User's Guide

HP Debug User Interface for H8S/2000 Series

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New editions are complete revisions of the manual. The date on the title page changes only when a new edition is published.

A software code may be printed before the date; this indicates the version level of the software product at the time the manual was issued. Many product updates and fixes do not require manual changes, and manual corrections may be done without accompanying product changes. Therefore, do not expect a one-to-one correspondence between product updates and manual revisions.

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Do Not Service or Adjust Alone

Do not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

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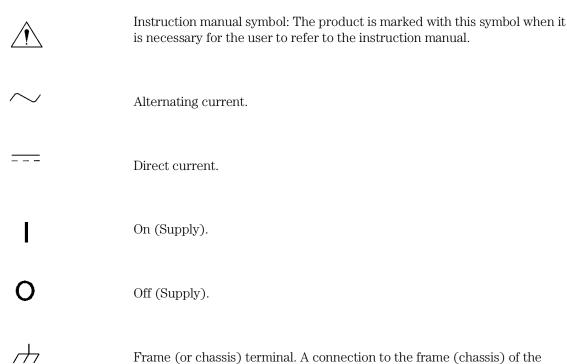
Dangerous Procedure Warnings

Warnings, such as the example below, precede potentially dangerous procedures throughout this manual. Instructions contained in the warnings must be followed.

Warning Dangerous voltages, capable of causing death, are present in this instrument. Use extreme caution when handling, testing, and adjusting this instrument.

Safety Symbols

General definitions of safety symbols used on equipment or in manuals are listed below.



equipment which normally include all exposed metal structures.

Warning	This Warning sign denotes a hazard. It calls your attention to a procedure, practice, condition or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or death to personnel.
Caution	This Caution sign denotes a hazard. It calls your attention to a procedure, practice, condition, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the product.
Note	Note denotes important information. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, condition or the like, which is essential to highlight.

In This Book

The HP B3752A Debug User Interface, which is used with the HP E3471A Emulator, is a high-level language debugger for the Hitachi H8S/2000 Series.

This book describes processor-specific functions and usage of the HP $\rm B3752A$ Debug User Interface.

For common functions and usage of the HP Debug User Interface, refer to the HP Debug User Interface User's Guide.

For installation of the HP Debug User Interface, refer to the HP Debug User Interface Installation Guide.

For installation of the HP E3471A Emulator, refer to the HP E3471 H8S/2000 Emulator Terminal Interface User's Guide.

Note

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Connecting the Target System

Connecting the Target System

This chapter shows you how to connect the emulator to your target system.

To connect the HP E3471A Emulator and the target system, the **PGA** adapter (attached to the emulator product), the **QFP cable** and the **QFP socket/adapter** (attached to the QFP cable product) are used.



Caution

To prevent the emulator and the target system from being damaged, be sure to follow the cautions below when handling them.

- To prevent damage by static discharge, use the emulator in a place resistant to static electricity.
- Be sure to turn off the emulator and the target system before connecting them.
- Be sure that orientation of each connector is right.
- Check that the ground line of the emulator and that of the target system are properly connected.
- When turning the system on, switch on the target system first and then the emulator.
- When turning the system off, switch off the emulator first then the target system.

The **PGA adapter** is a board assembly to adapt ribbon cables of the emulator to the QFP cable.

The **QFP cable** is a cable assembly to connect the PGA adapter to the QFP socket/adapter on the target system. Use one of the following QFP cables.

Table 1-1. Supported Processors of Each QFP Cable

Processor	Package (Pitch)	QFP Cable
H8S/2653/55	TQFP-120 (.4 mm)	HP E3471B
H8S/2653/55	QFP-128 (.5 mm)	HP E3471 C
H8S/2241/42/45/46	QFP/TQFP-100 (.5 mm)	HP E3471D

The **QFP socket/adapter** is a part to adapt the QFP adapter or the QFP cable to the target system. You must solder this part to your target system. The QFP socket/adapter can be used as a "socket" to mount a real processor. The following QFP socket/adapters are provided.

Table 1-2. QFP Socket/Adapters

Processor	Package (Pitch)	QFP Socket/Adapter
H8S/2653/55	TQFP-120 (.4 mm)	HP E3471-61620
H8S/2653/55	QFP-128 (.5 mm)	HP E3471-61621
H8S/2241/42/45/46	QFP/TQFP-100 (.5 mm)	HP E3471-61622

NOTE

To mount a real processor on the QFP socket/adapter $HP\ E3471\text{-}61621$, the $socket\text{-}cap\ HP\ E3471\text{-}61631$ is required.

To connect the emulator and the target system,

- 1 Verify both the emulator and the target system are turned off.
- 2 Solder the QFP socket/adapter to the target system.
- **3** Attach ribbon cables of the emulator to the PGA adapter.
- 4 Attach the QFP cable to the PGA adapter.
- 5 Align pin #1 of the QFP cable and the QFP socket/adapter, then fix them with four screws.
- **6** Turn on the target system and then the emulator.

Caution

Do not apply excessive force to the QFP cable. It may cause damage to the QFP cable, the QFP socket/adapter and the target system.

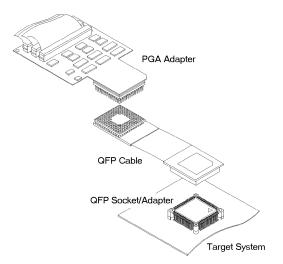


Figure 1-1. Connecting the Target System

Note

Configuring the Emulator

Configuring the Emulator

This chapter shows you how to set the following items to configure the emulator.

- Hardware Options
- Memory Map

Hardware Options

The emulator can be configured to suit developments of various target systems and user programs by setting the hardware options.

The HP E3471A Emulator has the following hardware options.

- Clock Source
- Restrict to Real Time
- Quick-Break Mode
- Respond to Target System NMI
- Respond to Target System Reset
- Break on Write to ROM
- Language Tool Type
- Processor Type
- Processor Operation Mode
- Stack Pointer Reset Value

Note

When using the analyzer boards **HP 64703/04A**, setting the trace clock speed is also required.

Refer to "Trace Clock Speed" in Chapter 5.



Setting the Hardware Options

To set the hardware options,

- 1 Choose **Settings→Configuration→Hardware...** (Alt, S, C, H) from the control menu of the Debug window.
- 2 Set the hardware options using the Emulator Configuration dialog box.
- 3 Click the OK button.

Note

In the Emulator Configuration dialog box, the option button checked means Yes, the option button not checked means No.

Note

Setting the hardware options will drive the emulator into a reset state.

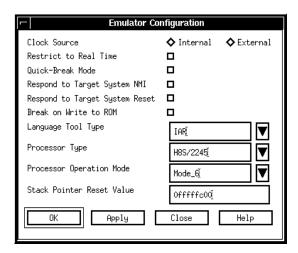


Figure 2-1. Emulator Configuration Dialog Box

Clock Source

This option allows you to select whether the processor's clock is sourced by the emulator's internal clock or by the target system.

Internal The processor's clock is sourced by the internal clock.

Select this setting when the emulator is not connected to

the target system.

The internal clock speed is 10 MHz.

External The processor's clock is sourced by the target system.

Select this setting when the emulator is connected to the

target system.

When using the card cage **HP 64700B**, usable clock speed is **32 kHz to 25 MHz**. When using the **HP 64700A**, the minimum speed is limited to **2 MHz**. When the emulator is connected to a low voltage target system, the maximum speed is limited to **13 MHz**.

Restrict to Real Time

The emulator has to break to the monitor to access processor registers and target memory. While running the user program, this break is done implicitly and called "temporary break".

With temporary breaks, the user program cannot be executed in real time. This may cause unexpected result if your target system circuitry is dependent on constant execution time of the program code.

This option allows you to select whether the emulator is restricted to real-time runs.

Yes The emulator is restricted to real-time runs.

While running the user program, all commands that cause a temporary break are refused. The user program is guaranteed to be executed in real time.

Commands to display/modify registers and target memory are not allowed when the emulator is running the user program. However, you can still execute the run control commands such as reset, break, run, step.

No The emulator is not restricted to real-time runs.

All commands, regardless of whether or not they require a break to the monitor, are accepted by the emulator.

Quick-Break Mode

This option allows you to select whether the emulator does "quick" temporary break to access processor registers and target memory while running the user program.

Yes The emulator does quick temporary break.

> In this setting, at 20 MHz clock speed, the time spent in the monitor during a quick break to display registers, is about 200 microseconds.

> The emulator responds to no interrupts while running the monitor. This setting may solve problems caused by slower interrupt response time.

No The emulator does not do guick temporary break.

> In this setting, a temporarily break to display registers will take about 3 milliseconds.

Respond to Target System NMI

This option allows you to select whether the emulator responds to the NMI signal from the target system.

Yes The emulator responds to the NMI signal from the target

system.

While running the user program, the emulator starts an NMI exception process if the NMI signal is asserted. While running the monitor, the emulator suspends an NMI request; the request will be serviced upon return to the user program.

No The emulator always ignores the NMI signal from the target

system.

Note Regardless of this option setting, while running the monitor, the emulator responds to no interrupts including NMI.

The emulator suspends interrupt requests while running the monitor; the requests will be serviced upon return to the user program.

Respond to Target System Reset

This <u>option</u> allows you to select whether the emulator responds to the RES and STBY signals from the target system.

Yes	The emulator responds to the RES and STBY signals
-----	---

from the target system.

While running the user program, the emulator enters a reset state if the RES or STBY \underline{signal} is asserted. While running the monitor, the RES and STBY \underline{signal}

are ignored.

No The emulator always ignores the RES and STBY signals.

Note The emulator does not support hardware standby mode.

The \overline{STBY} signal from the target system is connected to the reset signal in the emulator. So, if the \overline{STBY} input is asserted, the emulator enters a reset state instead of hardware standby mode.

Note Regardless of this option setting, while running the monitor, the RES and

STBY signals are ignored.

The emulator cannot break to the monitor during a reset state by the target system.

Break on Write to ROM

This option allows you to select whether the emulator breaks to the monitor when the user program writes to the on-chip ROM or a memory area mapped as ROM.

Yes The emulator breaks to the monitor when the user program

writes to the on-chip ROM or a memory area mapped as

ROM.

No The emulator does not break to the monitor upon a write

to ROM.

Note

Language Tool Type

This option allows you to specify language tools which is used to create the user program.

Hitachi	The user program created with the Hitachi language tools
---------	--

can be debugged.

IAR The user program created with the IAR language tools can

be debugged.

Note

When using the IAR language tools, the following commands cannot be used.

• Display a back trace.

• Return to a caller routine.

Processor Type

This option allows you to select the emulation processor.

H8S/2653 The emulator emulates the H8S/2653.

H8S/2655 The emulator emulates the H8S/2655.

H8S/2241 The emulator emulates the H8S/2241.

H8S/2242 The emulator emulates the H8S/2242.

H8S/2245 The emulator emulates the H8S/2245.

H8S/2246 The emulator emulates the H8S/2246.

Processor Operation Mode

This option allows you to select the processor operation mode.

Mode_1	The emulator operates in mode 1.	
$Mode_2$	The emulator operates in mode 2.	
$Mode_3$	The emulator operates in mode 3.	
$Mode_4$	The emulator operates in mode 4.	
Mode_5	The emulator operates in mode 5.	
Mode_6	The emulator operates in mode 6.	
Mode_7	The emulator operates in mode 7.	
The emulator ignores the MD2 to MD0 inputs, and uses this option setting		

Note

The emulator ignores the MD2 to MD0 inputs, and uses this option setting instead.

Stack Pointer Reset Value

This option allows you to specify the value that the stack pointer (SP, ER7) is set to when the monitor is entered after emulation reset.

The stack pointer must be set to a 32-bit even address. Normally, specify the default value of the user program.

Memory Map

The HP E3471A Emulator memory mapper allows you to define up to 16 different map terms. The minimum size of each map term is 1k bytes. You can specify one of the following memory types to each map term.

eram Emulation RAM.

This area operates as read/write emulation memory.

erom Emulation ROM.

This area operates as read only emulation memory. When the user program writes to this area, the data is not written. And, you can configure the emulator to break to

the monitor at an attempted write to this area.

tram Target RAM.

This area operates as read/write target memory.

trom Target ROM.

This area operates as read only target memory. You can configure the emulator to break to the monitor when the

user program writes to this area.

grd Guarded memory.

This area operates as an access-prohibited area. When the user program attempts to access to this area, the emulator breaks to the monitor. Access with emulator commands are

also prohibited.

The memory type of other area (area of no map terms defined) can be defaulted to **tram**, **trom** or **grd**.

Chapter 2: Configuring the Emulator **Memory Map**

Note	The emulation memory cannot operates as a burst ROM accessed in one clock burst cycle. Do not map the emulation memory to the one-clock burst ROM space.
Note	The emulation memory cannot be accessed through the write data buffer. Do not enable the write data buffer when the emulation memory is used.
Note	The target system cannot perform direct memory access to the emulation memory.
Note	The DMA controller (DMAC) cannot perform single address transfer to the emulation memory.

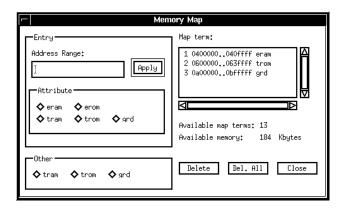


Figure 2-2. Memory Map Dialog Box

Setting the Memory Map

To set the memory map,

- 1 Choose **Settings→Configuration→Memory Map...** (Alt, S, C, M) from the control menu of the Debug window.
- 2 Set the memory map using the Memory Map dialog box.
 - Setting a map term
 - 1. Specify an area to the Address Range text box.

Format: <start address>..<end address>

- 2. Select a memory type in the Attribute option box.
- 3. Click the Apply button.
- Deleting a map term
 - 1. Select a map term in the Map Term list box.
 - 2. Click the Delete button.
- Deleting all map terms
 - 1. Click the Del.All button.
- Setting a memory type of other area
 - 1. Select a memory type in the Other option box.
- 3 Click the Close button.

	lote	Setting the memory map will drive the emulator into a reset state.
--	------	--

On-Chip ROM

The emulator has a substitute memory for the on-chip ROM. The on-chip ROM is assigned automatically to this memory regardless of the memory map settings. You don't have to map this area.

If you define a map term of this area, the map term is handled as that for external address space overlapped with the on-chip ROM.

When the user program writes to the on-chip ROM, the data is not written. And, you can configure the emulator to break to the monitor at an attempted write to this area.

Note

When the on-chip ROM is greater than 64k bytes, pay attention to the external address enable bit (EAE) of the bus control register L (BCRL).

For example, in case of H8S/2655, the initial value of EAE is **1**. The memory area 10000H to 1FFFFH is assigned to external address space or a reserved area, not to the on-chip ROM. Emulator commands always handle this area as the on-chip ROM regardless of the EAE setting. However, the user program accesses this area in compliance with the EAE setting.

In other words, when EAE is set to **1**, you can load a program into the on-chip ROM. However, when the program is executed from the memory area 10000H to 1FFFFH, instructions will be fetched from external address space or a reserved area, not from the on-chip ROM. In this case, you have to set EAE to **0** before starting program execution.

Note

The external address space overlapped with the on-chip ROM can be accessed by the user program, but cannot be accessed by emulator commands.

Note

Do not map the on-chip ROM area as guarded memory. Access with emulator commands will be prohibited.

On-Chip RAM

The emulator has a substitute memory for the on-chip RAM. The on-chip RAM is assigned automatically to this memory regardless of the memory map settings. You don't have to map this area.

If you define a map term of this area, the map term is handled as that for external address space overlapped with the on-chip RAM.



Do not map the on-chip RAM area as guarded memory. Access with emulator commands will be prohibited.

On-Chip Peripheral Module Registers

The on-chip peripheral module registers work as the on-chip peripheral module registers regardless of the memory map settings. You don't have to map this area.

Note

Do not map the on-chip peripheral module register area as guarded memory. Access with emulator commands will be prohibited.

Configuration Commands

You can also configure the emulator by configuration files or command files. The HP B3752A Debug User Interface has the following configuration commands. Case is not significant in both commands and parameters.

Note

The hardware option commands and the memory map commands must be placed between its own start and end commands.

Table 2-1. Configuration Commands

Command	Parameter 1	Parameter 2	Operation
config	start		Start of Hardware Option Commands
config	clk	internal external	Clock Source
config	rrt	enable disable	Restrict to Real Time
config	qbrk	enable disable	Quick-Break Mode
config	nmi	enable disable	Respond to Target System NMI
config	trst	enable disable	Respond to Target System Reset
config	rombreak	enable disable	Break on Write to ROM
config	language	Hitachi IAR	Language Tool Type
config	chip	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Processor Type
config	mode	<mode number=""></mode>	Processor Operation Mode
config	rsp	<sp value=""></sp>	Stack Pointer Reset Value
config	end		End of Hardware Option Commands
map	start		Start of Memory Map Commands
map	<map range=""></map>	<memory type=""></memory>	Setting Map Term
map	other	<memory type=""></memory>	Setting Memory Type of Other Area
map	end		End of Memory Map Commands

enable | disable Specify **enable** when **Yes**, **disable** when **No**.

cprocessor type>Specify one of the following emulation processors.

- H8S/2653
- H8S/2655
- H8S/2241
- H8S/2242
- H8S/2245
- H8S/2246

<mode number> Specify a number from 1 to 7 for the processor operation mode.

<sp value>

Specify a 32-bit even address except the on chip peripheral module register area. Normally, specify the default value of the user program.

<map range> Specify an area to be mapped.

Format: <start address>..<end address>

<memory type> Specify one of the following memory types.

- eram
- erom
- tram
- trom
- grd

For a memory type of other area, **eram** and **erom** cannot be specified.

```
# Configuration File
# Hardware Options
config start
config chip H8/2245
config clk internal
config mode 6
config nmi enable
config qbrk enable
config rrt disable
config rsp Offfffc00
config trst enable
config rombreak enable
config language IAR
config end
# Memory Map
map start
map 0400000..040ffff eram
map 0600000..063ffff trom map 0a00000..0bfffff grd
map other tram
map end
```

Figure 2-3. Configuration File Example

Note

Language Tools

Language Tools

This chapter describes language tools which can be used with the HP B3752A Debug User Interface.

Hitachi Language Tools

The HP B3752A Debug User Interface can debug user programs created with the following Hitachi language tools.

Table 3-1. Hitachi Language Tools

Tool	Command	Description	
C Compiler	ch38	H8S, H8/300 Series C Compiler	
Assembler	asm38	H8S, H8/300 Series Cross Assembler	
Linker	lnk	H Series Linkage Editor	

For version numbers of language tools supported by the HP B3752A Debug User Interface, contact your nearest HP support office.

Command Options

This section describes important command options when using the Hitachi language tools.

C Compiler

-debug Generates debug information.

You must always specify this option. Modules without

debug information cannot be debugged.

-optimize=< level>

Specifies an optimization level. When ${\bf 1}$ is specified, it performs optimizations. When ${\bf 0}$ is specified, it performs no optimizations.

Chapter 3: Language Tools **Hitachi Language Tools**

The following functions do not work correctly with optimized modules.

- Display a back trace.
- Return to a caller routine.
- Display and modify a variable located on a stack area.

If you need above functions, specify an optimization level **0**.

Assembler

-debug Generates debug information.

You must always specify this option. Modules without $\,$

debug information cannot be debugged.

Linker

-debug Generates debug information.

You must always specify this option. Programs without

debug information cannot be debugged.

IAR Language Tools

The HP B3752A Debug User Interface can debug user programs created with the following IAR language tools.

Table 3-2. IAR Language Tools

Tool	Command	Description	
C Compiler	icch8	IAR H8 C-Compiler	
Assembler	ah8	IAR H8 Assembler	
Linker	xlink	IAR Universal Linker	
Converter	iar2ieee	UBROF to IEEE-695 Converter	

The converter is not required when using the linker which can generate the IEEE-695 format.

For version numbers of language tools supported by the HP B3752A Debug User Interface, contact your nearest HP support office.

Note

When using the IAR language tools, the following commands cannot be used.

- Display a back trace.
- Return to a caller routine.

Command Options

This section describes important command options when using the IAR language tools.

C Compiler

-r Generates debug information.
 You must always specify this option. Modules without debug information cannot be debugged.
 -s <level> Specifies a speed optimization level in 0 to 9.
 Modules which are optimized at level 7 or higher cannot be debugged.

-z < *level*> Specifies a speed optimization level in **0** to **9**.

Modules which are optimized at level 7 or higher

cannot be debugged.

Assembler

-r Generates debug information.

You must always specify this option. Modules without

debug information cannot be debugged.

Linker

 $\textbf{-F} < \hspace{-0.1cm} \textit{format} > \hspace{0.5cm} \text{Specifies an output file format. When } \textbf{debug} \text{ is specified, it}$

generates the UBROF format. When ieee695 is specified,

it generates the IEEE-695 format.

When the linker cannot generate the IEEE-695 format, you must convert the output file from the UBROF format to the

IEEE-695 format by the converter.

Converter

No command options are required.

Emulation Status

Emulation Status

This chapter describes the emulation status messages which are displayed in the Debug window. $\,$

An emulation status message is displayed in the Debug window. The HP B3752A Debug User Interface has the following emulation status messages.

• Emulation reset

The emulator is resetting the processor.

Emulation reset is always power-on reset.

• Running in monitor

The emulator is executing the monitor.

• Running user program

The emulator is executing the user program.

• Awaiting target reset

The emulator is awaiting a reset signal from the target system.

When a "run from reset" command is executed, the emulator enters this state. During this state, the emulator cannot break to the monitor.

Target reset

The target system is resetting the processor.

When the emulator accepts the RES or STBY signal from the target system while running the user program, the emulator enters this state. During this state, the emulator cannot break to the monitor.

Note

The emulator does not support hardware standby mode.

The \overline{STBY} signal from the target system is connected to the reset signal in the emulator. So, if the \overline{STBY} input is asserted, the emulator enters a reset state instead of hardware standby mode.

• Bus grant

A bus-released state.

When the emulator accepts the $\overline{\text{BREQ}}$ signal from the target system, the emulator enters this state.

• Sleep or standby

Sleep or software standby mode.

Sleep and software standby modes are cleared when the emulator breaks to the monitor. When entering the monitor, the program counter (PC) points to the next instruction from the SLEEP instruction.

• Slow clock

The processor's clock is abnormally slow or stopped.

When setting a hardware option to use the processor's clock sourced by the target system, turning off the target system or a broken-down clock on the target system may cause this state.

• No bus cycles

A state with no bus cycles.

The WAIT signal from the target system may cause this state.

• Unknown state

An abnormal state.

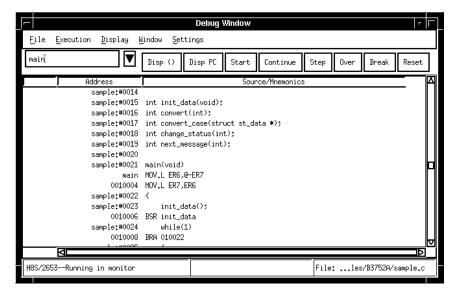


Figure 4-1. Debug Window

Trace

Trace

This chapter describes trace functions specific to the HP B3752A Debug User Interface.

Trace Clock Speed

When using the analyzer boards **HP 64703/04A**, setting the trace clock speed is required.

The analysis capability of time and state count depends on this setting.

To set the trace clock speed, choose **Settings** \rightarrow **Trace Clock Speed** \rightarrow (Alt, S, S,) from the control menu of the Trace window.

Very Fast (V) Select this setting when the processor's clock speed is greater than **20 MHz**.

Neither state nor time counting is available.

Fast (F) Select this setting when the processor's clock speed is

between 16.6 MHz and 20 MHz.

Only state counting is available.

Slow (S) Select this setting when the processor's clock speed is less

than or equal to 16.6 MHz.

Both state and time counting are available.

The analyzer boards HP 64794A/C/D have no trace clock speed setting.



Data and Status Conditions

This section describes the data and status conditions in the following dialog boxes of the HP B3752A Debug User Interface.

- Trace Trigger Store Condition dialog box.
- Trace Pattern dialog box of sequential trace.

Data Condition

The data bus to the emulation analyzer is 16-bit width. Access size and address influence whether upper or lower byte data is valid.

- A word access is traced as one word access regardless of the bus width.
 Therefore, when accessing in word, both upper and lower byte data are always valid.
- When accessing in byte, only upper byte data is valid at an even address. Only lower byte data is valid at an odd address.
- A longword access is divided into two word accesses.

Note	The analyzer captures memory cycles of single address transfer by the DMA controller (DMAC). However, the data value of this memory cycles cannot be captured, and will be an unknown value.
Note	The data transfer controller (DTC) is connected to the on-chip RAM with a 32-bit data bus. The analyzer captures memory cycles through this data bus as one word access. Only lower word data is captured. Upper word data cannot be captured.

Use \mathbf{x} for invalid byte data to set the data condition as examples shown in the following table.

Table 5-1. Data Condition Settings

Access Size	Address	Upper Byte	Lower byte	Example
Byte	Even	Valid	-	0a5xx
	Odd	-	Valid	0xx5a
Word	Even	Valid	Valid	0a55a

Status Condition

You can specify the following items as the status condition.

fetch Instruction fetch cycle.

data Data access cycle.

read Read cycle.

write Write cycle.

io Access cycle to the on-chip peripheral module register area.

byte Byte access cycle.

word Word access cycle.

A longword access is divided into two word accesses. A longword access and a word access cannot be

distinguished from each other.

cpu CPU cycle.

dma DMA controller (DMAC) cycle.

dtc Data transfer controller (DTC) cycle.

intack Interrupt acknowledge cycle.

When entering sleep or software standby mode, an

Chapter 5: Trace

Data and Status Conditions

interrupt acknowledge cycle happens. However, this cycle does not happen at interrupts to clear those modes. When the emulator breaks to the monitor, an interrupt acknowledge cycle may also happens.

wrrom

Write cycle to the on-chip ROM or an area mapped as ROM.

grd

Access cycle to an area mapped as guarded memory.

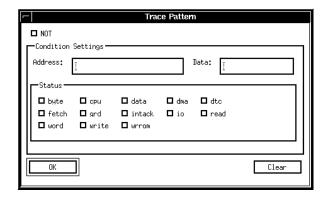


Figure 5-1. Trace Pattern Dialog Box

Windows

Windows

This chapter describes windows specific to the HP B3752A Debug User Interface.

Register Window

In the Register window of the HP B3752A Debug User Interface, the internal registers of the CPU can be displayed and modified.

- Program Counter (PC)
- Condition-Code Register (CCR)
- Extended Control Register (EXR)
- General Registers (ER0 to ER7)
- Stack Pointer (SP)
- Multiply-Accumulate Registers (MACH, MACL)
- Mode Control Register (MDCR)

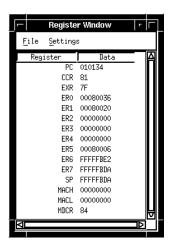


Figure 6-1. Register Window

Peripheral Window

In the Peripheral window of the HP B3752A Debug User Interface, all registers of the following on-chip peripheral modules can be displayed and modified.

- System Control Registers
- Interrupt Controller
- Bus Controller
- DMA Controller (DMAC)
- Data Transfer Controller (DTC)
- I/O Ports
- 16-Bit Timer Pulse Unit (TPU)
- Programmable Pulse Generator (PPG)
- 8-Bit Timer
- Watchdog Timer (WDT)
- Serial Communication Interface (SCI)
- A/D Converter
- D/A Converter



Figure 6-2. Peripheral Window

Restrictions and Limitations

Restrictions and Limitations

This chapter describes restrictions and limitations.

The HP B3752A Debug User Interface and the HP E3471A Emulator have the following restrictions and limitations.

• IAR Language Tools

When using the IAR language tools, the following commands cannot be used.

- Display a back trace.
- Return to a caller routine.

• Burst ROM

The emulation memory cannot operates as a burst ROM accessed in one clock burst cycle. Do not map the emulation memory to the one-clock burst ROM space.

• Write Data Buffer

The emulation memory cannot be accessed through the write data buffer. Do not enable the write data buffer when the emulation memory is used.

• Direct Memory Access

The target system cannot perform direct memory access to the emulation memory.

• Single Address Transfer

The DMA controller (DMAC) cannot perform single address transfer to the emulation memory.

The analyzer captures memory cycles of single address transfer. However, the data value of this memory cycles cannot be captured, and will be an unknown value.

Reset and Standby

While running the monitor, the \overline{RES} and \overline{STBY} signals from the target system are ignored.

• Interrupts

While running the monitor, the emulator responds to no interrupts.

The emulator suspends interrupt requests in the monitor; the requests will be serviced upon return to the user program.

• Data Transfer Controller

The data transfer controller (DTC) is connected to the on-chip RAM with a 32-bit data bus. The analyzer captures memory cycles through this data bus as one word access. Only lower word data is captured. Upper word data cannot be captured.

• Watchdog Timer

When entering the monitor, the watchdog timer (WDT) stops counting regardless of its mode, watchdog or interval. And, it resumes counting upon return to the user program.

• Sleep and Software Standby Modes

Sleep and software standby modes are cleared when the emulator breaks to the monitor.

When entering the monitor, the program counter (PC) points to the next of the SLEEP instruction.

• Hardware Standby Mode

The emulator does not support hardware standby mode.

The STBY signal from the <u>target</u> system is connected to the reset signal in the emulator. So, if the <u>STBY</u> input is asserted, the emulator enters a reset state instead of hardware standby mode.

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