCA: 16K Dynamic RAM
2801612-4	803876	PCA: 16K Static RAM
2803202-4	803895	PCA: 32K Static RAM
4808101-4	800741	PCA: Disk Controller
4808102-4	800703	PCA: 5200 Auxiliary Controller
4800010-4	800665	Module: Diskette Drive B
4800011-4	800646	Module: Diskette Drive A
5800003-4	800361	Module: 5200 Power Supply
8800001-4	800171	PCA: Motherboard
8800014-4	803420	PCA: Interconnect
9800024-4	800266	ASM: Rear Panel
9800026-4	800038	ASM: Card Cage
	·	
	1	

Table 7-4 — 5200 Computer Assembly/Part Number Cross Reference Current Part Numbers To Old Part Numbers

Current Part Number	Old Part Number	Description									
800038	9800026-4	ASM: Card Cage									
800361	5800003-4	Module: 5200 Power Supply									
800171	8800001-4	PCA: Motherboard									
800266	9800024-4	ASM: Rear Panel									
800532		PCA: 32K Dynamic RAM									
800551		PCA: 48K Dynamic RAM									
800589	0200601-4	PCA: 64K Dynamic RAM									
800627		PCA: 16K Dynamic RAM									
800646	4800011-4	Module: Diskette Drive A									
800665	4800010-4	Module: Diskette Drive B									
800703	4808102-4	PCA: 5200 Auxiliary Controller									
800741	4808101-4	PCA: Disk Controller									
801406		ASM: Front Panel									
802470		ASM: Rear Panel									
803420	8800014-4	PCA: Interconnect									
803439	2800002-4	PCA: CPU									
803856	2801601-4	PCA: 16K Dynamic RAM									
803876	2801612-4	PCA: 16K Static RAM									
803895	2803202-4	PCA: 32K Static RAM									

Table 7-5 — CPU — Serial and Parallel I/O Pin Assignments

Pin		Defin	nitions								
	Serial 1	Serial 2	Parallel I/O								
1	Vacant	Vacant	IN 0								
2	Data In (EIA)	Data In (EIA)	IN 1								
3	Data Out (EIA)	Data Out (EIA)	IN 2								
4	Out Port 87 Bit 5	Out Port 87 Bit 7	IN 3								
5	Terminal Ready (EIA)	Terminal Ready (EIA)	IN 4								
6	In Port 81 Bit 4	In Port 81 Bit 6	IN 5								
7	Signal Common	Signal Common	IN 6								
8	Vacant	Vacant	IN 7								
9	Vacant	Vacant	Signal Common								
10	Vacant	Vacant	Ready*								
11	Data Out (+20 ma)	Data Out (+20 ma)	Sense								
12	Vacant	Vacant	Flag 1 Out*								
13	Vacant	Vacant	Port Int*								
14	Vacant	Vacant	Out 0								
15	Vacant	Vacant	Out 1								
16	Vacant	Vacant	Out 2								
17	Vacant	Vacant	Out 3								
18	Data Out (–20 ma)	Data Out (–20 ma)	Out 4								
19	Vacant	Vacant	Out 5								
20	Out Port 87 Bit 4	Out Port 87 Bit 6	Out 6								
21	Data In (+20 ma)	Data In (+20 ma)	Out 7								
22	Vacant	Vacant	Signal Common								
23	Vacant	Vacant	Out Busy*								
24	Vacant	Vacant	Out Strobe								
25	Data In (-20 ma)	Data In (–20 ma)	Flag 2 Out*								

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