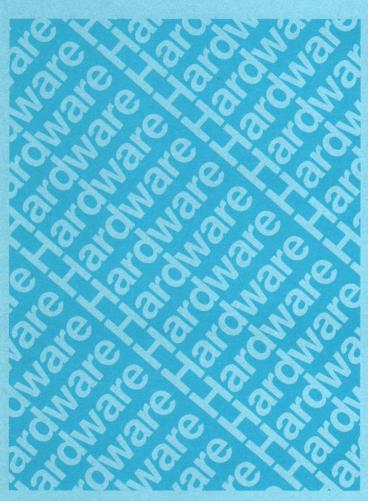
· Honeywell



LEVELS 66 & 68 SITE PREPARATION

MANUAL

SERIES 60 (LEVELS 66 & 68) SITE PREPARATION MANUAL

SUBJECT

Site Preparation for the Series 60 Levels 66 & 68 Information Processing Systems, Including Schedule, Site Selection, ac Power, Air Conditioning, Outline Drawings of Equipment, and Electrical Data

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

This edition supersedes Revision 2, dated September 1977. Change bars in the margins indicate new or changed information.

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Section 1 Introduction

This manual contains the information required to plan your site for a Honeywell Level 66 or 68 information processing system. Emphasis is placed on the space, electrical power, and air conditioning requirements for a successful system installation. The electrical power and grounding systems required are discussed in detail to aid your planning. Unit requirements are given for the purpose of cal-

culating the total requirements for your specific system, including planned growth.

This manual also contains guidelines for planning the system layout for efficient operation. Standard system configurations, equipment plan views, and specifications are also included. Table 1-1 lists user responsibilities and specifies how Honeywell helps during this process.

TABLE 1-1. SITE PREPARATION TASKS

W	hat You Do	What Honeywell Does To Help You
1.	Select the site for your system.	Honeywell's Field Engineers help you decide on possible sites (whether existing or new) and help you check the selected site for applicability of the layout.
2.	Prepare the site.	Honeywell furnishes complete specifications for use by your plant engineer, architect, or outside consultants in installing the air conditioning and electrical power required for your particular system and associated peripherals. Prior to your system delivery, the Honeywell Sales Representative will audit your completed site to help ensure the successful installation of your computer system.
3.	Determine a time of delivery for the system when you sign the contract. (Changes made to the contract may affect the delivery schedule and result in added cost.)	Every system component is carefully packed and readied for safe shipment from the factory to your site to meet the predetermined delivery date. Honeywell selects the carriers and the method of shipping that suits your particular requirements.
4.	Accept delivery upon completion of the computer installation.	When the system arrives at your site, Honeywell's Field Engineer performs the following:
		 Places all Honeywell equipment components into position in accordance with your selected layout.
		 Installs and connects all Honeywell inter- connecting signal and control cables and, where applicable, connects the ac plugs.
		 Checks out system by performing certain test routines.
		After the system is completely checked out and is performing satisfactorily, it is then turned over to you.
		Note:
		All equipment that is not Honeywell's or supplied by Honeywell is your responsibility.

INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

It is your responsibility to prepare the facility in such a manner that the computer system can be properly installed, operated, and maintained as outlined in this manual. In order to ensure the *timely* completion of facility work elements so that the delivery, installation, and turnover of the system may be successfully completed by the planned dates, the following guidelines are suggested.

ONE WEEK BEFORE DELIVERY DATE

CONSTRUCTION

- Install and paint all area partitions, doors and windows.
- Complete media storage facilities.
- Install raised floor, or equivalent.
- Make raised floor cutouts, as required. (Protect, as necessary.)

ELECTRICAL

- Install and test standard and emergency lighting.
- Install and test required transformers and switchgear.
- Install and test motor generator.
- Install power distribution panels. Install and label correct circuit breakers.
- Install conduit and pull wires to each unit.
 Install power receptacles, where required.
- Install and wire convenience outlets.
- Install and wire emergency-off switches at exits.
- Install and test earth ground.
- Install braid ground from central system area to motor generator.

AIR CONDITIONING

- Install and test system for cooling capacity and circulation.
- Install vents, registers, and filters.
- Install and test humidity and temperature recorders.
- Install chilled water supply (if required).

GENERAL FACILITIES

- Install and test fire protection facilities.
- Install and test communications equipment (data sets, telephones, remote terminals).
- Reserve area for truck unloading and for any required rigging and obtain necessary permits.

 Establish equipment delivery route through building from unloading point to computer area and check for physical dimensions. Check elevators (if used) for capacity and reserve for use.

DAY OF DELIVERY

On the delivery day, be sure that all computer areas are clean and free from dust, extraneous units, and construction materials. Be sure that electricians are available, on the agreed schedule, to connect equipment.

In addition, check the following:

- Delivery route from carrier parking space to computer area is clear for movement of equipment.
- Temporary protection for carpets, etc., has been installed (carrier responsibility).
- Arrangements have been made for disposal of packaging materials.

POST-INSTALLATION CHECKS

After installation of the computer system, the following matters should be attended to.

ELECTRICAL

- Wire and test emergency shutdown circuits.
- Verify grounding per specifications.
- Balance phase loads on motor generator and power transformers.
- Properly label all circuits.

AIR CONDITIONING

- Block cable access holes if subfloor is used for plenum.
- Balance air conditioning system for effective cooling of all units.

Make such arrangements as you deem necessary for professional consultants' service in planning your installation. Honeywell Field Engineering Representatives are available for assistance in interpreting this manual and must be contacted if any characteristic of the site does not meet the requirements shown. To help ensure the successful performance of your computer system, your Honeywell Marketing Representative will audit your completed site prior to system delivery.

It is important that you adhere to local and national code requirements in constructing your site. Reference should be made to National Electric Code NFPA 70, and "Standard for Protection of Data Processing Equipment NFPA 75." These are available from National Fire Protection Association, 470 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, MA 02110.

Computer Site Requirements

SPACE REQUIREMENTS

The location of the computer facility should be selected with regard not only to the aggregate space, clearance, and floor loading for the computer and its peripherals, but also for air conditioning safety and fire prevention equipment, adequate power, support functions and equipment, noise levels, adequate delivery capabilities, storage space, and expansion of the system. These considerations apply equally to new and old buildings.

Outlined below are major structural requirements that should be considered prior to your selection of the computer site.

- Is space available to house cooling equipment such as the compressor, air-handling equipment, evaporators, condensers, and coolingtower equipment?
- Is the existing lighting arrangement adequate?
- Are the availability and location of power adequate?
- Is space available for the required motor generators?
- Is the floor loading of the computer area adequate to sustain the system's weight plus any other loads that may be imposed upon it?
- Is the ceiling adequate and at least 8.5 feet high to eliminate "hot spots"?
- Do the surrounding walls and ceiling have any type of existing acoustical treatment?
- Are permanent walls and partitions located so as to minimize noise levels?
- Is the accessibility for van unloading adequate? Also, if the building (or facility) is more than one story high, is the elevator capacity adequate?
- Are any building modifications necessary prior to moving in the computer equipment?
- Is the air filtration system (air cleaners) adequate?
- Is the fire- and smoke-detection system adequate?
- Are the support functions (such as office space, media storage, and equipment maintenance areas) satisfactory?
- Are the related work areas (e.g., for tabulating equipment) suitable?

- Are the size and location of entrances and exits adequate for delivery?
- Can new equipment be added when necessary without causing radical changes to the currently allotted space?

Note:

Before finalizing your site plans, investigate the building codes for your immediate area. These often require that your drawing be approved by a locally licensed architect and/or city engineer.

SITE LAYOUT

A detailed scale drawing of the site must be made to ensure thorough preplanning of equipment location. This drawing will help ensure proper consideration of such elements as easy operator access to all parts of the system and adequate maintenance access to all cabinets.

All of the following information should be shown on the scale drawing by means of templates and notes. Where portions of the system are in remote locations, notes should show distance and relationship. Use scale templates that show the maintenance access required. Layout grid sheets and adhesive backed templates are available from your Honeywell representative.

Be sure that the site layout clearly identifies:

- Site code or codes
- Customer name
- Date of revision

ROOM OUTLINE

In drawing the room outline, follow these suggestions:

- Block out size and shape of the computer room.
- 2. Show all room entries/exits as well as
 - Any door less than 7 feet high
 - Adjacent corridor size
 - Ramps, elevators, stairwells
 - Building columns
 - Media storage area
 - FED maintenance space

- All under-floor and above-floor obstructions that affect the routing of cables
- Indicate external windows and view windows.

LOCATION OF EQUIPMENT

It is important to include all equipment related to the system on your layout drawing. If this is an add-on order, specifically identify the added equipment. In addition, show the location of the following:

- Motor generator sets/Uninterruptable Power System (UPS)
- System ground point
- Ac load centers
- Motor generator control unit
- Emergency off switches
- Communication terminals (if used)

Keep these points in mind:

- 1. Location of computer equipment must conform to cable-length limits as shown in Section 4.
- Layout must be coordinated with the air conditioning to avoid conditions that can create hot spots. Do not place units directly under diffusers which produce a strong downdraft. Protect against the heat load of large window areas exposed to direct sunlight.
- Give consideration to the location of paper media peripherals to avoid the possibility of clogging the filters of other units with paper dust.

APPROVALS

Before submission of the layout, and for any change in room or equipment location, the following approvals must be shown on the layout by signature and date:

- Customer Representative
- Honeywell Information System Site Manager
- Honeywell FED Representative

Be sure that any changes in plans affecting room layout are immediately shown on a revised scale drawing approved and submitted to your sales representative.

SPACE REQUIREMENTS FOR MAJOR UNITS

Minimum space requirements are set by the size of the unit and by the clearance required for operation and maintenance. Section 4 of this manual includes plan views of each unit and standard system configurations with these minimum requirements. Some overlap of maintenance clearances is permissible, but should be approved by the Honeywell Field Engineering representative.

Nonstandard system configurations must be approved by Honeywell due to the many interacting constraints affecting system performance.

Check dimensions of all access doors, stairwells, elevators, ramps, and turns in corridors to be sure the equipment can be delivered to the computer room. If special rigging or special equipment disassembly is required due to building construction, this must be discussed in detail with your Honeywell Field Engineering representative at least six weeks prior to delivery.

MOTOR GENERATOR SET LOCATION

The motor generator (MG) sets should be located near the computer system; however, unless a special soundproof enclosure is provided, they should be in an adjacent room where its operating sound level will not disturb personnel. Allow at least 3 feet (0.9 m) clearance on all sides of each MG set for maintenance. The room must have clean ventilating air at an ambient temperature not to exceed 100°F (38°C) with sufficient air circulation or other heat-absorbing capacity to dissipate the heat (see Section 4).

The "B" model motor generator sets are mounted on a self-supporting fabricated base with three mounting feet in contact with the floor. This threefoot suspension automatically distributes the weight so that no shimming is necessary on a nominally level floor.

The "C" model motor generator sets use four mounting feet. These feet have integral adjustments for leveling the unit.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS TERMINALS AND MODEMS

The selection of the proper telecommunication terminals for your applications requires careful consideration of many cost/performance factors. Your Honeywell sales representative will assist with information on terminals compatible with our communication interfaces.

Your decision on the required quantity and type of modems to be used must be made early enough to ensure the delivery and installation of terminal equipment prior to arrival of your computer system.

Local equipment should be located within 40 feet (12 m) of the Front-end Network Processor. Consideration must be given to the maintenance access, power, and cable requirements of each type of modem used.

MAINTENANCE AREA REQUIREMENTS

A maintenance area must be provided for Field Engineering representatives to work and the storage of spare parts and maintenance equipment. It should be an enclosed area adjacent to the comuter room at the same floor level. If necessary, a ramp suitable for movement of test equipment must

be provided. For a single system, the area of the room must be at least 200 sq ft (18.6 sq m). For a dual system, the area must be 250 sq ft (23.2 sq m).

In addition to the above area, a space approximately 5 feet (1.5 m) square must be provided, near the computer system, for a Board Tester. (See Section 4 for details of space and power for this unit.)

The following facilities must be provided in the maintenance area:

- Workbench with wooden top
- Standard office desk
- Four-drawer file cabinet
- Desk chair and steel posture stool
- Two convenience outlets: 120V, 20A
- Telephone
- Standard office-level lighting

MEDIA STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

For successful system operation, media must be stored conveniently and under proper environmental conditions. Depending on the size of your computer installation, space must be allotted for storage of cards, printer paper, disk packs, printer ribbons, and other supplies. Savings in operator time over the planned years of system use can justify dedication of sufficient storage space convenient to the point of use.

Consider fireproof storage for critical disk packs. The amount of space to be allotted for disk packs storage depends upon the total number of disk packs required by the system and the possible subdivision of these disk packs into two or more storage areas. Users normally desire a disk storage area within the processing center for the current disk packs. You may want to duplicate current disk packs as a safety factor in case of fire or loss of information through operator or machine errors. If duplicate disk packs are used, provide a second disk pack storage facility in a remote area.

The disk packs are stored in any of several size cabinets (housing 8 to 12 disk packs per cabinet). The recommended storage positions for disk packs is flat in a horizontal position.

The following areas for media storage must be temperature- and humidity-controlled:

- A vault containing the daily operation disks and tapes
- A storage area for bulk paper stock and other supplies
- An input/output preparation area for storing and handling batches of data material which could also contain the machinery (keypunch equipment, burster, decollator, and other document-handling devices) necessary to prepare the input/output data

The environment of the media storage area should be the same as that of the computer area. Dirt control should be considered as well as temperature and humidity. If bulk storage cannot be provided in this environment, media must be brought to the computer room to stabilize before use. Humidity stabilization in stacks of paper is a matter of months, not hours. Careful consideration must be given to critical applications.

ROOM CONSTRUCTION FLOOR REQUIREMENTS

The system is designed for under-floor access of logic and power cables. The customer must provide a raised floor or its equivalent. The raised floor must meet the following requirements:

- 1. Minimum recommended height from top of raised floor to ceiling of 8.5 ft (2.6 m).
- 2. Minimum space between subfloor and raised floor of 8 in. (20 cm) when used with overhead air conditioning, 12 in. (30 cm) when used as an air plenum. (Extra air handling capacity must be provided if this minimum is not met.)
- 3. Ramp rise not more than 20°
- 4. Level within ¼ in. (.6 cm) within 10 ft (3 m).
- 5. Floor loading capacity:
 - Castor -1500 lbs/sq in. (100 kg/sq cm)
 - Leveling pad 500 lbs/sq in. (35 kg/sq cm)
 - Maximum load of any single unit 200 lbs/sq ft (1000 kg/sq m) (weight of unit ÷ area actually occupied by the unit)
 - The distributed floor load for the entire system may be calculated by adding the weights of all units to be installed, including auxiliary equipment, and dividing by the total area of the computer room.

CAUTION

On false floor section where flooring material contains metal beading, the beading must be insulated from the equipment frame.

If carpeting is used, it must be of a type specifically manufactured for computer room application, and be rated at 2.0 kV or less as measured by AATCC Spec. #134.

CABLE ACCESS HOLES

Drawings or templates of each cabinet base are available and should be used at the site to locate holes for system cable access and ac power cables. Using the layout drawing as a guide, these templates should be used to lay out the computer room floor so that the various access holes can be cut prior to

delivery of the system. Hole edges must be prepared in a way that will prevent cable damage. Floor panel manufacturers can provide vinyl angle strips for lining cutouts.

The drawings or templates will be provided by your Honeywell Field Engineering representative at the time required for your site construction.

CAUTION

Care must be taken during the period between cutting floor holes and installation of the equipment to ensure that the holes are temporarily covered to prevent accidental injury to personnel.

After system installation on sites with underfloor air conditioning, the ac power and logic cable access holes must be blocked off in appropriate manner with nonflammable material to prevent uncontrolled air loss. This is essential to balance air flow effectively and to prevent air at too low a temperature from entering the units.

LIGHTING

An intensity of approximately 861 — 1076 lux (80 — 100 foot-candles) at desk level is adequate for the computer area. Fluorescent lighting is preferred because it generates little heat and illuminates the work area evenly. The design and position of the lighting fixtures should take into account the requirement that personnel operate switches and read indicators that must be free of glare. Flush or recessed fixtures are suggested since they are attractive and are less likely to collect dust than hanging fixtures.

Direct sunlight should be avoided because a lower level of illumination is needed to observe indicator lights on equipment. Windows that do not face north should be fitted with Venetian blinds, glazed with tinted glass or treated with other material to protect against sunlight.

Even when not required by code for certain areas, some type of emergency lighting should be provided. Emergency lighting can be of the ordinary battery-operated type that turns on automatically when power to the main lighting system is interrupted. These units are wired to and controlled by the lighting circuit and are activated by a relay or a light sensor.

SOUNDPROOFING

Compared with a clerical office containing nothing more than light office machinery, a computer room has a higher sound level. It is normal, therefore, to line the ceiling with sound-absorbing tiles, which may also form a false ceiling to conceal other services. Local circumstances may indicate treatment of the walls also. Acoustic treatment of the data processing area ensures a comfortable working environment.

Structure-borne vibration and consequent noise in rooms below or near the computer room is negligible unless the floor is in very poor condition. Raised floors may require extra support jacks at strategic places to prevent transmission of vibration along their surface.

Airborne computer noise reaching other rooms can be reduced to almost any required level by acoustic insulation within the computer room; however, acoustic tiles alone do not perform this function. The heavier the wall and the freer it is from cracks and openings, the better. Open doors destroy acoustic insulation.

Fan noise from the air conditioning is usually less than the computer-generated noise but in some installations, where the fan is close to the room, some special treatment may be required.

AC POWER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

The primary power source for the computer system should be completely isolated from other power systems in the facility. This will minimize the electrical interference caused by motors, fluorescent lights, and on/off electrical loads found on most utility systems.

The central system is isolated by the motor generator sets or by a customer-provided Uninterruptable Power System.

Similar isolation is needed for peripheral equipment. To obtain this degree of isolation, a separate transformer is required to provide power to the peripheral equipment. The transformer must be adequate to handle the load plus future computer expansion. No other building loads should be supplied by this transformer.

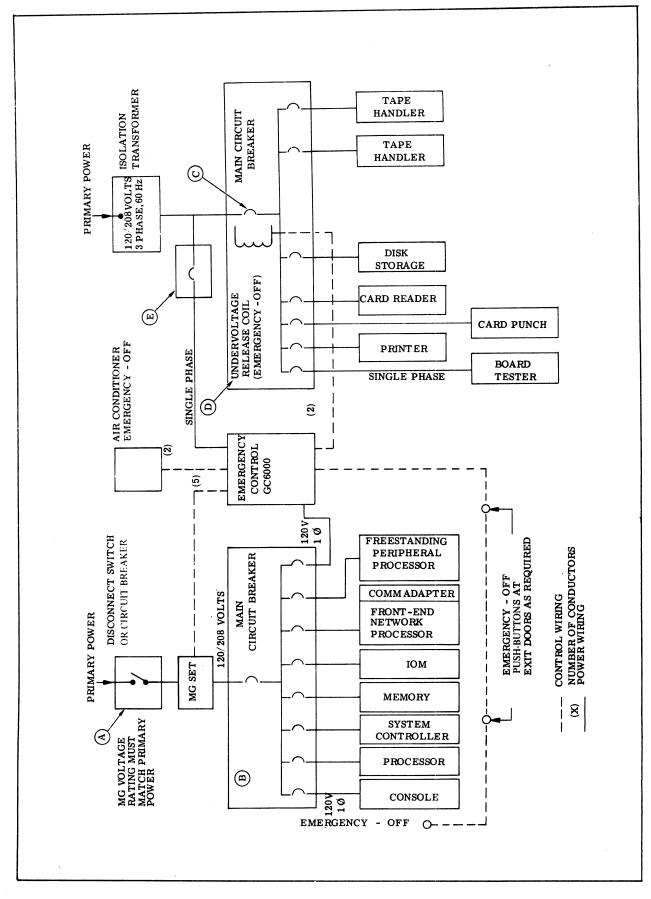
PRIMARY AC POWER SPECIFICATION

The electrical power supplied to the information processing system must meet the following requirements:

- 1. 60 Hz nominal with 60.5 Hz maximum and 59.4 Hz minimum frequency.
- 2. 208, 240, 440, or 480 V \pm 10% for the motor generator (MG) set. The voltages available determine the MG set used. (See Section 4.)
- 3. 120/208 V, five-wire, four-wire wye plus ground, for the peripheral equipment with limits of 208 V \pm 10%.
- 4. A total harmonic content of less than 10% of the fundamental frequency.
- 5. Three-phase with a maximum phase variation of 5% from the nominal 120° relation.

Installation in facilities that have 50-Hz ac power requires frequency conversion. Two or more MG sets are required, at least one for the central computer system and one or more for the peripheral equipment. Regardless of the system size, central system equipment and peripheral equipment must not be connected to the same MG set. (Refer to Figure 2-1.)





If your system availability criteria necessitate an Uninterruptable Power System, your Honeywell sales representative will assist in obtaining interface requirements. Refer to "Motor Generator Set" later in this section for possible elimination of redundant protection features.

LIGHTNING PROTECTION

To ensure the safety of equipment and personnel, primary power transformers must be protected by lightning arrestors. It is highly desirable that similar protection be provided at the service entrance to the building. These arrestors will reduce the possibilities that excessive voltage and currents due to lightning strikes will seek some indeterminate, low-impedance path to ground, such as building metallic structures or equipment cabinets.

AC CONVENIENCE OUTLETS

All convenience outlets in the computer room must be on a feeder separate from the computer system to prevent electrical noise interference. Sufficient outlets must be provided so that no unit of the computer system is more than 15 ft (4.6 m) from an outlet. Convenience outlet power is 120 V, single phase, 60 Hz, 15 A capacity. A three-wire system must be used with the ground at the same potential as the computer equipment frame ground.

PHASE BALANCING

In a three-phase, wye-connected system with grounded neutral, phase imbalance currents flow in the neutral wire. High neutral return currents can generate noises which may be reflected back into the computer system. To avoid problems, attention must be given to balancing loads on the motor generator set and on the power distribution transformer.

Values given in Section 4 for amperes per phase are not exact enough for phase balancing. Manufacturing variables exceed the required tolerance for good phase balance. Therefore, it is necessary to measure exact current per phase on each unit and calculate an optimum balance by exchanging values. The units should then be reconnected and the total current per phase measured. This, of course, must be done separately for MG power and for peripheral power.

Keep in mind that some peripheral equipment have phase-sensitive motors. This must be taken into account when trying to switch loads to balance the utility power.

AC POWER REQUIREMENTS BY UNIT

Section 4 of this manual includes an installation outline drawing for each unit in your system. These include typical values for:

- Amps per phase
- kW

kVA

These values are for general information only to estimate power load. They may differ slightly in each unit due to manufacturing tolerances. They have not been derated for duty cycle. Size and duration of starting current is shown where significant. To meet NFPA 70 Electrical Code, the primary distribution must be sized by nameplate rating.

The value shown for circuit breakers and wire size meets NFPA 70 code. Follow your local code if larger sizes are required. The quantity of wires shown includes the required "green wire" or safety ground conductor.

MOTOR GENERATOR SET

The motor generator set will normally be shipped to your site one month prior to arrival of the system. It should be installed, wired, and tested by your electrician or contractor before system installation.

The motor generator must be selected in accordance with the primary power provided at the site and with the system load taking into account line losses and future expansion. Line losses must be considered if the load approaches the rating of the generator and the generator is remotely located.

Motor generator sets are available with ratings listed in Section 4.

A properly designed Uninterruptable Power System (UPS) may eliminate the need for the Motor Generator and the Isolation Transformer. Honeywell Engineering will evaluate UPS design for this aspect upon submission of complete specifications of the UPS and its loads. The MG Control Unit (or equivalent) will still be needed for emergency control purposes.

AC POWER DISTRIBUTION

Figure 2-1 shows a typical power system diagram. It is the customer's responsibility to supply and install the following materials. (See Section 4 for required breaker capacities.)

- Disconnect switch or circuit breaker for the input to the motor generator set (Reference A).
- Distribution panel and circuit breakers for central system (Reference B). Rating of main breaker is determined by total load.
- Distribution panel and circuit breakers for peripheral equipment (Reference C).
- Main circuit breaker with a 24-volt dc undervoltage release coil for the peripheral distribution panel. Rating of circuit breaker is determined by total load (Reference D).
- 10-A single pole circuit breaker for MG Control Unit (Reference E). The MG Control Unit is connected to both the motor generator output and primary power as indicated.
- Primary power wiring and conduit from distribution panels to each central system unit

and each peripheral unit. This includes connecting the input power to the disconnect switches on each unit. Order and install sufficient wire for a 2-foot (0.6 m) stubout length in each unit.

- Safety ground to circuit breaker load centers, and each unit in the computer system. This is the fifth wire indicated in Sections 2 and 4, and it must be green or green-yellow.
- Control wiring from MG Control Unit to motor generator, distribution panels, and emergency-off buttons. See section on "Emergency Control Wiring."
- Ducts and/or cable trays for interconnecting logic cables if required by electrical code or site layout.
- Any transformers that may be required to provide an isolated power circuit for the peripherals independent of other building power.
- Mounting for distribution panels adequate to isolate them from each other and from any contact with building ground.

Notes:

- 1. Aluminum wire is not acceptable for this application.
- 2. Certain peripherals are equipped with ac power cords (see Section 4).
- The 10-A breaker must be connected to the utility as shown in Figure 2-1 (Reference E) to permit the air conditioner to start up automatically after a power line outage. When power is lost, the main circuit breaker in the peripheral load center must be manually reset to restore power to the devices it supplies. If the MG Control Unit took power from the peripheral distribution panel, air conditioning is not restored until the main breakers are reset.
- 4. All runs in metal conduit must be isolated for their entire length from building ground and from each other. Insulated conduit material may be required to meet this specification. Plastic bushings are required to electrically isolate conduit from the computer units (see Figure 2-2).

GROUNDING SYSTEM

Successful operation of large-scale computer systems is dependent upon proper grounding. If proper grounding techniques are overlooked, ignored, or misunderstood, the system may perform poorly. This results in costly troubleshooting and maintenance.

The most important reasons for grounding electronic equipment are:

- 1. To provide a low-impedance, fault-return path to protect personnel and equipment in the event of ac power fault to ground. The objectives are to keep the voltage potential between equipment and adjacent structures low enough for personnel safety and to cause the power system protective devices to open before equipment is damaged by the power fault.
- 2. To provide a low-impedance path to earth for lightning current with sufficient shunting effect to keep the potential at the equipment frame within safe limits.
- 3. To provide a common equipotential plane for the overall computer system installation. The objective here is to keep all of the equipment at the same potential by shorting out equipment potential differences (caused by electric fields of many frequencies) through the same low impedance of a single-point ground system.
- 4. To provide a low-impedance path to earth for static electricity which might otherwise build up enough potential to spark, thus causing noise, fire, explosion, or system malfunction.
- To provide a low-impedance path to earth for protection against external high-frequency noise (RFI/EMI).

It must be understood that while all "ground" circuits are eventually connected to "earth" ground, ground conductors should not be used indiscriminately for the various ground functions. Signal grounds must be isolated from other grounds (conduit, wall breaker panels, raised floor supports, etc.) to prevent the interaction between signal paths and noise.

EARTH CONNECTIONS

The most important part of any grounding system is the actual connection to earth. The low-resistance path to ground (earth) is dependent upon the adequacy of this connection, and the design objective should be to reduce this resistance to as near zero as possible. A maximum of 25 ohms is allowed as measured with a ground ohm megger. Your power company will probably be willing to make this measurement.

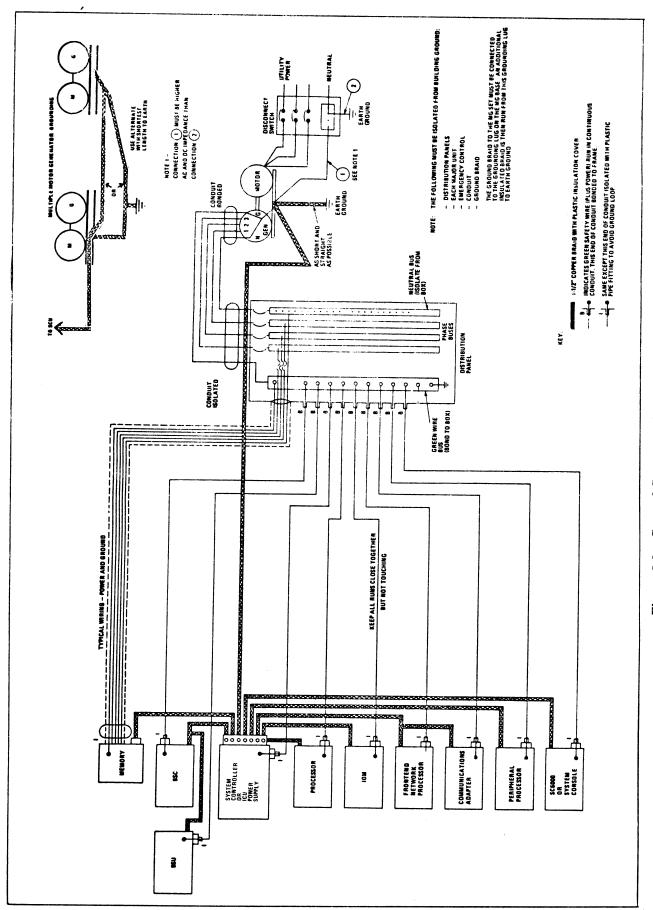


Figure 2-2. Ground System — Central System

Earth grounds are usually of two types:

- 1. Connections to underground metal water piping systems, metal frame structures of buildings, or other metal structures that are in good contact with the earth. In many large structures, the building or architectural ground is most often used, since it is the most readily available point for equipotential planes.
- Connections to ground rods or plates which have been placed in the earth for the specific purpose of providing an adequate ground connection.

Experience indicates that continuous underground water piping systems can, depending on soil conditions, provide a resistance to ground of less than 15 ohms. When considering water piping as ground, precautions must be taken to ensure that the metal piping does not connect with plastic piping just outside the building.

It is significant that a resistance path to earth of less than 25 ohms can be obtained by using multiple ground rod electrodes. In some instances, it may be necessary to use this method to get an acceptable ground.

Regardless of the type of ground conductor used, many conditions affecting the ground must be considered in attempting to make an adequate ground connection. The effectiveness of the ground electrode is determined by:

- The characteristics of the electrode
- The resistivity of the soil around the electrode

Some of these factors are subject to change over a period of time. This must be considered in evaluating the effectiveness of the ground connection (for example, the soil condition will likely change with the change from a wet to a dry season).

Underground piping used for grounding must have the following characteristics:

- At least 10 ft (3 m) of metallic length underground.
- Continuous and not excessively corroded.
- Must not be coated or wrapped with insulating material.
- Deep burial to reduce the effects of seasonal soil changes.

Where grounding to water piping systems is not practical or not permitted by local code, rod-type electrodes driven into the ground can be used. These are less expensive than other types of grounds such as buried plates or grids, but because they are usually shallow, they may be more susceptible to changes in soil resistivity caused by climatic changes.

In most cases, two or more rods in parallel can be used to decrease ground resistance; however, primary consideration must be given to the spacing

of the rods. Approximately 90 percent of the potential drop from the ground electrode takes place within $10 \, \mathrm{ft} \, (3 \, \mathrm{m})$ of the electrode. Rods spaced closer than 6 ft $(1.8 \, \mathrm{m})$ will appear as a single rod with almost no reduction in ground resistance over that obtained with a single rod. Because of this characteristic, the ground rods should be spaced at least 20 ft $(6.1 \, \mathrm{m})$ apart.

Ground inspections should be a normal part of your building maintenance routine. Ground connections should be checked on a periodic basis for tightness, damage, and corrosion. Inspection should be performed at least every six months.

"GREEN ' WIRE" SAFETY GROUND

- 1. Every equipment power run must have a separate, continuous, insulated wire for use as a frame (protective) ground (sometimes referred to as the "green wire" ground). It is run inside the conduit or power cord with the conductors and ac neutral. The frame ground wire must be securely fastened to the frame ground bus or terminal provided in the equipment and to the power distribution panel frame or ground bus (NOT the ac neutral bus). See Figure 2-2.
- 2. A single-point ground system must always be used with all "green wire" grounds tied together at the circuit breaker load center. The load center panel should have a copper ground bus to which all equipment grounds can be attached. The grounds for the central system and grounds for the peripheral must not be tied together at the load center panels.
- 3. The generator neutral must be connected to the building service ground. The connection to this neutral must be made to the %-inch grounding bolt provided on the frame beneath the generator or at terminal ITB inside the control box.
- 4. In all equipment, the protective ground (green wire) conductor is connected directly to the ground lug inside the unit's ac junction box. DO NOT connect it to the ac neutral bus or to the system ground lug (braid connection)
- 5. Conduits are not acceptable as ground for the computer system. For safety reasons, all conduit runs should be bonded at the primary power end. All paint, coatings, or similar insulating materials must be removed from boxes, panels, etc., before the conduit is attached.

CENTRAL SYSTEM SIGNAL GROUND

In spite of the grounding practices described previously, the dc interface between the central system equipment makes ground loops (current loops) inher-

¹The protective ground wire can be either green or green/yellow.

ent in the central system. To minimize the inductance of these loops, with the high frequencies involved, low-impedance conductors (tinned copper braid) are used to establish a system ground network. This ground network provides the low-impedance connection required to keep the reference ground of all equipments in the central system at a common potential. See Figure 2-2.

Each central system cabinet has a low-impedance conductor (1½-in. tinned copper braid) connected at the cabinet ground bracket. The other end of this conductor is terminated at the system controller cabinet ground bracket.

An additional insulated braid is then connected from earth ground to the base ground stud on the MG set. This ground braid material is provided by Honeywell as part of the system installation material. Normally it is installed by Honeywell personnel at the time of system installation. Due to the probability of remote location of the motor generator set, requiring routing of braid through wall or floor openings, the customer should install the ground braid from MG to system controller. The material will be provided in advance of system delivery.

COOLING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Since computer room construction for installed computer equipment can vary greatly, each air conditioning system should be analyzed individually. The temperature and humidity of conditioned air supplied to the room and the air distribution within the room are extremely important factors in obtaining satisfactory performance of the computer system. Use the following parameters as a guide in the design and installation of computer room air conditioning.

- 1. A design point of 73°F (22.8°C) and 50% relative humidity is recommended. However, the design point can vary between 68° to 78°F (20° to 25.6°C) and a relative humidity of 40 to 60%. But, when the design point has been selected, the temperature and humidity in the room as measured at the breathing line (5ft 4in.[1.6 m] from the floor) should not fluctuate from the design point by more than \pm 2°F and \pm 5% relative humidity, either during operation or when the computer is completely shut down.
- 2. The equipment requires a clean atmosphere. Corrosive and dusty atmospheres, such as those present in steel mills and chemical plants, are not considered normal. The room should be under positive pressure with filtered input air. The humidifier, when required, can be located in the supply air stream if care is taken to ensure against wetting of computer units. A well-trapped dry stream humidifier is recommended.

- 3. The equipment is designed to operate satisfactorily with atmospheric pressures of 23 in. (584 mm) of mercury or greater. This is equivalent to an elevation of approximately 7500 ft (2286 m) or less under normal atmospheric conditions. Magnetic tape units require a high altitude kit for operation at elevations greater than 4000 ft (10,160 m).
- 4. In addition to providing the air conditioning and humidity control of the computer, the air conditioning system must also provide a comfortable working environment for personnel. For this reason most facilities are designed for 73°F (22.8°C) and 50% relative humidity, which is also the acceptable range for computer operations.

COOLING SYSTEM CAPACITY

It is essential that the air conditioning system be designed by a competent engineer to ensure consideration of all factors determining air conditioning system capacity.

The heat loads — in thousand Btu per hour — for each unit of the computer system are shown in Section 4 of this manual. This rating is derived from the kilowatt rating of the unit. Derating for intermittent duty cycle is not recommended.

Be sure that calculations for system capacity give adequate consideration to the following:

- Growth in the computer system
- Other electronic equipment in the room
- Personnel in the room
- Outdoor air for ventilation
- · Roof, wall, and window heat loads
- Lighting load
- Humidity control

It is suggested that the walls of the room be adequately vapor-sealed to reduce operating costs and moisture problems.

AIR FLOW REQUIREMENTS

All equipment is designed for forced air cooling by means of blowers located within each cabinet circulating room air through the cabinet.

Air distribution in the data processing room may be through overhead ductwork or plenum, or underfloor ducts or plenum. Careful consideration must be given to the placement and design of air outlet grilles and the air returns to ensure proper air flow within the room. Air flow from the air conditioning system must not interfere with air flow in the equipment.

In the underfloor air distribution system, conditioned air is supplied to an underfloor duct work or plenum. Distribution to the room is through ad-

justable grilles located so that cold air mixes with room air before being taken into the computer cabinets by the internal blowers. Grilles should permit a high-volume, low-velocity pattern and must be equipped with adjustable dampers.

In the overhead air distribution system, the incoming air should enter the room through diffusers which will spread the air throughout the room. Diffusers must be of the adjustable air pattern type and must be balanced to provide a distribution of air which will eliminate hot spots. The ceiling height must be at least 8½ ft (2.6 m). Diffusers must not be located above perforated or "egg crate" ceiling sections due to the difficulty of balancing air flow through these materials to eliminate hot spots.

MONITORING TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

Continuous monitoring of installation temperature and humidity conditions is recommended. This can best be accomplished through the use of recording instruments that provide a continuous visual record of the conditions in the computer room. As a result, if the air conditioning requirements are not met, a visual record is available to indicate the extent and duration of the undesirable condition. A quick check of the record indicates whether a drying-out period is required and, if so, its duration. In some cases, the temperature and humidity recording instruments may save computer downtime.

Direct-reading instruments with seven-day charts should be used to monitor temperature and humidity conditions. These instruments should be placed so as to satisfy the following conditions:

- At the breathing line, 5 ft 4 in. (1.6 m) above floor.
- 2. Not in line with air stream from distribution grille.
- 3. Not in line with air discharge from computer equipment.

The recorder should savisfy the following criteria:

- Range The relative humidity range should be 0-100%. The temperature range should be 0° to 100°F (-17.8° to 37.8°C).
- Accuracy Relative humidity reading should be accurate to within $\pm 2\%$ of the total span; temperature reading should be accurate to within $\pm 1\%$ of the total span.
- Period per revolution Seven days.
- Drive Mechanical (spring wound), or electrical: 120 Vac, 60 Hz.
- Mounting The recorder may be portable or permanently mounted.

CONTROLS AND ALARMS

Even a short period of overheating while the system is operating can cause component damage

and system malfunction. Problems may also be experienced if the temperature entering the units drops below the recommended limits.

A well-designed control system is essential to eliminate these causes of lost system operating time. Controls should be tamper-proof and should be located as appropriate for temperature measurement. A method of capacity modulation control is suggested to meet the temperature and relative humidity variation permitted.

Alarms should be provided to alert the system operator when the environment approaches the operating limits of the computer system. If equipment is left running unattended, or if no alarms are provided, automatic controls are required which will shut down the system when temperature or humidity exceeds specifications.

AIR CLEANING

Minimizing airborne dust improves the efficiency of the air conditioning system, reduces the frequency of cleaning equipment and media, and improves computer system reliability. Mechanical air filters will suffice unless the installation is subject to corrosive gases, salt air, metallic dust particles, or other unusual conditions. The air filters should have an efficiency rating of not less than 20% by the Bureau of Standards discoloration test. The filters must meet UL and fire code standards (refer to NFPA 90A publication 2).

Electronic air cleaners are highly recommended where clean air is a major problem. They require special application engineering to avoid electromagnetic interference with the computer system. Honeywell offers a complete line of electronic air cleaners which can be installed by your air conditioning contractor. For direct information and assistance in sales or service contact:

Electronic Air Cleaners G2122 Honeywell Inc. Honeywell Plaza Minneapolis, Minnesota 55408

BALANCING

After the system is installed and operating, the air supply dampers must be adjusted to balance the temperature throughout the room. Care must be taken to locate and eliminate hot spots. It is suggested that an independent firm specializing in air balancing be employed to balance the room and provide certified test results.

In large facilities containing more than two systems, different "design point" temperatures may exist at remote areas of the room. This will cause no

²Available from the National Fire Protection Association, 470 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, MA 02210.

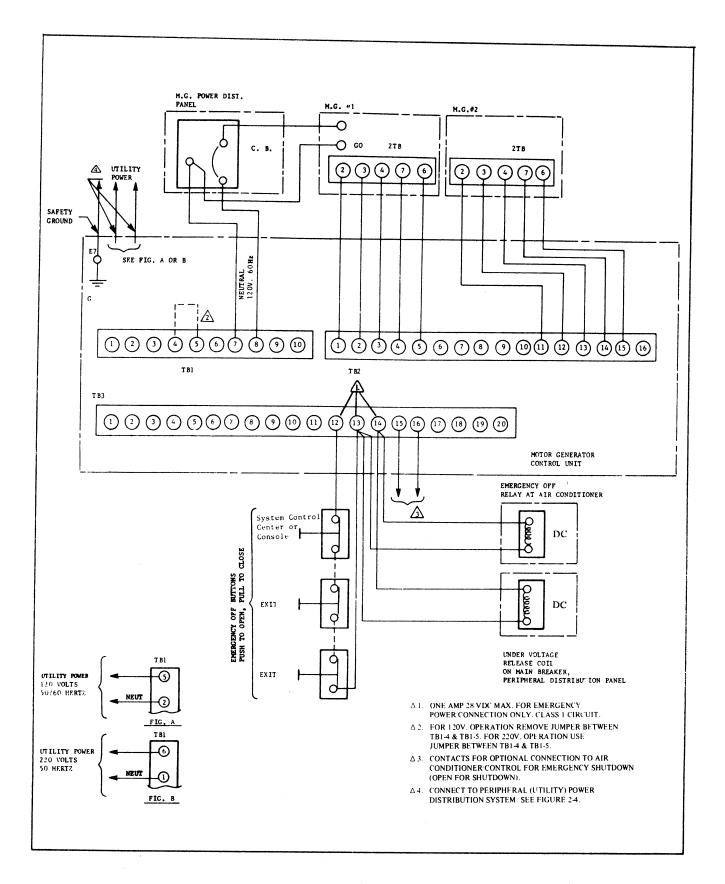


Figure 2-3. Motor Generator Control Unit

problem as long as at any one measurement point the temperature does not change more than previously described as allowable.

MAINTENANCE

A reasonable level of dirt and dust control is important to satisfactory system operation. To avoid raising dust that will clog the air conditioning system and computer filters, a tightly sealed vacuum cleaner with a good filter is recommended for cleaning the computer room. Floors can be swept with an oiled mop.

Also, a regular schedule of maintenance of filters in the air conditioning system must be established. Periodic cleaning of the subfloor area is recommended to prevent accumulation of dirt and debris. Impregnated mats at each entrance reduce dust brought in from other areas on the soles of shoes.

SAFETY

EMERGENCY POWER-OFF WIRING

The National Electrical Code NFPA 70 and the electrical code in many cities require each exit from the room to be equipped with a switch that will cycle off all power to the system and to the air conditioning in an emergency situation.

The customer should supply appropriate emergency-off switches for the exit doors.³ An emergency-off switch is supplied on the system console or system control center. The control wiring for these switches is supplied and installed by the customer. The power to operate the emergency-off circuit is obtained from the MG Control Unit (see Figure 2-3).

Operation of an emergency-off switch at the console or other location causes the emergency control to:

- Trip the main circuit breaker in the peripheral equipment load center through the 24-V dc undervoltage release coil
- Turn off motor generator set
- Turn off air conditioning

MG CONTROL UNIT WIRING CONTROL CONNECTIONS

The control connections for all functions of emergency control and motor generator control are shown in Figure 2-3. No. 14 wire can be used for connections. Both ends of the control wiring must be permanently tagged to identify the connections to be made.

The emergency-off switches are to be wired in series and the site layout may dictate the best arrangement to do this. One method would be to run two wires from each emergency-off switch to the MG Control Unit and make the necessary series connections inside the MG Control Unit case. An emergency-off switch must be located at each exit/entrance door.

The National Electrical Code (NEC) NFPA 70 classifies the emergency-off circuit wiring connecting the MG Control Unit to the emergency-off switches and to the devices disconnecting main service power to the computer room (and to the air conditioning system) serving the computer room as Class 1 remote-control circuits to safety-control devices. The wiring method for Class 1 systems must comply with Article 725 of the (NEC) NFPA70, or with local code requirements for remote control safety circuits where such local code differs.

EMERGENCY LIGHTING

Some local codes require a special batteryoperated lighting unit that will automatically illuminate an area in case of power or lighting circuit failure. These units are wired to and controlled by the lighting circuit. Even when not required by code, it is recommended that such lights be installed.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND PERSONNEL TRAINING

The computer room and tape library should be monitored during nonoperating periods for fire and "over-temperature" conditions. Special precautions should be taken if equipment is left with power on.

Protection should be taken against equipment damage due to condensation or leakage from any overhead pipes.

Site personnel must be thoroughly trained in the function of all fire detector equipment, desired responses to alarm conditions, and the use of all available extinguishing equipment. This training must include both the capabilities and the limitations of each available type of extinguisher.

Training should include, but not be limited to:

- Emergency telephone numbers
- Emergency power shutdown procedures
- Location and use of available fire extinguishing equipment
- Special instruction on extinguishing a fire in data processing equipment
- Personnel evacuation procedures

FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

Portable carbon dioxide, Halon 1301, or Halon 1211 fire extinguisher types of suitable size and number should be provided in the computer room. These extinguishing agents are nonconductors of electricity and are for Class C fires (may be applied to energized electrical equipment). The

³The switch should be activated by a push-to-open/pull-to-close mechanism, be UL listed, and have normally-closed contacts rated at 5 A, 125 V.

extinguishers should be provided and maintained in accordance with NFPA No. 10-1975, or in accordance with prevailing local code.

While your selection of one or more of the extinguisher types will be used as the primary extinguishing agent, it is advisable to have a standpipe or hose unit within effective range of the system area as a secondary extinguishing agent for Class A hazards (paper or other solid combustible materials).

Local fire protection codes or fire insurance regulations may require the installation of automatic extinguishing systems. If this is a requirement, one of the following systems is recommended:

1. Automatic HALON 1301 Total Flooding System

An automatic total flooding HALON 1301 system may be used to provide complete machine-room protection. The system requires automatic early detection of fire and timed release of the 1301 extinguishing agent. The system must be engineered for the specific area to be protected in accordance

- with NFPA No. 12A-1973, Halogenated Extinguishing Agent Systems Halon 1301.
- An Automatic Sprinkler System
 Installed in accordance with NFPA No. 13-1976, Installation of Sprinkler Systems.

DETECTION AND ALARM SYSTEM

The Commercial Division of Honeywell Inc. can provide complete custom-designed Fire Detection and Alarm Systems to meet all requirements for computer room protection. The system may include ionization-smoke detection, heat detection, alarm annunciation, alarm signaling, and interface to new or existing fire alarm equipment as well as tie-in to fire extinguishing systems. Honeywell system specification bulletin SES-3, 77-6815, is published as a reference data source for computer room fire detection design and can be obtained from:

Honeywell Inc. Honeywell Plaza 2701 Fourth Avenue South Minneapolis, Minnesota 55408

Site Status Prior to System Delivery

Honeywell Information Systems wishes to make the period of time between system delivery and turnover to you for production use economically brief. Each element of installation and testing is carefully planned to ensure reliable system operation from the first day of use.

An essential factor in achieving this goal of successful installation is the status of site preparation at the time of system arrival. Your help in assuring the work status described in this section will save you money by reducing the complexity of the contractor's work and will prevent damage to system components from extra handling or improper environment. If any of these elements cannot be completed prior to the date of system delivery, the Honeywell Sales Representative must be notified.

MOTOR GENERATOR SET

The motor generator set will normally be shipped to your site one month prior to arrival of the system. It should be installed, wired, and tested before system installation.

AC POWER WIRING

It is very difficult and costly to install the ac power wiring after the computer system is delivered to your site. To minimize physical problems and to reduce delays in installation, all ac power conduit, wire, and cable should be in place, under the floor, prior to system arrival.

CABLE ACCESS HOLES

As with ac power wiring, it is very difficult to cut cable access holes with the system in place. All floor holes necessary for power and logic cables must be cut prior to system arrival.

AIR CONDITIONING

It is essential that the air conditioning system be installed and tested prior to the installation of the computer system. All dust in ducts and plenums must have been blown out and removed from the room. Be sure dirt from subsequent floor, wall, or ceiling work will not be blown into the computer equipment or plenums. Heavy building paper can be taped over the plenum holes to prevent entry of dust and dirt.

The cooling capacity of the air conditioning system must be tested *before* installation of the computer to prevent serious damage to components from overheating. Even temporary loss of cooling

during operation of the computer can cause hot spots, damaged parts, and extensive lost time.

Test carefully for condensate leakage.

Final balancing of air flow and temperature must be done after all computer units are in place and operating.

COMMUNICATION TERMINALS

Communication terminals should be installed prior to system arrival to minimize the number of different groups working onsite and to avoid delays in system testing.

ASSURANCE REVIEWS

During the course of site planning, site preparation, and system installation, Honeywell will conduct periodic progress reviews with your facilities personnel or contractor to assure that planning and preparations are proceeding in a manner that will result in smooth, efficient installation and proper system performance. Every effort will be made during these reviews to identify and correct any misinterpretations of requirements that could result in costly rework and unnecessary expense.

The failure of Honeywell to detect or notify you of any nonconformance to these specifications does not relieve you of any contractual responsibilities that you may have with respect to site preparation of system installation.

During the facility planning phase, a Honeywell Field Engineering representative will review the site preparation plans that have been made by your facilities personnel or contractor. Your Honeywell representative will evaluate these plans to ensure their conformance with the requirements of the computer system you have selected. Details of air conditioning, flooring, electrical power, grounding, and safety will be considered. The Honeywell representative will recommend changes, if necessary, to help achieve the specified results.

A review will be made shortly before shipment of the system to make sure that all is in readiness for an efficient and complete installation. Experience has shown that it is to your advantage to have all site preparations completed before receiving your system. The Field Engineering representative will, with the help of your facilities personnel or contractor, examine your preparations. If work is not complete, he or she will work with your representative to arrive at a new schedule for completion and shipment of your system.

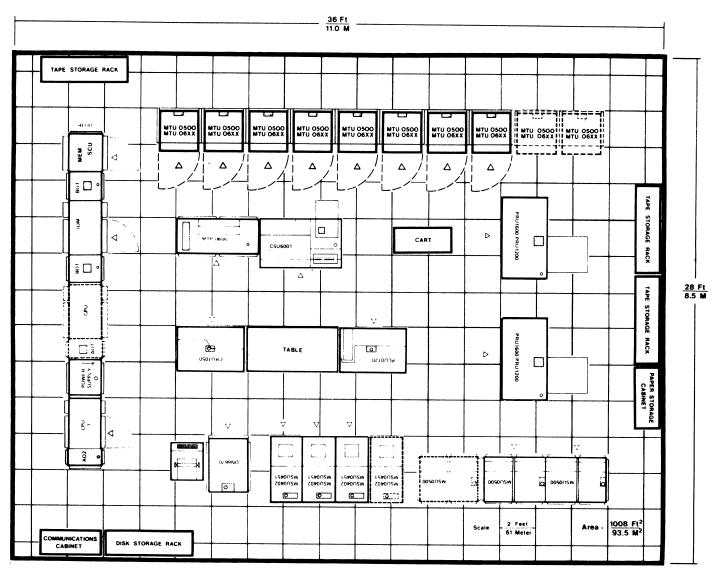
Your active assistance in these reviews will be greatly appreciated. Their purpose is to ensure your satisfaction with the performance of your Honeywell computer system for many years to come.

Section 4 Installation Outline Drawings

This section contains individual specification sheets on each major unit in your system. Your Honeywell Sales Representative will provide updated sheets if specifications change, and for additional products as required for system expansion.

In some units, power requirements vary with the quantity and type of option modules. The specification sheets show the maximum value so that future expansion of the option content will not impact facility design. Typical unit electrical values may differ slightly between units due to manufacturing tolerances. They have not been derated for duty cycle. Size and duration of starting current are shown only where significant. Primary distribution should be sized by nameplate rating to meet NFPA 70 electrical code.

When units are installed with an underfloor cooling air supply, the open area between the cable holes in the floor and the cables must be sealed with a removable, noncombustible sealant.



Legend

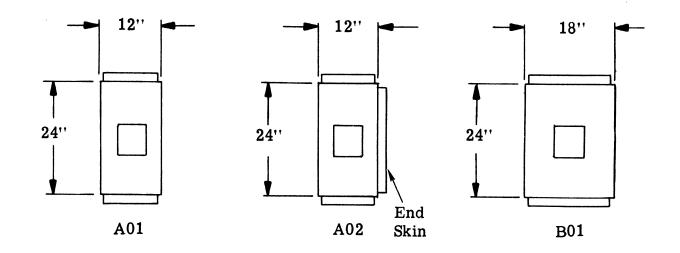
Space included For:

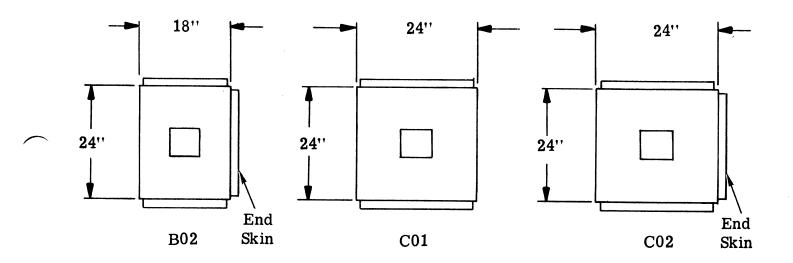
- Operator/ Maintenance Access Input / Output Media Storage Expansion of Processing Capability

Typical System Layout:

66 DPS-1

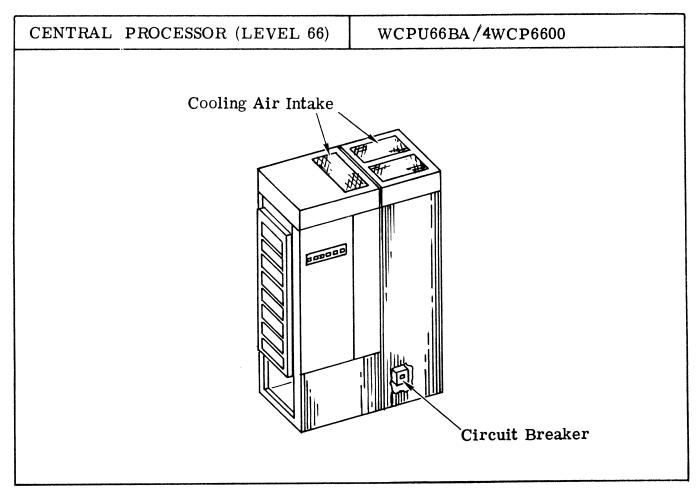
68 DPS-1





Cable Entry Cutout
Approximately 6" x 6"

JUNCTION FRAMES



AC Power Requirements

TYPICAL VALUES

VOLTS $\frac{120/2}{3}$	08 AMPS .	60	AMPS PER	c.	8	2.8	2.5		NA		
AC	POWER CO	RD	AC P	ower	Co	nnect	ion				
INCLUDED	OPTIONAL	NOT AVAIL			RE	СОММЕ	NDED F	ACILI ⁻	TY WIRING	G	
AC PLUG	L NA	X	CIRC	UIT BRE	AKER		30	A	MP	3	POLES
CONNECTOR	NA		WIRE		5	QTY	(incl Ground	1)	NO	10	AWG
RECEPTACLE	NA			SE SENSI	TIVE	-		YES	X NO		
			•								

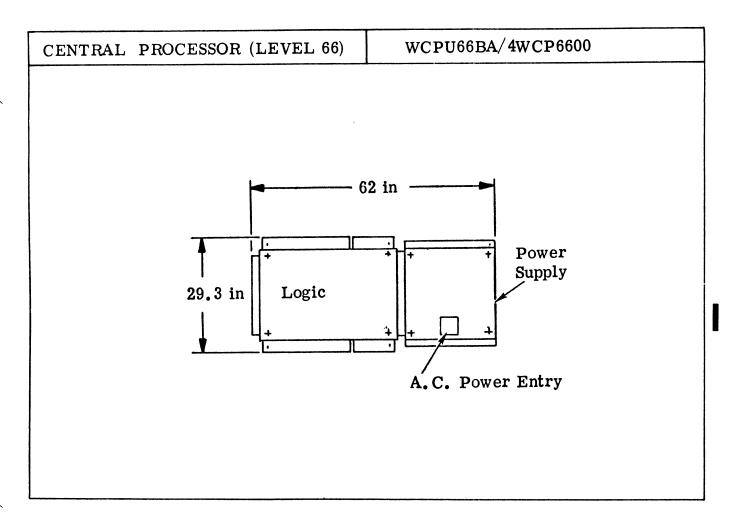
STARTING CURRENT

8.5

HEAT GAIN

KBTU

NAMEPLATE RATING



GENERAL INFORMATION

Installed Weight	1800 Lbs
Shipping Weight	1850 Lbs
Installed Height	88.6 In
Shipping Height	76.3 In
Full Scale Template	43R177800 SH 5

Required Clearances

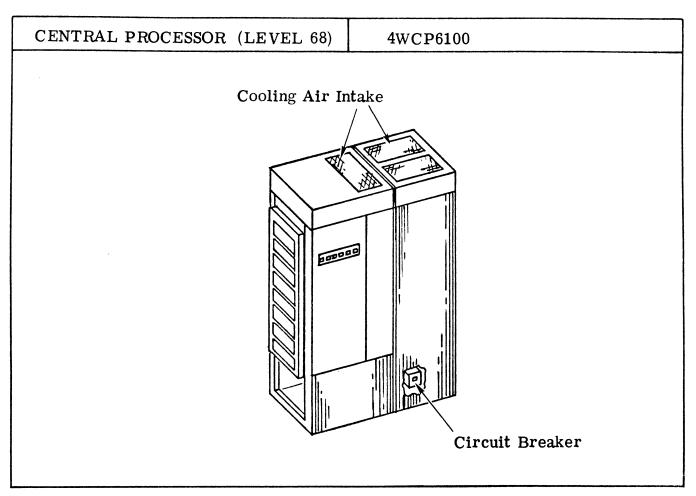
Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right Left -

Spacing Restriction

Per system layout

NOTES

1. The power supply feeds both the CPU and ICU. These typical values are for CPU only.



AC Power Requirements

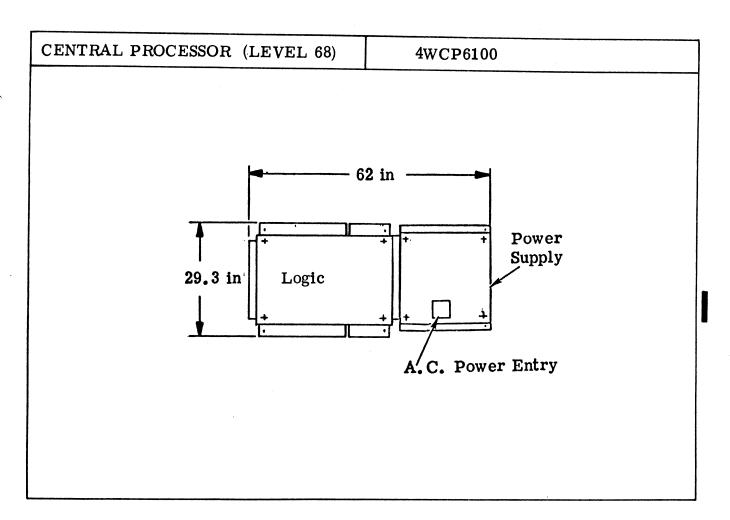
TYPICAL VALUES

VOLTS 120/208 AMPS 24 PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	AMPS PER PHASE KVA KW A 9.0 s 9.8 c 9.8 3.6 3.3	NA
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection	
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED F	ACILITY WIRING
AC PLUG NA	CIRCUIT BREAKER	AMP POLES
CONNECTORNA	WIRE 5 QTY (Incl Groun	d) NO. 10 AWG
RECEPTACLE NA	- PHASE SENSITIVE	YES X NO

11.5 KBTU

NAMEPLATE RATING

STARTING CURRENT



GENERAL INFORMATION

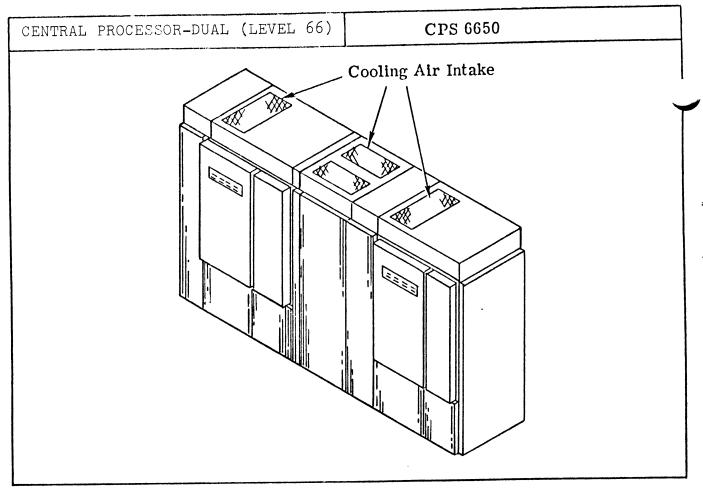
NOTES

Installed Weight	1800	Lbs	
Shipping Weight	1850	Lbs	
Installed Height	88.6	In	
Shipping Height	76.3	In	
Full Scale Template	43 R1	77800	SH 5

Required Clearances

Front	36 30	In In
Back Right	-	111
Left	-	

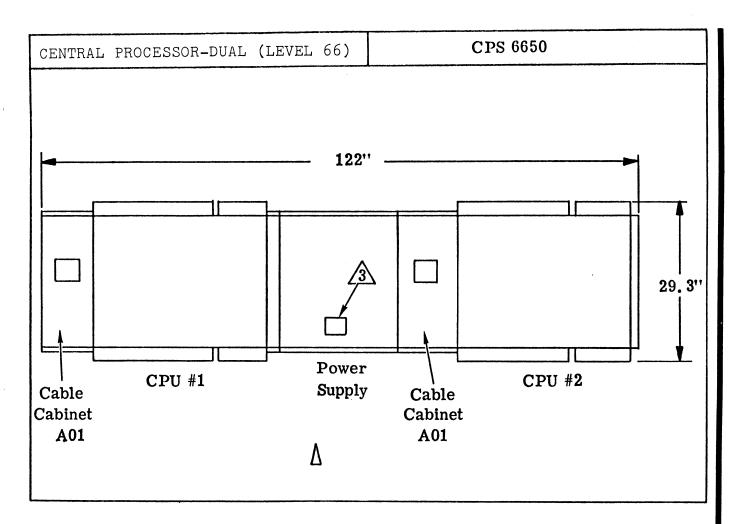
Spacing Restriction Per system layout



AC Power Requirements

NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VALUES	STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120/208 AMPS 24 PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	AMPS PER PHASE KVA KW 5.6 5.2	NA
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection	
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED	FACILITY WIRING
AC PLUG NA	CIRCUIT BREAKER	AMP
CONNECTOR NA	WIRE 5 QTY (Inc) Grou	nd) NO. 10 AWG
RECEPTACLE NA	PHASE SENSITIVE	YES X NO
	•	

17.7 KBTU



GENERAL INFORMATION

Installed Weight 2700 Shipping Weight 2800 Installed Height 88.6 Shipping Height 76.3 Full Scale Template NA

Required Clearances

Front

36 in

Back

30 in

Right

Left

Spacing Restriction Per System Layout

NOTES

- 1. Single power cabinet feeds two central processors.
- 2. Ships in five separate pieces

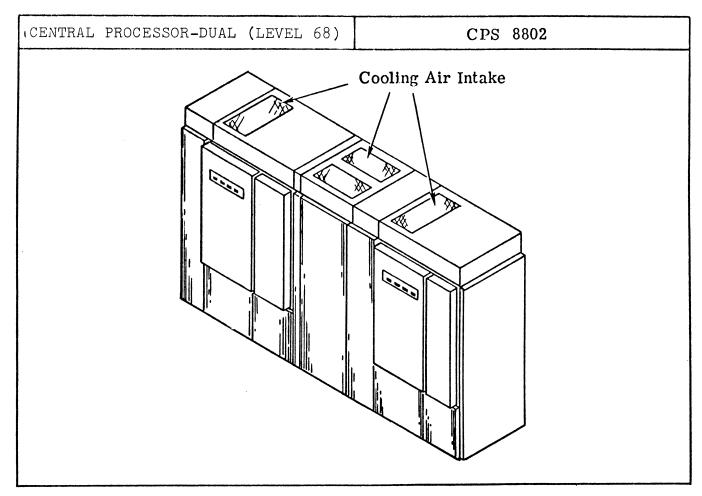
2 CPU

1 Power Supply

2 Cable Cabinets

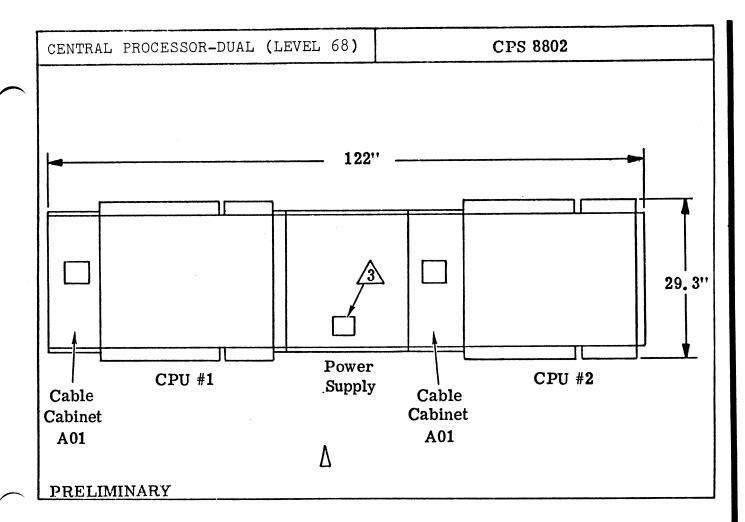
3. Power entry cutout approx

4" x 4"



AC Power Requirements

NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VALUES	STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120/208 AMPS 24	AMPS PER PHASE KVA KW	
PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	$A^{17.1}_{8} = 18.7_{c} = 16.6 = 6.4 = 6.0$	NA
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection	. ,
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED F	FACILITY WIRING
AC PLUGNA	CIRCUIT BREAKER30	AMP POLES
CONNECTOR NA	WIRE 5 QTY (Incl Groun	nd) NO. 10 AWG
RECEPTACLE NA	PHASE-SENSITIVE	YES X NO
	•	
HEAT GAIN 20.5 KBTU		·



GENERAL INFORMATION

Installed Weight 2700 (est)
Shipping Weight 2800 (est)
Installed Height 88.6
Shipping Height 76.3
Full Scale Template NA

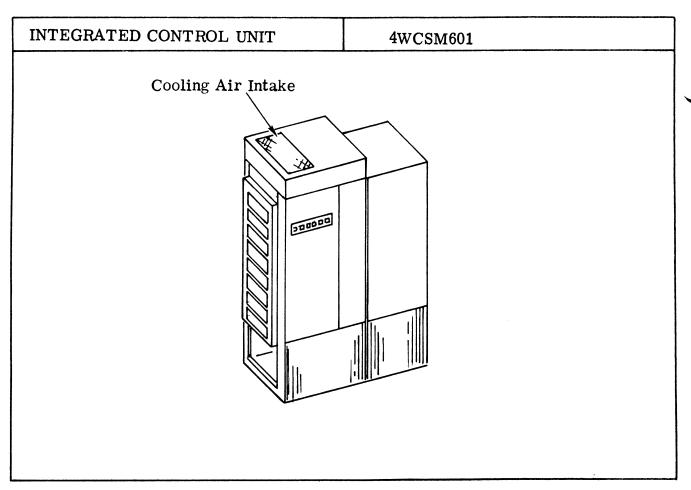
Required Clearances

Front 36 in Back 30 in Right

Spacing Restriction Per System Layout

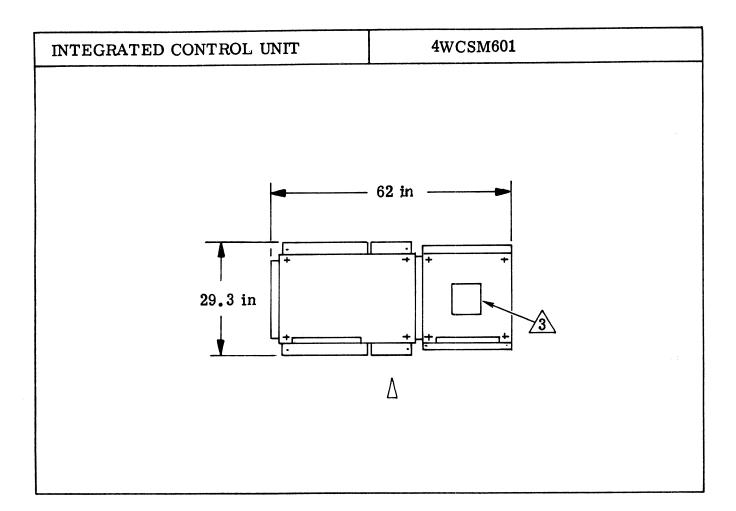
NOTES

- 1. Single power cabinet feeds two central processors.
- 2. Ships in five separate pieces
 - 2 CPU
 - 1 Power Supply
 - 2 Cable Cabinets
- 3. Power entry cutout approx
 4" x 4"



AC Power Requirements

NAMEPLATE RATING		TYPICAL VAL	.UES	STARTING CURRENT	
PHASE	- AMPS		3.7 KW 3.3	NA	
AC POW	ER CORD	AC Power Con	nection		
INCLUDED OP	TIONAL NOT AVAIL		MMENDED FA	ACILITY WIRING	POLES
CONNECTOR		WIRE	QTY (Incl Ground		AWG
HEAT GAIN1	1.3 <u>K</u> BTU	J			·



GENERAL INFORMATION

Installed Weight 1425 Lbs
Shipping Weight 1450 Lbs
Installed Height 88.6 In
Shipping Height 76.3 In

Full Scale Template 43R177800 SH 10

Required Clearances
Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right

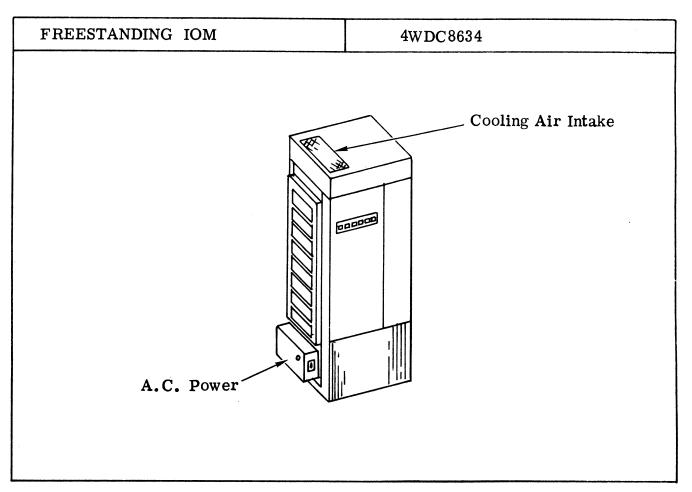
Spacing Restriction

Left

Per system layout

NOTES

- 1. This unit draws power from additional regulators mounted in the WCPU66BA/4WCP6600 power supply.
- 2. These values for ICU load only.
- 3. Cable entry cutout aprox 6 in X 6in.



NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VALUES		STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120/208 AMPS 13	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA KW	
PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	A 7.5 s 6.5 c 4.0	2.4 2.2	_ NA

AC POWER CORD	AC Power	Connection
AC FOWER COND		

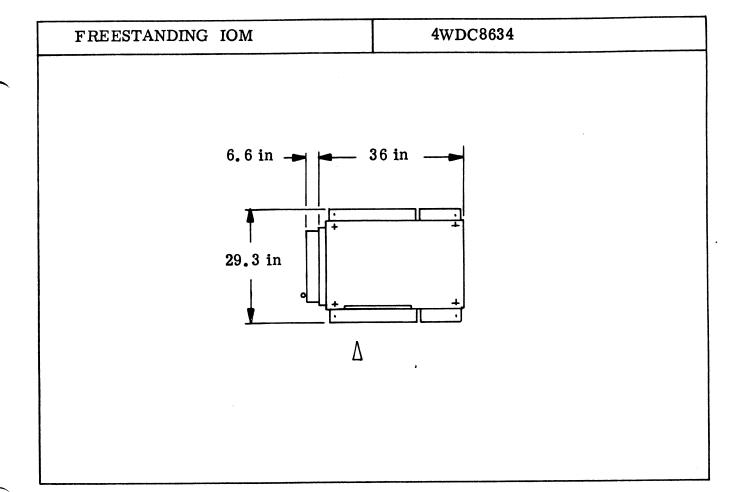
RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AC PLUG NA CIRCUIT BREAKER 15 AMP 3 POLES

CONNECTOR NA WIRE 5 QTY (Incl Ground) NO. 14 AWG

RECEPTACLE PHASE SENSITIVE YES X NO

HEAT GAIN _______7.5 KBTU



Installed Weight	1150 Lbs
Shipping Weight	1200 Lbs
Installed Height	88.6 In
Shipping Height	76.3 In
Full Scale Template	43R177800 SH 3

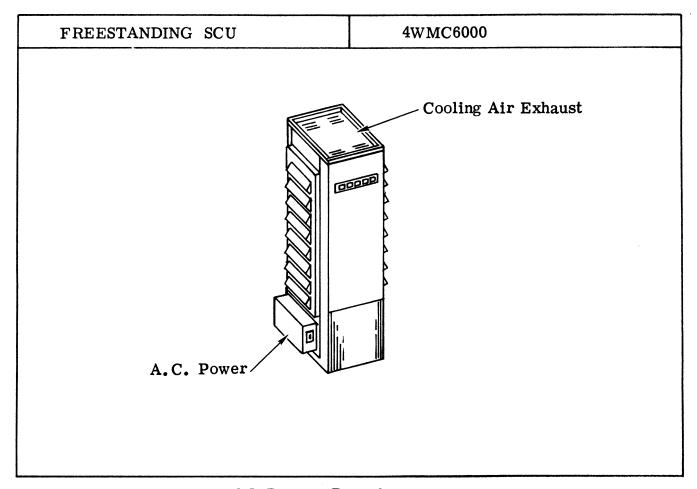
Required Clearances

Front	36	In
Back	30	In
Right	-	
Left	_	

Spacing Restriction Per system layout

NOTES

1. Size and location of cable entry cutouts per system layout.



	EPLATE RA	ATING	TYPICAL VALUES		STARTING CURREN	
VOLTS 120	/208 AMF	es	AMPS PER PHASE $\frac{2.1}{6}$ $\frac{2.0}{6}$	4 0.8	0.7	NA
				1	1	

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AC PLUG NA

CONNECTOR NA

RECEPTACLE PHASE SENSITIVE

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

ON 15

AMP 3

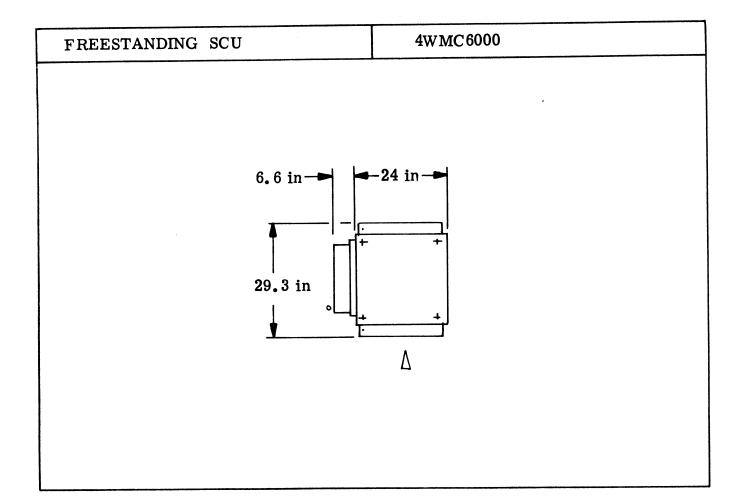
POLE

ON 14

AWG

PHASE SENSITIVE YES X NO

HEAT GAIN _____KBTU



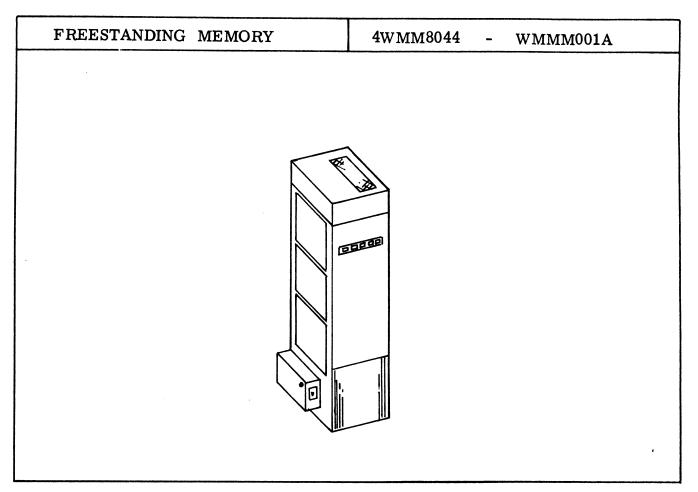
NOTES

Installed Weight Shipping Weight Installed Height	850 Lbs 900 Lbs 76.3 In 76.3 In
Shipping Height	76.3 In
Full Scale Template	43 P177800 SH 6

Required Clearances

Front	36	In
Back	30	In
Right	-	•
1 -64		

Spacing Restriction Per system layout

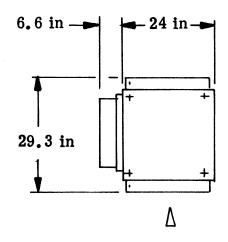


NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VALUES			STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120/208 AMPS 8	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	ĸw	
PHASE 3 CYCLE	A 5.0 B 5.4 c 3.3	1.7	1.5	NA

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

INCLUDED	OPTIONAL	NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING				
AC PLUG	NA		CIRCUIT BREAKER	15	MP	3	POLES
ONNECTOR	NA		5	QTY (incl Ground)	NO	14	AWG
RECEPTACLE	NA		PHASE SENSITIVE	YES	X		

HEAT GAIN 5.1 KBTU



Installed Weight	850 Lb
Shipping Weight	900 Lb
Installed Height	88.6 In
Shipping Height	76.3 In
Full Scale Template	43R177800 SH 8

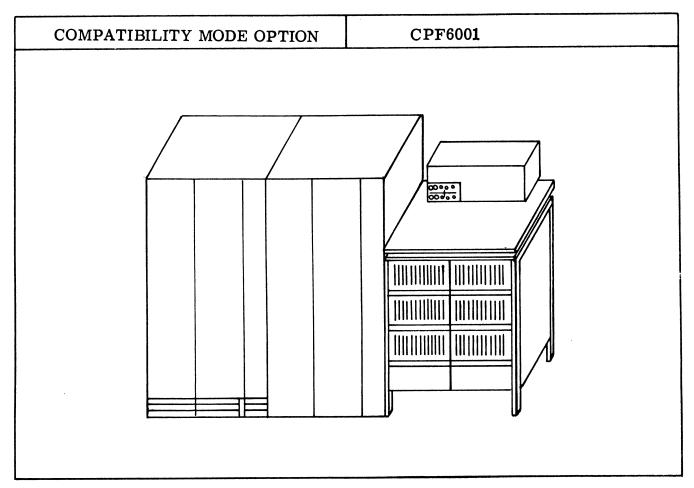
Required Clearances Front 36 In

Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right Left -

Spacing Restriction Per system layout

NOTES

- 1. WMMM001A may include an integrated SCU.
- 2. Electrical data for: 512K, 16 pin, 4K MOS with SCU.

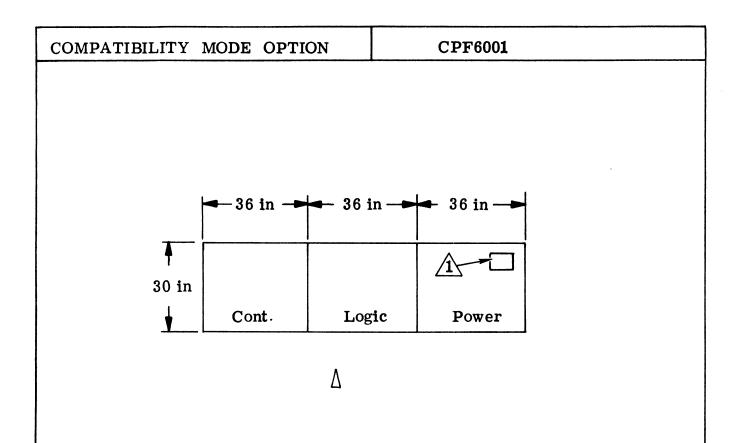


NAMEPLATE	RATING	TING TYPICAL VALUES			STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS $\frac{120/208}{}$	AMPS	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	KW	
PHASE	CYCLE 60	A 14 B 19 c 18	6.1	<u>5.8</u>	NA

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING			
Hubbell 25415	CIRCUIT BREAKER	AMP POLES		
Hubbell 25414	WIRE 5 QTY (Incl Ground)	NO10 AWG		
RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403	PHASE SENSITIVE	YES X NO		

HEAT GAIN ______ ZO. 0 KBTU



Installed Weight 2860 Lbs
Shipping Weight 2860 Lbs
Installed Height 68 In
Shipping Height 68 In
Full Scale Template NA

Required Clearances

Front

30 In

Back

30 In

Right Left

Spacing Restriction

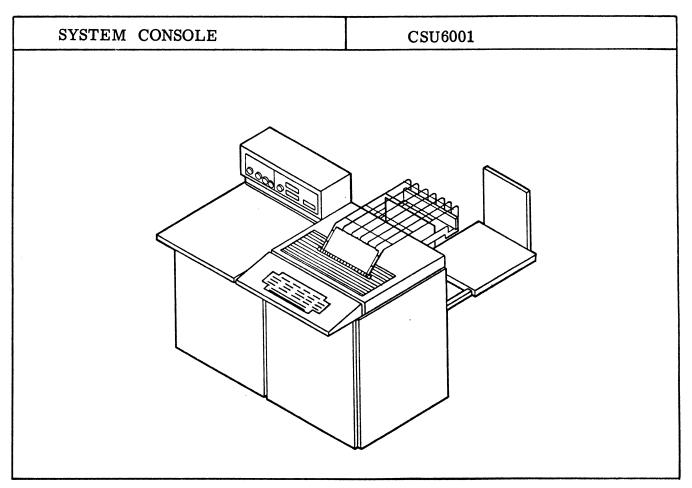
Cable length to SCU

Cable Length

50 Ft

NOTES

- 1. Cable and power entry cutout aproximately 6 in X 6 in.
- 2. Ships in three sections.



NAMEPLATE RATING			TYPICAL VALUES			STARTING CURRENT	
VOLTS	120/208	AMPS	10	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	kw	
PHASE.	3	CYCLE.	60	<u>0.5 81.0 c1.2</u>	0.3	0.2	NA

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AC PLUG NA

CONNECTOR NA

RECEPTACLE NA

PHASE SENSITIVE

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AMP 3

POLES

WIRE 5 QTV (Incl Ground)

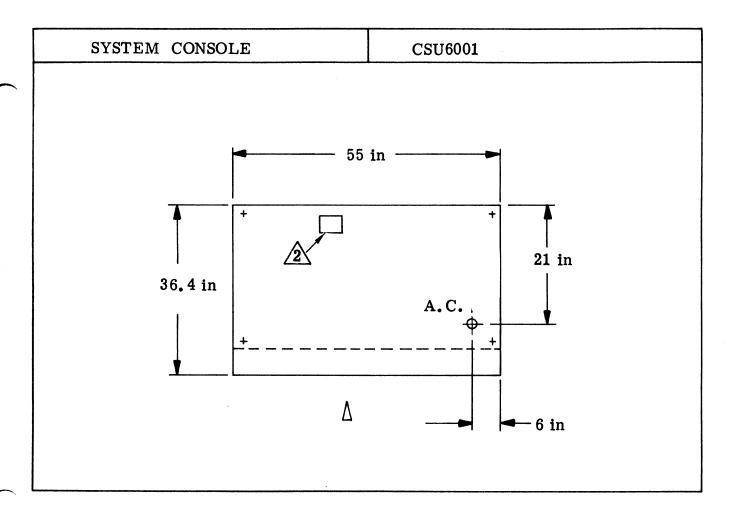
NO. 14

AWG

PHASE SENSITIVE YES X NO

	0.9	KBTU
HEAT GAIN		

DC79



Installed Weight	520	Lbs
Shipping Weight	550	Lbs
Installed Height	49	In
Shipping Height	49	In
Full Scale Template	43 R	177800 SH 3

Required Clearances

Front 36 In
Back 36 In
Right Left -

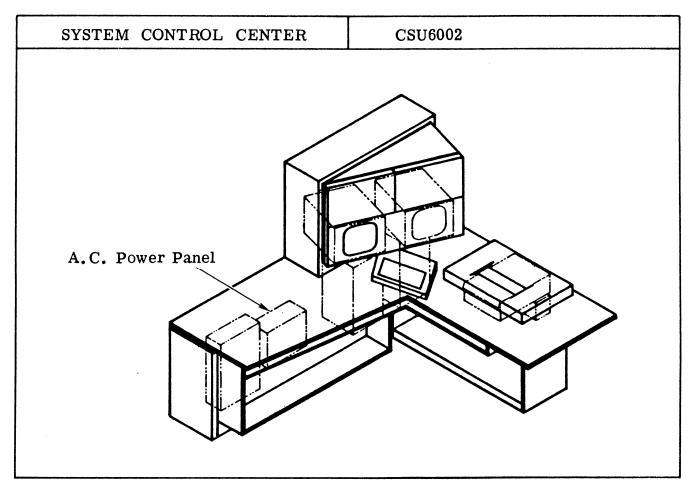
Spacing Restriction

Cable length to IOM

Cable Length 140 ft. max.

NOTES

- 1. Top may be removed for shipping to reduce width to 30 inches.
- 2. Cable entry cutout aprox. 4" X 4".



NAMEPLATE	RATING	TYPICAL VALUES			STARTING CURRENT
$\frac{120/208}{}$	AMPS10	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	kw	
3 PHASE	60 E	2.6, 2.6, 2.6	0.9	0.8	NA
PHASE	CTCLE	A B C			

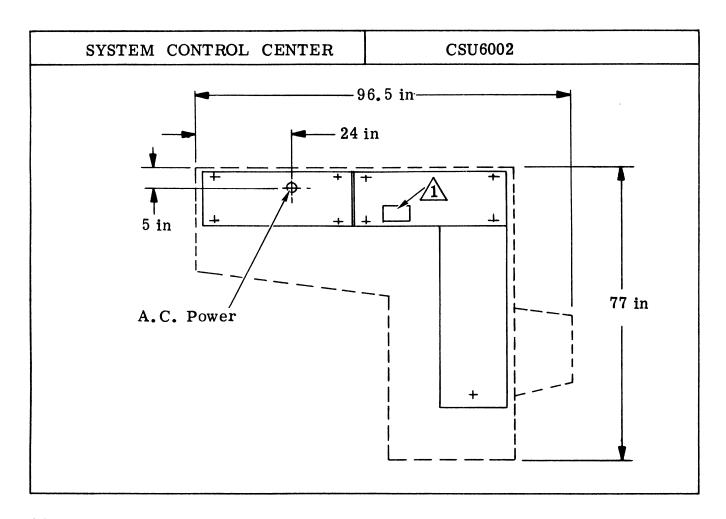
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AC PLUG NA CONNECTOR NA WIRE 5 QTY (Incl Ground) NO. 14 AWG

RECEPTACLE NA PHASE SENSITIVE YES NO

2.8 KBTU



Installed Weight 850 Lbs .
Shipping Weight 1000 Lbs
Installed Height 60 In
Shipping Height Full Scale Template 43R177800 SH 30A & 30B

Required Clearances

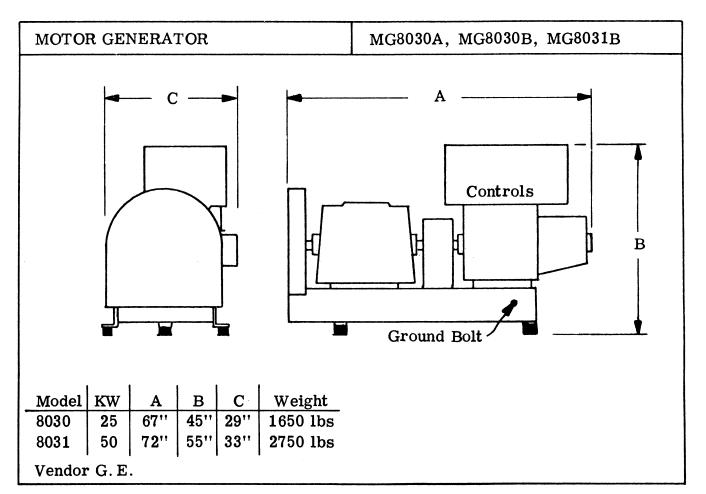
Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right 30 In
Left -

Spacing Restriction Cable length to IOM

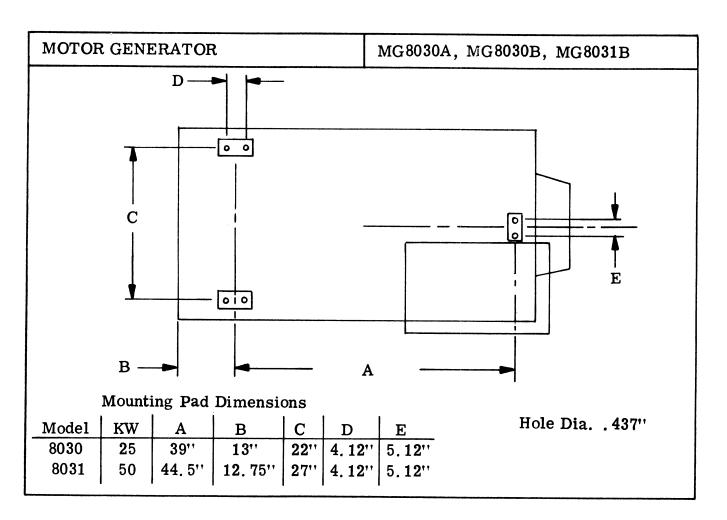
Cable Length 140 foot max.

NOTES

- 1. Cable entry cutout aprox. 4" x 6".
- 2. Unit ships in three sections.



Motor — Generator Set	Load Amps/Phase		Motor		KVA	KW	KBtu/hr.
	Run Start		HP Code				
4WMG8030		4 sec.	40	G, H			26
Output	87			,	31.3	25	
Input – 208 Volts	108	570			38.8	32.1	
Input – 440 Volts	51	300			38.8	32.1	
Input – 480 Volts	51	330	ļ		42.3	32.6	
4WMG8031		4 sec.	78	E, G			43.7
Output	174				62.5	50	
Input – 208 Volts	212	950		(G)	76.0	62.8	
Input – 240 Volts	196	1140		(G)	81.4	62.8	
Input – 440 Volts	100	500		(G)	76.0	62.8	
Input – 480 Volts	98	570		(G)	81.4	62.8	

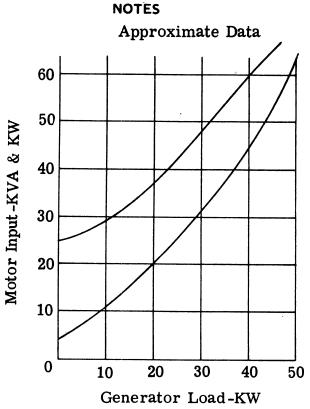


Installed Weight See Table Sh. 1 Shipping Weight +100~lbs Installed Height See Table Sh. 1 Shipping Height +6~in Full Scale Template NA

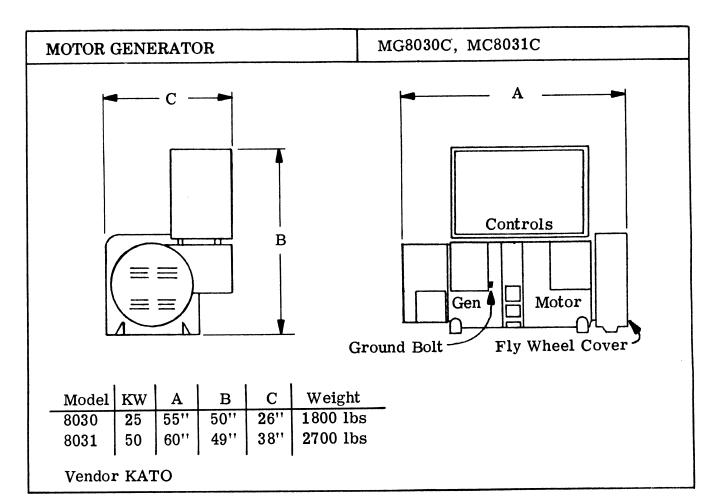
Required Clearances

Front 42 in Back 36 in Right 36 in Left 36 in

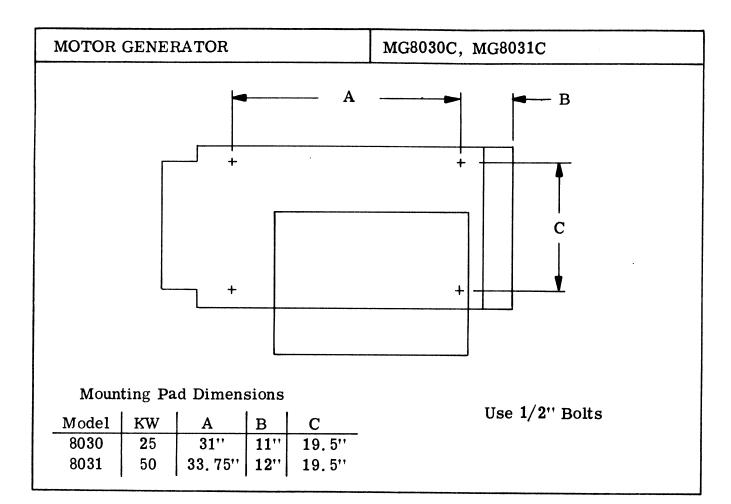
Spacing Restriction Voltage Drop in Output Wiring



4-29



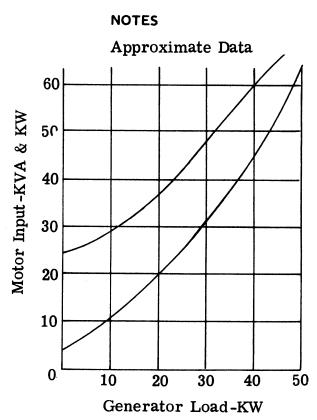
Motor – Generator Set	Load Amps/Phase		Motor		KVA	KW	KBtu/hr.
	Run	Start	HP	Code			
4WMG8030 Output Input – 208 Volts Input – 440 Volts Input – 480 Volts	87 108 51 51	4 sec. 595 315 345	40	G, H	31.3 38.8 38.8 42.3	25 32.1 32.1 32.6	30
4WMG8031 Output Input – 208 Volts Input – 240 Volts Input – 440 Volts Input – 480 Volts	174 212 196 100 98	4 sec. 1180 1360 625 662	78	E, G (G) (G) (G) (G)	62.5 76.0 81.4 76.0 81.4	50 62.8 62.8 62.8 62.8	46

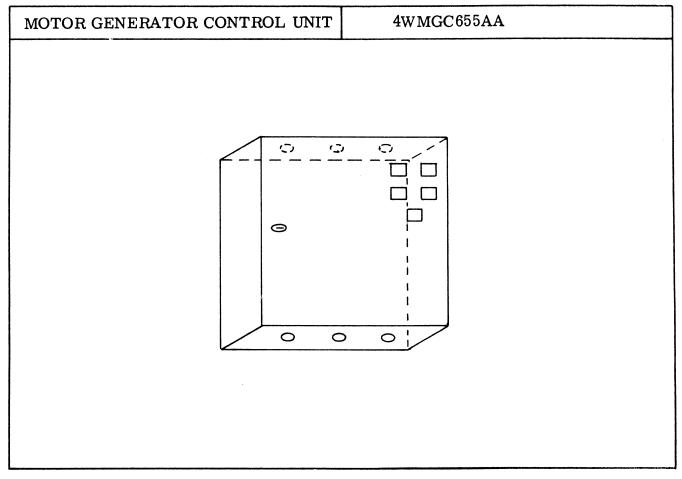


Required Clearances

Front 42 in Back 36 in Right 36 in Left 36 in

Spacing Restriction Voltage Drop in Output Wiring

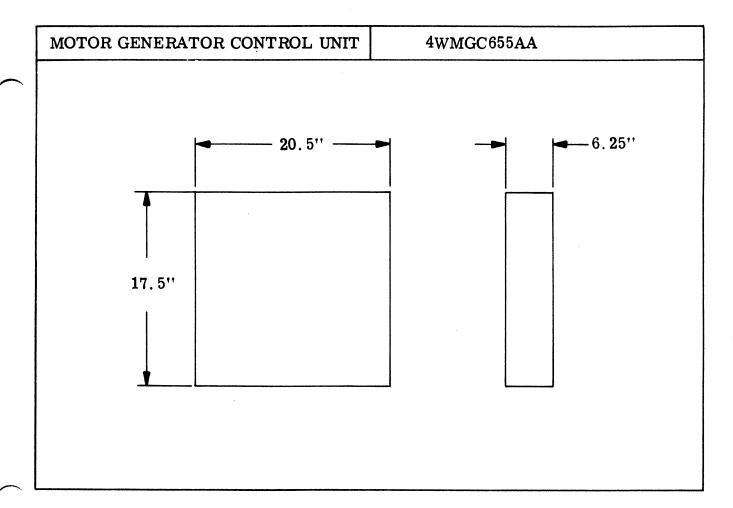




NAMEPLATE RATING			TYPICAL VA	STARTING CURRENT		
VOLTS	120	AMPSl	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	kw	
PHASE .	1	50/60	A1.0 B - c -	$\frac{0.2}{}$	0.2	NA
			•		1	

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

AC PLUG	OPTIONAL NA	NOT AVAIL	RECOMM PRIMARY POW	ENDED FACILITY WIRE ER 5 AMP	ING 1 POLES
CONNECTOR	NA		3	(Incl Ground) NO. —	14
RECEPTACLE	NA		PHASE SENSITIVE	VES X NO	
HEAT GAIN	0.4	KBTU	MG POWER Circuit breaker Wire 2 Qty	5 Amp No. 14	1Poles



Installed Weight 50 Lbs
Shipping Weight 50 Lbs
Installed Height
Shipping Height
Full Scale Template

NOTES

1. Conduit from utility power to be grounded to case. Conduit from MG power to be isolated from case.

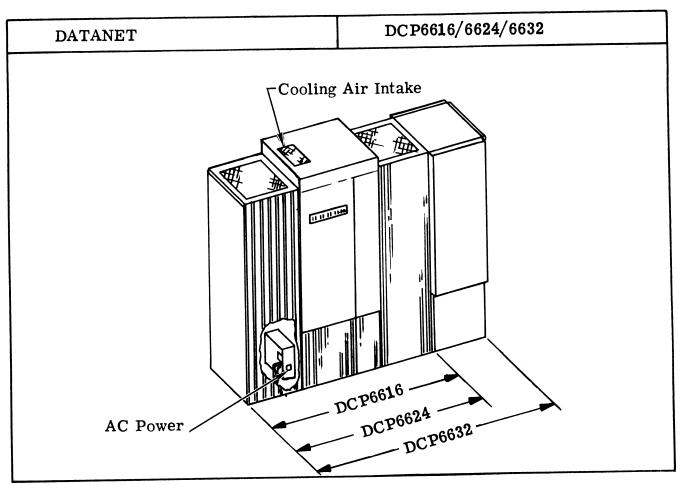
Required Clearances

Front Back Right Left

Wall mounted

Spacing Restriction

Maximum of 200 feet from motor generator using #14 AWG wire for control circuits.



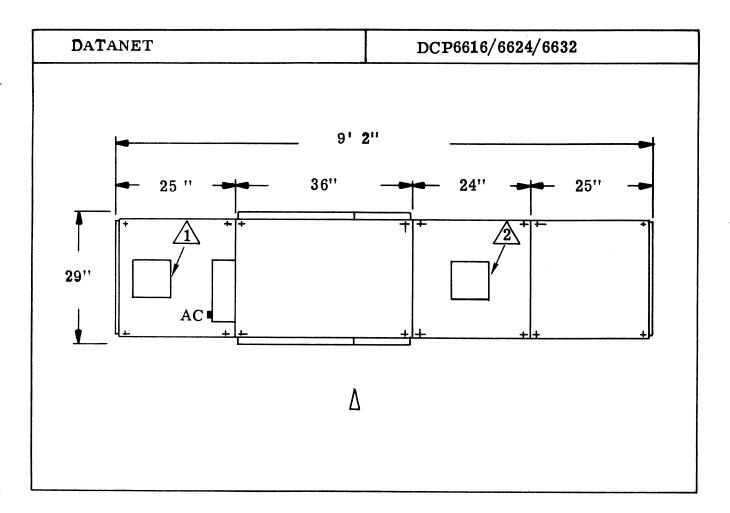
TYPICAL VALUES

	1PS PER PHASE KVA KW 2.4 2.1							
AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection								
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING							
	CIRCUIT BREAKER	POLES						
AC PLUG	5 200 000 000 000 14	AWG						
RECEPTACLE	PHASE SENSITIVE THE TOTAL							

Requires regulated power from motor generator.

STARTING CURRENT

NAMEPLATE RATING



Installed Weight	2000	Lbs
Shipping Weight	2100	Lbs
Installed Height	88.6	In
Shipping Height	76.3	In
Full Scale Template		

Required Clearances

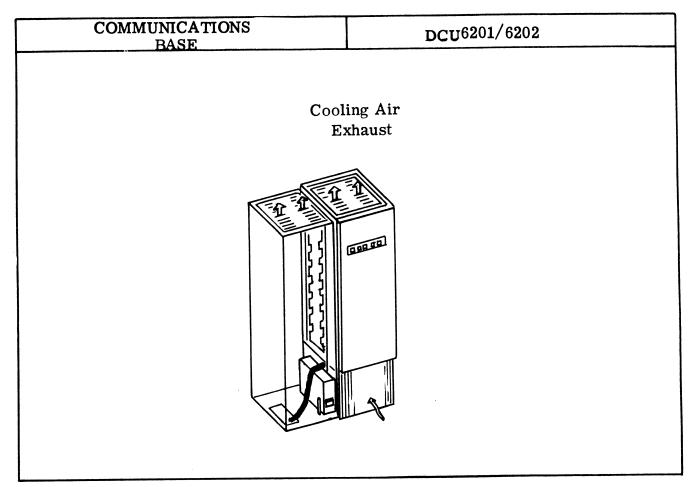
Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right --Left ---

Spacing Restriction Cable length to IOM

Cable Length 70 feet max.

NOTES:

- 1. Cable and power entry cutout aprox 6" X 6".
- 2. Logic cable entry cutout aprox 6" X 6".
- 3. Processor ships in four sections



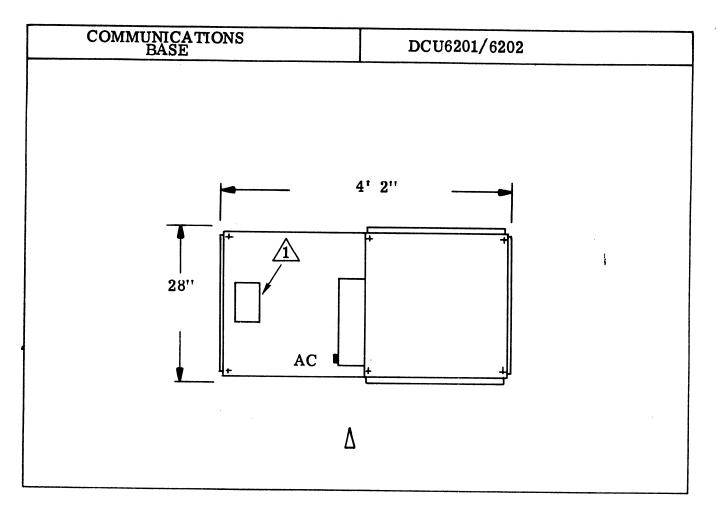
NAMEPLATE RATING				TYPICAL VA	STARTING CURRENT		
volts 12	20/208	AMPS		AMPS PER PHASE	KVA		
PHASE		CYCLE_	60	A 1.3 B 2.1 c 0.8	$\frac{0.5}{}$	$\left \frac{0.4}{} \right $	-

AC POWER CORD	AC Power Con	nection			
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED FACILITY W			NG	
AC PLUG	CIRCUIT BREAKER -	15	AMP	3	POLES
CONNECTOR	wire 5	_ QTY (Incl Ground)	NO	1.4	AWG
RECEPTACLE	PHASE SENSITIVE	YE	s X NO		

4-36

Requires regulated power from motor generator.

HEAT GAIN ______1.4 KBTU



Installed Weight Shipping Weight Installed Height Shipping Height Full Scale Template	850 Lbs 900 Lbs 76.3 In
Full Scale Template	43R177800-23

Required Clearances

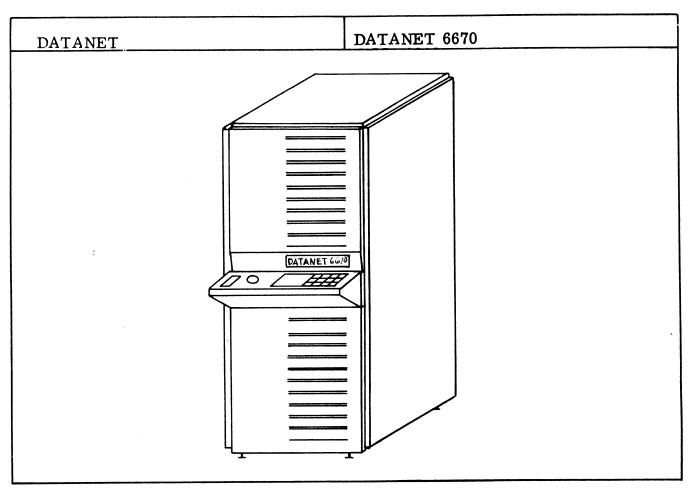
Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right ___
Left -_

Spacing Restriction Cable length to Datanet.

Cable Length 40 feet max.

NOTES:

- 1. Cable and power entry cut out aprox 4" X 6".
- 2. Unit ships in two sections



NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VA	ALUES	1	STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120/208 AMPS 24 PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	AMPS PER PHASE A 20 B 20 C 20	7.8	кw 4.9	NA
	Note 1	1 (1	
	40 D			

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AC PLUG Hubbell 25415

CONNECTOR Hubbell 25414

RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403

RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

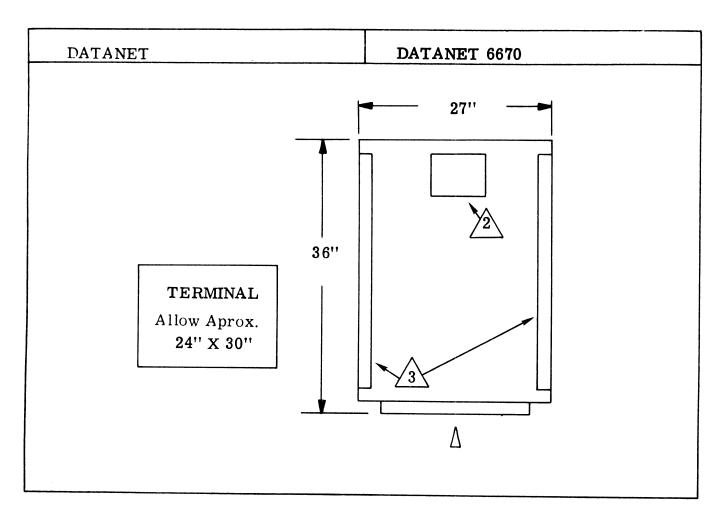
RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

OUT OF THE PROPERTY OF

HEAT GAIN 16.6 KBTU See Note 1

NOTE: Power also required for specific type of terminal ordered. Typical - 120v, 1 Ph., 15 Amp service.



Installed Weight	900	Lbs
Shipping Weight	900	Lbs
Installed Height	62 1	
Shipping Height	61	ĺn
Full Scale Template	NA	

Required Clearances

ricquireu	Cicai	a11CE2
Front		36 In
Back		30 In
Right	`	
Left	}	To permit
		cable installation

Spacing Restriction

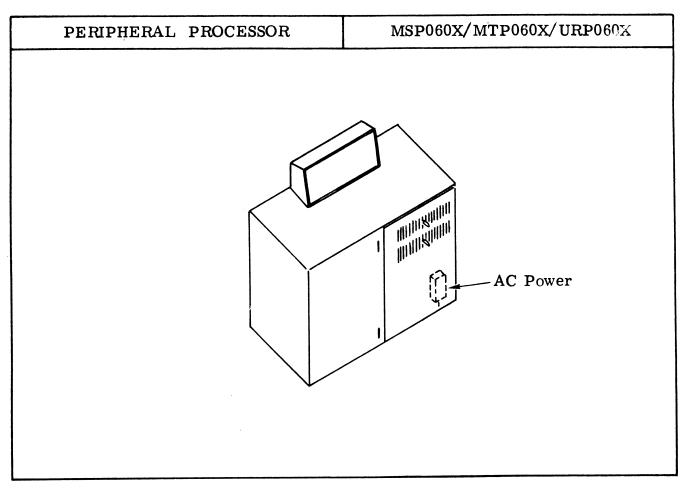
Cable length to IOM.

Cable Length

70 feet max.

NOTES

- 1. Variable with option content from 5 to 20 Amps per phase. 5-16 KBTU
- 2. Power & logic cable entry cutout aprox. 6" X 8".
- 3. Logic cable entry cutout aprox. 3" X 25".



TYPICAL VALUES | STARTING CURRENT

VOL.3	APS PER PHASE .2 B 4.0 c 5.4 1.8 1.6	NA	
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection		
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED F	ACILITY WIRING	
AC PLUG	CIRCUIT BREAKER	AMP3	POLES
CONNECTOR	WIRE QTY (Incl Groun	d) NO. 14	_ AWG
RECEPTACLE	PHASE SENSITIVE	YES X NO	
	Requires regulated power	from Motor Generator	,

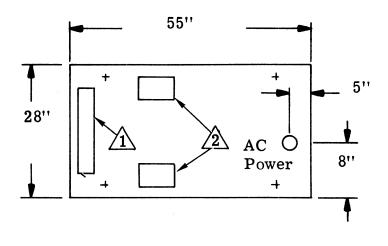
5.5

KBTU

NAMEPLATE RATING

PERIPHERAL PROCESSOR

MSP060X/MTP060X/URP060X



GENERAL INFORMATION

Installed Weight 700 Lbs
Shipping Weight 725 Lbs
Installed Height 50.5 In
Shipping Height 50.5 In
Full Scale Template 43R177800-28

Required Clearances

Front 36 In

Back 30 In

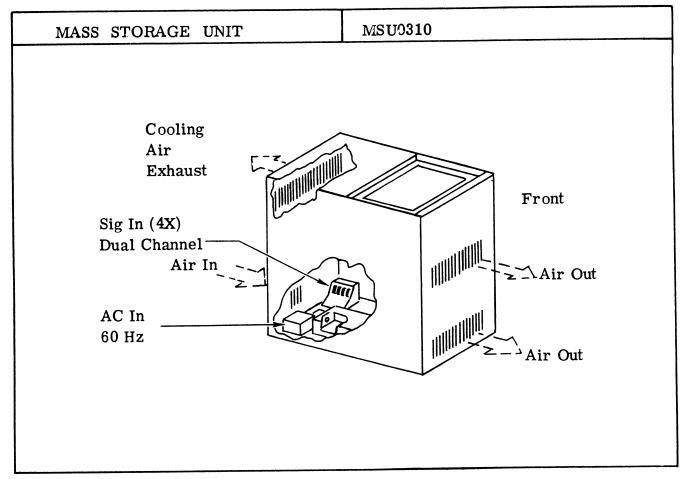
Right --
Left ---

Spacing Restriction Cable length to IOM

Cable Length 70 feet max.

NOTES:

- 1. Cable entry cutout aprox. 6" X 20".
- 2. Cable entry cutouts for dual channel disk option aprox 6" X 8".



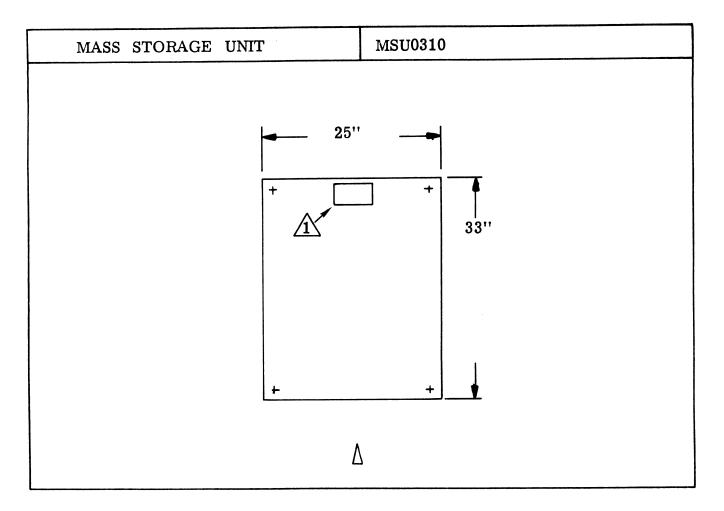
NAMEPLATE RATING

VOLTS 208 AMPS 4,5

PHASE 3 CYCLE 60 A4.0 B 3.0 c 3.0 1.2 1.0 STARTING CURRENT

AC Power Connection

HEAT GAIN 3.5 KBTU



Installed Weight 425 Lbs
Shipping Weight 500 Lbs
Installed Height 39.5 In
Shipping Height 39.5 In
Full Scale Template 4277800-38

Required Clearances

Front 36 In Back 30 In

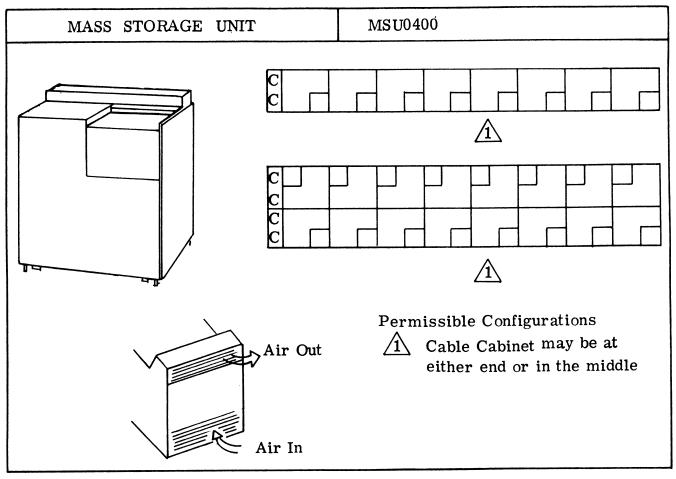
Right Left

Spacing Restriction Limited by cable length to Mass Store Processor.

Cable Length 40 feet max 25 feet min

NOTES

- 1. Cable and power entry cutout aprox.
 4" X 6".
- 2. Power Connection 3 phases and ground. Neutral not used.



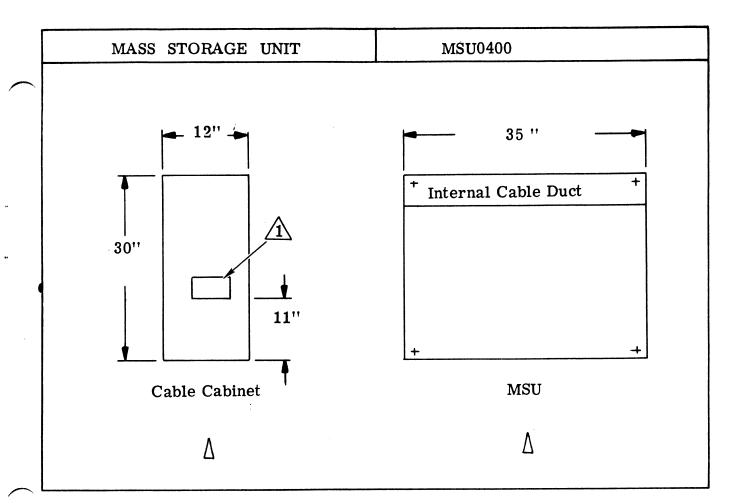
TYPICAL VALUES

VOLI3	MPS PER PHASE KVA KW 5.0 B 7.0 c 5.0 2.0 1.6	40 Amp - 10 Seconds Maximum
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection	
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED I	FACILITY WIRING
AC PLUG Power Hardwired to	CIRCUIT BREAKER50	AMP
Cable cabinet	WIRE 5 QTY (Incl Ground	nd) NO6AWG
RECEPTACLE	PHASE SENSITIVE	X YES NO

HEAT GAIN 5.6 KBTU

NAMEPLATE RATING

STARTING CURRENT



Installed Weight 850 Lbs
Shipping Weight 850 Lbs
Installed Height 42.3 In
Shipping Height 42.3 In
Full Scale Template 43R177800-40

Required Clearances

Front 36 In Back 2 In Right

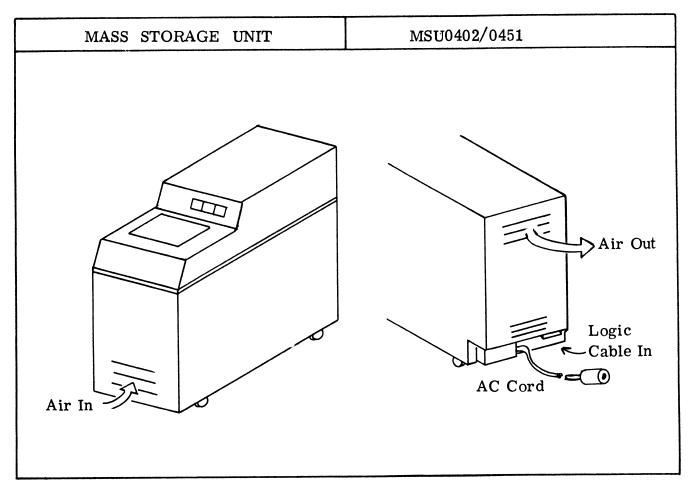
Left

Spacing Restriction Cable length to MSP

NOTES

- 1. Cable and power entry cutout approx 6" X 9".
- 2. All access for maintenance is from the front.
- 3. Eight MSUs maximum per cable cabinet. Cable cabinet may be at either end or in center. Each cable cabinet requires separate power service.

Cable Length 50 ft if 4 drives from CC to end of string 40 ft if 8 drives from CC to end of string.



TYPICAL VALUES

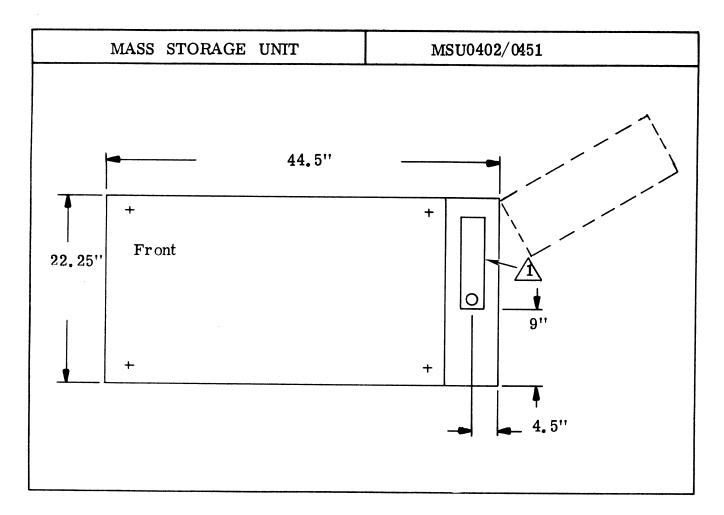
700.13	APS PER PHASE KVA KW 40 Amp - 10 Sec 1.5 1.6 1.3 Max
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING
X L L 25415	CIRCUIT BREAKER AMP POLES
CONNECTOR Hubbell 25414	WIRE 3 QTY (Incl Ground) NO. 12 AWG
RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403	PHASE SENSITIVE YES X NO
	1

- See Note 2 -

4.5 KBTU

NAMEPLATE RATING

STARTING CURRENT



Installed Weight	700	Lbs
Shipping Weight	750	Lbs
Installed Height	40	In
Shipping Height	40	
Full Scale Template	43R17	77800_39

Required Clearances

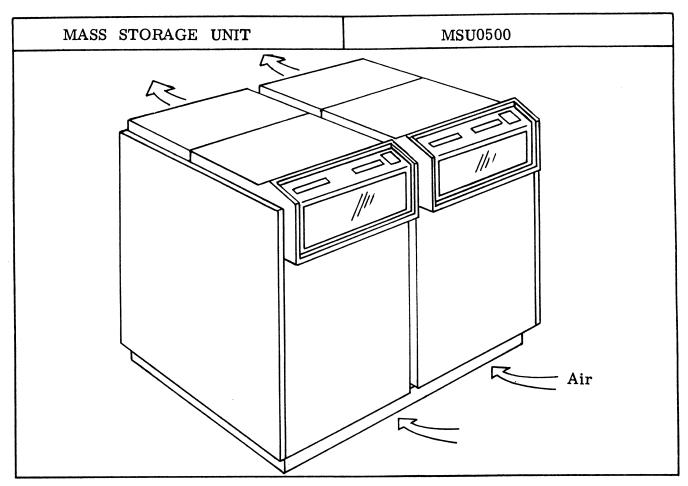
Front	36	In
Back	30	In
Right	_	
Left	_	

NOTES

- 1. Cable and power entry cutout approx 4" X 10".
- 2. Phases must be rotated so that the load of all installed drives is balanced across the three phases. Neutral wire not required.

Spacing Restriction Cable length to Mass Storage Processor

Cable Length 70 feet max.

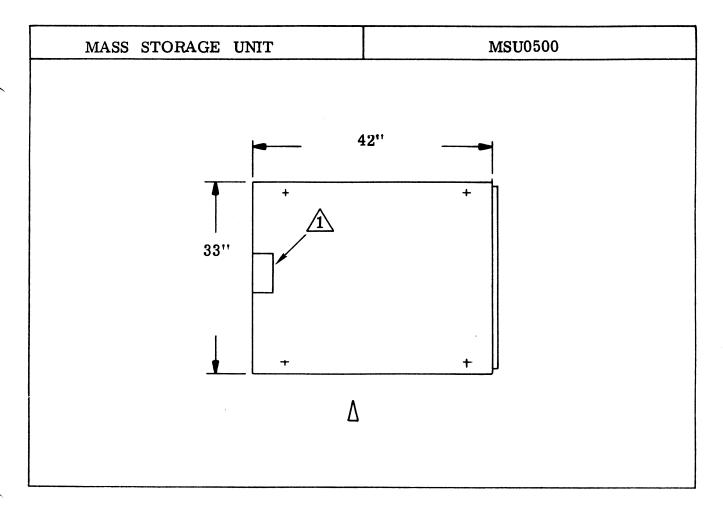


NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VA	LUES	1	STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120/208 AMPS 7.5		i i	1	17 Amp - 3 sec
PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	A 7.5 B 7.5 c 7.5	$ \frac{2.7}{} $	2.1	

AC Power Connection

AC POWER CORD INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING AC PLUG Hubbell CIRCUIT BREAKER ______ AMP **2541**5 CONNECTOR Hubbell 5 QTY (Incl Ground) 25414 RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403 YES X NO PHASE SENSITIVE

HEAT GAIN _______ KBTU



NOTES

1. Cable and power entry cutout approx 4" X 6".

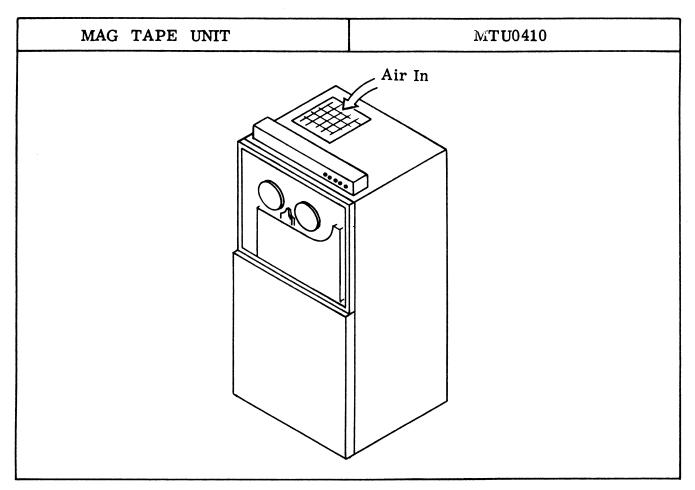
Installed Weight Shipping Weight	1080 1100	Lbs Lbs
Installed Height	44	
Shipping Height	44	In
Full Scale Template	_	

Required Clearances

Front	36	In
Back	30	In
Right	_	
Left	_	

Spacing Restriction Cable length to Mass Storage Processor

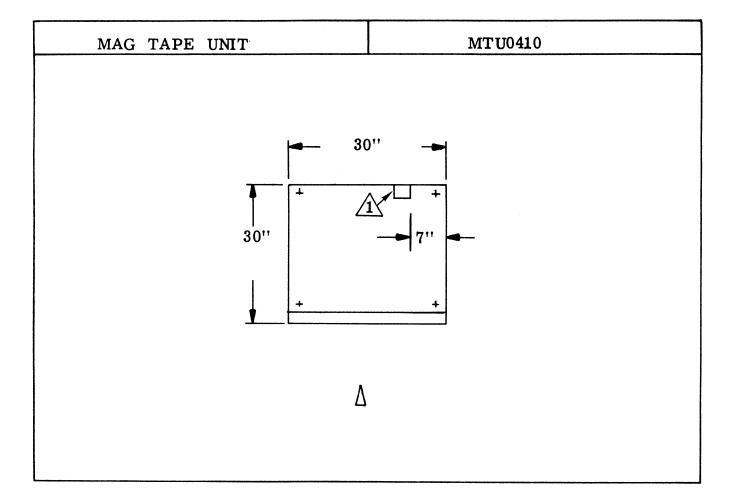
Cable Length 70 feet max.



NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VA	ALUES	STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120 AMPS 17		KVA KW	-
PHASE 1 CYCLE 60	A 17 B c	$ \frac{2.1}{} \frac{1.7}{} $	
		1 1	

AC Power Connection
RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING
_ CIRCUIT BREAKERAMP
_ PHASE SENSITIVEYES X NO

MEAT GAIN ______5.8 KBTU



NOTES

1. Cable and power entry cutout approx 4" X 4".

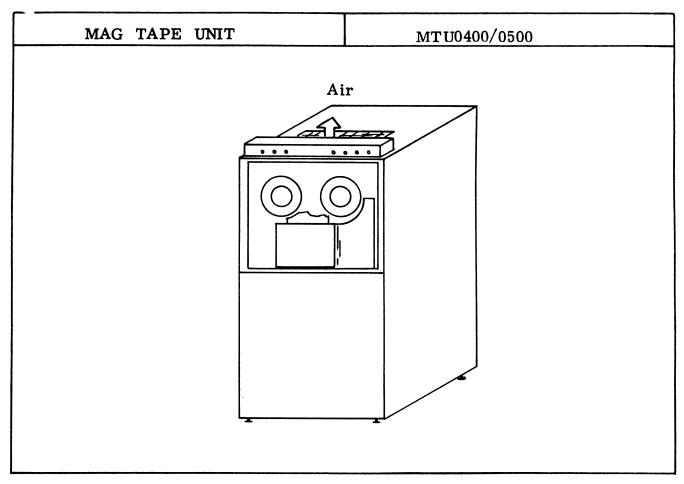
Installed Weight Shipping Weight	800 850	
Installed Height Shipping Height	65.5	In
Full Scale Template	65.5 -	In

Required Clearances

Front	36	In
Back	30	In
Right	-	
l eft		

 $\textbf{Spacing Restriction} \quad \textbf{Cable length to Mag Tape Processor}$

Cable Length 70 feet max.



NAMEPLATE	RATING	TYPICAL VALUES		
volts	AMPS	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	ĸw
PHASE3	CYCLE	A 6.2 s 5.7 c 6.2	2.2	1.8

STARTING CURRENT 30 Amps for 0.2 Sec

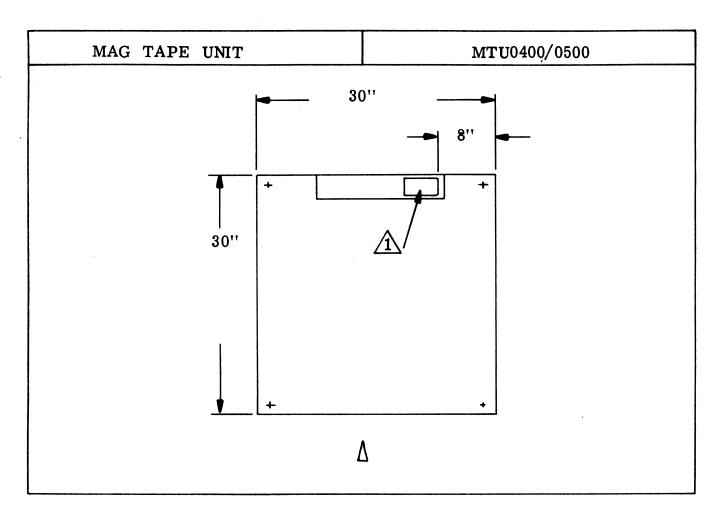
AC	POWER	CORD

AC PLUG Hubbell 25415 CONNECTOR Hubbell 25403 RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403

AC Power Connection

RECO	DMMENDED FAC	LITY WIRIN	G	
CIRCUIT BREAKER _	15	- AMP	3	POLE:
wire4			14	AW0
PHASE SENSITIVE		ES NO		

HEAT GAIN _____KBTU



Installed Weight Shipping Weight	750 Lbs 800 Lbs
Installed Height	65.5 In
Shipping Height	65.5 In
Full Scale Template	43R177800_43

Required Clearances

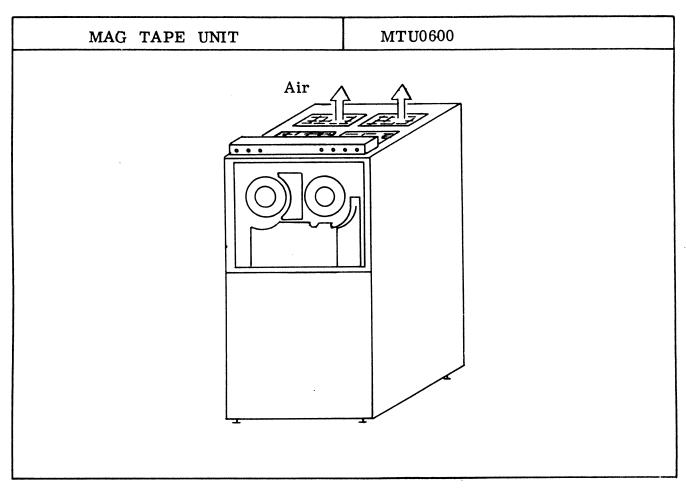
Front	36	In
Back	30	In
Right	_	
Laft		

Spacing Restriction Cable length to Mag Tape Processor

Cable Length 70 feet max.

NOTES

- 1 Cable and power entry cutout approx 4" X 6".
- 2. Power cable must be ordered on IPL if required.



NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VALUES	STARTING CURRENT		
VOLTS 208 AMPS 15 PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	AMPS PER PHASE KVA KW 4.2 3.8	65 Amp for 0.5 Sec		

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AC PLUG Hubbell 25415

CONNECTOR Hubbell 25414

RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403

PHASE SENSITIVE

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

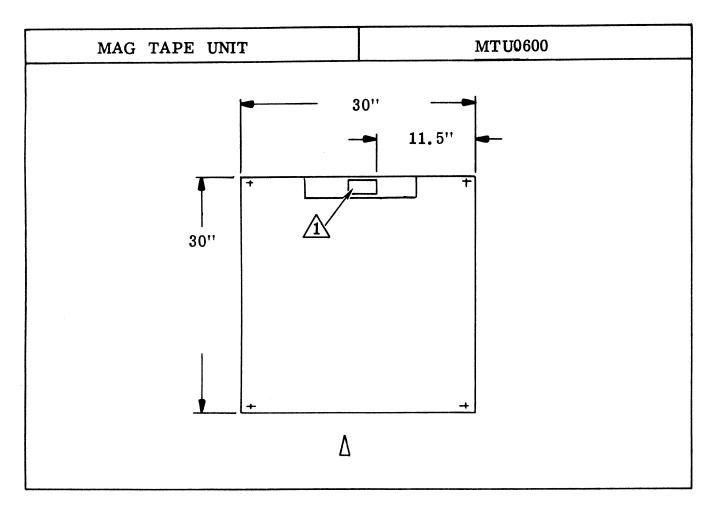
RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AMP 3 POLES

WIRE 4 QTY (Incl Ground) NO. 12 AWG

PHASE SENSITIVE

HEAT GAIN ______KBTU



Installed Weight
Shipping Weight
Installed Height
Shipping Height
Shipping Height

1025 Lbs
1050 Lbs
65.5"

Full Scale Template 43R177800-43

Required Clearances

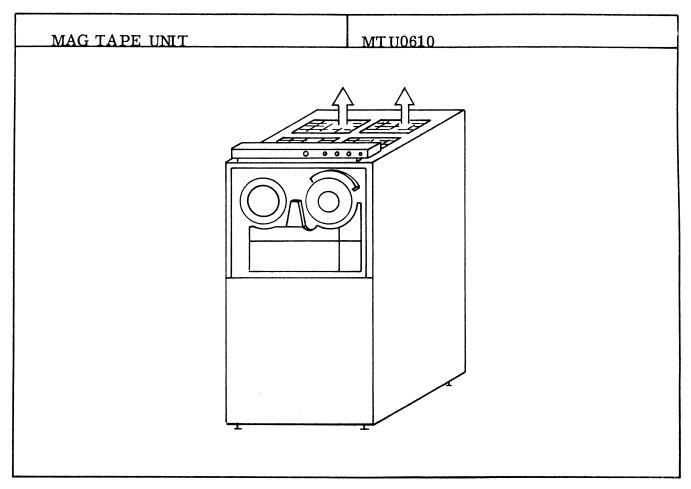
Front 36"
Back 30"
Right _
Left _

Spacing Restriction cable length to Mag Tape Processor

Cable Length 70 feet max.

NOTES

- 1 Cable and power entry cutout approx 4" X 6".
- 2. Power cable must be ordered on IPL if required.



NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VALUES			STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS AMPS	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	ĸw	
PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	A9.8 B 9.8 9.2	3.1	2.9	

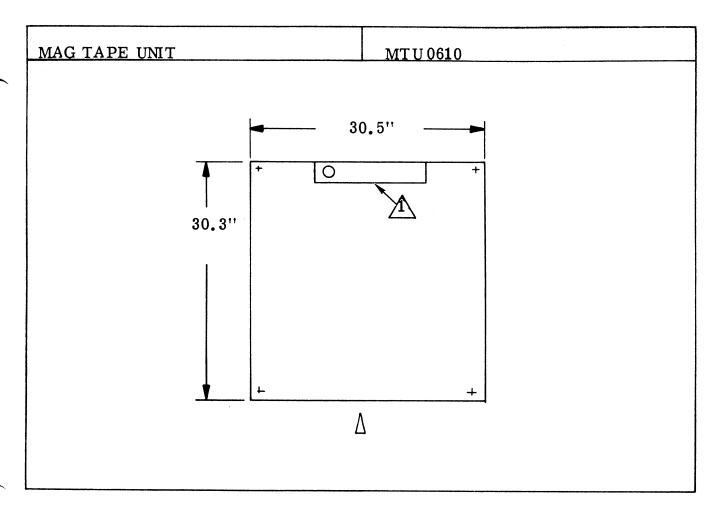
AC POWER CORD

INCLUDED	OPTIONAL I	NOT AVAIL
AC PLUG	HUBBELI	25415
CONNECTOR	HUBBELI	<u> 25414</u>
RECEPTACI E	HUBBELI	L 25403

AC Power Connection

REC	OMMENDED FA	CILITY WIF	RING	
CIRCUIT BREAKER	1 5	AMP	3	POLE
wire4	QTY (incl Ground)	NO	14	AW
PHASE SENSITIVE	X] YES NO	o	

HEAT GAIN ______KBTU



Installed Weight 900 Lbs
Shipping Weight 950 Lbs
Installed Height 65.5 In
Shipping Height 65.5 In
Full Scale Template NA

Required Clearances

Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right Left -

Spacing Restriction

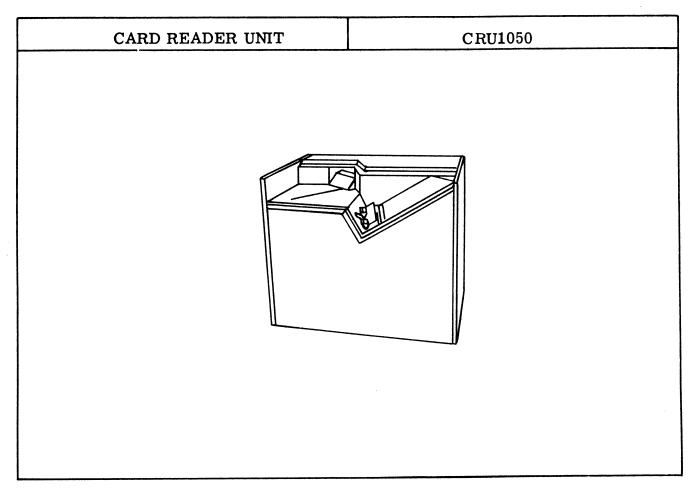
Cable length to MTP

Cable Length

70 feet max.

NOTES

1. Cable & power entry cutout aprox. 4" X 6".

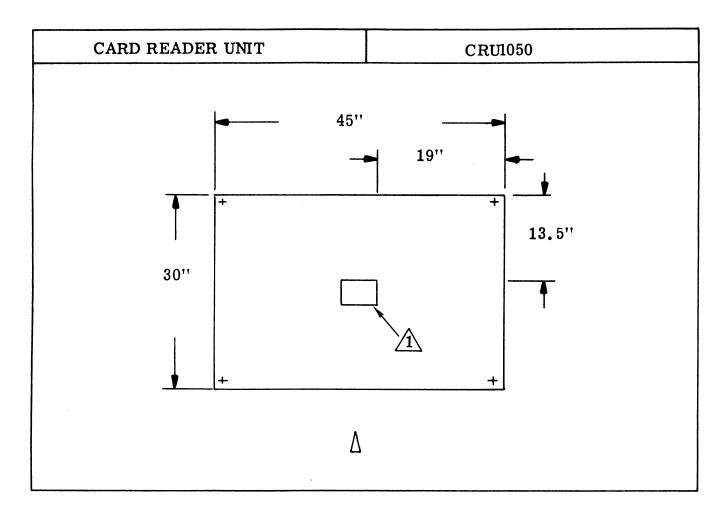


NAMEPLATE	RATING	TYPICAL VALUES			STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120 PHASE 1	AMPS 14 60	AMPS PER PHASE A 9, 2 B c	1.1	к w 1.0	-

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

A	C POWER CO	RD	AO I OWCI	00111100				
INCLUD	ED OPTIONAL	NOT AVAIL		RECOMME	ENDED FACIL	ITY WIRING	;	
AC PLUG	Hubbell	2311	CIRCUIT BREA	KER	20	AMP	1	- POLES
CONNECTOR	Hubbell	2313	WIRE	3 qTY	(Incl Ground)	NO	12_	AWG
RECEPTACLE	Hubbell	2310	. PHASE SENSIT	IVE	YES	x No		
			1					

HEAT GAIN ______ 3.4 KBTU



NOTES

1. Cable and power entry cutout approx 4" X 6".

Installed Weight 460 Lbs
Shipping Weight 500 Lbs
Installed Height 36.1 In
Shipping Height 36.1 In
Full Scale Template 43R177800-62

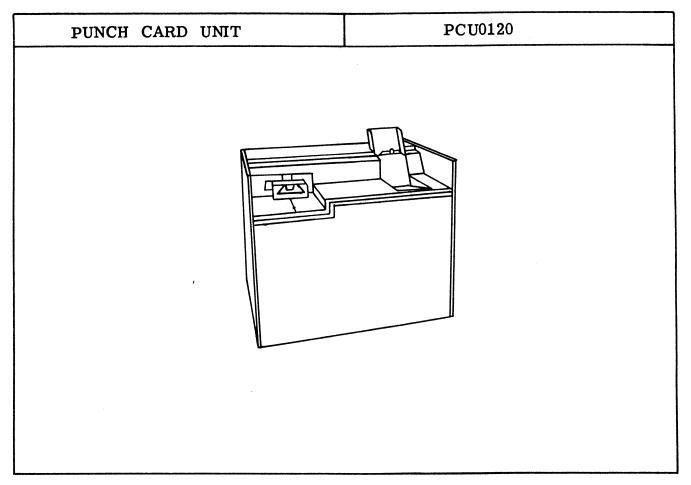
Required Clearances

Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right -

Left

Spacing Restriction Cable length to Unit Record Processor

Cable Length 70 feet max.

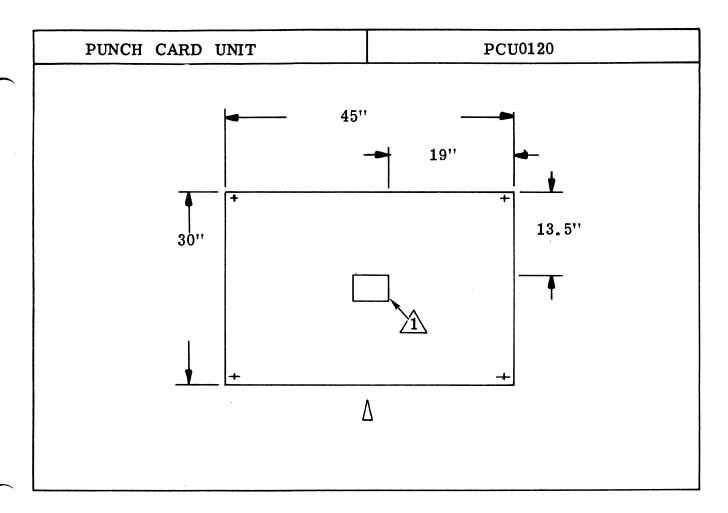


NAME	PLATE RATI	NG	TYPICAL VALUES			STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS $\frac{120/2}{}$	08 AMPS _	11	AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	kw	-
PHASE	3 CYCLE	60	A4.6 B 3.3 c 5.4	1.6	1.3	

AC POWER CORD AC Power Connection

INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRIN	IG
AC PLUG Hubbell 25415	CIRCUIT BREAKER	3 POLES
CONNECTOR Hubbell 25414	WIRE 5 QTY (Incl Ground) NO.	14 AWG
RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403	PHASE SENSITIVE YES X NO	
AECEF I ACEE	THASE SENSITIVE	

HEAT GAIN 4.6 KBTU



NOTES

1. Cable and power entry cutout approx. 4" X 6".

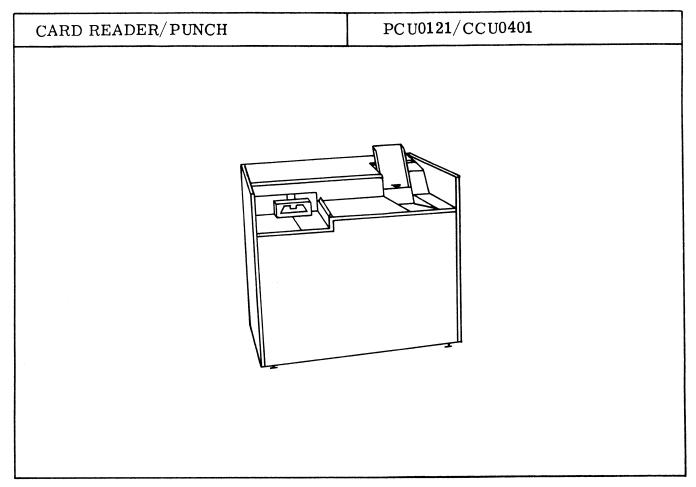
Installed Weight	800 Lbs
Shipping Weight	850 Lbs
Installed Height	44.3 In
Shipping Height	44.3 In
Full Scale Template	

Required Clearances

Front	36	In
Back	30	In
Right	_	
l oft		

Spacing Restriction Cable length to Unit Record Processor

Cable Length 70 feet max.



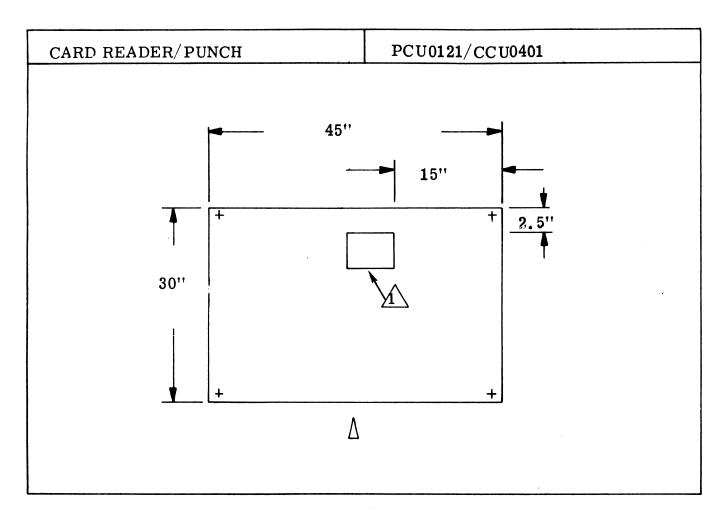
TYPICAL VALUES

	7.0 B 8.5 c8.0	$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{A} \\ 2 \cdot 8 \\ \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{w} \\ 2 \cdot 5 \\ \end{vmatrix}$			
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Co	nnection			
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	REC	OMMENDED I	FACILITY WIR	ING	
AC PLUG Hubbell 25415 CONNECTOR Hubbell 25414	CIRCUIT BREAKER 5	15	AMP	3 14	- POLES
RECEPTACLE Hubbell 25403	PHASE SENSITIVE	(YES X NO		

HEAT GAIN ______ KBTU

NAMEPLATE RATING

STARTING CURRENT



NOTES

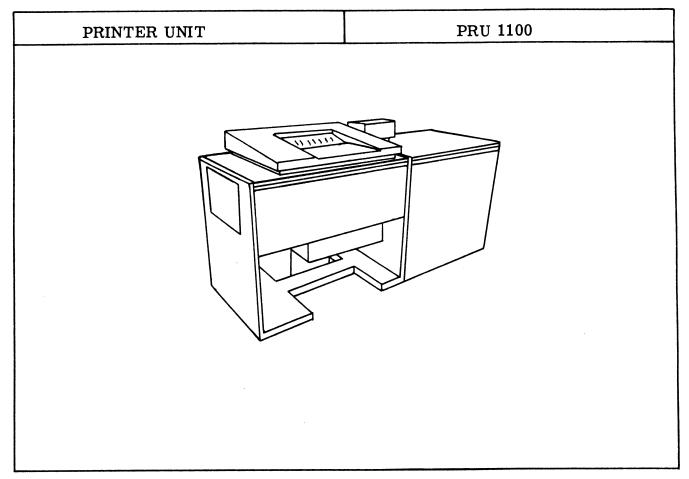
1. Cable & Power entry cutout aprox. 4" X 6".

Installed Weight	800	Lbs
Shipping Weight	850	Lbs
Installed Height	40	In
Shipping Height	40	In
Full Scale Template	NA	
Required Clearances		
Front	36	In
Back	30	In
Right	30	In
Left	30	In

Spacing Restriction

Cable length to Unit Record Processor

Cable Length 70 feet max.



	NAMEPLATE	RATI	NG	TYPICAL VA	LUES		STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS	120/208	AMPS _		AMPS PER PHASE	KVA	кw	. -
PHASE	3	CYCLE	60	$A = \frac{6.5}{100} = \frac{7.2}{100} = \frac{6.5}{100}$	$\frac{2.2}{}$	$\frac{1.9}{}$	

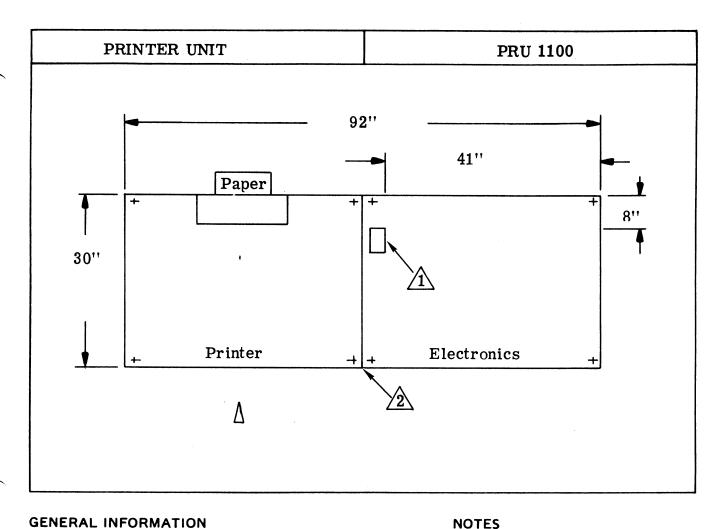
AC POWER CORD INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL X BUILD CONNECTOR AC PLUG Hubbell 25415 CONNECTOR Hubbell 25414 CONNECTOR Hubbell 25414 CONNECTOR HUBBELL 25416 CONNECTOR

25403

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING					
CIRCUIT BREAKER -	15	AMP	3	POLES	
5	_ QTY (incl Ground)	NO	14	AWG	
PHASE SENSITIVE	YE	s X no			

	6.6	VDTI
WEAT GAIN	0.0	KBTU

RECEPTACLE Hubbell



1220 Lbs Installed Weight **Shipping Weight** 1300 Lbs Installed Height 40 In Shipping Height 40 In Full Scale Template 43R177800-60

Required Clearances

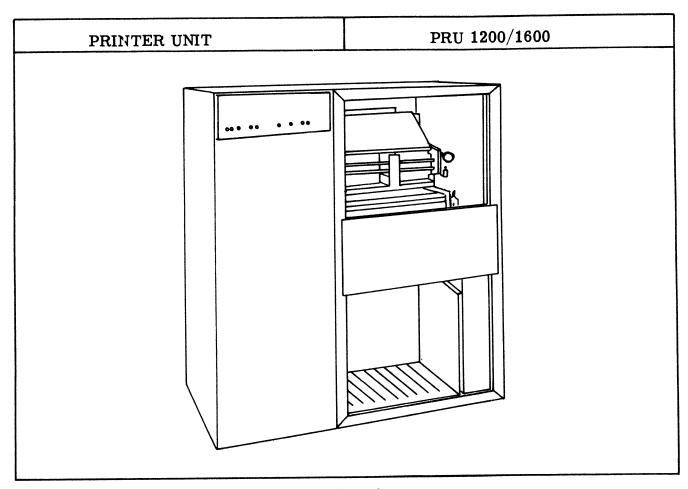
Front 36 In Back 30 In Right Left 30 In

1. Cable and power entry cutout approximately 4" X 6".

2. Unit ships in two sections to be bolted together at installation.

Spacing Restriction Cable length to Unit Record Processor

Cable Length 70 feet max.



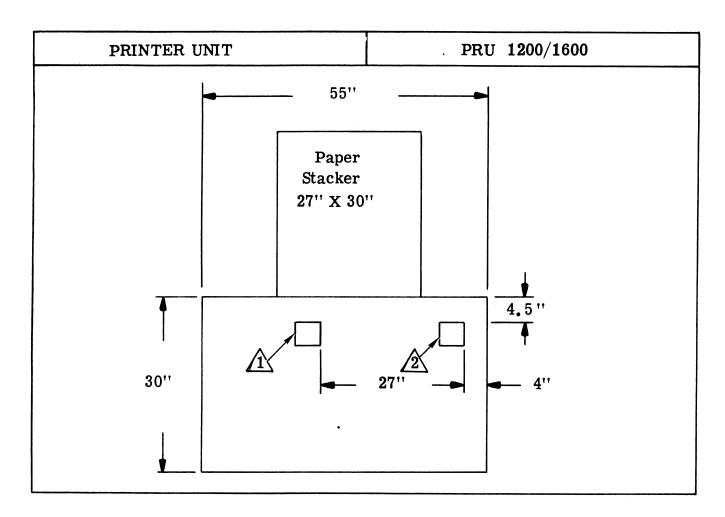
NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VA	LUES	STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS 120/208 AMPS 11 PHASE 3 CYCLE 60	AMPS PER PHASE A 7.6 B 8.4 c 7.8	KVA KW 3.1 2.8	-

AC POWER CORD

INCLUDE	D OPTIONAL	NOT AVAIL
AC PLUG	Hubbell	25415
CONNECTOR -	Hubbell	25414
DECERTACE E	Hubbell	25403

AC Power Connection

HEAT GAIN 9.5 KBTU



Installed Weight 1780 Lbs
Shipping Weight 1900 Lbs
Installed Height 61 In
Shipping Height 61 In
Full Scale Template -

Required Clearances

Left

Front 36 In
Back 60 In (includes paper stacker)
Right 30 In

30 In

Spacing Restriction cable length to Unit Record Processor

Cable Length 70 feet max.

NOTES

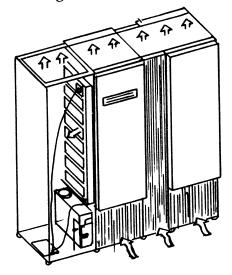
- 1. Cable entry cutout approx. 4" X 4".
- 2. Power entry cutout approx. 4" X 4".
- 3. Weight includes 50 Lbs for stacker.

DOCUMENT HANDLER PROCESSOR

DHP0700/0701 - DEC 6000

See Note Below

Cooling Air Exhaust



Ref: 355AA

AC Power Requirements

	NAMEPLATE				CAL VA		
VOLTS	120/208	AMPS	10	AMPS PER PHA	SE	KVA	KW
PHASE	3	CYCLE	60	AMPS PER PHA	c <u>8.6</u>	1.8	1.5

STARTING CURRENT

AC POWER CORD

INCLUDED	OPTIONAL	X
AC PLUG	-	
CONNECTOR	-	
RECEPTACLE	_	

HEAT GAIN ______ 5.1 KBTU

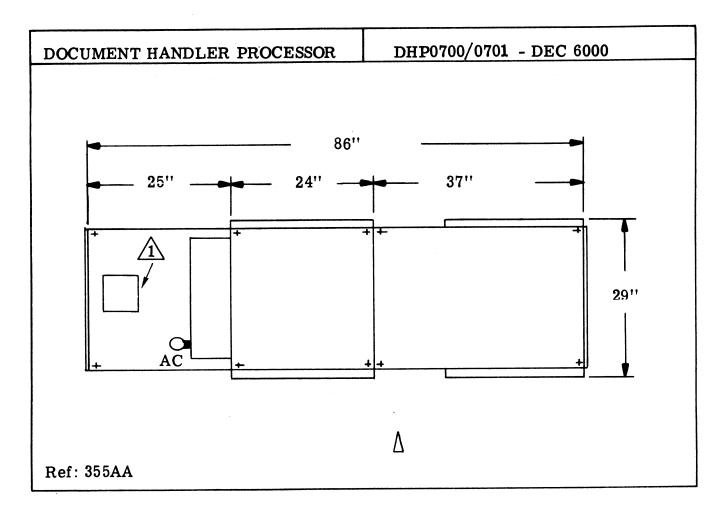
AC Power Connection

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

CIRCUIT BREAKER	20	MP	3	- POLES
5		NO	12	AWG
WIRE QT	r (Inci Ground)	NO		^#4
PHASE SENSITIVE	YES	X no		
'Requires regulate	d power from	motor	generator	
NOTE				

This processor has three possible configurations. Confirm at time of order which will be supplied to assure correct site preparation.

CONFIGURATION	REFERENCE	SHEETS
1	355 AA2	1 & 2
2	355 AB1	3 & 4
3	6600 AA	5 & 6



Installed Weight 1700 Lbs
Shipping Weight 1800 Lbs
Installed Height 76 In

Shipping Height 76 In

Full Scale Template 43R177800-22

Required Clearances

Front 36 In Back 30 In Right -

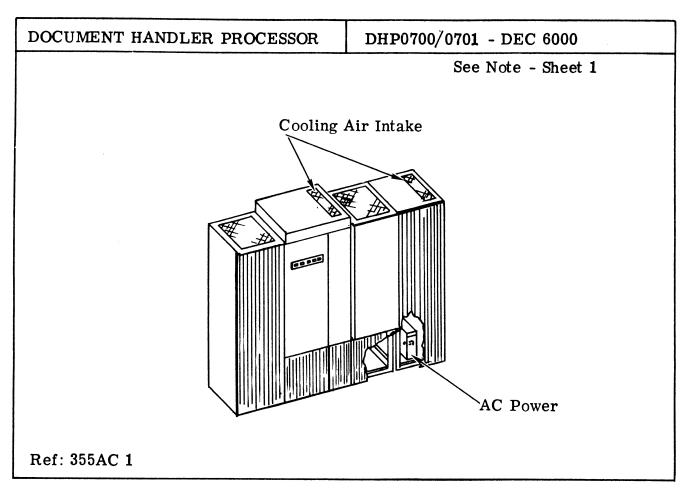
Left -

Spacing Restriction Cable length to IOM

Cable Length 70 feet max.

NOTES

- 1. Cable and power entry cutout approx. 6" X 6".
- 2. Processor ships in three sections

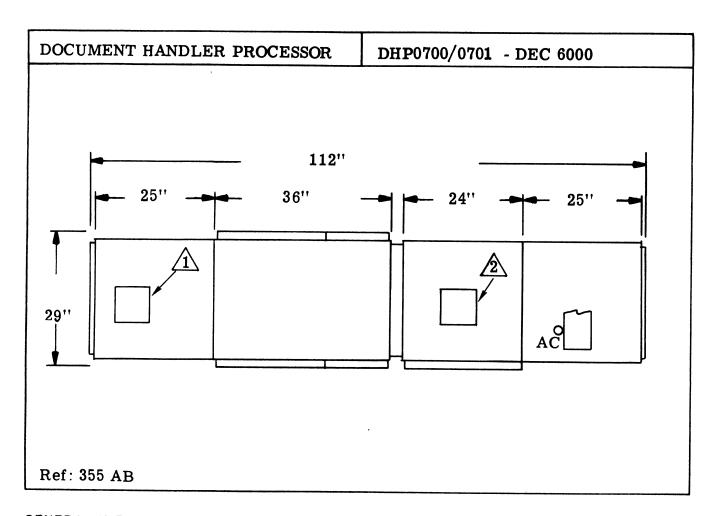


TYPICAL VALUES

	MPS PER PHASE KVA KW 7.0 8 6.5 c 6.5 2.4 2.2	-
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection	
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED FACIL	LITY WIRING
AC PLUG	CIRCUIT BREAKER30	AMP POLES
	WIRE QTY (Incl Ground)	NO 10 AWG
RECEPTACLE	PHASE SENSITIVE YE	s X NO
	Requires regulated power fro	om motor generator.

NAMEPLATE RATING

STARTING CURRENT



Installed Weight 2100 Lbs
Shipping Weight 2200 Lbs
Installed Height 88.6 In
Shipping Height 76.3 In
Full Scale Template 43R177800-24

Required Clearances

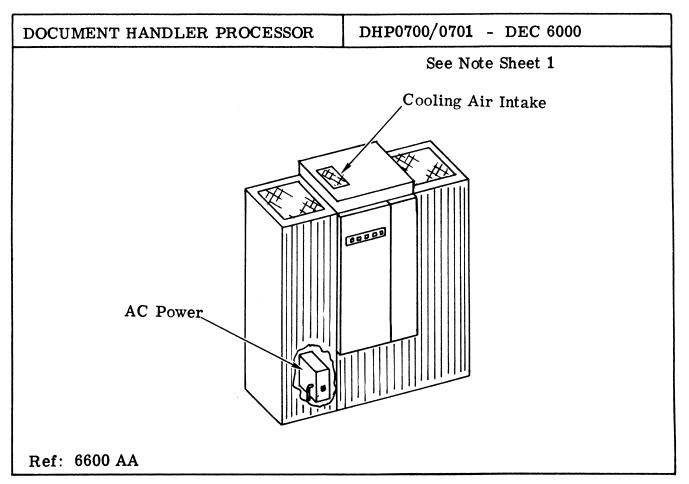
Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right Left -

Spacing Restriction Cable length to IOM.

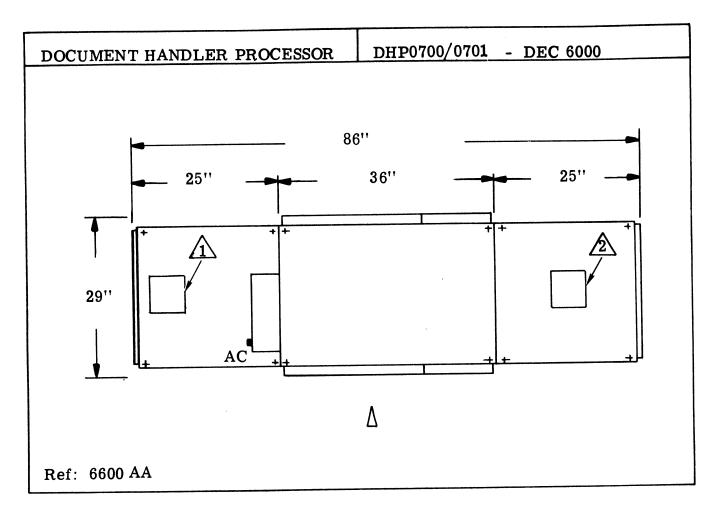
Cable Length 70 feet max.

NOTES

- 1. Logic cable entry cutout approx 6" X 6".
- 2. Logic and <u>power</u> entry cutout approx 6" X 6".
- 3. Processor ships in four sections.



NAME 120/2	PLATE RAT	ING	TYPICAL VALUES	STARTING	CURRENT	
VOLTS 120/2	AMPS -		AMPS PER PHASE KVA KW			
PHASE	3 CYCLE		$\frac{7.8}{6.8} \cdot \frac{6.8}{6.3} \cdot \frac{6.3}{2.4} \cdot \frac{2.1}{2.1}$	-		
AC	POWER CO	RD	AC Power Connection			
INCLUDED	OPTIONAL	NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED	FACILITY WIRI	NG	
AC PLUG			CIRCUIT BREAKER15	AMP		POLES
CONNECTOR	-		WIRE GTY (Incl Grow	und) NO	14	_ AWG
RECEPTACLE	-		- PHASE SENSITIVE	YES X NO		
			Requires regulated powe	r from motor	generator	
	7.2	KRTII				



Installed Weight 2000 Lbs
Shipping Weight 2100 Lbs
Installed Height 88.6 In
Shipping Height 76.3 In
Full Scale Template 43 R177800 Sh 20

Required Clearances

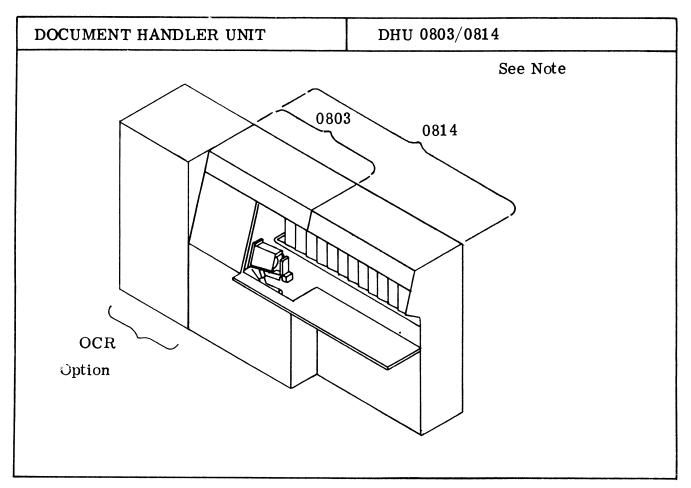
Front 36 In
Back 30 In
Right __
Left __

Spacing Restriction Cable length to IOM

Cable Length 70 feet max.

NOTES

- 1. Logic and power entry cutout approx 6" X 6".
- 2. Logic cable cutout approx 6" X 6".
- 3. Processor ships in three sections.



NAMEPLATE RATING	TYPICAL VA	LUES	STARTING CURRENT
VOLTS $\frac{120/208}{8.5}$ AMPS $\frac{8.5}{100}$		KVA KW	-
PHASE3 CYCLE60	A 8.0 B 8.2 c 6.1	$\frac{2.5}{}$ $\frac{2.1}{}$	

AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection
CLUBED ORTIONAL NOT AVAIL	1

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

AC PLUG _____ CIRCUIT BREAKER _____ 3

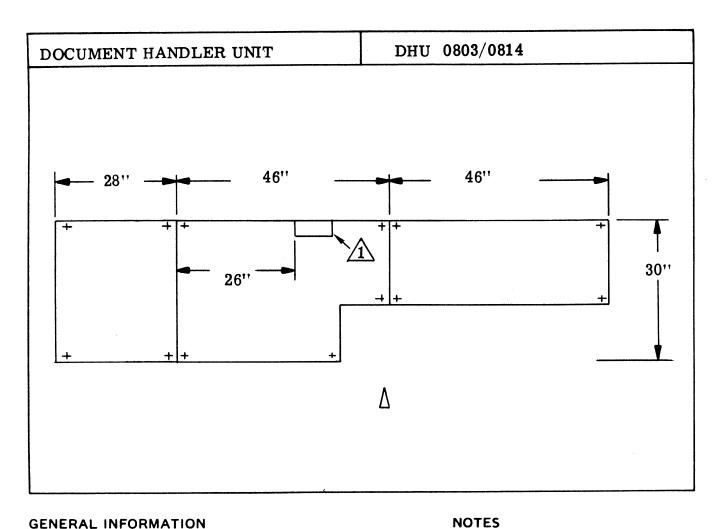
CONNECTOR ____ MIRE ____ QTY (Incl Ground) NO. _____ 14

AWG

RECEPTACLE ____ PHASE SENSITIVE X YES ___ NO

Incorrect rotation may damage unit.

HEAT GAIN 7.2 KBTU



Installed Weight 1700 Lbs Shipping Weight 1700 Lbs 62 In Installed Height

62 In

Shipping Height

Full Scale Template

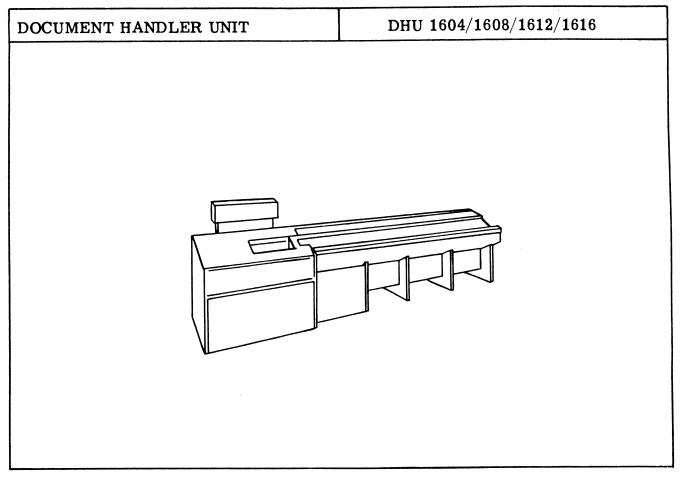
Required Clearances

Front 36 In 30 In Back Right Left

- 1. Cable and power entry cutout approx 4" X 6".
- 2. Unit ships in 3 sections.

Spacing Restriction Cable to Document Handler Processor

Cable Length 90 feet max.



TYPICAL VALUES

VOLTS AMPS AM	IPS PER PHASE	KVA KW	85 Amps
	7.0 _s 27.0 _c 5	6.6 4.8	2 Sec M
AC POWER CORD	' AC Power Conr	nection	
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECO	MMENDED FA	CILITY WIRING
AC PLUG	CIRCUIT BREAKER	70	AMP
CONNECTOR	WIRE3	QTY (incl Ground)	NO
RECEPTACLE	PHASE SENSITIVE		YES X NO
	NOTES:		

1. A.C. power must be in accordance with Honeywell specification which requires isolation from loads other than the Computer System Units.

STARTING CURRENT

Max

2. Ground braid must be installed from the sorter to Motor Generator ground or the equivalent.

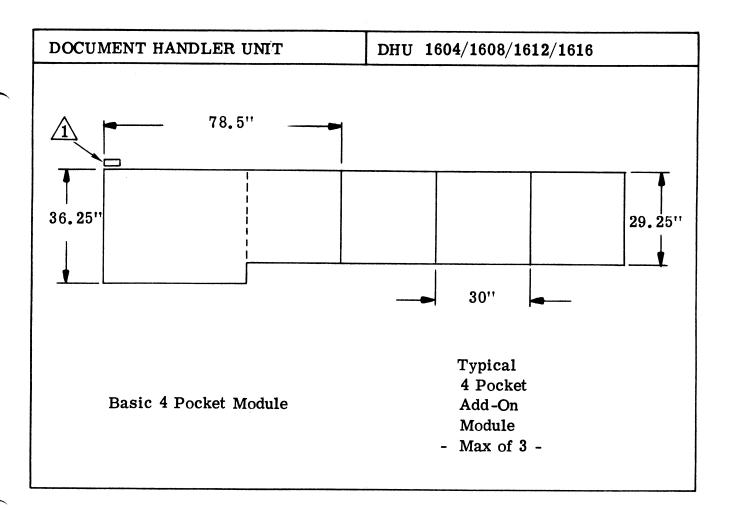
16.4

HEAT GAIN.

KBTU

NAMEPLATE RATING

AWG



Installed Weight See Note 2

Shipping Weight Add 25 Lbs per unit

Installed Height 54.2 In Shipping Height 54.2 In

Full Scale Template 43R177800-63

Required Clearances

Front 36 In Back 30 In Right -

Left 30 In

NOTES

- 1. Cable and power entry cutout approximately 4" X 6".
- Installed weights:
 Basic 4 pocket module -1200#
 4 Pocket Add-on module 150#
- 3. Units shipped boxed and on skid. Adjustable feet attached at installation.
- 4. References DRD236
 Burroughs 9134

Spacing Restriction Cable length to Document Handler Processor

Cable Length 90 feet max.

DOCUMENT HANDLER UNIT

DHU 1620/1624/1628/1632

A Four Pocket Control Module must be added, at the right hand end, when the number of pockets exceeds 16.

A maximum of three additional Four Pocket Modules may then be inserted keeping the Four Pocket Control Module always as the rightmost unit.

AC Power Requirements

NAMEPLATE RATING

TYPICAL VALUES

AMPS PER PHASE | KVA | KW | 2.0 | 1.7

STARTING CURRENT

Rated on Basic 4
Pocket Module

AC POWER CORD

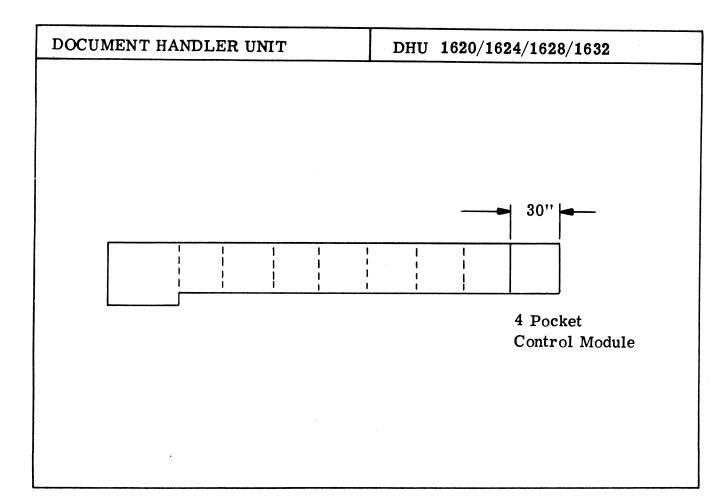
Connects to Basic 4
Pocket Module

AC Power Connection

RECOMMENDED FACILITY WIRING

Not Required

SEAT GAIN 5.8 KBTU



NOTES

See Sheet 1

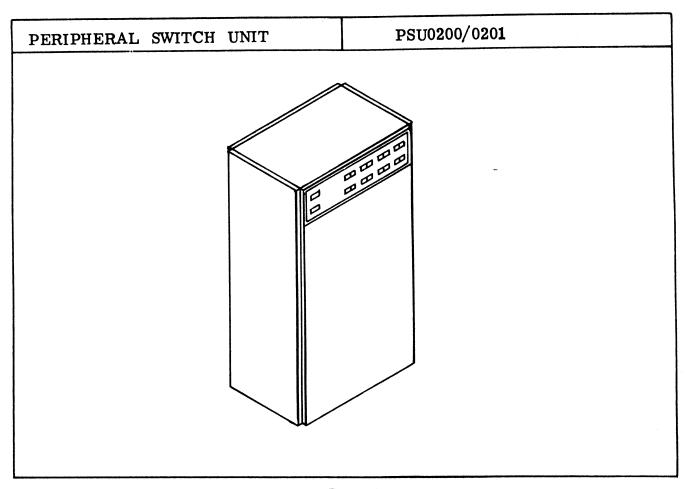
Installed Weight 500 Lbs
Shipping Weight 525 Lbs
Installed Height 54.2 In
Shipping Height 54.2 In
Full Scale Template 43R177800-63

Required Clearances

Front 36 In Back 30 In Right -

Left

Spacing Restriction See Sheet 2



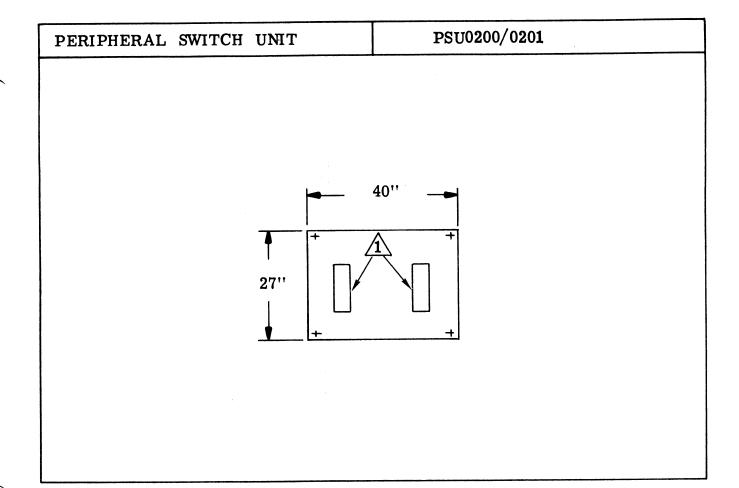
TYPICAL VALUES

VOLTS 120 AMPS PHASE 2 CYCLE		6 B 1.6 c -	0.4	кw 0.3		-	
AC POWER COR	_D A	AC Power Co	nnecti	on			
INCLUDED OPTIONAL N	IOT AVAIL	RE	COMMEN	DED FACIL	ITY WIRING	3	
AC PLUG	<u> </u>	CIRCUIT BREAKEI		15	AMP	2	- POLE
CONNECTOR		wire4	QTY (In	cl Ground)	NO	14	AW
RECEPTACLE		PHASE SENSITIVE		YE	s X NO		

HEAT GAIN _____ KBTU

NAMEPLATE RATING

STARTING CURRENT



NOTES

1. Cable and power entry cutouts approx 4" X8".

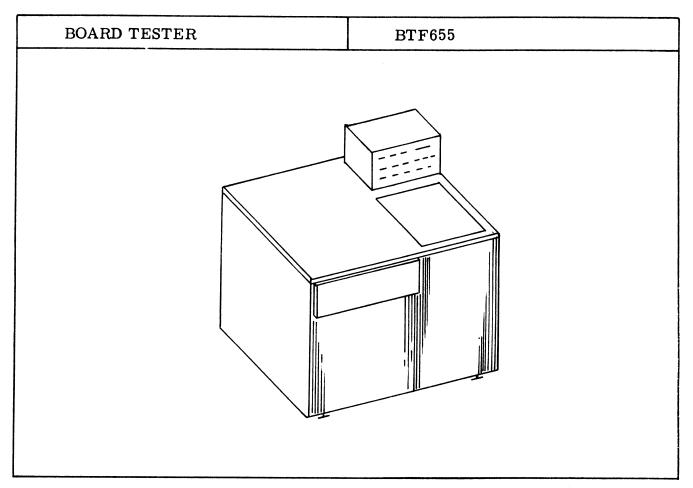
Installed Weight	400	Lbs
Shipping Weight	400	Lbs
Installed Height	71	In
Shipping Height	71	In
Full Scale Template	-	
Required Clearances		
Front	36	₹n
Back	30	In
Right	_	

Left

Spacing Restriction As determined by max length of peripheral

cables. Subtract 6 ft. from max cable length for

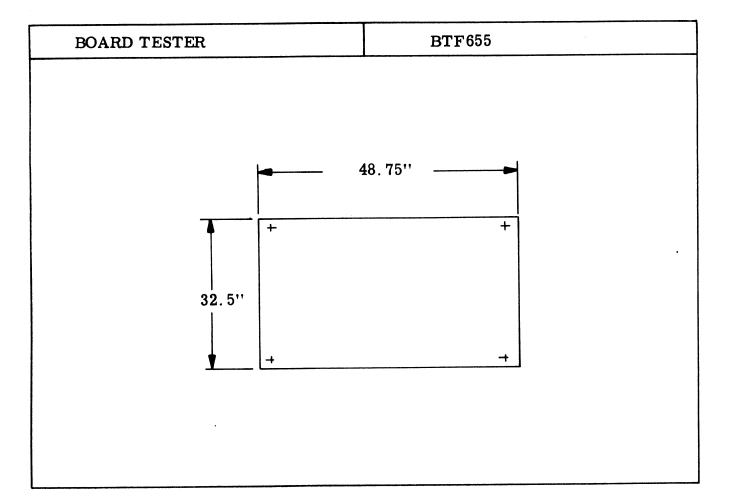
switch.



NAMEPLATE RATING | TYPICAL VALUES | STARTING CURRENT

	8.0 B - C - 1.0 0.9	NA
AC POWER CORD	AC Power Connection	
INCLUDED OPTIONAL NOT AVAIL	RECOMMENDED F	ACILITY WIRING
AC PLUG Hubbell Twist-Lock	. CIRCUIT BREAKER15	AMPPOLE
CONNECTOR	WIRE QTY (Inci Ground	14
RECEPTACLE Hubbell 4700	PHASE SENSITIVE	YES X NO
NOTE 1	•	

3.0 KBTU



Installed Weight 720 Lbs
Shipping Weight 720 Lbs
Installed Height 51.5 In
Shipping Height 51.5 In

Full Scale Template 43R177800 SH 70

Required Clearances

Front 30 In
Back Right Left -

Spacing Restriction

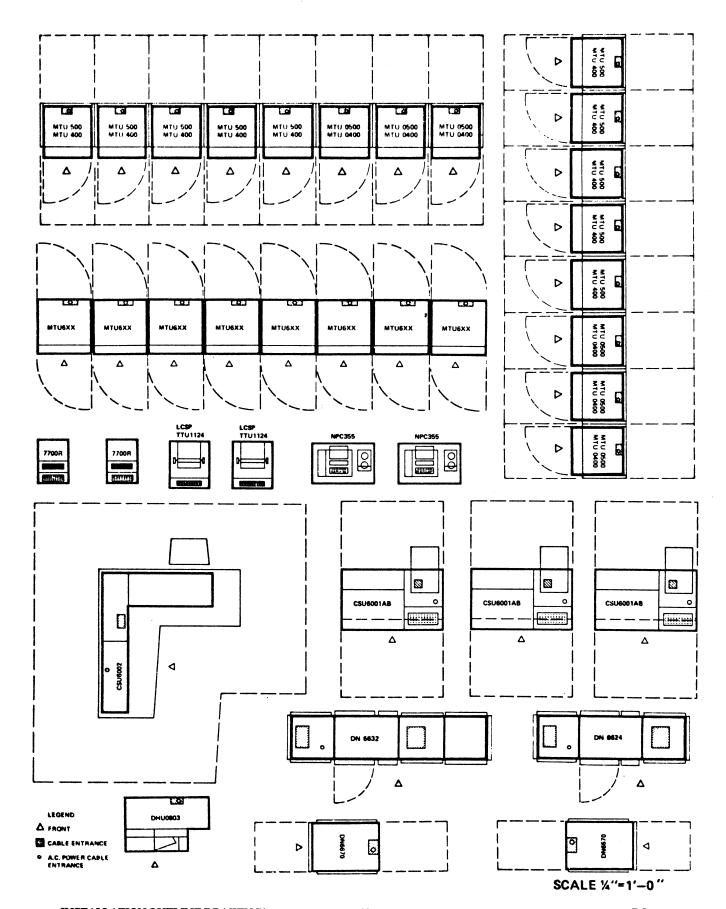
NOTES

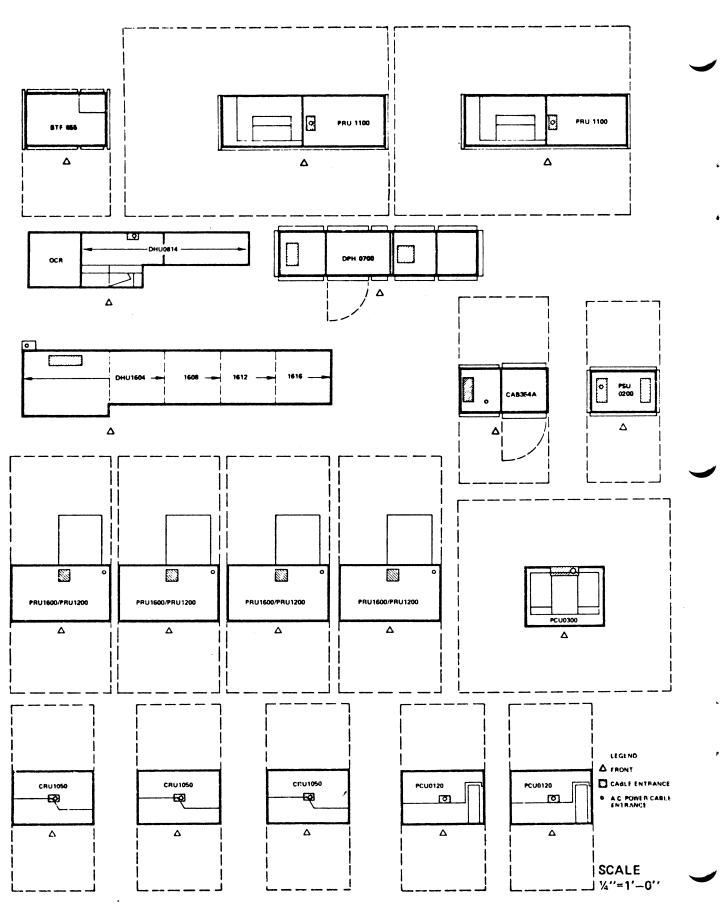
1. Twist-Lock connector required due to leakage current.

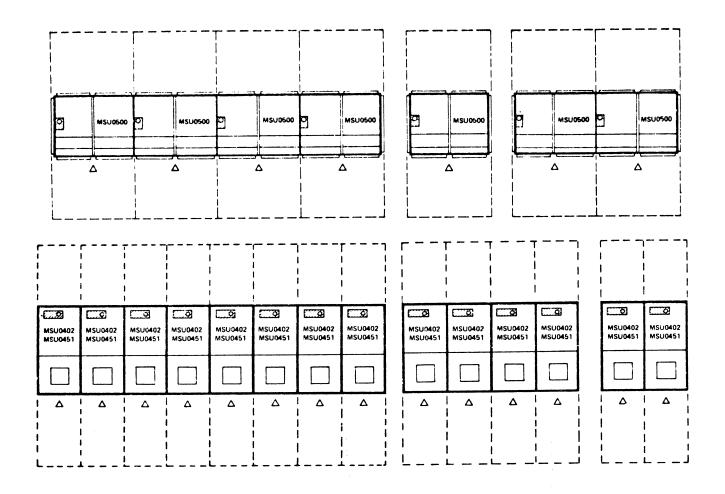
SUMMARY DATA Amps. Per Phase

	•	Circuit	Amps. Per Phase							
	Unit	Breaker	Wire	A	В	\mathbf{C}	KVA	KW	KBTU	WT
}	Central Processor - LV66	3P30A	5#10	8.0	7.0	8.0	2.8	2.5	8.5	1800
	Central Processor - LV68	3P30A	5#10	9.0	9.8	9.8	3.6	3.3	11.5	1800
	CPS 6650	3P30R	5#10	15.4	14.3	15.9	5.6	5.2	17.7	2700
	CPS 8802	3P30A	5#10	17.1	18.7	16.6	6.4	6.0	20.5	2700
	Integrated Control Unit	_		10.3	10.9	9.5	3.7	3.3	11.3	1425
	Freestanding IOM	3P15A	5#14	7.5	6.5	4.0	2.4	2.2	7.5	1150
	Freestanding SCU	3P15A	5#14	2.1	2.0	2.4	0.8	0.7	2.4	850
1	Freestanding Memory	3P15A	5#14	5.0	5.4	3.3	1.7	1.5	5.1	850
	Compatibility Mode Option	3P20A	5#10	14.0	19.0	18.0	6.1	5.8	20.0	2860
	System Console	3P15A	5#14	0.5	1.0	1.2	0.3	0.2	0.9	520
	System Control Center	3P15A	5#14	2.6	2.6	2.6	0.9	0.8	2.8	850
	DATANET—DCP6624/6632	3P15A	5#14	7.8	6.8	6.3	2.4	2.1	7.2	2000
	Communications Base	3P15A	5#14	1.3	2.1	0.8	0.5	0.4	1.4	850
	DATANET—DCP6670	3P30A	5#10	20.0	20.0	20.0	7.8	4.9	16.6	900
	Peripheral Processor (MPC)	3 P 15 A	5#14	5.2	4.0	5.4	1.8	1.6	5.5	700
	Mass Storage MSU0310	3P15A	5#14	4.0	3.0	3.0	1.2	1.0	3.5	425
	Mass Storage MSU0400	3P50A*	5 #6 *	5.0	7.0	5.0	2.0	1.6	5.6	850
	Mass Storage MSU0451	2P20A	3#12	7.5	7.5		1.6	1.3	4.5	700
	Mass Storage MSU0500	3P15A	5#14	7.5	7.5	7.5	2.7	2.3	7.9	1080
	Mag Tape MTU0410	1P20A	3#12	17.0			2.1	1.7	5.8	800
	Mag Tape MTU0500	3P15A	5#14	6.2	5.7	6.2	2.2	1.8	6.1	750
	Mag Tape MTU0600	3P20A	5#12	8.9	11.7	10.6	4.2	3.8	13.0	1025
	Mag Tape MTU0610	3P15A	5#14	9.8	9.8	9.2	3.1	2.9	9.9	900
	Card Reader	1 P20A	3#12	9.2	_	_	1.1	1.0	3.4	460
	Card Punch	3P15A	5#14	4.6	3.3	5.4	1.6	1.3	4.6	800
	Card Reader/Punch	3P15A	5#14	7.0	8.5	8.0	2.8	2.5	8.5	800
	Printer PRU1100	3P15A	5#14	6.5	· 7.2	6.5	2.2	1.9	6.6	1220
	Printer PRU1200/1600	3P15A	5#14	7.6	8.4	7.8	3.1	2.8	9.5	1780
	Document Handler Processor		various	s — See	drawing					
	Document Handler DHU08XX	3P15A	5#14	8.0	8.2	6.1	2.5	2.1	7.2	1700
	Document Handler DHU16XX	2P70A	3#14	27.0	27.0	-	5.6	4.8	16.4	various
	Peripheral Switch	2P15A	4#14	1.6	1.6		0.4	0.3	1.0	400
	Board Tester	1P15A	3#14	8.0			1.0	0.9	3.0	720

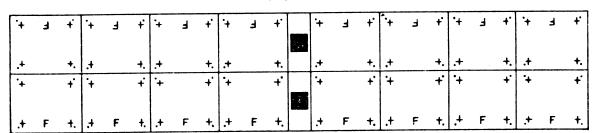
^{*} Common Entry for 8 Units

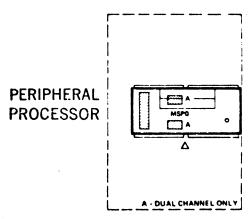


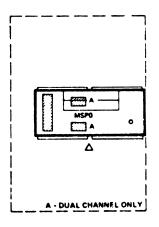




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