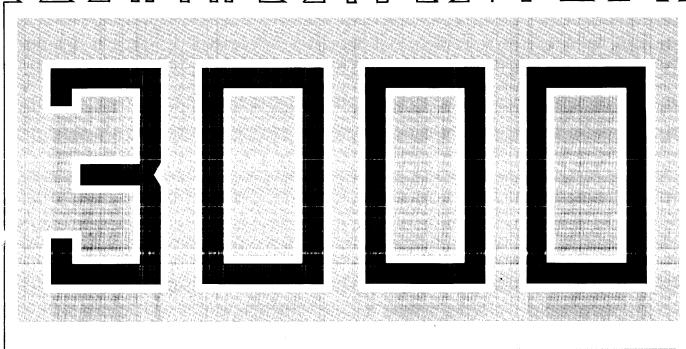
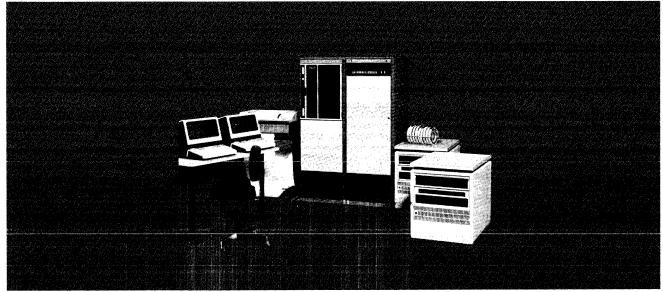


computer systems





SERIES I 1701

SERIES I 1709

SERIES II 1701

SERIES II 1709

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COMPUTER SERVICES DIVISION INFORMATION

EDITOR'S NOTE

Notice anything different about the cover? Things have changed slightly - the COMMUNICATOR has been divided into three separate publications for the HP 1000/2000/3000 - and for a good reason . . . YOU!

Now, each issue of the COMMUNICATOR 3000 will deal specifically with HP 3000 related products. The main objective of the publication remains the same however: TO HELP YOU GET THE MOST FROM YOUR HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPUTER SYSTEMS.

Two 1701 M.I.T.'s, one for each Series, are in this issue, since these were not previously documented. Our delivery policy is to provide you with M.I.T. documentation prior to receiving updates from your C.E., as is the case with the 1709 M.I.T.'s.

Notice anything different about the text? To back up this delivery policy, a number of steps have been taken to speed up publication and assure on-time information. One visible step is using the EDITOR/3000 subsystem and a line printer for text preparation.

In this issue of the COMMUNICATOR 3000, you will find new product announcements, software updates, current documentation, and miscellaneous software information.

The COMMUNICATOR 3000 is a publication designed to meet the informational needs of HP Computer Systems users. If you have new ideas, or can suggest changes in the content or format of the COMMUNICATOR 3000, please contact the editor.

Address your correspondence to:

EDITOR
COMPUTER SYSTEMS - COMMUNICATOR 3000
HP General Systems Division
5303 Stevens Creek Boulevard
Santa Clara, CA 95050

INTRODUCING THE HP 3000 SERIES I

by Dave Sanders HP General Systems

In April 1977, Hewlett-Packard announced an additional entry level model HP 3000, the HP 3000 Series I. This system contains an HP 3000 Series I CPU, 128K-bytes of core memory, HP's new 50 megabyte 7920A disc drive, a 1600 BPI tape, a 2640B CRT system console, and includes the MPE-C operating system. The Series I system is fully upgradeable to Series II systems with semi-conductor memory. Upgraded systems are fully expandable to 512K-bytes, allowing the Series I customer ultimate access to the full range of Series II performance and capabilities.

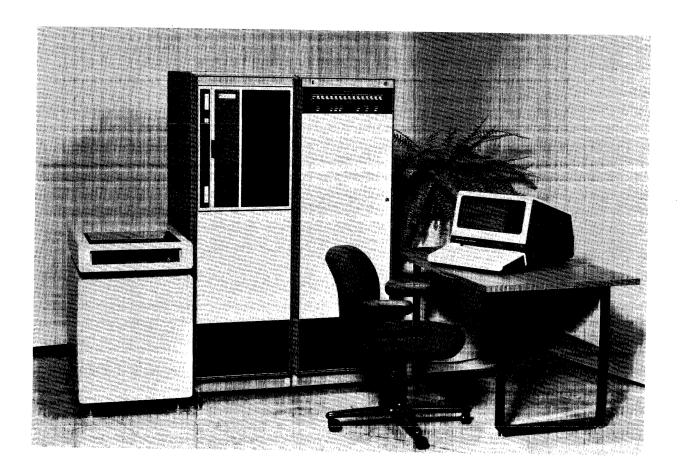
The HP 3000 Series I is the result of an integrated engineering and manufacturing project to utilize previously employed mainframe components returned to HP when HP 3000CX and pre-CX systems are upgraded to Series II Systems. These components were modified to include a new printed circuit CPU backplane and card cages, combined with new peripherals and peripheral controllers, and integrated to form the Series I system. By HP calculation, 85% of the Series I system is of new manufacture. The Series I system includes the standard Hewlett-Packard 90-day warranty.

Customers who own HP 3000CX or pre-CX HP 3000 systems can benefit from this introduction as well. The new 7920A disc drive, which is much faster than its predecessor, the 2888A made by ISS, is available to owners of pre-Series II HP 3000's. It uses the same controller as the 7905, and may be intermixed with 7905's on the same controller. The controller supports up to 8 drives in any combination of 7920's and 7905's. Customers who already have 7905's on pre-Series II machines can therefore add 50 megabytes of disc storage very easily. If your system does not have a 7905/7920 controller, it may be added to your configuration. However, only one other disc controller can exist in a pre-Series II system concurrently with the 7905/7920 controller.

The printed circuit CPU backplane with new card cage will be installed in pre-Series II systems under the terms of the HP service contract if the system develops CPU problems that are isolated to the CPU backplane area. Replacing the existing backplane with the newer unit will not provide any benefit unless the system is experiencing backplane problems.

At the same time, Hewlett-Packard is also announcing a new supported software product, INDEX/3000, which provides an indexed sequential file management capability for the HP 3000 Series I. This product makes it possible for the programmer to create and maintain disc files whose records can be accessed by the value of a single key. INDEX/3000 provides the user with the functional capabilities found in R'ISAM, an unsupported software capability used by some installations.

INDEX/3000 is callable from RPG, COBOL, FORTRAN, and SPL. The user interface is identical to R'ISAM when called from RPG; when called from COBOL, FORTRAN, or SPL, the interface is similar (but not identical) to KSAM/3000. KSAM/3000 is only available on HP 3000 Series II systems since it is integrated internally into MPE=II, the Series II operating system. Utilities exist in KSAM/3000 to convert all INDEX/3000 files and R'ISAM files to KSAM/3000 files if the installation upgrades to a Series II and acquires KSAM/3000. INDEX/3000 will be supported on the Series II for those customers who choose not be acquire KSAM/3000. All users of HP 3000CX or pre-CX systems can add INDEX/3000 to their systems if they desire.



The new HP 3000 Series I compines field-proven mainframe circuitry with new components and peripherals into a computer system equivalent in power to the Series II Model 6 -- yet at an entry level price of \$75,000. Shown above is the minimum configuration Series I, including Central processor, 16-port asynchronous terminal controller, 7920 disc drive and 7970 magnetic tape drive subsystems, and 2640B system console.

SERIES I 1701 SOFTWARE UPDATE

MULTIPROGRAMMING EXECUTIVE OPERATING SYSTEM SERIES I

CONTENTS OF M.I.T. DATE CODE 1701

PRODUCT NAME	PRODUCT NUMBER	PEAET	DATE CODE	SUPPORT ACCOUNT FILE CONTAINING CHANGES**
*MPE	32000C	00.14	1701	NOONOOOC.HP32000.SUPPORT
SPL	32100A	06.02	1621	
BASIC	32101B	00.05	1646	
	32102B	00.06	1701	NOON102B.HP32102.SUPPORT
*FORTRAN BASIC COMPILER	32103B	00.02	1646	
	32104A	03.02	1701	NOON104A.HP32104.SUPPORT
*RPG	32150A	03.01	1623	
BUILDINT	32201A	06.00	1701	NOON201A.HP32201.SUPPORT
*EDITOR	32201A	01.00	1603	
STAR	32205A	00.02	1430	
SCIENTIFIC LIBRARY	32203A	05.00	1508	
SDM		04.05	1701	NOON211C.HP32211.SUPPORT
*COMPILER LIBRARY	32211 ^C	01.03	1701	NOON212A.HP32212.SUPPORT
*FCOPY	32212A	02.04	1701	N00N213B.HP32213.SUPPORT
*COBOL	32213B	01.02	1701	NOON213C.HP32213.SUPPORT
*COBOLC	32213C	1	1701	NOON214B.HP32214.SUPPORT
*SORT/MERGE	32214B	01.03	1701	NOON215A.HP32215.SUPPORT
*IMAGE	32215A	04.02	1701	NOON216A.HP32216.SUPPORT
*QUERY	32216A	03.03	1 "	W() 0 12 10 14 11 1 22 10 10 10 11 11
TRACE	32222A	03.00	1610	NOON223A.HP32223.SUPPORT
*XA2100	32223A	01.01	1701	NOUNZZ3A. NP3ZZZZ3. 50FF CK.
XL2100	32226A	02.00	1636	
CALCOMP PLOTTER	30126A	00.01	1640	
2780/3780 EMULATOR	30130B	02.00	1646	
PROG CTRLR/BCS	30100A/			
	30361A	00.01	1512	
*PROG CTRLP/RTE=C	30301A/	1		
	30361A-1	00.02	1701	NOON301A.HP30301.SUPPOR

^{*} Updated/changed in this M.I.T.

^{**} Changed files not documented in the following pages appear in Series II 1701 documentation.

MPE 32009C.00.14

DATE CODE 1701, NOON000C.HP32000.SUPPORT

A. MODULES MODIFIED

MODULE					C	HAN	GE	HIS	TOR	Y					
NAME	NO						C	.00	.14						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1 1	12	13	
INITIAL	0	Х		X	X			X	χ	X	X	Χ	X	ХΙ	
SYSDUMP	1	X	X	X			X		Х	X			X	1	Х
SEGPROC	2	X	X				χ			X	χ			١	
SEGDVP	3												X	1	
DISPATCH	4			χ			X				X	Χ	X	į	
LOAD	5		Χ										Х	ļ	
MAPP	6					X								1	
UCOP	7	X												1	
DEVREC	8													1	
PROGEN	9	X							X	X	X		Х	1	
ININ	10					Χ		X			Х	X		χI	
EXIN	11	X	X	X		X	X	X		X		X		ļ	X
LOG	12	X									X			l	
IOPTRDO	13													I	
IOPTPNO	14						Х		X					ļ	
IOPLOTO	15	!												-	
IOMDISKO	16			X				X	χ.	X					
IOFDISKO	17			X				X	Х						
IOTAPEO	18				X				X						
IOLPRIO	19												X	X	
IOCDRD0	50		Х				X								
IOCLTTY0	21														
IOTERMO	22											X			
IOCDENO	23														
IOPRPNO	24					¥	X					Х	Х		
IOREMO	25														
IOBSC0	26														l
IOMDISK1	27	X		¥				X	X	X	Х			İ	l
PFAIL	30			X	X	Х								1	1
FILESYS	50	χ	X	Χ	X	X	X	X	Х	X	Χ	Х	Х	X	
COMM'INT	51	Х		X			X					Х	X		X
STORE/RESTORE	52			X	χ			X	Х	X			Х		i
DIRC	53									X				X	
ALLOCATE	54		χ		Х				Χ			Х	Х		
DISKSPC	55	X													l
MMCORER	56						Х		Х			χ			
MMDISKR	57											χ			X
ABORTRAP	58						X	χ		Х		X		X	ı
MESSAGE	59							X		χ	Х	X			i
CROUTINE	60	ļ		X	χ						Х	X			,

IOUTILITY	61	X		χ	X			X	Χ	X				1	χ
TTYINT	62		X	Х	Х			X		Х				1	
PCREATE	63	X									Х			1	
MORGUE	64			X						X	Х			1	
PROCMAIL	65													1	
PINT	66						X		X	X		X		ΧI	
DATASEG	67	Χ								X				- 1	
IOPM	68		X			X						Χ	Х	1	
CHECKER	69													1	
UTILITY	70	X	Х	χ		X					Χ			ΧI	Х
SEGUTIL	71	X		Х				Х		X			Χ	1	Χ
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NURSERY	76			χ										- 1	
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FIRMWARESIM	78	χ								Х	Х	Х		1	
SPOOLING	79			Х	X			χ	X	Χ	Х	Х		ΧI	
SPOOLCOMS	80	χ					Х		Χ		X.		X	1	
MESSAGE CAT				Х			Х	X	X	X	X		X	ΧI	

*New

B. SUPPORTED UTILITIES MODIFIED

UTILITY			C	HAN	GE	HI	STO	RΥ		
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	114
DISKEDIT	*						* **			
DPAN	*							Х		
FREE		*								
LISTDIR		*			X					
LISTEQ	*							X		
LISTLOG	*									
PATCH		*								

RECOVER	*	xii
SAEDIT	*	Х
SAVIOUR	*	X
SIPATCH		*

*NEW

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- 1. Closing a tape file with NO REWIND is not implemented.
- FSPACE spaces tape files by blocks rather than by records.
- 3. Chained SIOs on magnetic tape do not perform correctly, causing transfer of blocks larger than 4096 words to fail if the record format is variable or undefined.
- 4. The character ":" is treated as an EOF on \$STDINX.
- 5. The commands: LISTACCT, LISTGROUP, and LISTUSER can lock the directory indefinitely if the output is written to magnetic tape and the tape is not ready.
- 6. If the FORMSG parameter of FOPEN begins on an odd byte boundary, the preceding byte is also printed.
- 7. Lower case :eod is not recognized as an end-of-file on data accepting devices.
- 8. Issuing a :DEALLOCATE command for a non existent program file returns an ERR 217. The error should be ERR 217,52. The 52 is the file system error number returned from FCHECK.
- 9. DEBUG break points cannot be set in dynamically loaded procedures except by specifying the physical CST numbers.
- 10. When DPAN finds that the PCB table has been filled, it prints the erroneous messages "INVALID FIPST UNASSIGNED ENTRY" and "INVALID BACKWARD SUBQUEUE POINTER" even though there is no error in the PCB.
- 11. When the maximum number of open spoofles is not sufficient to handle all spooling requirements, spooled Jübs may cause endless numbers of null list files to be generated. This bug manifests itself as multiple sSTDLIST files for a single JOB, each producing only a header and trailer. If the line printer is spooled, this results in many null spoofles, each using four sectors of

disc space. If the line printer is not spooled, these null spoofles will begin printing immediately unless the printer is not ready. In this case, the system will crash due to an INQ overflow. If an open spoofle is closed during this resource allocation loop, the job may be launched normally. In this case, the last spoofle for sSTDLIST will be the true job listing.

This bug can be overcome by increasing the maximum number of open spoofles. The recommended value is 20, but a more exact figure can be found by examining the usage of your system. Each initial allocation (FOPEN) of a spooled device uses one open spoofle. When the file is closed (FCLOSE), the spoofle becomes unopened.

For example:

A SESSION's single access to a spooled line printer requires one opened Spoofle; a spooled JOB requires at least two, one for \$STDIN and one for STDLIST. Each additional access to a file of device class LP requires an additional open spoofle.

- •One indication that the limit is being reached is allocation failures for spooled devices.
- 12. The line printers 2613A, 2617A, and 2618A may intermittently report a unit failure condition to the I/O driver that will abort the print operation. This condition has been observed when the unit is brought ONLINE after being placed OFFLINE while printing.

COMPILER LIBRARY HP32211C.04.05

DATE CODE 1701, NOON211C.HP32211.SUPPORT

CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. When using the TAB operator (Tnnn) in a FORTRAN FORMAT statement and tabping backwards then forward, but not to the end of the line, all data following the very last item entered was lost.
- 2. This version of the COMPILER LIBRARY only supports three word long floating point operations.

COBOL/3000 HP32213B.02.04

DATE CODE 1701 NOON213B.HP32213.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- 1. Main program segments no longer have to begin at PB+0 in their respective segments.
- File specified in an FD entry can be locked/unlocked with the use of a new parameter on the \$CONTROL command and/or a new parameter in the SELFCT clause:
 - a. \$CONTROL LOCKING will allow all files to be locked/unlocked. The command may appear anywhere in the source program.
 - b. A ,L after the forms message parameter in the SELECT clause will allow that particular file to be locked/unlocked.

If a \$CONTROL LOCKING command is present, it will override any SELECT clauses without the locking parameter.

The following procedures have been added to the COBOL Library in version 4.05:

- 3. COBOLLOCK. This procedure has three parameters and may be called directly from a COBOL program to lock a file. The second and third parameters are both PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP. Parameter 1 is the file-name from the FD entry of the file to be locked. Parameter 2 corresponds to the lockcond parameter of the FLOCK intrinsic and Parameter 3 is used to return the condition code from FLOCK. It will be a =1 (CCL), 0 (CCE), or +1 (CCG).
- 4. COBOLUNLOCK. This procedure has two parameters and may be called directly from a COBOL program to unlock a file. The first parameter is the file-name from the FD entry of the file to be unlocked. The second parameter is a PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP item in which the condition code from FUNLOCK will be returned. The same condition code values as for COBOLLOCK apply.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

 Level 77 entries with USAGE clauses were being erroneously detected as errors if the last group item in the File Section had a different USAGE clause.

- 2. If an Undefined Procedure Name error exceeded the limit of allowable errors, the procedure names would not be listed with the error message.
- The ASCII/Binary parameter of the SELECT clause did not work properly.
- 4. The construct IF condition THEN NEXT SENTENCE without an ELSE clause caused an Error 211--Undefined or Multiply Defined Internal Label.
- 5. An 01 Level REDEFINES clause in the Linkage Section did not always work properly.
- Moving a table element to an alphanumeric edited item did not work.
- 7. A divide in a COMPUTE statement in which the divisor was an expression of more than one COMPUTATIONAL item did not work properly.
- 8. A SORT statement nested within a conditional clause (such as an AT END clause) caused an Error 211--Undefined or Multiply Defined Internal Label.
- Several problems with decimal point alignment in REMAINDERS were fixed.
- 10. Non-dynamic supprograms could not be put into an RL.
- 11. Moving a non-dynamic subprogram from the last segment in a USL file into another segment produced an Invalid Program File.
- 12. Compiling a subprogram with secondary entry points with names similar to the subprogram name into an existing USL file would not always inactivate previous secondary entry points.
- 13. A program with more than 1000 VALUE clauses would not PREP.
- 14. A PICTURE clause containing floating minus (or plus) signs to the right of the decimal point truncated the last digit.
- 15. A BLOCK CONTAINS n CHARACTERS clause without a RECORD CONTAINS clause did not compute the proper blocking factor.
- 16. Decimal point alignment was not performed on a move of a numeric literal item to a numeric item.
- 17. Moving a value to TALLY in a supprogram did not work.

18. A non-standard level number was not always handled properly. Example: an 01 level followed by an 05 followed by an 02.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

A READ statement in which the file-name is omitted causes the compiler to abort.

PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER HP 30301A.00.02

DATE CODE 1701, NOON301A.HP30301.SUPPORT

A. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. DNSOUSER routine in SL.PUB.SYS was modified to transmit only the significant words in an absolute record, rather than the actual number of words in the record. This was done by using the length in the left 8 bits of the first word and adding three. NOTE: The XL2100 HP32226A.02.00 DATECODE 1636 or subsequent versions must be used.
- 2. XRTGEN in SL.PUB.SYS was changed, the interrupt table was not being handled correctly when a Power Fail routine was included as any entry but the last one.

Type 7 utility subroutines were not being appended to each program which called them. They were being loaded only once. This was corrected with the addition of two new commands: LOCKSYS and CLEARPROG. When a type 7 routine is referenced by a program it is appended to the program. CLEARPROG then clears out the program and entry points. A subsequent program which references the same routine results in the appending of XL2100A.02.00 or later. Earlier versions will aport with an invalid command message.

A file name with an entry point list was specified as a SAVE file in the format: FILE(E1,E2,...,EN) with a blank inserted into the character position preceeding the first comma. This caused an erronous 'NOT LST ENTRY' to be printed by XL2100.

The INSTRUCT file has been updated. The MIT tape now includes all 5 USL files: U00U301B, U01U301B, U02U301B, U03U301B AND U04U301B. It also includes the 3 program files: P00P301B, P02P301B and P04O301B. This is in addition to the normal PREP into PUB.SYS, and SL.PUB.SYS.

B. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- 1. The APLDR provides a memory protect error at %1276 relative. It is caused by jumping to the NOP location at the beginning of a JSB routine instead of (NOP+1) location. This was caused by compiling APLDR source without the MO5M301B file.
- 2. The APLDR produces a memory protect error when the Privileged Interrupt board is required. This problem requires changes to DVR63, contact the factory SE support group.
- 3. Changes to make the Cross Loader more efficient require fixed length records. These files are not compatible with the DNLDSYS and DNLDUSEP, in their present form. A workaround is possible by overriding the Crossloader Output file --

:FILE FILENAME; REC=60,1, V, BINARY; DEV=DISC

C. MISCELLANEOUS

The NO3N301A and NO4N301A files are merged into file NO0N301A.

ON-LINE DIAGNOSTICS, DATECODE 1531

DIAGNOSTIC	NAME	LEVEL	COMMENTS
DISC FILE-2888A	PD360A	00.00	
CART DISC-7900A	PD361A	00.00	
MAGNETIC TAPE	PD362A	03.00	
TERMINAL DATA	PD363A	02.00	
CARD READER	PD365A	05.00	
LINE PRINTER	PD366A	03.00	FOR 2607/10/14
LINE PRINTER	PD366B	01.01	FOR 2607/13/17/18
TELEPRINTER	PD367A	02.00	
TERMINAL CONTROL	PD368A	01.00	
2640 TERMINAL	PD369A	00.00	
CARD PUNCH	PD370A	00.00	
TERM-2600A	PD371A	00.00	
PAPER TAPE READER	PD372A	01.00	
PAPER TAPE PUNCH	PD373A	01.00	
TERM-2762A/B	PD375A	00.01	
CALCOMP PLOTTER	PD376A	00.00	
TERM-2615A	PD378A	01.01	
CARD-READ/PUNCH	PD379A	01.01	

DATE CODE C-L 1630/MAINT 1630

DIAGNOSTIC	NAME	LEVEL	COMMENTS
SDUP MEMORY PATTERN MULTIPLEXOR CHAN DISC FILE-2888A CART DISC-7900A SYSTEM CLOCK TELEPRINTER FIXED HEAD DISC SELECTER CHAN TERM-2762A/B EXTEND FLT PT HSI MAGNETIC TAPE SSLC INTERFACE UI DIAG CARD-READ/PUNCH DECIMAL FIRMWARE SLEUTH CART DISC-7905A	D217A PD321B PD322A PD323A PD324A PD325A PD326A PD326A PD329A PD330A PD331A PD331A PD333A PD335A PD335A PD337A PD337A PD211A PD319A	04.00 00.00 00.00 01.00 01.00 00.00 00.00 01.00 00.00 01.00 00.00 01.01 01.00 00.01 00.01 00.00 02.00 02.00	Ł.I.X

CPU DIAGNOSTICS 30000-1X001

DATE CODE C-L 1403/MAINT 1531

SECTION	NAME	TEAET
1 2 3 4 5	PD320A PD320A1 PD320A2 PD320A3 PD320A4	03.00 03.00 03.00 03.00

SERIES I 1709 SOFTWARE UPDATE

MULTIPROGRAMMING EXECUTIVE OPERATING SYSTEM SERIES I

CONTENTS OF M.I.T. DATE CODE 1709

PRODUCT NAME	PRODUCT NUMBER	LEVEL	DATE	SUPPORT ACCOUNT FILE CONTAINING CHANGES**
*MPE	32000C	00.15	1709	NOONOOC.HP32000
*SPL	32100A	06.04	1709	NOON100A.HP32100
*BASIC	32101B	00.06	1709	NOON101B.HP32101
*FORTRAN	32102B	00.07	1709	NOON102B.HP32102
*BASIC COMPILER	32103B	00.04	1709	NOON103B.HP32103
*RPG	32104A	03.04	1709	NOON104A.HP32104
BUILDINT	32150A	03.01	1623	
*EDITOR	32201A	06.01	1709	NOON201A.HP32201
STAR	32204A	01.00	1603	
SCIENTIFIC LIBRARY	32205A	00.02	1430	
*DEL/3000 (**NEW**)	32206A	01.03	1709	NOON206A.HP32206
SDM	32210A	05.00	1508	
COMPILER LIBRARY	32211C	04.05	1701	
*FCOPY	32212A	01.04	1709	NOON212A.HP32212
*COBOL	32213B	02.06	1709	NOON213B.HP32213
*COBOLC	32213C	01.04	1709	N00N213C.HP32213
*SORT/MERGE	32214B	01.04	1709	NOON214B.HP32214
*IMAGE	32215A	04.03	1709	NOON215A.HP32215
*QUERY	32216A	03.04	1709	NOON216A.HP32216
*TRACE	32222A	03.01	1709	NOON222A.HP32222
*XA2100	32223A	01.02	1709	NOON223A.HP32223
XL2100	32226A	02.00	1636	
CALCOMP PLOTTER	30126A	00.01	1640	
2780/3780 EMULATOR	30130B	02.00	1646	
PROG CTRLR/BCS	30300A/			
	30361A	00.01	1512	į
PROG CTRUP/RTE-C	30301A/			1
	30361A-1	00.02	1701	
*ONLINE DIAGNOSTICS			1709	NDONLN.HPONLN
*OFFLINE DIAGNOSTICS			1709	NDOFFLN.HPOFFLN

*UPDATED/CHANGED IN THIS MIT

^{**}CHANGED FILES NOT DOCUMENTED IN THE FOLLOWING PAGES APPEAR IN SERIES II 1709 DOCUMENTATION.

MPE 32000C.00.15 DATE CODE 1709, NOONOOOC.HP32000.SUPPORT

I. MPE 32000C.00.15

A. MODULES MODIFIED C.00.XX

MODULE							CI	HAI	NGI	E 1	HIST	ror	Y			
NAME ⁻	NO							(2.0	00	, X X					-
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
INITIAL	0	χ		X	Χ			X	X	X	X	X	χ	X	Į	X
SYSDUMP	1	Х	χ	Х			Х		X	Х			X		X	I X
SEGPROC	2	Х	χ				Χ			Х	Χ				İ	1
SEGDVR	3												X		į	1
DISPATCH	4			Х			χ				Х	Х	X		ļ	l
LOAD	5		χ										X		1	l
MAPP	6					X										1
UCUB	7	X													1	l
DEVREC	8														ļ	!
PROGEN	9	X							X	X	X		Х		1	l X
ININ	10					X		X			Х	Х		Х	1	
EXIN	11	χ	χ	X		Χ	X	X		X		X			ΧI	X
LOG	12	Χ									X				1)
IOPTRDO	13														1	Ì
IOPTPNO	14						χ		X						1	X
IOPLOT0	15														1	
IOMDISKO	16			Х				X	Х	X					1)
IOFDISKO	17			X				Х	X						1	X
IOTAPEO	18				X				Х						1)
IOLPRTO	19												Х	X	1	l
IOCDRD0	20		χ				X								(1
IOCLTTYO	21														ļ)
IOTERMO	22											Х			1	1
IOCDPNO	23														-	
IOPRPNO	24					N	χ					Х	X			I X
IOREMO	25														!	l
IOBSCO	26														1)
IOMDISK1	27	χ		N				Х	X	X	X				İ	X
PFAIL	30			Х	χ	Χ									1	1
FILESYS	50	Х	X	X	X	Χ	χ	X	Χ	X	X	X	X	Х	ΧI	
COMM INT	51	Х		X			Х					X	X		ΧI	λ
STORE/FESTORE	52			X	X			Χ	Χ	X			X			I X
DIPC	53									X				X	į	İ
ALLOCATE	54		X		X				X			X	X		1	X
DISKSPC	55	Х													1	
MMCORER	56						X		X			X			1	}
MMDISKE	57											X			ΧI	1

ABORTRAP	1581						Х	χ		X		X		X	1	1
MESSAGE	59							Χ		Х	X	X			1	X
CROUTINE	60			Χ	X						Χ	χ			1	
IOUTILITY	61	Х		Х	Х			χ	X	X					ΧI	X
TTYINT	62		X	X	X			Х		X					ł	X
PCREATE	63	Х									X				1	ļ
MORGUE	64			X						χ	X				1	
PROCMAIL	65														1	
PINT	66						χ		X	X		χ		Х	- 1	X
DATASEG	67	Х								X					١	
IOPM	68		X			Χ						X	X		1	
CHECKER	69														ŧ	1
UTILITY	70	Х	X	Χ		Х					X			Х	ΧI	ļ
SEGUTIL	71	X		X				X		X			X		χı	X
LOADER1	72		X	X					X		Х				Χŀ	-
RINS	73						X						Х		i	1
JOBTABLE	74	Х													1	1
DEBUG	75	Х													ı	į
NURSERY	76			X											ı	
SYSDPLY	77						Χ							X	1	
FIRMWARESIM	78	Х								χ	χ	X			ì	
SPOOLING	79			Х	X			χ	X	X	X	X		X	1	Х
SPOOLCOMS	80	χ					X		Χ		X		X		ı	Х
MESSAGE CAT				χ			Х	χ	Х	X	X		Х	X	١	
MESSAGE CAT				Х			Х	X	Х	Х	Х		X	Х		

B. ENHANCEMENTS

- 1. The Initiator will always write the system load map to the disc file LOADMAP.PUB.SYS on system startups from magnetic tape. On a WARMSTART or COOLSTART it is not written to the disc.
- 2. The user command :DEBUG has been added to the system. See the documentation section for further information.

C. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- The terminal driver in INITIAL was modified to prevent loss of information at 2400 baud during system startup.
- 2. The headbase sector for the 7905 in INITIAL has been changed to correspond to that of the Series II.
- 3. INITIAL has been corrected to properly handle suspended jobs during a WARMSTARI.
- 4. SYSDUMP was modified to properly handle a logical device number of zero.

- 5. PROGEN changed to allow console operator commands to have lower case parameters.
- EXIN changed to provide for better resolution of the system clock.
- 7. The paper tape punch driver(IOPTPNO) now properly handles a length of zero.
- 8. The fixed head disc driver(IOFDISKO) now has a proper CRC check.
- The hollerith conversion in the card reader/punch drive (IOPRPNO) was corrected.
- 10. A timing delay was placed in IOPRPNO to prevent undue degradation to terminal response.
- 11. The 7905/7920 disc driver(IOMDISK1) was modified to release the disc controller in a similiar fashion as in MPE II.
- 12. The FOPEN intrinsic can now handle a formsg parameter that begins on an odd byte boundary.
- 13. FILESYS was modified to insure that the file space calulation never goes negative.
- 14. The FLOCK intrinsic now insures that all physical I/O is reinitialized or completed prior to the next I/O operation.
- 15. The intrinsic FREADLABEL was corrected to properly get the address of the user label for ATTIO.
- 16. STORE/RESTORE would try to restore Series II files with greater than 16 extents. This would result in either part of the file being restored or a catastrophic error. This problem now has been corrected. See documentation section for the resulting new error message.
- 17. STORE/RESTORE will now list all files that the user tries to store without read access.
- 18. The initialization of an internal variable was changed in ALLOCATE.
- 19. A correction was made to MESSAGE to insure that WARN @ and TELL @ messages reach all terminals.
- 20. IOUTILITY was changed to properly place the physical I/O status word in the IOO element.
- 21. TTYINT previously destroyed random core locations when the internal procedure Enablebreak was passed a logical device number that was not a terminal.

- 22. JOUTILITY and TTYINT were changed such that all F1LESYS word reads will be rounded up in cases where an odd number of bytes are read. Previously they were rounded down.
- 23. PINT was modified to insure that a user could not cause a system pause by setting extra bits in the susp parameter of the intrinsic ACTIVATE.
- 24. The intrinsic EXPANDUSLF was modified to properly position sOLDPASS.
- 25. Changed ASL's to LSL's in SPOOLERS and SPOOLCOMS to provied for proper converion to byte addresses.

D. DOCUMENTATION CHANGES

- 1. A tape file cannot be closed with no rewind. This situation was previously carried as a known problem in MPE. Forth-coming manual revisions will reflect this situation.
- 2. Chained SIO's on magnetic tape do not work for blocks greater than 4096 words unless the requested length is identical to the block size. This situation was previously carried as a as a known problem in MPE. Forthcoming manual revisions will reflect this situation.
- When the maximum number of open spoofles is not sufficient 3. to handle all spooling requirements, spooled jobs may cause endless numbers of null list files to be generated. situation can be overcome by increasing the maximum number of open spoofles. The recommended value is 20, however, a more exact number can be found by examining the usage of your system. Each initial allocation of a spooled device uses one spootle. A session's single access to a spooled line printer requires one open spoofle; a spooled job requires at least two, one for \$STDIN and one for \$STDLIST. Each additional access to a file of device class LP requires an additional open spoofle. One indication that the limit is being reached is allocation failures for spooled devices. This situation was previously carried as a known problem in MPF. The forthcoming manual revisions will reflect this situation.
- 4. The new user command :DEBUG is an extension of the MPE Debug Facility and is used primarily by system programmers. The Debug Facility allows programmers to establish breakpoints within programs from which it is called, and to display and modify data within the stack or registers used by those programs. Because the :DEBUG command effectively invokes the Debug Facility from the MPE Command [Interpreter program,

it can establish breakpoints within that program and allow users to operate on the Command Interpreter's stack. The directives and various Debug messages are discussed in the MPE Reference Manual.

5. If the user tries to Restore a Series II file with more than 16 extents the following file rejection message will appear:

GREATER THAN 16 EXTENTS

E. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- The user commands LISTACCT, LISTGROUP, and LISTUSER can lock the directory indefinitely if the output is written to an unspooled device that is not ready.
- Lower case :EOD is not recognized as an end-of-file on data accepting devices.
- 3. Issuing a :DEALLOCATE command for a non existent program file returns an error 217. The error should be ERR 217,52 The 52 is the file system error number returned from FCHECK.
- 4. The line printers 2613A, 2617A, and 2618A may intermittently report a unit failure condition to the I/O driver that will abort the print operation. This condition has been observed when the unit is brought online after being placed offline while printing.
- 5. The directory may indicate a table overflow even though there is room available. This situation has been observed when doing a full RELOAD on a system with a full directory, and on systems where large numbers of files are created and purged daily.
- 6. The EOF on a disc file can exceed the file limit. This situation occurs as a result of files being allocated on sector boundary.
- 7. The CPU times displayed via a REPORT command periodically far exceeds reality.
- 8. The command SAVE produces an erroneous message.

II. SUPPORTED UTILITIES

A. UTILITIES MODIFIED C.00.XX

UTILITY		CHANGE HISTORY													
DISKEDIT DPAN FREE LISTDIR LISTEQ LISTLOG	5 *	6 * *	7	8	9 X	10	11	1 2 X	13	14 15					
PATCH PECOVER SAEDIT SAVIOUR SLPATCH	*	* X			X					X X					

* NEW

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

The headbase sector for the 7905 was changed to correspond to the value in MPE II, and the maximum number of sectors for the 7920 was modified in both SAEDIT and SAVIDUR.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

When DPAN finds that the PCB table has been filled, it prints the erroneous message "INVALID FIRST UNASSIGNED ENTRY" AND "INVALID BACKWARD SUBQUEUE POINTER" even though there is no error in the PCB table.

COBOL/3000 HP32213B.02.06

DATE CODE 1709, NOON213B.HP32213.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

1. COPYLIB files can be KSAM files (Series II only).

The following improvements have been added to the Cobol Library in version 4.06:

- 2. The error message for Error 630 has been changed to ERROR DURING WRITE OF USER LABEL. A File Information Display will also be generated with an Error 630.
- 3. The error message for Error 631 has been changed to USER LABEL SPACE UNALLOCATED OR ATTEMPT TO WRITE BEYOND LABEL LIMIT.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. Lower case letters in PICTURE clauses were not upshifted.
- 2. An ON SIZE ERROR clause where the first operand had fewer digits than the result sometimes produced an Error 210 or 211 at compile time.
- 3. The ACCEPT statement did not work for a table element.
- 4. A COMPUTE statement at the start of the Procedure Division did not always work properly.
- 5. The compiler could not recover from an 88-level in a MOVE statement.
- 6. A GO TO DEPENDING ON statement nested within a conditional clause (such as an AT END clause) produced Error 211 messages--- MULTIPLY OR UNDEFINED INTERAL LABEL.
- 7. An ADD...TO statement with multiple results of USAGE COMP=3 or DISPLAY left two words on the stack and could produce a stack overflow abort or control flow problems with PERFORM or GOBACK statements.
- 8. If more than two index names were specified in an INDEXED BY clause, only the first two were handled properly.
- 9. ADD CORRESPONDING of DISPLAY items aborted at run time.
- 10. A 4-digit COMP-3 item used as a subscript or compared with an index-name did not work properly.
- 11. A VALUE clause at the group level in the LINKAGE SECTION was not handled properly. A warning message was not issued and bad object code was generated.
- 12. Subprograms sometimes aborted with a bounds violation in the initialization procedure.
- 13. An ADD statement with a numeric edited or alphanumeric item somewhere other than after the word GIVING was not detected as an error.

- 14. A READ statement without a file name caused the compiler to abort.
- 15. A GO TO DEPENDING ON statement occasionally aborted at run time.
- 16. An attempt to perform an empty section generated an Error 201. The error message has been improved to show which section was being performed and where the perform statement is located.
- 17. Continuation of a word did not work if the line being continued contained a completed non-numeric literal.
- 18. Text on a line following the period of a COPY statement caused the compiler to abort with a bounds violation or a write error on the list file.
- 19. Subprograms with large linkage sections sometimes aborted during the initialization procedure.
- 20. Using an index-name with the wrong table was not detected as an error.
- 21. A non-unique reference generated an Error 21 for each possible qualifier. Now only one error will be generated.
- 22. A GOBACK statement in a subprogram would not work if extra words had been left on the stack by some statement in the subprogram.
- 23. An add of 2 COMPUTATIONAL items each with less than 5 digits and both with the same number of digits after the decimal point would yield incorrect result.

The following problems have been corrected in the COBOL Library in version 4.06:

- 24. An end-of-file condition was not detected on an ACCEPT statement.
- 25. After a USE procedure was executed for a read error, the AT END branch was taken.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

A SEARCH statement with multiple WHEN conditions sometimes leaves extra words on the stack which can cause either a stack overflow abort or control flow problems with a PERFORM statement. This problem will no longer cause problems with a GOBACK statement in a subprogram (See No. 22, above.)

RELEASE ISSUE OF THE SERIES I ONLINE DIAGNOSTICS. DATE CODE 1709, NDONLN. HPONLN. SUPPORT

I. MAGNETIC TAPES ASSOCIATED WITH HPONIN

SOURCE 30000-1X011 MAINTENANCE 30000-1X008

II.	ON-LINE DIAGNOSTICS,	DATE CODE	1531	
	DIAGNOSTIC NAME	NAME	LEVEL	COMMENTS
	DISC FILE-2888A CART DISC-7900A MAGNETIC TAPE TERMINAL DATA CARD READER LINE PRINTER LINE PRINTER TELEPRINTER TELEPRINTER TERMINAL CONTROL 2640 TERMINAL CARD PUNCH TERM-2600A PAPER TAPE READER PAPER TAPE PNCH	PD360A PD361A PD362A PD363A PD365A PD366A PD366B PD367A PD368A PD369A PD370A PD371A PD371A PD371A	00.00 00.00 03.00 02.00 05.00 03.00 01.01 02.00 01.00 00.00 00.00 01.00	
	TERM-2762A/B CALCOMP PLOTTER TERM-2615A CARD-READ/PUNCH	PD375A PD376A PD378A PD379A	00.00	

RELEASE ISSUE OF THE SERIES I STANDALONE DIAGNOSTICS.

DATE CODE 1709, NDOFFLN. HPOFFLN. SUPPORT

I. MAGNETIC TAPES ASSOCIATED WITH HPOFFLN

 SOURCE
 30000-1x005

 MAINTENANCE
 30000-1x006

 CPU COLD LOAD
 30000-1x001

 NON-CPU C/L
 30000-1x002

II. OFFLINE DIAGNOSTICS 30000-1X002, DATE CODE CL 1630/MAINT 1630

DIAGNOSTIC NAME	NAME	LEVEL	COMMENTS
SDUP	D217A	04.00	
MEMORY PATTERN	PD321B	00.00	
MULTIPLEXOR CHAN	PD322A	00.00	
DISC FILE-2888A	PD323A	01.00	
CART DISC-7900A	PD324A	01.00	
SYSTEM CLOCK	PD325A	00.00	
TELEPRINTER	PD326A	00.00	
FIXED HEAD DISC	FD328A	02.00	
SELECTER CHAN	PD329A	00.00	
TERM-2762A/B	PD330A	01.00	
EXTEND FLT PT	PD331A	00.00	
HSI	PD332A	00.00	
MAGNETIC TAPE	PD333A	01.01	
SSLC INTERFACE	PD334A	01.00	
UI DIAG	PD335A	00.01	
CARD-READ/PUNCH	PD336A	00.01	
DECIMAL FIRMWARE	PD337A	00.00	
SLEUTH	PD211A	02.00	
CAPT DISC-7905A	PD319A	02.02	

III. CPU DIAGNOSTICS 30000-1X001, DATE CODE CL 1403/MAINT 1531

SECTION	FILE NAME	REV	COMMENIS
1	PD320A	03.00	
2	PD320A1	03.00	
3	PD320A2	03.00	
4	PD320A3	03.00	
5	PD320A4	03.00	

IV. SLEUTH

A. VERIFIERS

VERIFIER			DATE
NAME	NAME	LEVEL	CODE
* 7920 VERIFIER	VERI7920	00.00	1709

* NEW

B. 7920 VERIFIER PROGRAM

This is a new program used to verify the 7920 disc. It must be writtern to a magtape using 'FCOPY', and then batched in by 'SLEUTH' with the 'BA E' command.

```
:HELLO FIELD.SUPPORT, HPOFFLN
    :FILE T:DEV=TAPE; REC=-72,1,F, ASCII
    :RUN FCOPY.PUB.SYS
    >FROM=VERI7920;TO=*T
    >EXIT
(COLD LOAD SLEUTH)
(MOUNT THE VERI7920 TAPE WRITTERN BY FCOPY)
    >10 BA E
    >670 10 DEV 0, < DPT >, 15, 99, < UNIT #>
    >11 LET W=1 (IF UNIT TEST DESIRED ELSE W=0)
                   (IF PACK FORMAT DESIRED ELSE X=0)
    >12 LET X=1
   >13 LET Y=1
>14 LET Z=1
                  (IF PACK CERTIFICATION DESIRED ELSE Y=0)
                  (IF LONG PASS OF PACK CERIFICATION
                      DESIRED ELSE Z=0)
    >670 AUTO
    >670 RUN
```

Note: to run format, pack cert., or long pass; w must be 0

For additional instructions see manual: 32210-90001 SLEUTH VERIFIER PROGRAM.

SERIES II 1701 SOFTWARE UPDATE

MULTIPROGRAMMING EXECUTIVE OPERATING SYSTEM SERIES II

CONTENTS OF M.I.T. DATE CODE 1701

PRODUCT	PRODUCT		DATE	SUPPORT ACCOUNT FILE
NAME	NUMBER	LEVEL	CODE	CONTAINING CHANGES
*MPE	32002A	01.00	1701	NOONOO2A.HP32002
SPL	32100A	06.02	1624	
BASIC	32101B	00.05	1646	
*FORTRAN	32102B	00.06	1701	NOON102B,HP32102
BASIC COMPILER	32103B	00.02	1646	
*RPG	32104A	03.02	1701	NOON104A.HP32104
*APL/3000	32105A	00.02	1701	NOON105A.HP32105
BUILDINT	32150A	03.01	1619	
*EDITOR	32201A	06.00	1701	NOON201A.HP32201
SCIENTIFIC LIBRAPY	32205B	00.01	1634	
*DEL/3000	32206A	01.02	1701	NOON206A.HP32206
*KSAM/3000	32208A	00.03	1701	NOON208A.HP32208
*COMPILER LIBRARY	32211D	00.05	1701	N00N211D.HP32211
*FCOPY	32212A	01.03	1701	NOON212A.HP32212
*COBOL	32213C	01.02	1701	NOON213C.HP32213
*SORT/MERGE	32214B	01.03	1701	NOON214B.HP32214
*IMAGE	32215A	04.02	1701	NOON215A.HP32215
*QUERY	32216A	03.03	1701	NOON216A.HP32216
TRACE	32222A	03.00	1610	
*XA2100	32223A	01.01	1701	NOON223A.HP32223
XL2100	32226A	02.00	1636	
PROG CONTROLLER	30361B	00.00	1621	
30300B/30361B-BCS				
*PROG CONTROLLER	30361B-1	00.02	1701	NOON301B.HP30301
30301B/30361B-1-FTE				
RJE 2780/3780	30130C	00.02	1646	
CALCOMP PLOTTER	30126A	00.01	1640	
*DIAGNOSTICS	32230A		1701	NOON230A.HP32230
*UPDATED/CHANGED IN T	UTC MIT	L	L	

MPE HP32002A.01.00

DATE CODE 1701, NOONOO2A.HP32002.SUPPORT

I. MPE 32002A.01.00

NOTE - MPE has been updated for this MIT.
The file system has been resequenced. If you have source tapes, you should order new ones. References to MPE 00.06 are the same (from this document's point of view) as referring to MPE 01.00.

A. MODULES MODIFIED A.00.XX

MODULE		CHANGE HISTORY													
NAME	NO						A . O	0 . x	Χ						
		i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
INITIAL	0		X	X	X	-	ΧI								
SYSDUMP	1		X	Х	X	χI	ΧI								
SEGPROC	2		X			1	ΧI								
SEGDVR	3		X			- 1	١								
DISPATCH	4		X			1	1								
LOAD	5		Х			1	- 1								
UCOP	7		X		X	1	I								
DEVREC	8				X	1	1								
PROGEN	9		X	X	X	XΙ	ΧI								
ININ	10				X	ı	- 1								
MEMLOGP	111		X		X	χI	ΧI								
LOG	12				Χ	1	ΧI								
IOPTRD0	13		X	X		i	Χİ								
IOPTPNO	14		X	Х	X	χI	- 1								
IOPLOTO	15					1	1								
IOMDISCO	16					1	ŀ								
IOFDISCO	17					-	1								
IOTAPEO	18					ΧI	1								
IOLPRT0	19		X		X	1	ı								
IOCDRDO	20					ΧI	1								
IOTERMO	22		X	X	X	X I	ΧI								
IOPRPNO	24					1	- 1								
IOREMO	25					1	1								
IOMDISC1	27					1	ΧI								
PFAIL	30				X	ΧI	ļ								
FILESYS	50		X	Х	Χ	ΧŦ	ΧI								
COMM'INT	51			X	X	χŀ	ΧI								
STORE/RESTORE	52					ŧ	ΧI								
DIRC	53	,				1	- 1								

ALLOCATE	54					ΧI	ΧI
DISCSPC	55					ı	1
MMCORER	56				X	ı	ΧI
MMDISKR	57		X	X	Х	1	ΧI
ABORTRAP	58		Х			ΧI	1
MESSAGE	59				X	1	ΧI
CROUTINE	60					ı	ΧI
Crockio	61					Χİ	1
NRIO	62		X	Х		χI	ΧI
PCREATE	63		X			ΧI	ı
MORGUE	64					•	ΧI
PROCMAIL	65					1	- 1
PINT	66		X			χΙ	ΧI
DATASEG	67		Χ		X	1	ΧI
CRIO	68		X	Х	X	ΧI	ΧI
CHECKER	69					ı	1
UTILITY	70				Χ	χI	ΧŤ
SEGUTIL	71		X			1	Χŀ
LOADER1	72		X			ı	ı
RINS	73	Х		Х		1	ı
JOBTABLE	74					i	ΧI
DEBUG	75				χ	ı	1
NURSERY	76				X	i	İ
STKDUMP	77					Ì	ı
FIRMWARESIM	78					Ì	Ĺ
SPOOLING	79					χİ	Χİ
SPOOLCOMS	BO					Χİ	Хİ
MESSAGE CAT						1	1
	لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ						

B. ENHANCEMENTS

INITIAL was enhanced such that warmstart can handle spoolfiles which have the squeeze bit set.

C. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- INITIAL was modified to increase the size of the MEMLOGP stack size to avoid stack overflow on FOPEN of memory logging file. INITIAL was also modified to skip user files on parity errors.
- 2. A fix was made to FILESYS in the 1646 MIT to disallow no-wait I/O in conjunction with multi-access. This capability was required by RJE, therefore it has been restored. Further fixes are necessary for no-wait I/O and multi-access to work for the general case. It will, however, work for one user new.
- 3. IOMDISCI was modified to work with the new microcode for the 7905 disc controller. INITIAL was modified for the same reason.

- 4. CRIO was modified to extract the PIN from IOQ before waking the caller. This was necessary to avoid misinterpreting some ATTACHIO changes.
- 5. LOG was prepped without PM capability so it could not be run as a process.
- 6. MEMLOGP was modified to avoid wasting disc space when creating the MEMLOG file.
- 7. IOPTRDO was modified to store a count in DITP+9 instead of DITP+30. Under certain conditions a SF250 could occur.
- 8. The PRINTOPREPLY procedure was modified to output properly when "large" stacks are used. The routine was using arithmetic shifts instead of logical shifts.
- 9. SPOOLCOMS was modified to eliminate an SF19 which occurred when trying to use a mag tape configured for output spooling. DELETE and ABORTJOB were modified at the same time to accept lower case "s" and "j".
- 10. ALLOCATE had to be modified avoid a forms request being issued from SYSDUMP when the FILE equation specified the logical unit number instead of a name.
- 11. CRIO was modified such that XON will not restart a write if waiting for a write interrupt. This situation lost an interrupt. TIP now runs with interrupts disabled which will prevent two copies of the interrupt handler from running at once on the same unit or DRT.
- 12. SEGUTIL was modified to adjust the EOF pointer while copying a \$NEWPASS type of USL during a USL expansion operation.
- 13. The LOG process was modified to avoid potential problems when modifying the file label of a log file.
- 14. MEMLOGP was modified to FUNLOCK the MEMLOG file when the process is abnormally terminated.
- 15. The FILESYS module has been modified to correct a problem introduced in the last MIT which didn't allow one to FOPEN a mag tape file for append access.
- 16. FREADLABEL/FWRITELABEL was corrected to use the file's extent map. This should resolve some of the sporadic clobbering of FILE LABELS that have been reported. (See miscellaneous)

- 17. You are now allowed to access up to 255 extra data segments per process.
- 18. Pressing BREAK during LOGON with the new :(COMMAND) will now work properly.
- 19. IOTERMO/NRIO/CRIO have had several changes:
 - a. The XOFF is no longer sent for TERM TYPES equal to or greater than 7.
 - b. A new TERM TYPE (13) has been added for communicating with the TERMINET.
 - c. A new meaning has been added to XON and XOFF. Striking XOFF during a write causes the terminal driver to suspend the output of characters until XON is input.
 - d. The current information in the PTAPE BUFFER is output now, even if it's null.
- 20. A check has been included in CROUTINE to ignore the CONTROLY signal, if the procedure is no longer there.
- 21. An enable of interrupts, along with the reference counter shift it permitted, was removed from MMCORER. This is to resolve the very rare SF130 problem.
- 22. A problem in STORE RESTORE that resulted in an "E" being printed as the first character of a file name, has been resolved.
- 23. To resolve an incompatibility between the CX and Series II LOG FILES, the following changes have been made to the Series II.
 - a. The last byte of the second reserved word in the Job Initiation Record now contains an ASCII A, B, C, D or E indicating the LOG ON QUEUE.
 - b. The last BYTE of the last word in the Spoolfile Done Record now reflects the disposition of the Spoolfile as was done on the CX.
- 24. A change was installed in IOTAPEO to handle EOFCHECK properly. This resolves a problem introduced in the 05 MIT which is uncovered when input spooling a mag tape with :DATA and :EOD records. The symptom was that alternate data sets were recognized.

D. DOCUMENTATION CHANGES

The SYSTEM MANAGER/SYSTEM SUPERVISOR manual is being modified to reflect some changes in SYSDUMP/INITIAL. A new question is asked when adding I/O devices if the type is 16. The question is "SPEED IN CHARACTERS PER SECOND". Valid responses are a 0 or carriage return which specify an unknown speed, otherwise specify the speed at which the terminal will be operated(ex: 240,120,60,30,15,14,10).

E. KNOWN PROBLEMS

1. SYSTEM FAILURE TYPE

- a. SF366 We have had some recently reported spooler problems that cause a SF366.
- b. SF127 The 127 problem is still with us under very heavy disc loads. We have not received any customer reports on this problem yet, have been able to create it internally. We feel that the solution to this problem will be available on the next MIT.

2. FUNCTIONAL FAILURE TYPE

- a. A session with an outstanding READ cannot be aborted until reception of a carriage return.
- b. The FILESYSTEM seems to be building strange looking files for record sizes between 16384 and 32761 words.
- c. Saving a large file with SADUTIL doesn't seem to work.
- d. When logical records, plus overhead (byte count and EOBLOCK word) fit the computed block size exactly, the last record is written into the next block, thus wasting some space in the current block.
- e. If \$STDLIST is passed to FOPEN as the formal designator and is not overridden by the FOPTIONS, the file system will open \$STDIN instead.
- f. A session logging on with HIPRI can be logged off under certain conditions, you shouldn't be able to do this.

- g. Executing a FORTRAN program using the command intrinsic with no CR at the end causes a SF311.
- h. A call to XARITRAP with MASK=0 does not return CCG to indicate traps disabled.
- i. A potential problem exists in SYSDUMP. If you are adding a driver, you may run out of BANK 0. To avoid this problem reduce the system buffers.

F. MISCELLANEOUS

1.For some time now, members of the MPE team have requested an increase in the size of the LDT (Logical Device Table), so new features may be added to the system. MPE will have a logical extension to the LDT.

The extension will be a new table called LDTX (Logical Device Table extension). The LDTX will be located in the same DST as the LDT and Device Class Table (DST 14(10)). The LDTX will follow the Device Class Table.

The first enhancement to take advantage of the LDTX is handling of terminal after FOPEN. A question was added to the I/O configuration dialog to ask terminal speed (characters/second) thus making it possible (with minor changes in other MPE modules, SMOP) to allocate terminals without having to know the speed or type (the terminal must be configured correctly).

There is one possible drawback in adding this table. Since this table contains configuration information, it is necessary that it be put in the table by SYSDUMP and on the Disc by INITIAL. This means special tables for INITIAL. INITIAL can handle the new table complete if an "UPDATE" is executed at cold load time when going to 01 from an older version. But it is recommended that once updated to 01, do not go backwards to an older system unless absolutely necessary. Since LDTX is a new table,. every time a backwards update is done disc space is lost. If done enough times without recovering lost disc space, this could result in running out of disc space and require a reload. It does seem, however, that a backwards UPDATE will work. There may be overlooked problems with a backwards UPDATE, therefore it is not recommended.

2. IF your system was one of the few that had problems with FILE LABELS being destroyed, fix C.16. should resolve it, however it may cause a problem of a

different type. The resolved problem occured when the USER LABELS were written beyond the first extent. Since both STORE and SYSDUMP have always used the extent map as it was intended, they did not save any USER LABELS past the first extent. Therefore the possibility of losing the label was high. There is no simple way of recovering from this situation especially if the USER LABEL has been destroyed. The best thing to do is to read the labels of suspected files with FREADLABEL and save them in a unique file (prior to updating), then rewrite them with FWRITELABEL after updating to 01.00.

3. At the end of a SYSDUMP a warning message will be generated indicating not all of the system files have been dumped. As long as the system file names are MPMON, IODSO, IOREMO, IOPLTO, and CSHBSCO everything is still ok.

II. SUPPORTED UTILITIES

A. UTILITIES MUDIFIED A.00.XX

UTILITY				CHA	NGE	ні	STO	RY	Α.	00.	ХХ			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
DISKEDT2					1									
DPAN2		X	Х	Х	ΧI	1								
FRFE2														
LISTDIR2					1									
LISTEQ2						1								
LISTLOG2		X	Х		 	ΧI								
PATCH2					1									
MEMLOGAN					1									
MEMTIME					1									
SADUTIL						 								
SLPATCH	, 49 49													
SPOOK					1	ΧI								

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

LISTLOG2 was cleaned up to avoid outputting extra blank pages. It has also been corrected to run in BATCH.

FORTRAN HP32102B.00.06

DATE CODE 1701, NOON102B.HP32102.SUPPORT

A. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- When the FORTRAN list file has a record length shorter than the length of the line the compiler needs to print, the compiler must fold the line into two or more lines. Two problems related to this folding were corrected. First, if the logical record length of the list file is an odd number of bytes, or if SCONTROL LOCATION is enabled and the list file record length is even, the compiler tended to truncate the last character. Secondly, if the list record fit exactly one line and sCONTROL LOCATION was enabled, the compiler forgot about the carriage control character and truncated the last character in the list line.
- 2. Use of SCONTROL LOCATION, MAP on a list file with a line width between 40 and 93 characters caused a write failure to the FORTRAN scratch list file FTNUT5 when a page eject /new page heading must be printed in the middle of the variable map. (BR 1330)
- 3. When using \$CONTROL CROSSREF, the compiler would abort during the listing of the cross reference if the program unit contained an integer simple variable unit number which had not been previously seen by the compiler. i.e.,

\$CONTROL CROSSREF
WRITE(IOUT,*)
STOP
END

4. Using DO loops with INTFGER*4 limits in subroutines or functions which require many distinct local variables may result in accidental destruction of other local data or in an bounds violation. Under the rules of FORTRAN, the user is not allowed to modify the limit of a DO loop while that DO loop is executed. To achieve this, a dummy local variable is generated to hold the limit. When many

local variables are required, the compiler uses rather unusual code to get around the addressing limitations of the hardware. The conjunction of these two unusual conditions with double integer DO loop limits resulted in the index register being twice the value required when accessing the temporary DO loop limit. Consequently, seemingly unrelated memory locations were destroyed.

B. KNOWN PROBLEMS

The use of dynamic array bounds in a program unit which contains secondary entry points is legal only if the dynamic bounds are passed in each entry point, even if the code being executed does not access the array. This is because the space must be allocated for the array even if it is not used. The compiler does not now check to make sure that the bound is indeed passed at each entry point. When entry is made at one of the points which lacks the dynamic bound variable, the user's program will abort with a bounds violation in the program unit initial— ization code. At some point the compiler will be changed to detect this user error.

RPG SUBSYSTEM HP32104A.03.02

DATE CODE 1701, NOON104A.HP32104.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- If an edit word begins with a constant, that constant will always appear, before it was blanked out.
- Cross reference is now single spaced.
- 3. A i in column 22 of the header record will cause all direct file accessed to begin with one. (RPG will subtract one from any record number given).

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- Z+ADD to an array with more than 255 elements did not modify all the elements.
- Programs with data space larger than 32k bytes had bounds violations.
- 3. A SNULL RSAM file was not handled properly.

- 4. An edit code of C used with a field with no integers (decimals only) resulted in an incorrect edit.
- 5. A Z=SUB to an array zeroed out the array.
- 6. An * as an indicator repeat did not always work.
- 7. If RSAM and KSAM were both on the system an output RSAM file had its data deleted, including control information.
- 8. A bounds violation would occur sometimes if an array were loaded through the input specifications.
- An array with two different subscripts in the same calculation could produce erroneous results.
- 10. Input record sequence numbers could have caused a bounds violation.
- 11. If more than 7 OR lines appear in Calculations a terminal error is given.
- 12. If more than 20 AND/OR lines appear for one output record a terminal error is given.
- 13. If there are many AND/OR records a compile time error or prep time error could have occurred.
- 14. INnn on an RLABL resulted in a terminal error at compile time.
- 15. Bounds violation would sometimes occur while compiling an RPG program with input sequencing.

APL HP32105A.00.02

DATE CODE 1701, NOON105A.HP32105.SUPPORT

MISCELLANEOUS

- 1. APL requires in addition to the program file a set of PROMS mounted on the EIS board; this contains the extra instructions which APL executes. Without these instructions an unimplemented instruction error will result.
- 2. The update level for this version is 0 and the fix level is 02. There are no known bugs to this version.

EDITOR HP32201A.06.00

DATE CODE 1701, NOON201A.HP32201.SUPPORT

A. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. Attempting to TEXT a file created by a KEEPG command, or a K...... file, which was not created by the log-on user, will result in an error 94, CREATOR CONFLICT. Previously such files were either not closed, or purged. With this fix files are closed with a disposition of no change, so that such files remain intact, and are not purged.
- 2. Text files will now be opened initially with these AOPTIONS:

non no-wait (4:1)=0
non multi-access (6:1)=0
nobuf (7:1)=1 (to permit EDITOR deblocking, for speedier I/0)
default access (8:2)=0 (permits reading across groups and
accounts)
no dynamic locking (10:1)=0
multirecord access (11:1)=1 (to permit EDITOR deblocking)
read only access type (12:4)=0

The purpose of this is to permit access to files across accounts and groups, where security provisions permit. Formerly the ability to access across accounts and groups was also limited by the locking security provision, as implied by the exclusive access read option, (8:2)=2. Now security restrictions are explicit, so that when a group or account specifies read access to anyone, locking access will not be necessary in order to TEXT the file in the EDITOR.

- 3. LENGTH, RIGHT, and LEFT values are now retained with the work file, and files kept using a K[EEP]Q command. The effect of this change is that whenever such files are made into work files using the TEXT command the LEFT, RIGHT, and LENGTH values are restored to their previous actual value, rather than to a default setting.
- 4. BEGING or BG and BEGIN or B with QUIET set now have the same effect.
- 5. The method for computing the actual work file size has been corrected so that extremely large work files no longer require the use of the SET SIZE command. Some users wish to edit files of approximately twenty thousand (20,000) records. Files beyond four thousand (4,000) records still will be provided with an additional work space of two thousand (2,000) records as documented.

- 6. A warning message has been added to the KEEP command.
- 7. The prompting to enter a string to the Z::= command will now occur when the EDITOR is used interactively and when batch is not set.
- 8. GATHER ALL with a very large work file (over 18,000 lines) will no longer cause a file error.
- 9. Under special circumstances, not all occurrences of a string were found by the CHANGE command. This had occurred when only one line was to be changed, and the length of the replacement string was greater than the length of the string replaced.
- 10. Doing a TEXT on a file with over 172 but less than 256 bytes per record had caused a spurious warning message.
- 11. XPLAIN JOIN and XPLAIN J now give the same results.

B. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- Use of the CONTROL Y during a MODIFY is ambiguous: it may be interpreted to restart the MODIFY using the original line value; also, it may be interpreted to exit from the command.
- Re-setting the SIZE value may inhibit texting a file in its entirety.
- 3. Under special circumstances, a request to INSERT between lines previously created by INSERT can cause a file error.
- 4. If an INSERT runs out of line numbers between two preexisting lines, the character string being carried forward by INSERT is lost.
- 5. The value of LAST as a column position in a CHANGE command is derived from the current line BEFORE the CHANGE command was entered, rather than the line to which the CHANGE command is directed.
- 6. When Z:: is active, an "&" is interpreted as an END command.
- 7. XPLAIN ALL from a job will cause a file error.

DEL/3000 HP32206A.01.02 (FORMAINT) HP32206A.01.03 (LIBRARY PROCEDURES)

DATE CODE 1701, NOON206A.HP32206.SUPPORT

CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. The procedure GETFORM no longer generates an infinite series of form preamble sequences if the user buffer is less than 74 bytes long.
- The procedure EDITFIELD will now bypass edit specifications with no edit procedure name.
- 3. FORMAINT has been altered to allow any characters to be used in forming edit procedure names (including embedded blanks)
- 4. Word 37 of the DEL communications area is now used by GETFORM to control generation of form preamble escape sequences.

KSAM/3000 HP32208A.00.03

DATE CODE 1701, NOON208A.HP32208.SUPPORT

CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

When keyblocks are higher than 2 levels and use FFINDBYKEY with relop=1 or 2, the current record pointer might not point to the correct place in the file.

COMPILER LIBRARY HP32211D.00.05

DATE CODE 1701, NOON211D.HP32211.SUPPORT

A. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

If one used the TAB operator (Tnnn) in a FORTRAN FORMAT statement such that one tabbed backwards then forwards, but not to the end of the line, all data following the very last item entered was lost.

B. MISCELLANEOUS

This version of the COMPILER LIBPARY only supports four word long floating point operations.

FILE COPIER, HP32212A.1.03

DATE CODE 1701, NOON212A.HP32212.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- The previously announced enhancement for HP2644A terminals is for only to the HP3000 Series II because of dependencies upon enhancements to MPE in the file system.
- Character code conversion, E.G. between EBCDIC and ASCII, is processed through the use of the C'TRANSLATE system intrinsic to provide standardized conversion.
- With this version of FCOPY, KSAM access will be supported when implemented on a system. Existing users do not need to make any changes in the manner in which they use this product. This enhancement applies only when this product is used on an HP3000 Series II. Should this enhancement be used otherwise execution errors will occur.
- 4. KSAM use of FCOPY is as follows:
 - -a. The option "NOKSAM" means that a fromfile which is a KSAM file is not to be treated as such, but rather as a serial file.
 - b. The option "KEY=<KEYLOCATION>" means that a KSAM file is to be accessed using the key identified by a byte offset indicated by the value of <KEYLOCATION>.
 - Permissibile values of <KEYLOCATION> and their use are only greater than zero.
 - 2) A <KEYLOCATION> value of zero means that the KSAM fromfile is to be accessed in chronological order, that is, in the order in which the data has been entered. Note that this could be different from the physical order in a volatile file.
 - 3) A positive <KEYLOCATION> value means that the key beginning at the byte offset, as indicated when the KSAM file was created.
 - c. The absence of either "NOKSAM" or "KEY=<KEYLOCATION>" when used with a KSAM fromfile means that the file is to be accessed in primary key sequence.
- 5. The option "NEW" may not be used with KSAM fromfiles.
- 6. Use of the string or pattern "SUBSET" option is encouraged as an immediate means of retrieval.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- Use of the option SKIPEOF works properly for tape devices.
- Error message prompting in sessions is consistent with MPE.
- 3. Use of the IGNERR option now works properly.
- 4. FROM=\$NULL (which makes more sense in a file equation) no longer aborts the program.
- 5. The program now differentiates properly between the file reference *<FILENAME> and <FILENAME>.

COBOL HP32213C.01.02

DATE CODE 1701, NOON213C.HP32213C.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- i. Main program segments no longer have to begin at PB+0 in their respective segments.
- File specified in an FD entry can be locked/unlocked with the use of a new parameter on the \$CONTROL command and/or a new parameter in the SELECT clause:
 - a. \$CONTROL LOCKING allows all files to be locked/unlocked. The command may appear anywhere in the source program.
 - b. A ,L after the forms msg parameter in the SELECT clause will allow that particular file to be locked/unlocked.
 - c. If a SCONTROL LOCKING command is present, it will override any SELECT clauses without the locking parameter.

The following procedures have added to the COBOL Library in VERSION 4.05:

3. COBOLLOCK. This procedure has three parameters and may be called directly from a COBOL program to lock a file. The 2nd and 3rd parameters are both PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP. Parameter 1 is the file-name from the FD entry of the file to be locked. Parameter 2 corresponds to the lockcond parameter of the FLOCK intrinsic and Parameter 3 is used to return the condition code from FLOCK. It will be a =1 (CCL), 0 (CCE), or +1 (CCG).

4. COBOLUNLOCK. This procedure has two parameters and may be called directly from a COBOL program to unlock a file. The 1st parameter is the file-name from the FD entry of the file to be unlocked. The second parameter is a PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP item in which the condition code from FUNLOCK will be returned. The same condition code values as for COBOLLOCK apply.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. Level 77 entries with USAGE clauses were being erroneously detected as errors if the last group item in the File Section had a different USAGE clause.
- 2. If an Undefined Procedure Name error exceeded the limit of allowable errors, the procedure names would not be listed with the error message.
- The ASCII/Binary parameter of the SELECT clause did not work properly.
- 4. The construct IF condition THEN NEXT SENTENCE without an ELSE clause caused an Error 211--Undefined or Multiply Defined Internal Label.
- 5. An O1 Level REDEFINES clause in the Linkage Section did not always work properly.
- 6. Moving a table element to an alphanumeric edited item did not work.
- 7. A divide in a COMPUTE statement in which the divisor was an expression of more than one COMP item did not work properly.
- 8. A SORT statement nested within a conditional clause (such as an AT END clause) caused an Error 211--Undefined or Multiply Defined Internal Label.
- 9. A COPY statement did not always find the library.
- 10. Several problems with decimal point alignment in REMAINDERS were fixed.
- 11. Non-dynamic subprograms could not be put into an RL.
- 12. Moving a non-dynamic subprogram from the last segment in a USL file into another segment produced an Invalid Program File.
- 13. Compiling a subprogram with secondary entry points with names similar to the subprogram name into an existing USL file would not always inactivate previous secondary entry points.

- 14. Large subprograms with multiple parameters would sometimes cause the compiler to loop or abort.
- 15. A program with more than 1000 VALUE clauses would not PREP.
- 16. A PICTURE clause containing floating minus (or plus) signs to the right of the decimal point truncated the last digit.
- 17. A BLOCK CONTAINS n CHARACTERS clause without a RECORD CONTAINS clause did not compute the proper blocking factor.
- 18. Decimal point alignment was not performed on a move of a numeric literal item to a numeric item.
- 19. Moving a value to TALLY in a subprogram did not work.
- 20. A non-standard level number was not always handled properly. (Example: an 01 level followed by an 05 followed by an 02.)

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

A READ statement in which the file-name is omitted causes the compiler to abort.

SORT HP32214B.01.03

DATE CODE 1701, NOON214B.HP32214.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

The size of the scratch file used by a stand-alone sort will not be shown in the statistics at the end of the program.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

Pressing CONTROL-Y during a stand-alone sort before the first record had been read produced an improper status message. The message will now be either 0 records read or initialization phase.

IMAGE/3000 HP 32215A.04.02

DATE CODE 1701, NOON215A.HP32215.SUPPORT

ENHANCEMENTS

BIMAGE (the BASIC - IMAGE interface package) has been added to IMAGE as a supported product. BIMAGE permits IMAGE intrinsics to be called from BASIC programs. See the IMAGE manual (DEC. 1976) for documentation.

QUERY/3000 HP32216A.03.03

DATE CODE 1701, NOON216A.HP32216.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

The VERSION command now prints the current version, update and fix level of BIMAGE (the BASIC-IMAGE interface) in addition to all other IMAGE routines and program files.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

On data sets containing at least 65,536 records, certain forms of the FIND command could cause QUERY to abort with the following message:

ABORT: QUERY.PUB.SYS.%14.%3275
PROGRAM ERROR #1: INTEGER OVERFLOW

This condition has been corrected.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

QUERY does not accept a print position greater than 132 in a REPORT statement, even though the output is directed to a lineprinter configured to 136 characters. A temporary sollution is to issue the file command:

FILE OSLIST; REC = -136,1,F, ASCII

CROSS ASSEMBLER (XA2100) HP32223A.01.01

DATE CODE 1701, NOON223A.HP32223.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

The sequence number of the previous error has been added to the Pass 2 error messages.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. Floating point numbers were represented incorrectly when the Cross-Assembler was compiled on a Series II system.
- Equating the listfile to SNULL would cause the Cross Assembler to abort.
- 3. In the 21MX instructions which require two operands both of which are addresses, if the second operand was of the form "*+n", an incorrect address was generated. The instructions affected are: TBS, SBS, CBS, JRS.
- 4. If an EQU statement was used to equate a label to a symbol which was declared in an EXT statement, the label name appeared in an EXT record. This resulted in undefined externals at load time.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

The title which is specified in the HED statement is sometimes printed incorrectly.

PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER HP30301B.00.02

DATE CODE 1701, NOON301B.HP30301.SUPPORT

A. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

This version of the programmable controller is unchanged as far as the program modules are concerned: IOREMO, DNLDUSER, DNLDSYS, LINETEST, XRTCGEN, and the RTE relocatable binary modules. This date code was changed to maintain version compatibility with the SERIES I MIT tape distribution. The version level was changed from A.O.1 to A.O.2. The previous change in substance was MIT 1636. The INSTRUCT file has been updated. The MIT tape now includes all 5 USL files: U00U301B, U01U301B, U02U301B, U03U301B, and U04U301B. It also includes the 3 program files: P00P301B, P02P301B, and P04O301B.

B. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- 1. The APLDR provides a memory protect error at %1276 relative. It is caused by jumping to the NOP location at the beginning of a JSB routine instead of (NOP+1) location. This was caused by compiling APLDR source without the MO5M301B file.
- 2. The APLDR produces a memory protect error when the Privileged Interrupt board is required. This problem is still under investigation.
- 3. Changes to make the Cross Loader more efficient require fixed length records. These files are not compatible with the DNLDSYS and DNLDUSER, in their present form. A workaround is possible by overriding the Crossloader Output file --:FILE FILENAME; REC=60,1,V,BINARY; DEV=DISC.

C. MISCELLANEOUS

- 1. DNLDUSER was changed in MIT 1636. It was modified to transmit only the significant words in an absolute record, rather than the actual number of words in the record. This was done by using the length in the left 8 bits of the first word and adding three. NOTE: the XL2100 HP32226A.02.00 DATECODE 1636 or subsequent versions must be used.
- 2. XRTCGEN was changed in MIT 1636. The interrupt table was not being handled correctly when a Power Fail routine was included as any entry but the last one.

Type 7 utility subroutines were not being appended to each program which called them. They were being loaded only once. This was corrected with the addition of two new commands: LOCKSYS and CLEARPROG. When a type 7 routine is referenced by a program it is append-ed to the program. CLEARPROG then clears out the program and entry points. A subsequent program which references the same routine results in the appending the subroutine again. The change requires the use of XL2100A.02.00 or later. Earlier versions will abort with an invalid command message.

DIAGNOSTICS HP32230A

DATE CODE 1701, NOON230A.HP32230.SUPPORT

I. MAGNETIC TAPES ASSOCIATED WITH HP32230A

Source	32230-1X001
Maintenance	32230-1X002
CPU Coldload	30000-1X016
NON-CPU C/L	30000-1X017

II. MANUALS ASSOCIATED WITH HP32230A

32230=60001 32230=60002

III. CPU DIAGNOSTICS 30000-1X016, DATE CODE 1623

SECTION	NAME	PEAEP
1	PD420A	01.00
2	PD420A1	01.00
3	PD420A2	01.00
4	PD420A3	01.00
5	PD420A4	01.00
6	PD420A5	01.00
7	PD420A6	01.00
8	PD420A7	01.00
9	PD420A8	01.00
10	PD420A9	01.00
11	PD420A10	01.00
12	PD420A11	01.00
13	PD420A12	01.00
14	PD420A13	01.00

IV. STAND-ALONE DIAGNOSTICS 30000-1X017, DATE CODE 1701

A. DIAGNOSTICS CHANGED

DIAGNOSTIC NAME	NAME	LEVEL	OCTAL FILE #
SLEUTH	PD411A	01.00	(01)
SDUPII	PD417A	01.00	(" -)
*CART DISC-7905A	PD419A	01.03	(02)
MEMORY PATTERN	PD421A	01.00	(03)
MULTIPLEXOR CHAN	PD422A	01.00	(04)
DISC FILE-2888A	PD423A	01.00	(05)
CART DISC-7900A	PD424A	01.00	(06)
SYSTEM CLOCK	PD425A	01.00	(07)
TERMINAL DATA	PD427A	01.00	(10)

FIXED HEAD DISC	PD428A	01.00	(11)
SELECTER CHAN	PD429A	01.00	(12)
*FAULT CORRECTING MEM.	PD430A	01.01	(13)
EXTENDED INSTRUC SET	PD431A	01.00	(14)
MAGNETIC TAPE	PD433A	01.00	(15)
*SSCL INTERFACE	PD434A	01.01	(16)
UI DIAG	PD435A	01.00	(17)
TERMINAL CONTROL	PD438A	01.00	(20)
CALCOMP PLOTTER	PD439A	01.01	(21)

*UPDATED/CHANGED in this MIT

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

1. STAND ALONE DISC DIAGNOSTIC.

In step 23, the checking for the new and old version of microcode was not the same as listing of error message for the sector address. The bug was fixed.

2. STAND ALONE FAULT CORRECTING MEMORY DIAGNOSTIC.

The problem in PROCEDURE WRIT'READ called by steps 11,12,14 and 15 in section 3 was fixed. The problem appeared when more than 2 full banks were executed.

3. STAND ALONE SSLC INTERFACE DIAGNOSTIC.

STEP 54 was modified to initialize the 30055 board to 2400 baud. This was necessary due to a change of vendor of the 1820-0834 chip (U91 and U136).

V. ONLINE DIAGNOSTICS

NAME	LEVEL
PD465A	01.00
PD466A	01.00
PD469A	01.00
PD475A	01.00
PD477A	01.00
PD478A	01.00
	01.00
PD480A	00.00
	PD465A PD466A PD469A PD475A PD477A PD478A PD479A

SERIES II 1709 SOFTWARE UPDATE

MULTIPROGRAMMING EXECUTIVE OPERATING SYSTEM SERIES II

CONTENTS OF M.I.T. DATE CODE 1709

				
PRUDUCT Name	PRODUCT NUMBER	LEVEL	DATE	SUPPORT ACCOUNT FILE CONTAINING CHANGES
*MPE	32002A	01.01	1709	N00N002A.HP32002
*SPL	32100A	06.04	1709	NOON100A.HP32100
*BASIC	32101B	00.06	1709	NOON101B.HP32101
*FORTRAN	32102B	00.07	1709	NOON102B.HP32102
*BASIC COMPILER	32103B	00.04	1709	NOON103B.HP32103
*RPG	32104A	03.04	1709	NOON104A.HP32104
*APL/3000	32105A	00.03	1709	NOON105A.HP32105
*DS/3000	32190A	00.00	1709	NOON190A.HP32190
BUILDINT	32150A	03.01	1619	
*EDITOP	32201A	06.01	1709	NOON201A.HP32201
SCIENTIFIC LIBRARY	32205B	00.01	1634	
*DEL/3000	32206A	01.03	1709	NOON206A.HP32206
*KSAM/3000	32208A	00.04	1709	NOON208A.HP32208
COMPILER LIBRARY	32211D	00.05	1701	
*FCOPY	32212A	01.04	1709	NOON212A.HP32212
*COBOL	32213C	01.04	1709	NOON213C.HP32213
*SORT/MERGE	32214B	01.04	1709	NOON214B.HP32214
*IMAGE	32215A	04.03	1709	NOON215A.HP32215
*QUERY	32216A	03.04	1709	NOON216A.HP32216
*TRACE	32222A	03.01	1709	NOON222A.HP32222
*XA2100	32223A	01.02	1709	NOON223A.HP32223
XL2100	32226A	02.00	1636	
PROG CONTROLLER	30361B	00.00	1621	
30300B/30361B-BCS				
PROG CONTROLLER	30361B=1	00.02	1701	
30301B/30361B-1-RTE				
*RJE 2780/3780	30130C	00.03	1709	NOON130C.HP30130
CALCOMP PLOTTER	30126A	00.01	1640	
*DIAGNOSTICS	32230A		1709	NOON230A.HP32230

^{*}UPDATED/CHANGED IN THIS MIT

MPE HP32002A.01.01

DATE CODE 1709, NOONOO2A.HP32002.SUPPORT

I. MPE 32002A.01.01

A. MODULES MODIFIED A.01.XX

MODULE						CHA	NGE	ні	STO	RY				- /	
NAME	NAME NO						A.0	1 . X	Х						
NAME INITIAL SYSDUMP SEGPROC SEGDVR DISPATCH LOAD UCOP DEVREC PROGEN ININ MEMLOGP LOG IOPTROO IOPTROO IOPTROO IOPTROO IOFDISCO IOTAPEO IOTAPEO IOCDRDO IOTERMO IOPRNO IOPRNO IOPRNO IOPRNO IOPRNO IOPRNO IOPRNO IOPRNO IOPRNO IOREMO IOMDISC1 PFAIL FILESYS COMM'INT	012345789101121314516178902245273051	1 X X X X X X	2	3	4	5					10	11	12	13	14
STORE/RESTORE DIRC ALLOCATE DISCSPC	52 53 54 55	x x													
MMCORER MMDISKR ABORTRAP MESSAGE CROUTINE	56 57 58 59 60	X X X													
CLOCKIO NRIO PCREATE	61 62 63	x x													

MORGUE	1641	X I
PROCMAIL	65	1
PINT	66	Х
DATASEG	67	X
CRIO	68	X
CHECKER	69	1
UTILITY	70	X
SEGUTIL	71	Ť
LOADER1	72	- 1
RINS	73	- 1
JOBTABLE	74	X
DEBUG	75	
NURSERY	76	
STKDUMP	77	
FIRMWARESIM	78	
SPOOLING	79	X
SPOOLCOMS	80	Χİ
MESSAGE CAT		

B. ENHANCEMENTS

1. Four new terminal subtypes have been introduced. The new subtypes, 4 through 7, are equivalent respectively to subtypes 0 through 3 with the exception that NO speed sensing will be performed.

For these new subtypes, the speed will be determined by the speed specified in SYSDUMP's configuration dialogue. INITIAL and SYSDUMP have been modified to insure that a speed is specified in the configuration dialogue for any terminal with a subtype greater than 3.

SUBTYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Hardwired, speed sensing
1	103 modem, speed sensing
2	202 modem, speed sensing
3	European modem, speed sensing
4	Hardwired, speed specified
5	103 modem, speed specified
6	202 modem, speed specified
7	European modem, speed specified

These new subtypes are designed to be used in a situation where the terminal or modem may be expected to present a steady BREAK when for instance the power is off. The steady BREAK would otherwise disrupt speed sensing for other devices on the controller.

CAUTION- once a subtype of 4 through 7 is used, it must be deconfigured to UPDATE with a system prior to MPE 01.01. If this is not done, the system will crash with a SF 201.

C. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. SPOOLING has been modified to correct a problem in streaming a job where S-DB>16K.
- 2. SPOOLCOMS was modified to return the correct error number to CI if the STREAM failed for some reason.
- 3. MMCORER was modified to correct a situation where disc IOQ's could get destroyed. This resolves the SF 127 failures that have been reported.
- 4.a. INITIAL will now output "OUT OF MEMORY" if it runs out of BANK O when creating system processes.
 - b. INITIAL will now restart SUSPENDED jobs after a WARMSTART as it is supposed to do.
- 5. SYSDUMP has been modified to correct:
 - a. A problem of not cleaning up the LPDT before I/O configuration changes.
 - b. A problem of perpetual looping in the "DELETE ADDITIONAL DRIVER" dialog.
 - c. A problem which caused an ABORT if a carriage return was used as input to the "MESSAGE CATALOG FILE NAME".
 - d. The default values.
- 6. COMMAND has been corrected to set ERROR to 0 if no error has occured. Another problem was corrected which wouldn't allow a BASIC program to be executed from a JOB.
- 7.a. IOTERMO was corrected to return the correct sense of echo in enable and disable echo FCONTROLS.
 - b. Parity and lost data errors will now be logged properly.
 The previous test wouldn't get these errors logged.
- 8. ININ was modified to correctly execute paired stack ops.
 Before this modification, the left half of the pair was
 being re-executed if a stack overflow occured while a paired
 stack op instruction was being executed.
- 9.a. A carrier fail counter has been added to CRIO for modem operation. If carrier fails more than 50 times without a successful I/O completion, then a disconnect is requested.
 - b. CRIO now saves and restores read data parity during write back of first character for term type=11.

- 10. A bug was corrected in ALLOCATE that was causing SF 366's. This problem occurred most often when the console operator was changing the output fence in order to control SPOOLED output files.
- 11.a. The file system will now provide an error message(ERR 8) when the record size exceeds 16383 words.
 - b. \$STDINX will now be accepted as a formal designator.
- 12. NRIO has been corrected to default to odd parity for terminals on initialization of the system as well as new sessions.
- 13. JOBTABLE has been modified to pick up the LDEV info properly from JMAT. This resolves a problem introduced in the 1701 MIT that would cause a SF 206. JOBTABLE was modified to correct another problem which caused spurious clobbering of JMAT which in turn wouldn't allow a power fail to recover automatically.
- 14. IOTAPEO has been modified to dynamically test for BOT and the DIT logical BOT word. If not both then a rewind can occur.
- 15. CREATE has been modified to make a process CRITICAL if it's delayed on the Timer Request List. This fix prevents loss of the TRL entries if the process is aborted before the full time delay has occured.
- 16. GETPROCID has been corrected to return the PIN of the first SON if the parameter passed is <= 0 as stated in the manual.
- 17. PAUSE now returns CCG if a Timer Request List entry is not available. Prior to this fix, a SF 25 would occur.
- 18. CLOCKIO has been modified to properly report a SF 3 instead of a SF 25 when no TRL entries are available.
- 19. PROGEN now starts RESTARTable JOBS after a warmstart as described in the manual.
- 20. MMDISKER has been corrected to alleviate a situation that can cause the overlaying of a segment being used by a process being prepped. This fix should clear up some of the mysterious/unresolved dumps we have seen where memory links have been destroyed, etc.

D. DOCUMENTATION CHANGES

Several minor changes have been input to the SYSTEM MANAGER, SYSTEM SUPERVISOR, and INTRINSIC manuals.

E. KNOWN PROBLEMS

1. SYSTEM FAILURE TYPE

No known failures of this type.

- 2. FUNCTIONAL FAILURE TYPE
 - a. A session with an outstanding READ cannot be aborted until reception of a carriage return.
 - b. Saving a large file with SADUTIL doesn't seem to work.
 - c. When logical records, plus overhead (byte count and EOBLOCK word) fit the computed block size exactly, the last record is written into the next block, thus wasting some space in the current block.
 - d. A session logging on with HIPRI can be logged off under certain conditions. You shouldn't be able to do this.
 - e. Executing a FORTRAN program using the command intrinsic with no CR at the end causes a SF311.
 - f. A call to XARITRAP with MASK=0 does not return CCG to indicate traps disabled.

F. MISCELLANEOUS

- 1. A new system failure(202) has been added in CRIO in an attempt to catch an illegal TBUFF return. One of our customers has reported a problem in this area. If anyone gets this SYSTEM FAILUPE please get a dump and report it immediately.
- 2. There are two new files in the PUB group of the SYS account. The first is a STREAM job file to help you give us all the information we at HEWLETT-PACKARD need to help you with your MPE problems. The second is a program file which will produce Software Maintenance Request forms for you to report subsystem problems and enhancements.

The first file (STREAM job) is called "DUMPJOB." It will:

- a. Generate a Software Maintenance Request form.
- b. Obtain a copy of the loadmap from the file "LOADMAP" in the PUB group of the SYS account. This is an absolute "must" item for anyone attempting to analyze a system dump listing.

- c. Obtain a copy of your system I/O configuration by doing a "SYSDUMP" to a null device (SNULL). This particular program will then "ABORT" after obtaining the I/O listing. Please note that this section of the program will abort as part of its normal operation.
- d. Run DPAN2.PUB.SYS to obtain a listing of the dump of your problem on the HP3000 SERIES II.

CAUTION-If the dump to be taken using this STREAM file was not physically taken on the host machine, the LOADMAP and I/O configuration generated will be incorrect. Please insure proper administrative measures to assure that the LOADMAP and I/O configuration are the correct ones for the dump in question.

This STREAMEd job logs onto the account SYS using the MANAGER user. It is important to remember to remove passwords from this account/user or to modify the STREAM file "DUMPJOB" using the EDITOR subsystem.

The second file (program file) is called "FORMGEN." This program will generate twenty copies of the Software Maintenance Request form for your use to report subsystem problems and enhancements. The program output is automatically directed to a line printer in the device classs "LP." The output can be directed to another list device by using the formal file designator "LIST." For example:

:FILE LIST: DEV=\$STDLIST

The above example would direct output to the session/job output device which could be a hardcopy terminal.

We hope that the use of these two files will simplify your procedures for reporting problems to HEWLETT-PACKARD.

II. SUPPORTED UTILITIES

A. UTILITIES MODIFIED A.01.XX

UTILITY				СН	ANG	E H	IST	ORY	Α,	01.	ХХ			
DISKEDT2 DPAN2 FREE2 LISTDIR2 LISTEQ2 LISTLOG2 PATCH2 MEMLOGAN MEMTIME SADUTIL SLPATCH SPOOK RECOVER2	01 X X X X X X X X	 	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14

B. ENHANCEMENTS

- LISTEQ2 has been enhanced to print up to 96 file equations. This increases the limit from about 24.
- 2. LISTLOG2 now runs in batch as well as session mode.
- 3. All of the SUPPORTED UTILITY modules have been modified to output a COPYWRITE statement. They will also identify their fix level now.
- 4. DPAN2 has been enhanced to issue a rewind to the mag tape prior to attempting to read it. This will also make DPAN2 more compatible to DPAN on the CX.

C. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- LISTLOG2 has been modified to output the LOGON queue from the LOGON record.
- 2. DPAN2 has been corrected to eliminate all reported occurences of INTEGER OVERFLOW as well as correcting the problem of printing the correct BANK and page number.

D. KNOWN PROBLEMS

RECOVER2 will not recover any files with privileged file code. In particular, DATA BASE files created through

IMAGE cannot be recovered. Until this is fixed, ensure that historical backup of these files is done operationally at regular intervals.

SPL HP32100A.06.04

DATE CODE 1709, NOON100A.HP32100.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- 1. A running count of the error and warning number is output with each error or warning respectively.
- 2. An EDITOR QUICK file may be used as the TEXT or MASTER (or both).
- 3. The execution times of the SERIES II will be listed when the INNERLIST option is specified on a SERIES II.
- 4. If the \$NULL option is chosen for the LIST file then no call to FWRITE will be made to the LIST file. Error and warning messages will be listed to \$STDLIST along with the compilation summary in this case.
- 5. If the USL file exhausts the available directory space then a call is made to ADJUSTUSLF so that the directory portion of the USL file is enlarged. If the end of file is encountered while writing to the USL file then a call is made to EXPANDUSLF to increase the size of the file. Heretofore the compilation was terminated with the error message "USL OVERFLOW".

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- The number of warnings was incorrect as output to the \$STDLIST file if the LIST file was not \$STDLIST. The count was truncated by one digit on the right. This has been corrected.
- The USL file was opened with 400 sectors even if it was specified to be of larger size in a FILE command. The USL file is now opened with the size specified.
- 3. A procedure using the INTERRUPT option caused the USL file to be unusable. This has been corrected.
- 4. If the absolute value of a LONG variable is stored into another LONG variable the code for storing into the second variable was missing. This has been corrected.

- 5. A double quote ("") in a DEFINE declaration was erroneously compressed into a single quote which resulted in an invocation error. Double quotes are no longer compressed in DEFINE declarations and are compressed only when the DEFINE is invoked.
- 6. S-relative addressing was incorrect when a REAL variable was converted to a LONG variable. This has been corrected.
- 7. If a procedure call is made to another procedure which is option VARIABLE and there are 16 parameters the first of which is present then the mask word was incorrect. This has been corrected.
- 8. A missing semicolon following a statement within a CASE statement was not detected as an error. This has been corrected.
- 9. A compare range and branch instruction nested in a set of OR operators resulted in executing the conditional statement under the wrong conditions. This has been corrected.
- 10. Superfluous left parentheses within the boolean expression in a conditional statement were not flagged as errors. This has been corrected.
- 11. An EXTERNAL variable used as the loop variable in a FOR statement resulted in an incorrect address assignment for that variable. This has been corrected.
- 12. A MOVE WHILE statement using a PB-relative array as the source was undetected as an error condition. This has been corrected. (There is no PB option for this instruction.)
- 13. The index calculation in a MOVE statement was incorrect if the array used was of type LONG. This has been corrected.
- 14. An array declaration using a PB array for a reference resulted in an erroneous ADR line of output. This has been corrected.
- 15. An error occurring in a DEFINE declaration could cause the remaining source records to be flushed. This has been corrected.
- 16. The instructions "MABS", "MFDS", "MTDS", and "MDS" have an allowable maximum SDEC field of 7. The previous version of SPL did not allow the maximum to be used in an ASSEMBLE statement. This version does.

- 17. S relative addressing was incorrect when intrinsics with value long parameters were used. This has been corrected.
- 18. A secondary entry point in a procedure was not ceased during a recompilation of that procedure into a USL file when the procedure name and the entry name were hashed into the same bucket. This has been corrected.
- 19. Heretofore, an OWN LONG POINTER declaration was flagged as an error. This is no longer the case.
- 20. A negative constant used as an index to a long variable resulted in a positive index. This has been corrected.
- 21. A byte array which was initialized with a list of constants which exceeded 2038 bytes caused an extraneous word to be inserted into the array. This has been corrected.
- 22. An error during an attempt to close a file caused the compiler to loop. This has been corrected.
- 23. Dynamic bounds for a long array resulted in erroneous code generation for allocating the array. This has been corrected.

BASIC INTERPRETER, HP32101B.00.06

DATE CODE 1709, NOON101B.HP32101.SUPPORT

A. CORRECTED SOFTWARE CHANGES

The "prep-time" error message "INCOMPATIBLE DIMENSIONALITY IN USER FUNCTION REFERENCE" subsequently caused anomalous results when the error occurred in a program which had been named (via the NAME or GET command).

B. KNOWN PROBLEMS

BASIC aborts with a stack underflow when control-y is typed in certain circumstances. This occurs most often when printing the FREQ table. This sometimes arises when INVOKing or using the ABORT, CALLS or FILES commands in BREAK-mode. [BR #1396].

Work-around (for BREAK-mode commands): Type control-y and set a BREAK at the next statement to be executed. Then enter the GO or RESUME command. When you break at that statement, it will then be safe to use any BREAK-mode commands.

FORTRAN HP32102B.00.07

DATE CODE 1709, NOON102B.HP32102.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- 1. Addresses in the symbol MAP will be octal addresses (preceded by a '%') instead of decimal. This was changed so as to facilitate debugging since code and stack dumps are represented in octal.
- 2. Error #50 has been changed from

"PROGRAM UNIT ABORTED -- OUT OF SPACE"

to

"PROGRAM UNIT ABORIED -- MORE DL-DB SPACE NOT AVAILABLE"

This message is given when the compiler tries to expand its DL to DB area of the stack, which is used for the symbol table and other necessary tables and buffers, but was not able to obtain this additional main memory due to the current system environment.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- A cross reference was not produced when there was an error in the compile. In this version a cross reference will always be made if specified.
- FORTRAN did not recognize a function which was typed INTEGER*4.
- 3. The sequence

\$CONTROL FILE = nn (or nn-nn)
Block Data
Main Code

did not cause the logical units specified by "FILE =" to be entered into the Fortran Logical Unit Table (FLUT). This problem occurred because the buffer which contains this information is re-initialized to zeros at the beginning of each program unit. Since the Block Data subprogram is not able to specify the contents of this buffer in the USL file, this information was lost. In this version of FORTRAN the Logical Unit Table buffer is not re-initialized if the previous program unit was Block Data.

- 4. Passing an array of type other than INTEGER or LOGICAL at a primary entry point, but not the secondary entry point, resulted in a bounds violation when the program was executed. When this parameter is an array, FORTRAN modifies this address for internal reasons. A mistake was made in handling this particular case.
- 5. Type conversion from COMPLEX to INTEGER*4 resulted in incorrect code.

C. DOCUMENTATION CHANGES

1. All data types other than CHARACTER are stored in multiples of whole 16-bit computer words. CHARACTER values are stored in multiples of 8-bits (two 8-bit characters (bytes) per word). Addresses will be octal word addresses except for the type CHARACTER which will have an octal byte address (since CHARACTER values do not necessarily start on word boundaries).

Variables which are contained in a COMMON block will show addresses in the symbol MAP which are relative to the beginning of that COMMON block (since the DB relative location will not be determined until PREP time).

- 2. If dynamic array bounds are used in a subprogram which contains secondary entry points, the dynamic bounds must be passed in each entry point even though the code being executed does not access the array. This is because the space must be allocated for the array even if it is not used. Since the compiler does not check to make sure the bounds are passed at each entry point, failure to do so causes the program to abort with a bounds violation. The violation appears in the subprogram's initialization code when the calling program makes an entry at one of the points that does not include the necessary dynamic bounds variables.
- 3. A FORTRAN/3000 subroutine containing a Trap statement may not be added to the System Library since the trap handling mechanism requires a special COMMON to store the external label of the called subroutine (plabel).
- 4. It is important to note that FORTRAN types CHARACTER and COMPLEX are not the same as SPL types BYTE and TWO ELEMENT REAL ARRAY but the correspondence is possible since the compilers implement such types similarly. When passing parameters requiring the correspondence of CHARACTER to BYTE or COMPLEX to TWO ELEMENT REAL ARRAY from a FORTRAN procedure to an SPL procedure, do not use OPTION CHECK 3 in the called SPL procedure. This option directs the Segmenter to check the procedure type, number of

parameters, and type of each parameter for exact correspondence. Since the types COMPLEX and CHARACTER are not available in SPL, the use of OPTION CHECK 3 results in a segmenter error. To avoid this problem use a CHECK number of 2 or less.

D. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- The displacement within a COMMON block for an INTEGER*4
 or DOUBLE PRECISION array is not computed correctly in
 the symbol map.
- 2. Incorrect code is generated if an input or output statement (i.e. read, write, accept, display) is given as an argument an expression containing a substring designator for a character variable which contains another character variable or character string. Example:

DISPLAY CH[1:INDEX(CH, ")]

does not work properly.

 It appears that CROSSREF ALL may cause a very large compile to abort.

BASIC COMPILER, HP32103B.00.04

DATE CODE 1709, NOON103B, HP32103, SUPPORT

A. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- When a parameter in a CALL was an integral constant, the corresponding descriptor indicated that an integer was passed when, in fact, a real number is passed.
- When a simple string variable without a substring designator, "(*)", appeared in the call to a user-defined function or CALL'ed routine the string was sometimes passed by-value instead of by reference depending on the statements immediately preceding the call.
- 3. A "bounds violation" run-time abort resulted if the array in a MAT NUL\$ statement within a user-defined function corresponded to a function parameter which was not in COMmon.
- 4. Incorrect results or a run-time abort occurred when executing a MAT Scalar Multiply statement in which the scalar expression consisted of a simple or subscripted REAL variable and the array was type-LONG.

- 5. Anomalous results or a run-time abort occurred when executing a call to a user-defined function in some cases. The problem arose when the call was within another user-defined function which appeared in the program source after the function being called. Incorrect code was generated only when certain boundary conditions were detected at compile-time.
- 6. Anomalous results sometimes occurred when the branch to the label on a string-to-numeric CONVERT statement was taken; a common symptom might be incorrect execution of an enclosing FOR-loop In particular, the branch:
 - a. failed to properly exit an enclosing FOR-loop if the label was outside the FOR-loop
 - b. failed to properly clean-up if the string was a string expression.
- 7. Anomalous results or run-time errors occurred when executing very complicated AND-OR conditional expressions in IF statements The problem arose only when rare boundary conditions were detected at compile-time.
- 8. TYP(0) returned 5 (integer) for integral constants rather than 1 (real).
- 9. A run-time abort due to an integer overflow resulted for some string array references where the subscript was a non-constant. The problem arose when the subscript multiplied by the element size (in bytes) exceeded 32767.
- 10. The compiler aborted with a bounds violation when compiling a MAT PRINT USING statement which contained a string array item and in which the format was specified by a string expression.
- 11. Due to recent changes in MPE, executing a SYSTEM statement containing a literal string command image resulted in spurious MPE command errors.
- 12. A spurious run-time error (#86) resulted in some cases when an ASSIGN opened a file for a reserved file position ("*" in the FILES statement). The error arose when the Global File Number of the file position had previously been assigned to a linked file ("#<integer>" in the FILES statement). This might occur only when the INVOKE statement was used.

B. KNOWN PROBLEMS

1. When the base is type-REAL and the power is a type-LONG constant representable as an integer (eg., 9**(-2L0)), single-precision rather than double-precision arithmetic is performed. [BR #2007]

Work-around: replace type-LONG constant power with a variable

- 2. The unary-minus operator preceding a constant is not always handled correctly. This causes the following two incorrect results (where "x" is a constant and "y" is any variable, constant or expression):
 - a. "-x MOD y" is evaluated as "(-x) MOD y" instead of
 "-(x MOD y)"
 - b. "-x**y" is evaluated as "(-x)**y" instead of "-(x**y)". [BR #2008]

Work-around: Fully parenthesize expression.

3. Incorrect code is generated for I/O FOR-loops with a constant negative one STEP size. [BR #6006]

Work-around: Replace the constant STEP size with a variable.

4. Incorrect code is generated for a FOR-loop enclosing both an ONEND statement with a destination within the loop and a GOTO statement with a destination outside the loop. This will cause spurious run-time aborts if an end-of-file is detected while inside the FOR-loop.

Work-around: Place a superfluous GOTO outside the FOR-loop with a destination inside the loop. The GOTO statement itself is not intended to be executed.

- 5. Lower-case characters are not recognized as format specifiers in PRINT USING format string expressions.
- 6. A bounds violation or other anomalous results occur when a user-defined function is used in a subscript expression on a left-hand side of a LET statement. For example:

X(FNA(Y))=10

Work-around: Eliminate the reference to the user-defined function in the subscript expression by evaluating it in a preceding statement. For example:

Z=FNA(Y)X(Z)=10

C. MISCELLANEOUS

Version HP32103B.00.03 was skipped due to a problem which was introduced in that version and was fixed subsequently just prior to this release.

RPG SUBSYSTEM HP32104A.03.04

DATE CODE 1709, NOON104A.HP32104.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

 Programs using System/3 line skipping may now line up channel one with line one. RPG will assume it is starting at line 1 instead of line 6 if a 1 is put in column 53 of the header record. (This is the column an L had been put in previously).

A 1 in column 53 of the header record indicates System/3 type line counting starting at line 1.

The RPG compiler loads and stores the line number for each statement it executes, so that when a run time error appears RPG can inform the user where the error occurred. If this feature is not needed in a program the user can save up to 30% of code space (resulting in faster execution, especially of large programs) by entering an N in column 20 of the header record.

An N in column 20 of the header record indicates that statement numbers will bot be available during program execution.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- An extra byte was blanked out if edit code required a zero field to be printed as blanks.
- Output files were opened as outkeep causing regular files not to be rewound and RSAM files a problem with file sharing.
- 3. Very large programs (over 1000 symbols) cuased bounds violation when loading compile time arrays.

- 4. Variable array indices defined after they were used caused bounds violation when loading compile time arrays.
- 5. When alternating tables/arrays were not voth tables or arrays, no message was given. This is now a fatal error (537).
- 6. With very large programs the cross reference could have aborted with a bounds violation.
- 7. Skip after to current line at total time when current line was overflow line resulted in RPG adding two blank lines and not counting them.
- 8. Computation of an array index in internal subroutine before use sometimes caused wrong index to be returned or bounds violation.
- 9. Processing an IMAGE DS sequentially between limits and the limit specified in the RAF were OUTSIDE THE ENDS of the dummy chain caused all DS records in the chain to be mistakenly accepted (for both forward and backward sequential reads).

C. DOCUMENTATION CHANGES

The second edition of the RPG/3000 manual is now available. This new edition includes many of the new features of RPG added since the last edition. These features include KSAM/3000 and RSAM/3000, partial field translation, locking and unlocking shared files to control access, file-sharing, and features to allow increased compatibility with System/3 RPG II. It is recommended that all users of RPG/3000 obtain a copy of this new edition for their reference.

APL HP32105A.0.03

DATE CODE 1709, NOON105A.HP32105.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- Changes have been made to the file system access to make it faster.
- Scan has been greatly speeded up for plus, minus, times divide, MAX, MIN, AND and OR.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- i. The ability to suspend APL by hitting the BREAK key has been disabled. Use the)MPE command to switch from APL to MPE. This was done since on most APL systems the break key is used to suspend an APL function. APL\3000 uses control Y.
- 2. Setting)DEPTH to a value greater than 1092 would abort APL in version .02. This is fixed.
- 3. There was a bug in the interrupt handler which put APL into a special debug mode indicated by a '>' being typed out if eleven control Ys were hit. This was fixed and the system was modified so that, after twenty control Y signals in a row, APL will save the 'A' file and restart. Hopefully, it will be 'impossible' to get in twenty control Ys before APL responds with an interrupt, Please file a bug report if this happens. It will be necessary to)COPY the 'A' file to recover the workspace.
- 4. During an initialization of APL one of the microinstructions is executed. This will cause APL to imediately abort rather than generating an extraneous 'A' file before aborting in the case that the APL microcode is not installed.
- 5. A problem with workspace initialization was fixed. This problem appeared when a workspace overflowed and was copied into a larger file.
- 6. Some data variables were being shared when they should have been covered by parameter passing in a function call. This is fixed.
- 7. The definition of []WA has been changed. It gives the number of bytes used by the current workspace, not the amount of workspace left. It was felt that the standard definition of []WA had little meaning with a virtual workspace, whereas telling the user the size of the workspace file did convey some useful information.
- 8. Functions which had a large proportion of comments could put APL in an infinite loop upon ENDing an EDIT or using []FX. This was fixed.
- 9. If an argument to []CR was longer than 128 characters a "bounds violation" would result. This no longer happens.
- 10. If a ")" command was given as a response to QUAD input the system would try to execute it without much success. Now, inputting one of these ")" commands will cause an error message with no effect on APL.

11. The following problems have been corrected, and are listed in operator order.

a. Scalar dyadic

- 1) 0?0 created a problem which later could cause APL to abort. This has been fixed.)COPY workspaces where 0?0 may have been executed.
- 2) Arithmetic Progression Vector times 0 caused an infinite loop.(i.e. 0 TIMES jota 10)
- 3) Scalar dyadic operator on beaten APV expression caused an infinite loop. Example: 0 MAX (complex beaten APV expression)
- 4) Scalar dyadic operator on logical/integer expression combination occasionally gave bad answers (all zeros or ones) Example:(logical expression) minus (integer expression)

b. REDUCTION and SCAN

- Multiple reductions in an expression sometimes produced bad results on re-execution. Example:+/+/(expression)...second time.
- 2) Logical operator reduction over complex beaten subscript expression gave wrong answers. Example: OR/(subscript expression) AND (subscript expression)
- 3) Reduction over logical expression involving reduction gave wrong answers. Example: +/0 1 TIMES +/(expresssion)

c. DECODE

Beaten expressions involving decode gave wrong answers unless a temporary assignment was used.

d. OUTER PRODUCT

+/[1]outer product aborted APL when the matrix was too large. Two fixes were made. One which increase the size of the arguments allowed in the outer product. The other which catches the size error and returns a message rather than aborting APL.

e. REVERSAL

The reversal of some beaten large expressions aborted APL. Example: REVERSE RHO(very large rank 3 expression)

f. TAKE

1) First time: >1 TAKE unit; second time: 0 TAKE of unit caused infinite loop on second execution.

Example: Function with N TAKE 7..First N is 3, then N changes to 0.

2) TAKE where the number of resulting elements was >=32767 aborted APL. This no longer happens.

g. CONCATENATE and LAMINATE

CATENATE and LAMINATE of Arithmetic Progression Vectors aborted APL. Example: APV, [.5]APV

LAMINATE where either argument was scalar or a single element array gave incorrect results or aborted APL.

CATENATE where the total number of resulting elements was >32767 aborted APL. An error message now results.

h. EXPAND

The expansion of a complex beaten expression involing reversal sometimes gave incorrect answers. Example: 1 0 1\2 TAKE REVERSAL (expression)

i. APLGOL

Very long constant vectors or comments would cause a bounds violation. This was fixed.

Using calculator mode, QUAD input or EXECUTE in)LANG APLGOL caused problems which eventually lead to a system error. Workspaces with APLGOL functions or in which APLGOL may have been used in calculator mode should be)COPY'ed.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- Function LOCKing is not yet implemented.
- File LOCKing does not work.

D. MISCELLANEOUS

In addition to the program file, APL requires a set of PROMS mounted on the EIS board. This contains the extra instructions which APL executes. Without these instructions an unimplemented instruction error will result.

The following two items are helpful definitions:

- 1. Arithmetic Progression Vector (APV) == The data structure used to represent simple integer vectors. It consists of three integers == start, increment and length.
- Beaten Expression -- An expression for which the code was optimized by the compiler. Take, DROP, REVERSAL, TRANSPOSE, SUBSCRIPT are some functions which are beaten.

The following are suspected bugs:

- 3. Some possible problems have been observed in or related to, the following two items, but not enough evidence has been gathered for verification. We would appreciate your observations on:
 - a. Setting []VM to an illegally large number of pages.
 - b. Loss of control Y.

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS 3000 HP32190.00.00

DATE CODE 1709, NOON190A.HP32190.SUPPORT

A. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- 1. Remote remote does not work.
- 2. An occasional ERR 0 occurs that should not happen.
- 3. ERR 246 when user on system A does a "DSLINE; CLOSE" between user on system B's DSLINE and remote HELLO.
- 4. About 10% of the time a "BREAK" in PTOP while the slave is doing STDIN/STDLIST will cause RESUME to have no effect.
- 5. "DSLINE 0;CLOSE" with many opens is peculiar, and a "NO" response to "ABORT REMOTE?" does not work.
- 6. "=DSLINE LDEV< SHUT" after :DSLINE on SSLC hangs the console until the phone is dialed.
- 7. If session is on the console and a =DSLINE is issued, can't get a control A until the session does something.
- 8. If in the "#REMOTE" subsystem the # prompt is issued in response to a "remote HELLO", a "CR" or some similar activity is needed before the error message "ERR 60,216" is issued to indicate no virtual terminals are available.

- 9. "BREAK" during a "BYE" message hangs the terminal.
- 10. Occasional system failures may result because of:
 - a. FWRITE of a TCOUNT which contains a "garbage value".
 - b. Attempted FWRITEs beyond EOF.
 - c. Continuation records specified and number of records would overflow an extra data segment.

B. MISCELLANEOUS

Following are suspect problems to be investigated:

- 1. Remote RJE.
- 2. Break in APL
- 3. Control Y in APL.
- 4. Master and slave sessions sometimes cannot be aborted.

EDITOR HP32201A.06.01

DATE CODE 1709, NOON201A.HP32201.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

A tab feature has been added to the ADD and REPLACE commands. The tab feature provides more rapid entry of text by allowing certain columnar positions to be identified as "tab stops". A tab character is "expanded" only when lines of text are put into the WORK file by an ADD or REPLACE command. "Expansion" is done by replacing a tab character with one or more blanks, depending on the positions of the tab character and the "tab stops".

Following is a description of the tab feature:

- 1. The tab feature is initially disabled.
- To specify tab options, the SFT command is used.

```
S[ET] TABS [ = ( colnum [, colnum ]... ) ]
S[ET] TABCHAR [ = string ]
```

As many as 12 tab stops may be set. Each "colnum" must be larger than the preceeding "colnum", and must lie between LEFT and RIGHT values. The length of "string" may not be greater than 1 character. A decimal value for "string" may be given by preceeding the digits with an apostrophe.

a. /SET TABS

Causes the default tab stops (4,7,10,13,16,19,22,25,28,31,65,71) to be set. When FORMAT is COBOL the default tab stops are (6,10,14,16,22,26,30,34,38,46,54,67).

b. /SET TABS=(11,22,33,44,55,66)

Causes tab stops to be set at the columns indicated.

- c. If tab stops are enabled, the default tab character is CONTROL I, which is the ASCII HT, or decimal 9.
- d. /SET TABCHAR="!"

Causes ! to be the effective tab character, to override the default CONTROL I. This could be used to define a printing character for terminals that do not support the ASCII tab character.

e. /SET NOTABS

Causes the tab feature to be disabled.

- 3. To display tab options, the VERIFY command is used.
 - a. /VERIFY TABS

Shows the column numbers where the tab stops are set.

b. /VERIFY TABCHAR

Shows the tab character currently in effect. If the tab character is non-printing the decimal value is printed, preceded by an apostrophe.

Following are examples of the tab feature use:

:EDITOR

HP32201A.06.01 EDIT/3000 THU, MAR 31, 1977, 8:02 AM (C) HEWLETT PACKARD CO. 1976

```
/V TABS
NO TABS USED
/S TABS
/V TABS, TABCHAR
TABS = (4, 7, 10, 13, 16, 19, 22, 25, 28, 31, 65, 71)
TAB CHARACTER = '9
/S TABS = (11,22,33,44,55,66), TABCHAR = "$"
/V TABS, TABCHAR
TABS = (11, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66)
TAB CHARACTER = "s"
/
1
/A
          $1$2$3$4
    1
    2
          SASBSC
11
/L ALL
                                            3
    1
                     1
                                2
    2
/S TABCHAR= 62
/V TABCHAR
TAB CHARACTER= ">"
/E
```

Following is a description of using TABS with the 2640 series terminals:

The HP 2640 series and some other terminals have "TAB SET", "TAB CLEAR" and "TAB" keys. These can be used together with the tab feature to allow the line being entered to show the effect of tab stops while it is being typed in. To do this, press the "TAB SET" key after positioning the cursor at each of the columns where tab stops are desired. These positions will depend on the EDIT/3000 command being used, since the ADD and REPLACE commands print 10 characters in front of each line while the ADDQ and REPLACEQ commands do not.

There are some issues in the use of the TAB key that the user may need to be aware of to avoid potential confusion. When a CONTROL H (backspace) is entered following the tab character, the cursor may not indicate the correct column position,

since the terminal only backspaces one character but the tab character may have caused several spaces to appear on the line being entered. Using the CONTROL H (backspace) key immediately after using the TAB key will delete the tab character from the input line, but will not necessarily reposition the cursor to the column where it was located before the TAB key was hit. Another issue the user needs to know is that when the TAB feature is disabled (initially or via /SET NOTABS) the Editor will not "expand" the tab character, that is, the tab character will not be converted to blanks but will be put in the WORK file as a tab character. If this should inadvertently occur, the user may do a HOLD on the line(s) with tab characters, DELETE the line(s), do a /SET TABS, and then do an ADD..., HOLD to cause the tab characters to be "expanded", or converted to blanks.

For frequently used tab stop formats, a file containing SET and Q commands can be used to set physical tab stops on the terminal. Feferencing the file with the USE command will cause the Q command to print a line on the terminal. The code for "TAB SET" is "ESC 1". In any column where an ESC 1 would appear, a tab stop will be set. Be sure to reset existing tab stops with "ESC 2" or with "RESET TERMINAL".

An example of a USE file to set tab stops on a 2640 terminal, in FORMAT=DEFALT, for ADD or REPLACE (not AG or RG), follows:

The ESC E will reset any existing terminal tab stops. Each ESC 1 will set a terminal tab stop in the column where it is placed.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- When Z:: is active, an "&" is not interpreted as an END command.
- 2. XPLAIN ALL from a job will not cause a file error.

- 3. Entering a record longer than the work file record length will not cause a file error. A warning message is issued and the line is truncated to the work file record length.
- 4. The LENGTH value cannot be greater than the current work file record length. The value of length can be as large as 255 if the work file has not yet been built.
- 5. The DELETE command correctly deletes the first record in a range when LEFT is greater than 1.
- 6. ADDQ correctly suppresses line number output in a job or in a session when doing an ADDQ from HOLD when BATCH is set.
- 7. The message "CLEAP HOLD?" is consistently issued when a HOLD is requested and the APPEND option is not used.
- 8. A condition that caused an abort due to a bounds violation when a number greater than 255 was used as a column number has been corrected.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- 1. Any error within a USE file will cause the Editor internal flag to be set FALSE. Subsequent commands will be skipped until a YES command, or Y command, is entered.
- 2. Exhausting available work file space during a GATHER, INSERT, or JOIN command will cause a file error.
- 3. The command JOIN (#recnum/#recnum) counts records beginning from one, but TEXT (#recnum/#recnum) counts from zero.
- 4. When LEFT is set to a value greater than 1, a VERIFY ALL can cause a file error and an abort, under special circumstances.

- 5. Use of the CONTROL Y during a MODIFY is ambiguous: it may be interpreted to restart the MODIFY using the original line value; also, it may be interpreted to exit from the command.
- 6. Re-setting the SIZE value may inhibit texting a file in its entirety, if SIZE is smaller than the TEXT file length.
- Under special circumstances, a request to INSERT between lines previously created by INSERT can cause a file error.
- 8. If an INSEPT exhausts available line numbers between two preexisting lines, the character string being carried forward by INSERT is lost.
- 9. The value of LAST used as a column position in a CHANGE command is the column position of the last non-blank character in the current line before the CHANGE command was entered rather than the line to which the CHANGE command is directed.

DEL/3000 HP32206A.01.03 (FORMAINT)

DEL/3000 HP32206A.01.04 (LIBRARY PROCEDUPES)

DATE CODE 1709, NOON206A.HP32206.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- 1. FORMAINT has been changed for use on the HP3000 Series I.
- 2. The procedures READTERM and WRITETERM have been modified for performance improvement in this release.
- 3. FORMAINT has been altered to recognize the £8 key during form input processing. The £8 key is now treated as a return to the start screen throughout FORMAINT.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

 A user program with a large stack (greater than 16K words) will no longer abort with a bounds violation when calling OPENTERM or OPENFORM.

- 2. FORMAINT will no longer accept blank forms on input and the integer overflow when working on a form file containing a blank form definition has been fixed.
- 3. FORMAINT has been changed so that when attempting to access the same form file from more than one session the formfile name will be blanked out in those sessions unable to gain access to the form file. This will prevent any possible illegal access to the form file.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

- 1. When using FORMAINT with a Series I, during form input for form creation or modification any line longer than 216 bytes will cause a read timeout on a Series I system. This timeout is recognized by FORMAINT and an appropriate error message is generated. This change does not affect Series II operation.
- 2. DEL will not run properly on CX or SERIES I when stand alone at 2400 baud on the 2640B. This is because on the SERIES I, the terminal driver does not use ENQ/ACK when sending over 80 characters before more characters are sent. GET AROUND: change baud to 1200 on 2640B.

KSAM HP32208A.00.04

DATE CODE 1709, NOON208A.HP32208.SUPPORT

A. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. When keyblocks are higher than 2 levels and use FFINDBYKEY with relop=1 or 2, the current record pointer might not point to the correct place in the file.
- Variable length KSAM file does not allow user to enter more than N records, where N is number in the DISC=N,P,Q keyword in the BUILD command.

B. ENHANCEMENTS

LOCKING/UNLOCKING KSAM FILES FROM COBOL

Beginning with version A.00.04 of the KSAM/3000, the KSAM files may be dynamically locked and unlocked from COBOL programs. Before locking a KSAM file, it must be opened with dynamic locking and share access enabled by call the new open procedure CKOPFNSHP.

The actual locking and unlocking must be done, after calling CKOPENSHR, by calling the new procedures CKLOCK and CKUNLOCK.

1. CKOPENSHR

The calling sequence and parameters are the same as CKOPEN except the KSAM file is opened with dynamically locked and share access enabled.

2. CKLOCK

This procedure may be used to lock a KSAM file which has already been opened with a call to CKOPENSHR.

CALL "CKLOCK" USING filetable, status, lockcond

PARAMETERS

filetable: an 8-word record containing: the name of the ksam file, its input-output type, access mode, the filenumber given the file when it was last opened, and a code indicating whether the previous operation on the file was successfull and if so what it was. (Refer to filetable parameter discussion in the KSAM/3000 manual)

status: one-word (two 8-bit character) set to pair of values upon completion of the call to CKLOCK. It indicates whether or not the file was successful locked and if not, why not. The two characters are set to "00" if CKLOCK is successful, to "30" if request denied because the file was locked by another process, to "9n" if not successful and n is the file system error code in binary.

lockcond: this parameter corresponds to the second parameter of the FLOCK intrinsic; that is, an odd (TRUE) value specifies that if the file cannot be locked immediately, the process suspends until it can be locked. An even (FALSE) value will return to the calling process if the file cannot be locked.

EXAMPLES

77	RES		PICTURE PICTURE	= :	COMP	VALUE	-	-	
01	STA	TUSKEY.							
	02	STATUS-KEY1	PICTURE	χ		VALUE	**	**	•
	02	STATUS-KEY2	PICTURE	χ		VALUE	**	11	

01 FILETABLE.
02 FILENUMBER PICTURE S9(4) COMP VALUE 0.
02 FILENAME PICTURE X(8) VALUE "KSAMFILE"
02 I-O-TYPE PICTURE S9(4) COMP VALUE 0.
02 A-MODE PICTURE S9(4) COMP VALUE 0.
02 PREV-OP PICTURE S9(4) COMP VALUE 0.

CALL "CKLOCK" USING FILETABLE, STATUSKEY, LOCKCOND.

IF STATUSKEY = "00"

THEN DISPLAY "CKLOCK IS A OK"

ELSE IF STATUSKEY = "30"

THEN DISPLAY "FILE LOCKED BY ANOTHER PROCESS"

ELSE IF STATUS-KEY1 = "9"

THEN CALL "CKERROR" USING STATUSKEY, RESULT DISPLAY "ERROR NO.", RESULT.

3. CKUNLOCK

This procedure may be used to unlock a KSAM file.

,		ļ
1		•
!	CALL "CKUNLOCK" USING filetable, status	!
!		:
!		Į

PARAMETERS

filetable: an 8-word record containing the name of the ksam file, its input-output type, access mode, the filenumber given the file when it was last opened, and a code indicating whether the previous operation on the file was successfull and if so what it was. (Refer to filetable parameter discussion in the KSAM/3000 manual)

status: one-word (two 8-bit character) set to pair of values upon completion of the call to CKUNLOCK. It indicates whether or not the file was successful UNlocked and if not, why not. The two characters are set to "00" if CKUNLOCK is successful, to "31" if request denied because the file was not locked by this process, to "9n" if not successful and n is the file system error code in binary.

EXAMPLES

77	RESULT	PICTURE	9(4)	VALUE 0) .
01	STATUSKEY.			- 1 E W 77 W	
	02 STATUS-KEY1	PICTURE	Х	VALUE "	· · •
	02 STATUS-KEY2	PICTURE	X	VALUE "	" •

01 FILETABLE.

02	FILENUMBER	PICTURE	S9(4)	COMP	VALUE	0 -
02	FILENAME	PICTURE				"KSAMFILE"
02	I-O-TYPE	PICTURE	\$9(4)			
02	A-MODE	PICTURE				
02	PREV-OP	PICTURE				

CALL "CKUNLOCK" USING FILETABLE, STATUSKEY.

IF STATUSKEY = "00"

THEN DISPLAY "CKUNLOCK IS A OK"

ELSE IF STATUSKEY = "31"

THEN DISPLAY "FILE NO PREVIOUS LOCKED BY THIS PROCESS" ELSE IF STATUS-KEY1 = "9"

THEN CALL "CKERROR" USING STATUSKEY, RESULT DISPLAY "ERROR NO.", RESULT.

FCOPY, HP32212A.1.04

DATE CODE 1709, NOON212A, HP32212, SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

The previously announced enhancement for HP2644A terminals applies only to the HP3000 Series II because of dependencies upon enhancements to MPE in the file system.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

An abort with a bounds violation segment 0 location 3253.

COBOL HP32213C.01.04

DATE CODE 1709, NOON213C.HP32213C.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

- 1. COPYLIB files can be KSAM files.
- 2. The size of the virtual symbol table was enlarged.
- 3. The following improvements have been added to the Cobol Library in version 4.06:
 - a. The error message for Error 630 has been changed to ERROR DURING WRITE OF USER LABEL. A File Information Displa will also be generated with an Error 630.

b. The error message for Error 631 has been changed to USER LABEL SPACE UNALLOCATED OR ATTEMPT TO WRITE BEYOND LABE LIMIT.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

- 1. Lower case letters in PICTURE clauses were not upshifted.
- 2. An ON SIZE ERROR clause where the first operand had fewer digits than the result sometimes produced an Error 210 or 211 at compile time.
- 3. The ACCEPT statement did not work for a table element.
- 4. A COMPUTE statement at the start of the Procedure Division did not always work properly.
- 5. The compiler could not recover from an 88-level in a MOVE statement.
- 6. A GO TO DEPENDING ON statement nested within a conditional clause (such as an AT END clause) produced Error 211 messages--- MULTIPLY OR UNDEFINED INTERAL LABEL.
- 7. An ADD...TO statement with multiple results of USAGE COMP-3 or DISPLAY left two words on the stack and could produce a stack overflow abort or control flow problems with PERFORM or GOBACK statements.
- 8. If more than two index names were specified in an INDEXED BY clause, only the first two were handled properly.
- 9. ADD CORRESPONDING of DISPLAY items aborted at run time.
- 10. A 4-digit COMP-3 item used as a subscript or compared with an index-name did not work properly.
- 11. A VALUE clause at the group level in the LINKAGE SECTION was not handled properly. A warning message was not issued and bad object code was generated.
- 12. Search keys sometimes produced erroneous error messages and compile time aborts in large programs.
- 13. Subprograms sometimes aborted with a bounds violation in the initialization procedure.
- 14. A numeric literal move sometimes caused the compiler to abort in large programs.
- 15. An ADD statement with a numeric edited or alphanumeric item somewhere other than after the word GIVING was not detected as an error.

- 16. Arithmetic expressions with literals occassionally generated bad code in large programs.
- 17. A READ statement without a file name caused the compiler to abort.
- 18. Several problems which produced End of File errors on COBSTAB and COBDTAB at compile time have been corrected.
- 19. A GO TO DEPENDING ON statement occasionally aborted at run time.
- 20. The symbol map in large programs with sections sometimes failed to print all section and paragraph names.
- 21. An attempt to perform an empty section generated Error 201. The error message has been improved to show which section was being performed and where the perform statement is located.
- 22. Continuation of a word did not work if the line being continued contained a completed non-numeric literal.
- 23. Text on a line following the period of a COPY statement caused the compiler to abort with a bounds violation or a write error on the list file.
- 24. Subprograms with large linkage sections sometimes aborted during the initialization procedure.
- 25. Using an index-name with the wrong table was not detected as an error.
- 26. A non-unique reference generated an Error 21 for each possible qualifier. Now only one error will be generated.
- 27. A GOBACK statement in a subprogram would not work if extra words had been left on the stack by some statement in the subprogram.
- 28. An add of 2 COMPUTATIONAL items each with less than 5 digits and both with the same number of digits after the decimal point would yield incorrect result.
- 29. The following problems have been corrected in the COBOL Library in version 4.06:
 - a. An end-of-file condition was not detected on an ACCEPT statement.
 - b. After a USE procedure was executed for a read error, the AT END branch was taken.

C. KNOWN PROBLEMS

A SEARCH statement with multiple WHEN conditions sometimes leaves extra words on the stack which can cause either a stack overflow abort or control flow problems with a PERFORM statement. This will no longer cause problems with a GOBACK statement in a subprogram (See No. 27 above).

SORT HP32214B.01.04

DATE CODE 1709, NOON214B.HP32214.SUPPORT

CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

Specifying an existing job temporary file as the output file in a stand-alone sort/merge aborted, instead of asking if the user wanted to purge the existing file.

IMAGE/3000 HP32215A.04.03

DATE CODE 1709, NOON215A.HP32215.SUPPORT

CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

DBUNLOAD has consistently reported "UNRECOVERABLE TAPE ERRORS" when in fact such errors were recoverable. The problem involved a verification procedure executed by DBUNLOAD whenever MPE reported a recovered tape write error. This problem has been corrected.

QUERY/3000 HP32216A.03.04

DATE CODE 1709, NOON216A.HP32216.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

It is now possible to inhibit QUERY from automatically locking the database whenever a FIND, LIST or REPORT command is executed in modes 1 or 5. To inhibit such locking, one issues the command:

ASSIGN LOCKOPTION = OFF

in response to the standard QUERY prompt ">" for command input. To resume automatic locking, the command:

ASSIGN LOCKOPTION = ON

may be issued. The current state of the locking option may be interrogated through use of the command:

SHOW LOCKOPTION.

The locking option defaults to "ON" and is reset each time a new (or the same) database is opened. This feature may be particularly useful for on-line applications hwere it is impractical to lock the database except when absolutely necessary. However, users should realize that a reduction in the level of database locking can increase the occurrence of data retrieval anomalies caused by concurrent process update.

Automatic locking is still performed during the execution of ADD, DELETE and REPLACE commands (mode 1) and this action is independent of the state of the locking option.

B. KNOWN PROBLEMS

QUERY does not accept a print position greater than 132 in a REPORT statement, even though the output is directed to a lineprinter configured to 136 characters. A temporary solution is to issue the file command:

FILE QSLIST; REC = - 136, 1, F, ASCII

TRACE HP32222A.03.1

DATE CODE 1709, NOON222A.HP32222.SUPPORT

CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

The set option did not work on the Series II because the condition code returned from a read was different under certain circumstances from the Series I. Change to TRACE will correct this situation.

CROSS ASSEMBLER (XA2100) HP32223A.01.2

DATE CODE 1709, NOON223A.HP32223.SUPPORT

A. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

The Cross-Reference listing was not sorted correctly when the Assembly object code was of Absolute type. This resulted in incorrect values for ABS constants.

B. KNOWN PROBLEMS

The title which is specified in the HED statement is sometimes printed incorrectly.

2780/3780 RJE EMULATOR HP30130C.00.03 (CS A.01.00) DATE CODE 1709, NOON130C.HP30130.SUPPORT

A. ENHANCEMENTS

Version C.00.03 (MIT 1709) adds two new parameters to the #RJLINE command:

The Emulator normally issues a LOCKSEG request for its stack; this prevents it from being swapped out. If the Emulator is run concurrently with jobs which have large memory requirements, especially in small core configurations, the other jobs may suffer severe performance degradation. This can be overridden by specifying LOCK = NO. The stack can then be handled by memory management.

The Emulator normally issues a GETPRIORITY request for an absolute execution priority of 150 in a linear subqueue. If the Emulator is run on a high-speed (e.g., 9600 baud) full duplex line with 0 turnaround delay, the result may be that the Emulator will adversely affect the execution of other jobs, since it may be using an inordinate proportion of the CPU. This can be overridden by specifying PRI = NORMAL, which causes the call to GETPRIORITY to be bypassed. The priority is then established by the normal session or job priority.

B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES

Version C.00.03 (MIT 1709) corrects the following five problems:

- 1. The Emulator no longer aborts a batch job when a WAIT= timeout occurs. This is true regardless of whether or not the command file is the same as the JOB input file.
- 2. The Emulator now restores terminals to their previous echo mode upon completion of output operations. HOWEVER: If this version of the Emulator is run on an MPE version earlier than A01.01 (MIT 1709), the terminal will INVERT the echo mode on each output operation; this is caused by a bug in the asynchronous terminal driver, which causes the inverse of the previous echo state to be returned when an FCONTROL is issued to enable or disable echo.
- 3. The Emulator now issues a SYNTAX ERR 4 if an illegal value is entered for the WAIT= parameter(s). The maximum value is a total number of seconds <= 32767. If WAIT = 0 is specified, no timeout will occur.
- 4. The Emulator no longer tries to transmit 512 data bytes in 3780 mode; the limit is 511. This produced a buffer which was unacceptable to some host computers. EXCEPTION: If #RJIN....; MAXSIZE = 128 is specified, the Emulator allows 512 data bytes.
- 5. If DIAL is specified on the #RJLINE command, and the first line operation is for output (#RJOUT, #RJLIST, or #RJPUNCH), a dial request is now issued to the operator console.

Version C.00.02 (MIT 1646/1701) corrects the following problems:

- 6. The Emulator previously recognized only the first component selection (routing) sequence received. This has been corrected.
- 7. The Emulator now allows up to 512 bytes to be transmitted in 3780 mode. It was allowing only 256.
- 8. If the Emulator is run from the MPE System Console, echo is no longer suppressed during output operations.
- 9. When using the RIN feature on #RJLINE, the Emulator previously unlocked the RIN before closing the line; this could cause another user waiting on the RIN to fail on a line open. This has been corrected.

Version C.00.01 (MIT 1640) corrects the following problem:

10. If "CONNECT = ANSWER" is not specified on #RJLINE, and a connection is not established within 15 minutes after the first transmit or receive operation, RJE will now terminate with a ****CS ERROR: 1,151 or 2,151. Previously, RJE would wait indefinitely for the connection to be established.

C. DOCUMENTATION CHANGES

The RJE Emulator manual 30000-90047 is being reprinted. The new PRI= and LOCK= parameters are included. The configuration section is reworked with more explanations. A new example using multiple forms has been added.

D. KNOWN PROBLEMS

Routed output to the Punch file is misrouted when the final block terminates with an ETX. The Punch output is routed to the Output file. The blocks which end in ETB are handled correctly.

DIAGNOSTICS HP32230A

DATE CODE 1709, NOON230A.HP32230.SUPPORT

I. MAGNETIC TAPES ASSOCIATED WITH HP32230A

Source	32230-1X001
Maintenance	32230-1X002
CPU Coldload	30000-1X016
NON-CPU C/L	30000-1X017

II. MANUALS ASSOCIATED WITH HP32230A

32230-60001 32230-60002

III. CPU DIAGNOSTICS 30000-1X016, DATE CODE 1623

SECTION	NAME	LEVEL
1	PD420A	01.00
2	PD420A1	01.00
3	PD420A2	01.00

4	PD420A3	01.00
5	PD420A4	01.00
6	PD420A5	01.00
7	PD420A6	01.00
8	PD420A7	01.00
9	PD420A8	01.00
10	PD420A9	01.00
11	PD420A10	01.00
12	PD420A11	01.00
13	PD420A12	01.00
14	PD420A13	01.00

IV. STAND-ALONE DIAGNOSTICS 30000-1X017, DATE CODE 1709

A. DIAGNOSTICS CHANGED

DIAGNOSTIC	NAME	LEVEL	OCTAL
NAME			FILE #
*SLEUTH	PD411A	01.01	(01)
*SDUPII	PD417A	01.01	
*CART DISC=7905A	PD419A	01.04	(02)
MEMORY PATTERN	PD421A	01.00	(03)
MULTIPLEXOR CHAN	PD422A	01.00	(04)
DISC FILE-2888A	PD423A	01.00	(05)
CART DISC-7900A	PD424A	01.00	(06)
SYSTEM CLOCK	PD425A	01.00	(07)
TERMINAL DATA	PD427A	01.00	(10)
FIXED HEAD DISC	PD428A	01.00	(11)
SELECTOR CHAN	PD429A	01.00	(12)
FAULT CORRECTING MEM.	PD430A	01.01	(13)
EXTENDED INSTRUC SET	PD431A	01.00	(14)
*NEW*HSI DIAG.	PD432A	01.00	(15)
MAGNETIC TAPE	PD433A	01.00	(16)
SSLC INTERFACE	PD434A	01.01	(17)
UI DIAG	PD435A	01.00	(20)
TERMINAL CONTROL	PD438A	01.00	(21)
CALCOMP PLOTTER	PD439A	01.01	(22)

- * UPDATED/CHANGED in this MIT
- B. CORRECTIVE SOFTWARE CHANGES
 - 1. STAND ALONE SLEUTH DIAGNOSTIC
 - a. A new type has been added to SLEUTH for the 7920 disc, which is 12. All commands valid for the 7905 are now valid for the 7920.

- b. The CONF command has been modified to print out error messages. The command will halt only if the switch register is set up for halt on error. This should be of value when the maintenance panel is not connected to the system.
- c. The following commands will now work properly with the TDI (30032 board); TDIL, RD, WD, RP.
- d. An addition to CHB has been added to word shift the whole buffer (ie. the first element becomes the last element, the second element becomes the first element, etc.). This is done by specifying a "W" as the last thing in the command. This contrasts with the type "S" which is a circular bit shift of each element of the buffer (ex: CHB AA,W).
- e. SLEUTH07 (7920 verifier) has been changed to check for read only.

2. SDUPII

- a. SDUPII has been modified to run in batch mode so that a job stream may be used to create the diagnostic stand alone tapes.
- b. The RL has two added procedures ASCII and BINARY. These procedures work exactly like the MPE's intrinsics ASCII and BINARY. For additional details see the MPE INTRINSICS manual. Procedure HELP has also been modified to do I/O to the TDI instead of the SYS CLK board.

3. STAND ALONE DISC DIAGNOSTIC

The execution of MASTER CLEAR was permanently disabled in hardware on the control board of the 7905 controller by DISC MEMORY DIVISION in 1976. All MASTER CLEARS were deleted from this diagnostic or replaced by CLEAR commands depending on the test section.

V. ONLINE DIAGNOSTICS

DIAGNOSTIC	NAME	LEVEL
NAME		
CARD READER	PD465A	01.00
LINE PRINTER	PD466A	01.00
	-	
2640 TERMINAL	PD469A	01.00
TERM-2762A/B	PD475A	01.00
DISPLAY TERMINAL 2644	PD477A	01.00
TERM-2615A	PD478A	01.00
CARD-READ/PUNCH	PD479A	01.00
OPTICAL MARK READER	PD480A	00.00

DOCUMENTATION

The following tables list currently available customer manuals for HP 3000 products. This list supersedes the list in the last issue of the COMMUNICATOR.

The most recent changes to the tables are indicated for easy reference. Prices are subject to change without notice.

Copies of manuals and updates can be obtained from your local Sales and Service office. The address and telephone number of the office nearest to you are listed in the back of all customer manuals.

Update packages are free of charge. If you require an update package complete the Update Order Form in the back of the COMMUNICATOR 3000 and mail the form to:

Software/Publications Distribution 5303 Stevens Creek Blvd. Santa Clara, Ca 95050

Customers in the U.S. may also order directly by mail. Simply list the name and part number of the manual(s) you need on the Corporate Parts Center form supplied at the back of the COMMUNICATOR 3000.

A few words about documentation terms:

- NEW A new manual refers only to the first printing of a manual. When first printed, a manual is assigned a part number.
- REVISED A revised manual is a printing of an existing manual which incorporates new and/or changed information in its contents. For example, a manual is revised when an update package is incorporated into the manual: the manual gets a new print date and the update package disappears. Note that a revision to a manual effectively obsoletes the previous version of the manual.
- UPDATE An update package is a supplement to an existing manual which contains new and/or changed information. Updates are issued when information must get to customers, yet it is inappropriate to issue a revised manual. An update has no part number, it is automatically included when you order the manual with which it is associated.

HP 3000 SERIES II COMPUTER SYSTEM

SYSTEM MANUALS

Manual Title	Part Number	Price	Printed	Updated
Console Operator's Guide	30000-90013	\$ 7.00	6/76	10/76
Error Messages and Re- covery Manual	30000-90015	21.50	6/76	
General Information Manual	30000-90008	6,50	10/76	
HP 3000 CX to HP 300 0 Series II Program Conversion Guide	30000-90046	4.00	6/76	
Index to MPE Reference Documents	30000-90045	5.50	6/76	
MPE Commands Reference Manual	30000-90009	12.50	6/76	
MPE Intrinsics Refer- ence Manual	30000-90010	17.00	2/77	
MPE Segmenter Reference Manual	30000-90011	4.00	2/77	
MPE Debug/Stack Dump Reference Manual	30000-90012	7.50	6/76	*9/76*
MPE System Utilities Reference Manual	30000-90044	5.00	3/77	
Software Pocket Guide	30000-90049	3,50	1/77	
System Manager/System Supervisor Manual	30000-90014	10.00	2/77	*9/76*
Using the HP 3000: Guide for the Terminal User	03000-90121	6.00	6/75	

When a date in the "Updated" column is enclosed by asterisks, it means that the update has been incorporated in subsequent printings of the manual.

LANGUAGE MANUALS

Manual Title	Part Number	Price	Printed	Updated
APL Reference Manual	32105-90002	12.50	11/76	
APL Pocket Guide	32105-90003	1.50	11/76	
BASIC Interpreter Manual	30000-90026	\$11.50	6/76	
BASIC Compiler Reference Manual	32103-90001	2.45	11/74	6/76
BASIC/3000 Pocket Guide	03000-90050	.75	9/74	
BASIC for Beginners	03000-90025	4.50	11/72	
COBOL Reference Manual	32213-90001	12.50	7/75	*6/76*
Cross Assembler for 2100 Computers Reference Manual	03000-90047	12.00	5/76	
FORTRAN Reference Manual	30000-90040	9.50	6/76	2/77
FORTRAN Pocket Guide	32102-90002	1.50	11/76	
RPG/3000 Compiler Ref- erence Manual	32104-90001	22,00	2/77	
RPG Listing Analyzer	32104-90003	.20	2/77	
SPL Pocket Guide	32100-90001	2.00	11/76	
System Programming Lan- guage Reference Manual	30000-90024	17.50	9/76	2/77
System Programming Lan- guage Textbook	30000-90025	11.00	6/76	1/77

ADDITIONAL MANUALS

Manual Title	Part Number	Price	Printed	Updated
2780/3780 Fmulator Ref- erence Manual	30000-90047	8.50	6/76	1/77
Compiler Library Ref- erence Manual	30000-90028	12.00	11/76	

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Data Entry Library Mnl	30000-90050	6.50	6/76	
DS/3000 Reference Manual	32190-90001	13.50	3/77	
EDIT Reference Manual	03000-90012	6.25	8/75	*6/76*
FCOPY Reference Manual	03000-90064	5.00	6/76	*12/76*
HP 2894A Card Reader Punch Operating Manual	30119-90009	11.50	10/76	
HP 3000 Cross Loader for HP 2100 Computers	03000-90107	4.50	10/74	* 6/76 *
IMAGE Data Base Manage- ment Reference Manual	30000-90041	4.50	12/76	
Instruction Decoding Pocket Guide	30000-90057	1.00	6/76	
KSAM Reference Manual	30000-90079	13.00	1/77	
Line Printer Operating and Programming Manual	30209-90008	6.00	6/76	
Machine Instruction Set Reference Manual	30000-90022	7.00	6/76	
Programmable Controller Reference Manual	30000-90066	6.00	6/76	10/76
QUERY Reference Manual	30000-90042	6,50	6/76	
Real-Time Programmable Controller Reference	30000-90067	7,50	6/76	
Scientific Library Ref- erence Manual	30000-90027	5.00	6/76	2/77
Site Preparation Manual	30000-90082	7.50	2/77	
Site Planning Workbook	30000-90086	10.00	2/77	
SORT Reference Manual	32214-90001	4.30	8/76	
Student Assignment Sys- tem Reference Manual	32901-90001	15.50	7/75	8/76
Student Assignment Sys- tem Technical Manual	32901-90005	10.50	7/75	
Student Information System Reference Manual	32900-90001	13.00	9/74	8/76

Student Information System Overview	32900-90002	3.00	9/74	
Student Information System Technical Mnl	32900-90005	15.00	3/75	
Systems Reference Manual	30000-90020	9.50	6/76	1/77
IBM System/3 to HP 3000 Conversion Guide	32104-90004	5,75	12/75	
Trace Reference Manual	03000-90015	5,00	6/76	

when a date in the "Updated" column is enclosed by asterisks, it means that the update has been incorporated in subsequent printings of the manual.

HP 3000 SERIES I COMPUTER SYSTEM

SYSTEM MANUALS

Manual Title	Part Number	Price	Printed	Updated
Console Operator's Guide	30000-90090	\$11.00	4/77	
General Information Mnl	30000-90091	9.00	4/77	
MPE Intrinsics Refer- ence Manual	30000-90087	20.00	4/77	
MPE Commands Reference	30000-90088	20.00	4/77	
MPE/3000 Operating Sys- tem, System Utilities	32000-90008	2.05	10/75	
Software Pocket Guide	03000-90126	2.70	7/75	
System Manager/System Supervisor Manual	30000-90089	13.00	4/77	
Using the HP 3000: Guide for the Terminal User	03000-90121	6.00	6/75	

LANGUAGE MANUALS

Manual Title	Part Number	Price	Printed	Updated
BASIC Interpreter Refer- ence Manual Pre-Series II	03000-90008	\$ 9,75	7/75	
BASIC/3000 Pocket Guide	03000-90050	.75	9/74	
BASIC Compiler Reference	32103-90001	2.45	11/74	6/76
BASIC for Beginners	03000-90025	4.50	11/72	
COBOL Reference Manual	32213-90001	12.50	7/75	*6/76*
Cross Assembler for 2100 Computers	03000-90047	12.00	5/76	
FORTRAN Reference Manual	32102-90001	10.00	3/76	
RPG Compiler Reference and Application Manual	32104-90001	22.00	2/77	
RPG Listing Analyzer	32104-90003	.20	2/77	
System Programming Lan- guage Reference Manual	30000-90024	17.50	9/76	2/77
System Programming Lan- guage Textbook	30000-90025	11.00	6/76	1/77

ADDITIONAL MANUALS

Manual Title	Part Number	Price	Printed	Updated
2780/3780 Emulator Sub- system Reference Mnl	30130-90001	6.50	12/74	2/76
Compiler Library Refer- ence Manual	03000-90009	11.50	2/76	
Data Entry Library Mnl	30000-90050	6.50	6/76	
EDIT Reference Manual	03000-90012	6,25	8/75	
FCOPY Reference Manual	03000-90064	5.00	6/76	*12/76*
HP 2894A Card Reader Punch Operating Manual	30119-90009	11.50	10/76	
HP 3000 Cross Loader for HP 2100 Computers	03000-90107	4,50	10/74	* 6/76 *

IBM 1130/1800 to HP 3000 FORTRAN Conversion Gd	36995+90013	4.70	2/75	5/75
IBM System/3 to HP 3000 Conversion Guide	32104-90004	5.75	12/75	
IMAGE Data Base Manage- ment Reference Manual	30000-90041	4.50	12/76	
Programmable Controller Reference Manual	30300-90002	12.50	4/76	1/77
QUERY Reference Manual	30000-90042	6.50	6/76	
Real-Time Programmable Controller Reference	30301-90002	7.75	2/75	7/76
Scientific Library Ref- erence Manual	03000-90010	5,75	7/75	
Site Planning Workbook	30000-90100	5,00	4/77	
Site Preparation Manual	30000-90096	5.00	4/77	
SORT Reference Manual	32214-90001	4.30	8/76	
Student Assignment Sys- tem Reference Manual	32901-90001	15,50	7/75	6/76
Student Assignment Sys- tem Technical Manual	32901-90005	10.5Ò	7/75	
Student Information System Reference Manual	32900-90001	13.00	9/74	6/76
Student Information System Overview	32900-90002	3.00	9/74	
Student Information System Technical Mnl	32900-90005	15.00	3/75	
Systems Reference Manual HP 3000 Computer	03000-90019	15.00	9/73	3/77
Trace Reference Manual	03000-90015	5.00	6/76	

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BAUD LINE

NEW: HP 3000 CONTRIBUTED LIBRARY, VOLUME II

by Brenda Mapp HP General Systems

A new volume of the HP 3000 Contributed Library is now available. It includes a software catalog and index, Volume II, Extended

Documentation Package, Volume II, and a "STORE" magnetic tape containing 44 new programs and 22 revised programs from Volume I.

If you are a "site" member in the HP 3000 Users Group you will receive a special distribution of the HP 3000 Contributed Library which includes both Volume I and II plus special documentation.

If you do not have a "site" membership in the Users Group you may order the library by using the following numbers:

36995-10902	19d 008	Library	\$77.00
36995-11902	1600 bpi	Library	\$77.00

This is a complete package which includes a magentic tape, the library catalog and Index for Volume II, and the Extended Documentation Package for Volume II.

Individual items are available by ordering the following part numbers:

36995-10002	800 bpi Magnetic Tape	\$50.00
36995-11002	1600 bpi Magnetic Tape	\$50,00
36995-90002	Index and Catalog, Vol. II	\$ 7.50
36995-90902	Extended Documentation	
	Package - Vol. II	\$19,50

The Extended Documentation Package for Volume II consists of the following extended documentation for the listed programs. You may order the entire package as part number 36995-90902, or you may use the following order numbers to obtain additional copies of individual extended documentation.

Contribution Number	Program Name	Order Number	Price
30	COBINTR	36995=90012	\$ 1.00
40	COGO	*36995- 90901	7.50
90	FORMSGN	36995-90014	.50
108	STAR	03000-90011	4.50
111	KONVERT	36995-90015	•50
116	IDEA	36999-90001	1.50
124	IDEAII	36995-90018	1.50
127	RPG/DEL	36995-90016	•50
130	CARDRDR	36995-90017	2,00

Please contact your local sales office to order the HP 3000 Contributed Library or use the Direct Mail order form - included in this publication. Please note: Only customers in the domestic U.S.A. may use this form. A check or money order must accompany each direct mail order which must include any applicable state and local taxes and an additional \$1.50 to cover postage and handling.

*This is also the extended documentation for Volume I.

UPCOMING: CODE CONVERSION SOFTWARE CHANGE

by John Welsch HP General Systems

There are currenty three different EBCDIC<--->ASCII character code conversion tables in use in the HP 3000 system. RPG and RJE use one, FCOPY uses another and the intrinsic CTRANSLATE uses yet another. The FCOPY and CTRANSLATE tables translate only 128 character codes and are not invertable (i.e. EBCDIC --->ASCII --->EBCDIC is not the identity transformation).

The RPG and RJE table translates the full 256 character codes and is invertable.

We plan to change the CTRANSLATE table on both HP 3000 Series I and II so that it is the same as RPG and RJE tables, then modify all subsystems (FCOPY, RPG, RJE) so that they use the CTRANSLATE intrinsic to do all character code conversions. So that you may prepare for this change, following is the code conversion table. The change will be made with the next Master Installation Tape (M.I.T.) after M.I.T. date code 1709.

ASCII-EBCDIC CODE CONVERSION

HOW TO USE THIS TABLE

- The table is sorted by character code, each code being represented by its decimal, octal, and hexadecimal
 equivalent.
- Each row of the table gives the ASCII and EBCDIC meaning of the character code, the ASCII ←►EBCDIC conversion code, and the Hollerith representation (punched card code) for the ASCII character.

The following examples describe several ways of using the table:

Example 1: Suppose you want to determine the ASCII code for the \$ character. Scan down the ASCII graphic column until you locate \$, then look left on that row to find the character code -36 (dec), 044 (oct), and 24 (hex). This is the code used by an ASCII device (terminal, printer, computer, etc.) to represent the \$ character. Its Hollerith punched card code is 11–3–8.

Example 2: The character code 5B (hex) is the EBCDIC code for what character? Also, when 5B is converted to ASCII (for example, by FCOPY with the EBCDICIN option), what is the octal character code? First, locate 5B in the hex character code column and move right on that row to the EBCDIC graphic which is \$. The next column to the right gives the conversion to ASCII, 044. As a check, find 044 (oct) in the character code column, look right to the ASCII graphic column and note that \$ converted to EBCDIC is 133 (oct) which equals 5B (hex).

CHA	CHAR CODE			ASCII			CDIC
Dec	Oct	Hex	Cntl/ Gph	to EBCDIC (Oct)	Hollerith	Cntl/ Gph	to ASCII (Oct)
0	000	00	NUL	000	12-0-1-8-9	NUL	000
1	001	01	SOH	001	12-1-9	SOH	001
2	002	02	STX	002	12-2-9	STX	002
3	003	03	ETX	003	12-3-9	ETX	003
4	004	04	EOT	067	7-9	PF	234
5	005	05	ENQ	055	0-5-8-9	HT	011
6	006	06	ACK	056	0-6-8-9	LC	206
7	007	07	BEL	057	0-7-8-9	DEL	177
8 9 10 11	010 011 012 013	08 09 0A 0B	BS HT LF VT	026 005 045 013	11-6-9 12-5-9 0-5-9 12-3-8-9	SMM VT	227 215 216 013
12	014	0C	FF	014	12-4-8-9	FF	014
13	015	0D	CR	015	12-5-8-9	CR	015
14	016	0E	SO	016	12-6-8-9	SO	016
15	017	0F	SI	017	12-7-8-9	SI	017
16	020	10	DLE	020	12-11-1-8-9	DLE	020
17	021	11	DC1	021	11-1-9	DC1	021
18	022	12	DC2	022	11-2-9	DC2	022
19	023	13	DC3	023	11-3-9	TM	023
20	024	14	DC4	074	4-8-9	RES	235
21	025	15	NAK	075	5-8-9	NL	205
22	026	16	SYN	062	2-9	BS	010
23	027	17	ETB	046	0-6-9	IL	207
24	030	18	CAN	030	11-8-9	CAN	030
25	031	19	EM	031	11-1-8-9	EM	031
26	032	1A	SUB	077	7-8-9	CC	222
27	033	1B	ESC	047	0-7-9	CU1	217
28	034	1C	FS	034	11-4-8-9	IFS	034
29	035	1D	GS	035	11-5-8-9	IGS	035
30	036	1E	RS	036	11-6-8-9	IRS	036
31	037	1F	US	037	11-7-8-9	IUS	037
32 33 34 35	040 041 042 043	20 21 22 23	SP ! : #	100 117 177 173	Blank 12-7-8 7-8 3-8	DS SOS FS	200 201 202 203
36	044	24	\$	133	11-3-8	BYP	204
37	045	25	%	154	0-4-8	LF	012
38	046	26	&	120	12	ETB	027
39	047	27	,	175	5-8	ESC	033
40 41 42 43	050 051 052 053	28 29 2A 2B	() • +	115 135 134 116	12-5-8 11-5-8 11-4-8 12-6-8	SM CU2	210 211 212 213
44 45 46 47	054 055 056 057	2C 2D 2E 2F	/	153 140 113 141	0-3-8 11 12-3-8 0-1	ENQ ACK BEL	214 005 006 007

	CHAR CODE		ASCII			EBCDIC		
	Dec	Oct	Hex	Cntl/ Gph	to EBCDIC (Oct)	Hollerith	Cntl/ Gph	to ASCII (Oct)
	48 49 50 51	060 061 062 063	30 31 32 33	0 1 2 3	360 361 362 363	0 1 2 3	SYN	220 221 026 223
	52 53 54 55	064 065 066 067	34 35 36 37	4 5 6 7	364 365 366 367	4 5 6 7	PN RS UC EOT	224 225 226 004
	56 57 58 59	070 071 072 073	38 39 3A 3B	8 9 : ;	370 371 172 136	8 9 2-8 11-6-8	CU3	230 231 232 233
	60 61 62 63	074 075 076 077	3C 3D 3E 3F	< = > ?	114 176 156 157	12-4-8 6-8 0-6-8 0-7-8	DC4 NAK SUB	024 025 236 032
-	64 65 66 67	100 101 102 103	40 41 42 43	@ A B C	174 301 302 303	4-8 12-1 12-2 12-3	SP	040 240 241 242
	68 69 70 71	104 105 106 107	44 45 46 47	D E F G	304 305 306 307	12-4 12-5 12-6 12-7		243 244 245 246
	72 73 74 75	110 111 112 113	48 49 4A 4B	H J K	310 311 321 322	12-8 12-9 11-1 11-2	e	247 250 133 056
	76 77 78 79	114 115 116 117	4C 4D 4E 4F	L M N O	323 324 325 326	11-3 11-4 11-5 11-6	V - + -	074 050 053 041
	80 81 82 83	120 121 122 123	50 51 52 53	P Q R S	327 330 331 342	11-7 11-8 11-9 0-2	&	046 251 252 253
	84 85 86 87	124 125 126 127	54 55 56 57	T U V W	343 344 345 346	0-3 0-4 0-5 0-6		254 255 256 257
	88 89 90 91	130 131 132 133	58 59 5A 5B	X Y Z [347 350 351 112	0-7 0-8 0-9 12-2-8	! \$	260 261 135 044
	92 93 94 95	134 135 136 137	5C 5D 5E 5F) ^	340 132 137 155	0-2-8 11-2-8 11-7-8 0-5-8	;	052 051 073 136

ASCII-EBCDIC CODE CONVERSION (CONTINUED)

CH.	HAR CODE ASCII			EBG	CDIC		
Dec	Oct	Hex	Cntl/ Gph	to EBCDIC (Oct)	Hollerith	Cntl/ Gph	to ASCII (Oct)
96 97 98 99	140 141 142 143	60 61 62 63	a b c	171 201 202 203	1-8 12-0-1 12-0-2 12-0-3	<i>-</i>	055 057 262 263
100 101 102 103	144 145 146 147	64 65 66 67	d e f g	204 205 206 207	12-0-4 12-0-5 12-0-6 12-0-7		264 265 266 267
104 105 106 107	150 151 152 153 154	68 69 6A 6B 6C	h ; k	210 211 221 222 223	12-0-8 12-0-9 12-11-1 12-11-2 12-11-3	; , %	270 271 174 054 045
109 110 111	155 156 157	6D 6E 6F	m n o	224 225 226	12-11-4 12-11-5 12-11-6	> ?	137 076 077
112 113 114 115	160 161 162 163	70 71 72 73	p q r s	227 230 231 242	12-11-7 12-11-8 12-11-9 11-0-2		272 273 274 275
116 117 118 119	164 165 166 167	74 75 76 77	t u v w	243 244 245 246	11-0-3 11-0-4 11-0-5 11-0-6		276 277 300 301
120 121 122 123	170 171 172 173	78 79 7A 7B	х У z {	247 250 251 300	11-0-7 11-0-8 11-0-9 12-0	#	302 140 072 043
124 125 126 127	174 175 176 177	7C 7D 7E 7F) DEL	152 320 241 007	12-11 11-0 11-0-1 12-7-9	@ ; = ;;	100 047 075 042
128 129 130 131	200 201 202 203	80 81 82 83		040 041 042 043	11-0-1-8-9 0-1-9 0-2-9 0-3-9	a b c	303 141 142 143
132 133 134 135	204 205 206 207	84 85 86 87		044 025 006 027	0-4-9 11-5-9 12-6-9 11-7-9	d e f g	144 145 146 147
136 137 138 139	210 211 212 213	88 89 8A 8B		050 051 052 053	0-8-9 0-1-8-9 0-2-8-9 0-3-8-9	h i	150 151 304 305
140 141 142 143	214 215 216 217	8C 8D 8E 8F		054 011 012 033	0-4-8-9 12-1-8-9 12-2-8-9 11-3-8-9		306 307 310 311
144 145 146 147	220 221 222 223	90 91 92 93		060 061 032 063	12-11-0-1-8-9 1-9 11-2-8-9 3-9	j k I	312 152 153 154
148 149 150 151	224 225 226 227	94 95 96 97		064 065 066 010	4-9 5-9 6-9 12-8-9	m n o p	155 156 157 160
152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159	230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237	98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F		070 071 072 073 004 024 076 341	8-9 1-8-9 2-8-9 3-8-9 12-4-9 11-4-9 6-8-9 11-0-1-9	q r	161 162 313 314 315 316 317 320
160 161 162 163	240 241 242 243	A0 A1 A2 A3		101 102 103 104	12-0-1-9 12-0-2-9 12-0-3-9 12-0-4-9	~ s t	321 176 163 164
164 165 166 167	244 245 246 247	A4 A5 A6 A7		105 106 107 110	12-0-5-9 12-0-6-9 12-0-7-9 12-0-8-9	u v w	165 166 167 170
168 169 170 171	250 251 252 253	A8 A9 AA AB		111 121 122 123	12-1-8 12-11-1-9 12-11-2-9 12-11-3-9	y z	171 172 322 323
172 173 174 175	254 255 256 257	AC AD AE AF		124 125 126 127	12-11-4-9 12-11-5-9 12-11-6-9 12-11-7-9		324 325 326 327

CHAR C	ODE		ASCI		EBC	DIC
Dec Oct	Hex	Cntl/ Gph	to EBCDIC (Oct)	Hollerith	Cntl/ Gph	to ASCII (Oct)
176 260 177 261 178 262 179 263			130 131 142 14 3	12-11-8-9 11-1-8 11-0-2-9 11-0-3-9		330 331 332 333
180 264 181 265 182 266 183 267 184 270	B4 B5 B6 B7 B8		144 145 146 147	11-0-4-9 11-0-5-9 11-0-6-9 11-0-7-9 11-0-8-9		334 335 336 337 340
185 271 186 272 187 273	89 BA BB		151 160 161	0-1-8 12-11-0 12-11-0-1-9		341 342 343
188 274 189 275 190 276 191 277	BC BD BE BF		162 163 164 165	12-11-0-2-9 12-11-0-3-9 12-11-0-4-9 12-11-0-5-9		344 345 346 347
192 300 193 301 194 302 195 303	C1 C2		166 167 170 200	12-11-0-6-9 12-11-0-7-9 12-11-0-8-9 12-0-1-8	A B C	173 101 102 103
196 304 197 305 198 306 199 307	C5 C6		212 213 214 215	12-0-2-8 12-0-3-8 12-0-4-8 12-0-5-8	D E F G	104 105 106 107
200 310 201 311 202 312 203 313	C9 CA		216 217 220 232	12-0-6-8 12-0-7-8 12-11-1-8 12-11-2-8	H	110 111 350 351
204 314 205 315 206 316 207 317	CD CE		233 234 235 236	12-11-3-8 12-11-4-8 12-11-5-8 12-11-6-8	J.	352 353 354 355
208 320 209 321 210 322 211 323	D1 D2		237 240 252 253	12-11-7-8 11-0-1-8 11-0-2-8 11-0-3-8) , , K L	175 112 113 114
212 324 213 325 214 326 215 327	D5 D6		254 255 256 257	11-0-4-8 11-0-5-8 11-0-6-8 11-0-7-8	M N O P	115 116 117 120
216 330 217 331 218 332 219 333	D9 DA		260 261 262 263	12-11-0-1-8 12-11-0-1 12-11-0-2 12-11-0-3	Q R	121 122 356 357
220 334 221 335 222 336 223 337	DD DE		264 265 266 267	12-11-0-4 12-11-0-5 12-11-0-6 12-11-0-7		360 361 362 363
224 340 225 341 226 342 227 343	E1 E2		270 271 272 273	12-11-0-8 12-11-0-9 12-11-0-2-8 12-11-0-3-8	S T	134 237 123 124
228 344 229 345 230 346 231 347	E5 E6	:	274 275 276 277	12-11-0-4-8 12-11-0-5-8 12-11-0-6-8 12-11-0-7-8	V W X	125 126 127 130
232 350 233 351 234 352 235 363 236 354 237 355 238 356 239 357	E9 EA EB EC ED ED		312 313 314 315 316 317 332 333	12-0-2-8-9 12-0-3-8-9 12-0-4-8-9 12-0-5-8-9 12-0-7-8-9 12-11-2-8-9 12-11-3-8-9	Y Z	131 132 364 365 366 367 370 371
240 360 241 361 242 362 243 363	F1 F2		334 335 336 337	12-11-4-8-9 12-11-5-8-9 12-11-6-8-9 12-11-7-8-9	0 1 2 3	060 061 062 063
244 364 245 365 246 366 247 367	F5 F6		352 353 354 355	11-0-2-8-9 11-0-3-8-9 11-0-4-8-9 11-0-5-8-9	4 5 6 7	064 065 066 067
248 370 249 371 250 372 251 373	F9 FA		356 357 372 373	11-0-6-8-9 11-0-7-8-9 12-11-0-2-8-9 12-11-0-3-8-9	8 9	070 071 372 373
252 374 253 375 254 376 255 377	FC FD FE		374 375 376 377	12-11-0-4-8-9 12-11-0-5-8-9 12-11-0-6-8-9 12-11-0-7-8-9	EO	374 375 376 377

HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPUTER SYSTEMS COMMUNICATOR ORDER FORM

riease riiit.							
Name		Title					
Company							
Street							
City	CityS		<u>-</u>	Zip Code			
Country							
☐ HP Employee	Account Number	Loca	tion Co	de	 		
DIRECT SUBS	CRIPTION			List	Extended	Total	
Part No.	Description		Qty	Price	Dollars	Dollars	
5951-6111	COMMUNICATOR 1000 (if quantity is greater than 1 discount is 40%)			\$48.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS for 5951-6111						
5951-6112	COMMUNICATOR 2000 (if quantity is greater than 1 discount is 40%)			25.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS for 5951-6112						
5951-6113	COMMUNICATOR 3000 (if quantity is greater than 1 discount is 40%)			48.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS for 5951-6113						
BACK ISSUE C	ORDER FORM (cash only in U.S. dollars)	Issue		List	Extended	Total	
Part No.	Description	No.	Qty	Price	Dollars	Dollars	
5951-6111	COMMUNICATOR 1000			\$10.00			
				10.00			
				10.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS						
5951-6112	COMMUNICATOR 2000			\$ 5.00			
				5.00			
				5.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS						
5951-6113	COMMUNICATOR 3000			\$10.00			
				10.00			
				_ 10.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS						
TOTAL ORDE	R DOLLAR AMOUNT						
		_					
☐ SERVICE CON	TRACT CUSTOMERS	FOR HP USE ONLY					
	one copy of either COMMUNICATOR 1000,	CONTRAC	T KEY				
	as part of your contract. Indicate additional ad have your local office forward. Billing will						
	normal contract invoices.	5951-6111 Number of additional copies					
N	itianal aggios				ional copies		
Number of addi	itional copies	5951-6113	Numb	er of addit	ional copies		
		Approved					

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 - e. Enter Total Dollars (subtract discount dollars from Extended List Price dollars).

SAMPLE

☑ DIRECT SUBSCRIPTION			List	Extended	Total
Part No.	Description	Qty	Price	Dollars	Dollars
5951-6111	COMMUNICATOR 1000	3	\$48.00	\$144.00	
	(if quantity is greater than 1 discount is 40%)			57.60	
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SAMPLE

☒ BACK ISSUE ORDER FORM (cash only in U.S. dollars)

(subject to availability)		Issue	List	Extended Total	ai
Part No.	Description	No. Q	ty Price	Dollars Dolla	irs
5951-6111	COMMUNICATOR 1000	<u> </u>	\$10.00	#10.00	
		_xx2	10.00	20.00	
			10.00		
	TOTAL DOLLARS			#30.0	00

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Name		Title					
Company		 					
Street							
City		State			Zip Code		
Country							
HP Employee	Account Number	Location Cod		de			
] DIRECT SUBS	CRIPTION			List	Extended	Total	
Part No.	Description		Qty	Price	Dollars	Dollars	
5951-6111	COMMUNICATOR 1000 (if quantity is greater than 1 discount is 40%)			\$48.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS for 5951-6111						
5951-6112	COMMUNICATOR 2000 (if quantity is greater than 1 discount is 40%)		•	25.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS for 5951-6112						
5951-6113	COMMUNICATOR 3000 (if quantity is greater than 1 discount is 40%)			48.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS for 5951-6113						
BACK ISSUE C	ORDER FORM (cash only in U.S. dollars) ability)	Issue		List	Extended	Total	
Part No.	Description	No.	Qty	Price	Dollars	Dollars	
5951-6111	COMMUNICATOR 1000			\$10.00			
				10.00			
				_ 10.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS						
5951-6112	COMMUNICATOR 2000			\$ 5.00			
			·	5.00			
				5.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS						
5951-6113	COMMUNICATOR 3000			_ \$10.00			
				_ 10.00			
				_ 10.00			
	TOTAL DOLLARS						
TOTAL ORDE	R DOLLAR AMOUNT						
	SERVICE CONTRACT CUSTOMERS		FOR HP USE ONLY				
	e one copy of either COMMUNICATOR 1000,	CONTRAC	CT KEY				
	s part of your contract. Indicate additional d have your local office forward. Billing will						
•	normal contract invoices.	5951-6111	Numb	er of addit	ional copies		
Number of addi	itional copies				ional copies		
Number of audi	cional copies	5951-6113	3 Numb	er of addit	ional copies		
		Approved					

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 - d. Enter discount dollars on line under Extended Dollars. (If quantity is greater than 1 you are entitled to a 40% discount.*)
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Control Track

SAMPLE

☒ DIRECT SUBSCRIPTION

,			LIST	Extended	i otai
Part No.	Description	Qty	Price	Dollars	Dollars
5951-6111	COMMUNICATOR 1000	3	\$48.00	\$144.00	
	(if quantity is greater than 1 discount is 40%)			57.60	
	TOTAL DOLLARS for 5951-6111				\$ 86.40

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SAMPLE

☒ BACK ISSUE ORDER FORM (cash only in U.S. dollars)

(subject to availability)		Issue		List	Extended	Total
Part No.	Description	No.	Qty	Price	Dollars	Dollars
5951-6111	COMMUNICATOR 1000	<u> </u>	/_	\$10.00	\$10.00	
		_ x x	2	10.00	20.00	
				10.00		
	TOTAL DOLLARS					<i>\$30.00</i>

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