HP 13255

BACKPLANE MODULE

Manual Part No. 13255-91001

REVISED

OCT-12-77

DATA TERMINAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION





1.0 INTRODUCTION.

This section contains design and application information for the Backplane Module and establishes the rules for interfacing between the
various functional modules and the backplane (terminal data bus).
The backplane is a printed-circuit board mounted to the bottom of the
terminal base and contains a power supply connector and a number of
printed circuit edge connectors. In addition to providing power to
the functional modules, it supplies the 4.915 MHz System Clock (SYS
CLK) and System Power On (PWR ON) signals. Data, address, and control
signals for communication between the various functional modules is
is also supplied by the Backplane Module. The bus is the primary data
path between the processor and memory, display and memory, and the
processor and peripherals (such as the keyboard, data comm, display,
printer, and the CTU). All communication on the bus occurs in a
serially shared mode, with each byte transfer being an independent
non-interruptable transaction.

2.0 OPERATING PARAMETERS.

A summary of operating parameters for the Backplane Module is contained in tables 1.0 through 3.2.

Size $(L \times W \times D)$ Part Number Nomenclature +/-0.100 Inches | (Pounds)| : 02640-60153 | Backplane PCA (9 Slot) $6.3 \times 5.3 \times 0.8$ 0.56 | 02640-60002 | Backplane Extender PCA $5.3 \times 3.7 \times 0.6$ 0.38 (6 Slot) N/A 02640-60052 | Mainframe Assembly N/A 02640-60075 | Backplane PCA (15 Slot) $9.8 \times 5.3 \times 0.8$ 0.81 02640-60158 | Backplane PCA (15 Slot) $9.8 \times 5.3 \times 0.8$ 0.81 02640-60138 | Cable Assembly N/A N/A 02644-60001 | CRT Monitor N/A N/A 02644-60003 | Mainframe Assembly N/A N/A 1 02645-60005 | Mainframe Assembly N/A N/A Number of Backplane Slots Required: NOT APPLICABLE

Table 1.0 Physical Parameters

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NOTE: This document is part of the 264XX DATA TERMINAL product series Technical Information Package (HP 13255).

1.0 INTRODUCTION.

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=======================================			========
Part	1	Size (L x W x D)	Weight
Number	Nomenclature	+/-0.100 Inches	(Pounds)
=====================================		= ===================================	=======
: 02640-60153	Backplane PCA (9 Slot)	6.3 x 5.3 x 0.8	0.56
!		1	1
02640-60002		$1 5.3 \times 3.7 \times 0.6$	0.38
1	(6 Slot)	1	1
1		1	1
1 02640-60052 1	Mainframe Assembly	I N/A	I N/A I
1		1	1 1
1 02640-60075	Backplane PCA (15 Slot)	9.8 x 5.3 x 0.8	i 0.81 i
1 02640-60158 1	·	$1 9.8 \times 5.3 \times 0.8$	0.81
1 02640-60138	Cable Assembly	N/A	I N/A I
1			1
1 02644-60001	CRT Monitor	i N/A	i N/A i
1		1	1
1 02644-60003	Mainframe Assembly	N/A	N/A
1 02844-00003	Maininame Assembly	i W/W	, 47M
1 02645-60005	 Nainframa Aggamble	1 1 1 1 1	1 11/2
1 02045-00005 1	Mainframe Assembly	N/A	N/A
!==========			
1			l
1	Number of Backplane Slots Req	uired: NOT APPLICABLE	t

Table 1.0 Physical Parameters

Table 2.0 Reliability and Environmental Information

==	==========	======	======	=======	========	========	========	
1	Environmental	: ((X) HP	Class B	()	Other:		i 1
1	O a a traight i ann a a	M	*****		lovel			!
1	Restrictions:	тAbe	testea	at product	Tevel			# #
 -	2222222222		::::::::	22222222	=======================================			
1		Failure	Rate:	0.377	(percent	per 1000	hours)	1
 ==	=======================================	======	.======	========	========	========	========	

Table 3.0 Connector Information

-				
	Connector (and Pin No.		Signa Descrip	
	J1 on 02640-60153 and 02640-60075			
į	Pins i	+5V	}	i i
į	-2 	+5 V 	}	1
1	-3 	GND I	}	1
1	- 4	GND ()	!
	-5 (+12V) TO POWER }	į.
ļ	- 6	SYS CLK	SUPPLY PCA)
	-7	-12V	} }	
	-8 	PWR ON	Not Used }	1
!	-10	GND) }	!

Table 3.1 Connector Information

	Idble 3.	connector intormation
Connector	Signal	Signal
I and Pin No.		Description
1	<u> </u>	
I J2 thru J10	[]	
i on	1	
1 02640-60153		i i
1	1	l i
J11 thru J15	1	
on 02640 - 60002		
1 02640-60002 1 and	1 1	
l J2 thru J16		
l on	İ	i i
1 02640-60075		
Pins 1	+5V	+5 Volt Power Supply
-2	I GND I	Ground Common Return (Power and Signal)
Ĭ	1	l
-3	I SYS CLK I	4.915 MHz System Clock
	1 1 2 2 2	40 Valt Bayer Cumaly
- 4	-12V	-12 Volt Power Supply
-5	ADDRO	Negative True, Address Bit 0
		i i
! -6	ADDR1	Negative True, Address Bit 1
-7	ADDR2	Negative True, Address Bit 2
-/		Negative ilde, Addless Bit 2
-8	ADDR3	Negative True, Address Bit 3
l i		l.
-9	ADDR4 I	Negative True, Address Bit 4
-10 I	ADDR5	Negative True, Address Bit 5
-10	AUDINU	
-11	ADDR6	Negative True, Address Bit 6
!	!	!
		. IN CO TO CO CO POPO CO

Table 3.1 Connector Information (Cont'd.)

Table 3.1 Connector Information (Cont.d.)			
Connector	Signal	Signal	
and Pin No.		Description	
 J2 thru J10) t		
on	* :		
02640-60153	i	i	
1	l	i i	
l J11 thru J15	į (l l	
l on	!	!	
1 02640-60002			
l and J2 thru J16	1 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
on or	1		
02640-60075	i	i i	
1		l İ	
Pins 12	I ADDR7	Negative True, Address Bit 7	
1	10000		
-13	ADDR8	Negative True, Address Bit 8	
-14	ADDR9		
		l l	
-15	ADDR10	Negative True, Address Bit 10	
1		I	
-16	ADDR11	Negative True, Address Bit 11	
-17	ADDR12	Nomentius Manage Dit 40	
-1/	I ADDKIZ	Negative True, Address Bit 12	
-18	ADDR13	Negative True, Address Bit 13	
i			
1 -19	ADDR14	Negative True, Address Bit 14	
1		!	
-20	ADDR15	Negative True, Address Bit 15	
-21	I/0		
-21	1		
i -22	, I GND	Ground Common Return (Power and Signal)	
1	1	l i	
1	1	l l	

Table 3.1 Connector Information (Cont'd.)

	:=====================================	connector information (tont d.)
Connector	Signal	Signal
l and Pin No.	Name	Description
1		
J2 thru J10		
l on	İ	i i
1 02640-60153	 	l l
1 744 55 50 745		<u> </u>
J11 thru J15		
02640-60002		
and	· 	i i
J2 thru J16	l (ļ
l on		
02640-60075 Pins A	I GND	 Ground Common Return (Power and Signal)
Fins R		Glound Common Return (rower and bighai)
-B	POLL	Negative True, Polled Interrupt
		Identification Request
-C	 +12V	 +12 Volt Power Supply
, <u>-</u> C	1 +124	i +iz voit power suppry
-D	PWR ON	System Power On
1		l
- E	BUS0	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 0
! - F	BUS1	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 1
	1	Regulive frue, bata bus bit i
-H	BUS2	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 2
		<u> </u>
-J	BUS3	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 3
' -K	BUS4	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 4
i		
-L	BUS5	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 5
	Diles	Nogativo Mrvo Data Rve Bit 6
, — M	BUS6	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 6
i		i i
=======================================		

Table 3.1 Connector Information (Cont'd.)

		Table 3.1 Co	onnector Information (Cont'd.)
1	Connector	Signal	Signal
Ì	and Pin No.	-	Description
1	=======================================	=======================================	
1			l l
-		!	
١	J2 thru J10		
- !	on (
1	02640-60153	<u> </u>	
ì	J11 thru J15		
ì	on		i i
i	02640-60002		i i
1	and]	1
1	J2 thru J16	1	1
- 1	on		
١	02640-60075		
	Pins N	BUS7	
1	PINS N	1 8037	l Regarde file, Data bus bit /
i	- P	WRITE	Negative True, Write/Read Type Cycle
Ì	<u>.</u>	-	
1	-R	ATN2	Negative True, CTU and Polled Interrupt
İ	1		l Request
ļ			
į	- \$	WAIT	Negative True, wait Control Line
1	· • T	PRIOR IN	Bus Controller Priority In
1	1	FRIOR IN	I bus concrosses resourcy in
1	- ∪	PRIOR OUT	Bus Controller Priority Out
(
1	- v	PROC ACTIVE	Negative True, Processor Active
		l	(Controlling Bus)
1			
	-W	BUSY	Negative True, Bus Currently Busy
1			(Not Available)
1	-X	RUN	Allow Processor to Access Bus
	-Y	REQ	Negative True, Request (Bus Data
]	·	Currently Valid)
	1	l	1
	- Z	ATN.	Negative True, Data Comm Interrupt Request
			!
:			

Table 3.2 Connector Information

<pre>Connector</pre>	I Signal	Signal
and Pin No.	l Name	Description
=====================================	======================================	
J17 on 1 02640-60158 1 Pins 1 1 2 1 3	 	To Power Supply PCA
P1 on 02640-60153 and J16 on 02640-60002 Pins 1	 	+5 Volt Power Supply
-2) +5V	
-3	i	
-3 1	I GND	Ground Common Return (Power and Signal)
-4	SYS CLK	4.915 MHz System Clock
-5	-12V	-12 Volt Power Supply
-6	ADDRO	Negative True, Address Bit 0
-7	ADDR1	Negative True, Address Bit 1
-8	ADDR2	Negative True, Address Bit 2
- 9	ADDR3	Negative True, Address Bit 3
-10	ADDR4	Negative True, Address Bit 4
-11	ADDR5	Negative True, Address Bit 5
	 	; :====================================

Table 3.2 Connector Information (Cont'd.)

	Table 3.2 CC	onnector information (cont.d.)
Connector and Pin No.	Name	Signal Description
P1 on 02640-60153 and J16 on 02640-60002		
Pins 12	ADDR6	Negative True, Address Bit 6
-13	ADDR7	Negative True, Address Bit 7
-14	ADDR8	Negative True, Address Bit 8
-15	ADDR9	Negative True, Address Bit 9
-16	ADDR10	Negative True, Address Bit 10
-17	ADDR11	Negative True, Address Bit 11
-18	ADDR12	Negative True, Address Bit 12
-19	ADDR13	Negative True, Address Bit 13
-20	ADDR14	Negative True, Address Bit 14
-21	ADDR15	Negative True, Address Bit 15
-22	1/0	Negative True, Input Output/Memory
-23	GND	Ground Common Return (Power and Signal)
-24	I GND	Ground Common Return (Power and Signal)
İ	! 	

Table 3.2 Connector Information (Cont'd.)

=======================================	=======================================	
<pre>Connector</pre>	Signal	Signal
l and Pin No.	i Name	Description
==========	=====================================	
	!	!
D4 0-		
P1 on	1 1	
1 02040-00155	₹ 4	
J16 on	5	
1 02640-60002	1	
l Pins A	+5V	+5 Volt Power Supply
1		
-в	I GND	Ground Common Return (Power and Signal)
1	l	l I
1 -C	POLL	Negative True, Polled Interrupt
!	!	Identification Request
	1 1 2 7	
-D	+12V	+12 Volt Power Supply
-E	PWR ON	System Power On
	1	byseem rower on
-F	BUSO	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 0
1		
1 -H	l Busi I	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 1
1	l	1
-J	BUS2	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 2
. !		!
-K	BUS3	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 3
-L	BUS4	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 4
1 -D	, puo u i	l megative line, hard one off a
-M	BUS5	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 5
1		
1		i i

Table 3.2 Connector Information (Cont'd.)

Table 3.2 Connector Information (Cont'd.)			
Connector	Signal	Signal	
I and Pin No.		Description	
======================================			
1	i 1		
P1 on	, 	i	
1 02640-60153	1	!	
l and I J16 on	. 1		
1 02640-60002			
1	<u> </u>	i i	
Pins N	BUS6	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 6	
1 -P	BUS7	Negative True, Data Bus Bit 7	
1		Regarive fixe, baca bas bit /	
-R	WRITE	Negative True, Write/Read Type Cycle	
 -s	I ATN2		
-3	1 4102	Request	
İ		l I	
-T	WAIT	Negative True, Wait Control Line	
-U	I PRIOR OUT	Bus Controller Priority Out	
i		l	
† -V	! +5V	+5 Volt Power Supply	
 -W	PROC ACTIVE	Negative True, Processor Active	
·	PROC ACTIVE	(Controlling Bus)	
İ		l l	
-x	BUSY	Negative True, Bus Currently Busy	
† 	! !	(Not Available)	
i -Y	RUN	Allow Processor to Access Bus	
! _			
-Z	I REQ	Negative True, Request (Bus Data Currently Valid)	
i	· 		
I -AA	I ATN	Negative True, Data Comm Interrupt Request	
 -BB	I GND		
İ			
1	1	1	
=======================================	=======================================		

SIGNALS

- FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION SIGNALS. Refer to the schematic diagrams (figures 1, 2, and 3), typical memory module interface (figure 4), typical I/O module interface (figure 5), bus controller circuit (figure 6), bus controller states (figure 7), bus controller timing diagram (figure 8), and parts lists, (02640-60153, 02640-60002, 02640-60052, 02640-60075, 02640-60138, 02644-60001, 02644-60003, and 02645-60005) located in the appendix.
- 3.1 ADDRO through ADDR15. These signals are defined as module address lines 0 through 15 and are used to define which module is being addressed, and which function (for an I/O module) or which byte (for a memory module) within the addressed module is being addressed. Bit

MEMORY
ADDRESS
SIGNALS A15 A14 A13 A12 A11 A10 A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0

I/O MODULE
ADDRESS - - - - M2 M1 M0 X4 X7 X6 X5 M3 X3 X2 X1 X0

M's = I/O Module Select Code Bits X's = I/O Module Subfunction Strobe Bits A's = Memory Module Address Bits

assignments are as follows with ADDRO being the least significant bit.

- BUSO through BUS7. These signals are defined as data bus bits 0 through 7. BUSO is the least significant bit. All eight bits are transferred without modification over the bus. There is no parity check or other verification.
- 3.3 SYS CLK. This signal is the 4.915 MHz System Clock used to synchronize bus operations. All bus control signals must be changed only on negative transitions of this clock. This is a 50 per cent duty cycle TTL signal.
- 3.4 I/O. This is the input output/memory signal and when low, indicates that address lines are to be interpreted as I/O module addresses and strobes. When high, it indicates that addresses are to be interpreted as memory references.

- 3.5 WRITE. when low, this signal indicates that the current bus cycle is a write or output operation (data going out of the processor, to the modules). When high, it indicates that a read or input operation is in progress (data going into the processor from the modules).
- PWR ON. System Power On will be low for the first 50 milliseconds after power is turned on; then it goes high and remains high as long as power is on. The PWR ON line should be used to initialize any circuits whose beginning states are important. It can be pulled manually low with power still on by pressing the RESET TERMINAL key on the keyboard. (RESET TERMINAL is a switch contact which pulls the line low for as long as the switch is depressed.) (Refer to module section 13255-91018 for the exact function of RESET TERMINAL key.)
- RUN. This signal can be used to halt the processor. When pulled low, it prevents the processor from accessing the bus again, thus keeping the processor in a waiting state. When the RUN line is released, the processor will resume running again. This line is not normally used, and is provided primarily for use with diagnostic and debugging aids to implement run/halt and processor single-cycle operations.
- PROC ACTIVE. Processor Active indicates that the bus cycle currently in progress is being controlled by the processor. This line is not normally used, and is provided primarily for debugging and diagnostic purposes to implement processor single-cycle and processor instruction flow monitoring; and so that a sampler module can monitor bus operations and be able to distinguish processor transactions from display memory access (DMA) or other transactions.
- PRIOR IN. When high, the Priority In line indicates to a bus controller that no higher priority device is contending for control of the bus. When PRIOR IN is low, it indicates that a higher priority controller is attempting to get the bus.
- PRIOR OUT. The Priority Out line is used by a controller to signal other lower priority controllers that they must wait before attempting to take control of the bus. A low level indicates that the bus is not available. This signal is directly connected to PRIOR IN of the next lower priority module in a daisy-chain from module to module.
- BUSY. When low, BUSY indicates to all other controllers that the bus is currently being controlled and is not available. This is the method by which a low priority controller maintains control while a high pri-

ority controller is attempting to gain control. The priority chain is used to resolve which of the multiple controllers simultaneously contending for control will gain the control when the bus becomes not busy (bus is available).

- REQ. Request is the signal which indicates to the addressed module that the data on the bus is valid. Data being output by the processor is valid before REQ goes low, while it is low, and after it goes high.

 Therefore, REQ may be used to clock a flip-flop on either rising or falling edges, or to enable a latch. If data is being read into the processor, REQ is used to signal an addressed module to drive data onto the bus. When REQ again goes high, data should immediately be removed from the bus. The processor will provide address and data setup and hold time for data being sent to a module, but will sample the data lines only at the trailing (rising) edge of REQ when reading data from a module.
- WAIT. WAIT may be pulled low by an addressed module to signal a controller that the module will be unable to respond to a 400 nanosecond REQ. WAIT causes the controller to hold REQ low in increments of 200 nanoseconds until the addressed module releases WAIT, then REQ will go high at the next SYS CLK falling edge. An addressed module should release WAIT as soon as valid data is put on the bus, but just after a falling SYS CLK edge, so that the data will have at least 200 nanoseconds to settle before being sampled (at the end of REQ).
- 3.14 ATN. Attention (interrupt request), is used by a module to request service from the processor. After the processor has read the status of the interrupting module, the module should release the ATN line.
- 3.15 ATN2. ATN2 is similar to ATN, but causes the processor to trap to a different address. ATN2 is the preferred line to request service for a polling interrupt operation.

- 3.16 POLL. The POLL line is used to signal pollable interrupting modules that an identification cycle is coming up. After acknowledging an ATN2 interrupt request, the processor will pull POLL low to indicate that it wants to identify the source of the interrupt. Modules that have interrupts pending should monitor POLL. When POLL, I/O, and REQ are low and WRITE is high, interrupting modules identify themselves by pulling a single bus data line low. The bit to be pulled must be decided by agreement between hardware and firmware, and should be jumperable on hardware boards.
- 4.0 DC RULES.
 - Bus signals are generally negative true logic levels. The exceptions are RUN, PWR ON, PRIOR IN, and PRIOR OUT. All bus lines with the exception of POLL and ATN2 have 500-ohm pullup resistors installed on the Backplane PCA. All bus lines except PRIOR IN and PRIOR OUT are connected in parallel to all backplane edge connectors. PRIOR IN is pulled up with 500 ohms at the power supply end of the bus.
- 4.1 OFF THE BUS. No module may put more than two low-power Schottky input loads on any bus signal; modules needing more must buffer the signals. The only exception to this is PRIOR IN as it will be loaded, at most, by only one module.
- 4.2 ONTO THE BUS. A bus driver must be capable of driving 28 low-power Schottky loads (14 slots x 2 loads per slot) plus the 500-ohm pullup resistor (which amounts to 22 milliamperes at 0.4 volts). The recommended driver is a 74LS38, although Tri-State may be used.
- 5.0 TIMING RULES.
- 5.1 SYS CLK. The 4.915 MHz system clock synchronizes all bus transactions. Bus drivers will change control signals only on the falling edge of the clock. Responding devices are expected to reply immediately upon detecting their addresses, to allow sufficient time for the signals to settle before the next falling clock edge.

- PRIORITY IN/PRIORITY OUT. The rules for SYS CLK in section 5.1 above, must also be applied to the priority chain. The priority signal may have to ripple through many modules to reach the last one which might be bidding for the bus at the same time as the first module. The first module must be able to disable the last one by propagating the Priority signal down the entire chain within 200 nanoseconds (plus the setup time of the last module). The results are not predictable if an attempt is made to take control of the bus at other than immediately (less than 50 nanoseconds) after a falling clock edge. Modules which are not controllers must tie PRIOR IN to PRIOR OUT in order to preserve the continuity of the chain.
- of WAIT. This signal is used to prolong the bus REQ state. The release of WAIT tells the controller that the REQ state can be terminated at the next clock. In order for this to operate properly, data must be stable before the end of REQ (implying that data is driven onto the bus 200 nanoseconds before the end of REQ). In addition, wAIT should only be allowed to go high at a clock edge, and data should be valid and starting to drive the bus at the same time. Thus, data need not be valid and settled, but it must be valid and starting to drive the bus when WAIT is released. This must occur immediately (less than 50 nanoseconds) after a clock edge in order to allow sufficient settling time
- ATN/ATN2. These lines are sampled asynchronously by the processor and have no particular setup requirements. However, for the sake of convention, it has been agreed that an interrupting module will release interrupt request as soon as the processor reads the status of the interrupting module and this must occur within 200 nanoseconds after the end of the status read.

for the data lines, which have more loading than the WAIT line.

POLL. The POLL line is driven only by the processor and is programmed by the firmware. Typically, three instructions must be executed by the processor in order to perform the poll function. The first instruction causes POLL to be driven low, then an I/O read is performed to obtain

executed to reset POLL high. Therefore, there will be a minimum of 1.6 microseconds setup and hold time before and after the input instruction which does the parallel poll.

- PROC ACTIVE. This line also is driven only by the processor and the timing is the same as the timing used to drive ADDR, WRITE, I/O, and bus data lines (all these lines will have 200 nanoseconds setup before REO and 200 nanoseconds of hold after REO).
- RUN. RUN is sampled by the processor to determine whether to begin a bus bid state by its controller. If at the time the processor is ready to begin a bus cycle, the RUN line is low, it will cause a holdoff of the cycle until RUN goes high. When RUN goes high, the Bus Bid state will be entered at the next clock edge, and the bus cycle will then complete normally. Once begun, the cycle will complete. RUN prevents the processor from beginning backplane bus cycles, but cannot stop a

cycle already in progress. It might be possible to use wAIT to hold a cycle in progress; but if it is a cycle accessing dynamic RAMs, it could cause a refresh failure if the cycle is not allowed to complete at its natural speed.

- BUSY. BUSY must be pulled low by a controller as soon as the Bus Bid state has been successful. This prevents other controllers from taking control while the bus is in use. BUSY should be released at the end of REQ, so that other controllers can use the 200 nanosecond period after REQ to perform their bus bids. In this way, all clock periods can be utilized for data transfer and no time is lost performing purely control functions on the bus.
- 6.0 RULES FOR SLAVE MODULES.
- 6.1 MEMORY MODULES. Refer to figure 4, Typical Memory Module Interface (8K ROM). A memory module will usually contain a sizable contiguous block of memory address space. The module will usually try to have its block

byte within the module.

starting address lie on an address which is an integral multiple of the block size. For example, a board with 8K bytes of storage could begin at 0, at 8K, at 16K, at 24K, etc. This results in a board select detector consisting of a 3-bit comparator between ADDR15, ADDR14, ADDR13, and the output of a 3-bit module address switch or jumper on the module. This is ANDed together with I/O high and REQ low to select the module. The direction of transfer is indicated by WRITE, and the less significant address lines (ADDR12 through ADDR0) select the addressed

- of the module cannot operate with a 400-nanosecond REQ, then it should utilize WAIT to force REQ to last as long as required, consistent with the rules for WAIT outlined in section 5.3. It is not necessary to use WAIT if the module is fast, nor is it necessary that WAIT be pulled the same length of time for reading as for writing. The individual module may take account of its own requirements.
- 6.1.2 If a module contains mixed speeds or types of memory, the various logical blocks should be considered logically separate units, with separate address detectors and separate data drivers. Again, the module may put no more than two active loads on any bus line, and if multiple blocks are loading the same lines, it may be necessary to buffer some lines to comply with these rules.
- 6.2 I/O. Refer to figure 5, Typical I/O Module Interface. I/O modules are addressed differently than memory modules. There are 16 module addresses coded into ADDR11, ADDR10, ADDR9, and ADDR4. Eight other address lines (ADDR8 through ADDR5 and ADDR3 through ADDR0), are driven by the processor and can be used for any purpose agreed upon consistently between the hardware and firmware. It is expected that these other lines (sometimes called "strobes") act as further address qualifiers or subfunction selectors, although it is not necessary to view them in that manner.

- 6.2.1 In order for a module to recognize its address, it must compare the four module address bits (ADDR11, ADDR10, ADDR9, and ADDR4), and then compare that with I/O low and REQ low. This establishes that the module is currently being addressed, and WRITE again establishes the direction of transfer.
- 6.2.2 There is no current provision for multiple modules to share the same module address (with 16 addresses and only 15 physical backplane slots it is unnecessary to share addresses). If it becomes desirable in the future, it should be considered as a special situation outside of the normal bus rules and handled very carefully.
- A module which wants to interrupt must pull one or the other (ATN/ATN2) low. As soon as the processor interrogates status from the interrupting module, the module should assume that the processor is about to service the interrupt and it should release ATN/ATN2 at that time. This is independent of the polling identification requirements for pollable interrupting modules. It is not necessary to release ATN/ATN2 as a result of a polling operation. (Refer to section 5.4)
- A pollable interrupting module which has an interrupt pending (requested but not yet acknowledged) may be polled by the processor. The processor will pull POLL low, and shortly thereafter will perform an input operation at some module address which is unable to respond to an input (read from the display, for example). During this pseudo-input operation, a pollable module which has an interrupt pending, must pull down on one bus data line. The line which is pulled identifies the requesting module to the processor. Since there are eight data lines, up to eight modules may be handled by this method. By agreement, the

Cartridge Tape Module pulls on BUS7. (Refer to section 3.16)

- 7.0 RULES FOR BUS CONTROLLER MODULES.
- 7.0.1 A bus controller requires provision for deriving all the timing and control signals used to transfer data between itself and a slave module, as well as resolving control conflicts between itself and other controller modules. At a minimum, this implies a bus control circuit (figure 6) including control, address, data drivers and/or data receivers. There are other possible bus control circuit designs, but the one shown is the simplest which is suitable for all purposes. All of the features of this circuit may not be needed in all cases. (Refer to section 7.0.4 for the bus controller states, bus controller state diagram (figure 7), and bus controller timing diagram (figure 8) for an explanation of state transitions.)
- 7.0.2 The bus controller circuit shown in figure 6 is suitable for the main processor in the system. This element has two requirements not placed on any other controller—they do the driving of PROC ACTIVE when that module is controlling the bus (driving address lines) and they respond to RUN to hold off transition from Idle to Bus Bid states.
- 7.0.3 Modules other than the processor do not need to use these signals.

 They must not drive PROC ACTIVE because this would prevent single-step processor cycles from operating predictably. It is not important for non-processor controllers to respond to RUN.
- 7.0.4 RUN and Start Cycle must be present at the same time as a SYS CLK edge, otherwise the cycle start request will be missed. If Start Cycle is a pulse, it may have to be latched (the latch can be cleared by the B flip-flop, which will be set when the bus has been obtained). If the module does not use RUN, and if Start Cycle is a pulse of longer duration that one period of SYS CLK, it is not necessary to latch Start Cycle.

Name ========	ABC	Signals Driven
IDLE	000	-
BUS BID	100	PRIOR OUT
BUS OBTAIN	110	PRIOR OUT, BUSO thru BUS7 (if WRITE), ADDRO thru ADDR15, BUSY, PROC ACTIVE (if main processor), WRITE (if write operation), I/O (if not memory operation)
REQUEST	111	Same as 110 above, plus REQ
WAIT	011	ADDRO thru ADDR15, REQ, BUSY, BUSO thru BUS7 (if WRITE), WRITE (if write operation), PROC ACTIVE (if main processor)
RELEASE	001	ADDRO thru ADDR15, BUSO thru BUS7 (if WRITE) WRITE (if write operation), I/O (if not memory operation), PROC ACTIVE (if main processor)
IDLE	000	-

- 7.0.5 The priority chain gate between PRIOR IN and PRIOR OUT functions as a negative OR gate, whose output is low when either input is low. When PRIOR IN is low, the controller is prevented from obtaining the bus (if it is in the Bus Bid state) by the 3-input AND gate between the A and B flip-flops. The signal must also be passed down the priority chain to other lower priority modules which might also be requesting the terminal bus at the same time. (This is true whether this controller is active or not, and hence the gate to pass low PRIOR IN directly to a low PRIOR OUT.)
- 7.0.6 Slave modules are entitled to expect that data and address lines will

be valid and stable before, during, and after $\overline{\text{REQ}}$ is low. They use $\overline{\text{REQ}}$ to gate their data onto the bus during a read cycle (implying that data

will be changing very shortly after REQ changes). The rise times may be slow since all bus lines are open-collector. To prevent loss of the data, it must be latched up by the controller module. Thresholds may

vary, and the rise times of REQ may be slow. Therefore, it is recom-

mended that another, faster version of REQ be generated locally, in parallel with the version used to drive the bus. This fast version of

REQ can be a totem pole driver having a fast rise time, and therefore,

will occur predictably before REQ on the bus has had a chance to disable the data drivers in the slave module. The drivers provide the required timing for control, address, and data lines. All address, data, I/O, and write signals should be present for longer than the control signals, in order to preserve the desired timing.

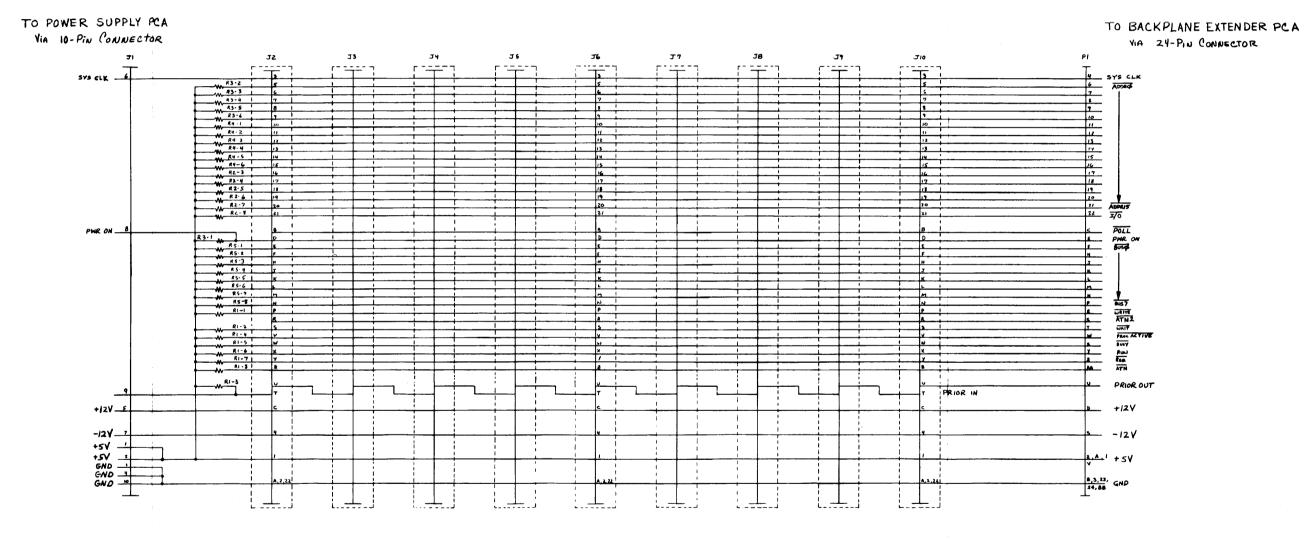


Figure 1
Backplane PCA (9 slot) Schematic Diagram OCT-12-77
13255-91001

TO BACKPLANE PCA VIA 24- PIN CONNECTOR

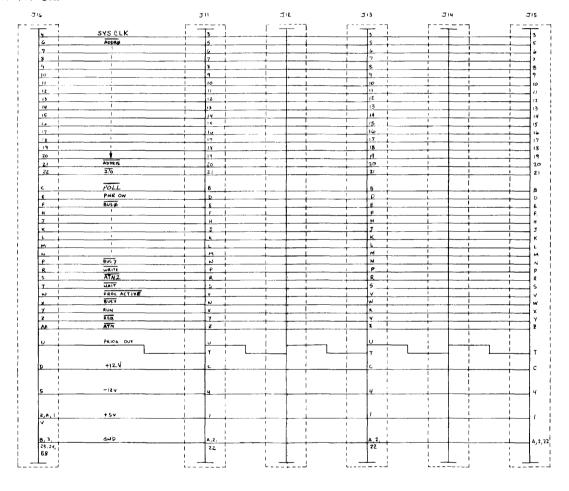


Figure 2
Backplane Extender PCA (6 Slot) Schematic Diagram
OCT-12-77
13255-91001

TO POWER SUPPLY PCA Via 10-Pin Connector J15 JZ J3 J4 J5 J9 J10 JII 314 J16 J6 **J**7 Jв JIZ J13 71 3 SYSCLK ADDRØ SYS CLK-3 \(\lambda_3 - 2\) 5 \(\lambda_2 - 3 \) 6 \(\lambda_3 - 3 \) 1 6 \(\lambda_3 - 3 \) 7 \(\lambda_3 - 5 \) 8 \(\lambda_2 - 6 \) 9 \(\lambda_2 - 6 \) 9 \(\lambda_2 - 6 \) 9 \(\lambda_2 - 6 \) 9 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 10 19 | 20 | 21 | ADDRIS I/O POLL PWR ON BVS # 73-1 75-1 75-1 75-2 75-3 75-4 75-5 75-5 75-7 75-7 75-7 75-7 ____ 71-21 71-51 71-51 71-51 71-51 71-71 71-71 PRIOR IN -12V -+5V 1 +5V 2 GND-3 GND 4 GND 10

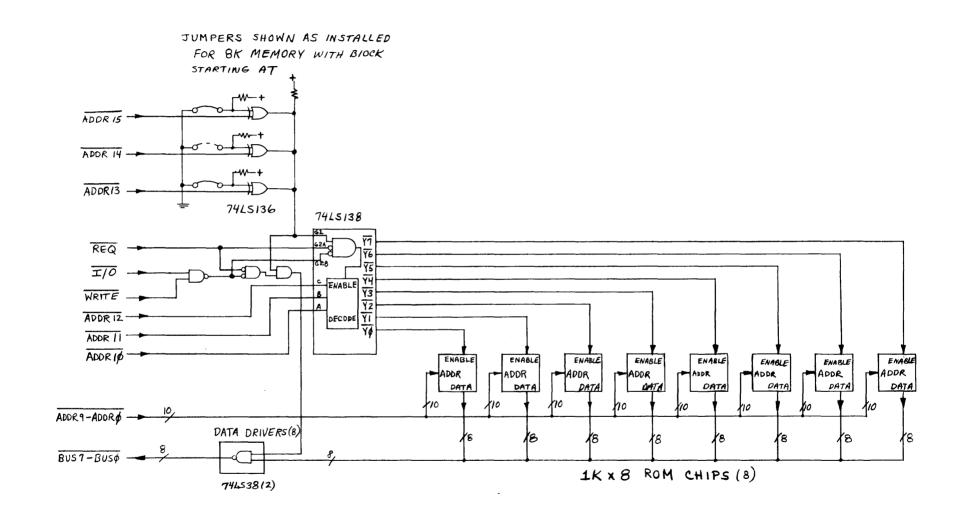


Figure 4
Backplane PCA (15 Slot) Schematic Diagram
OCT-12-77
13255-91001

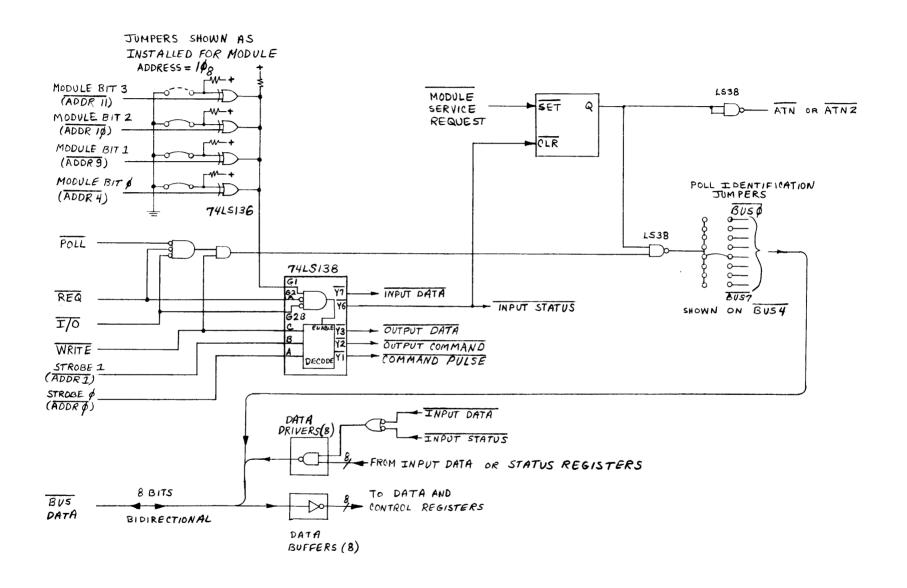


Figure 5
Typical Memory Module Interface Diagram OCT-12-77
13255-91001

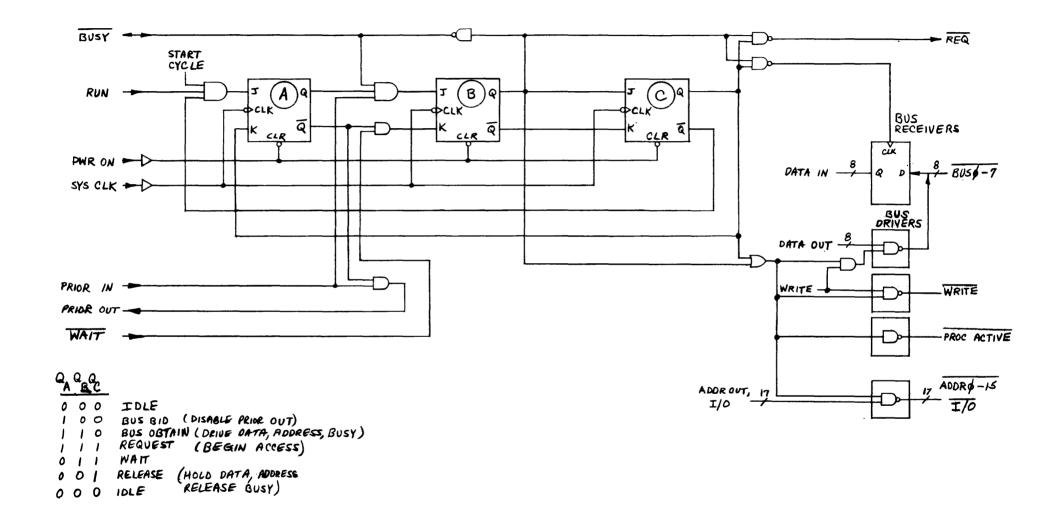
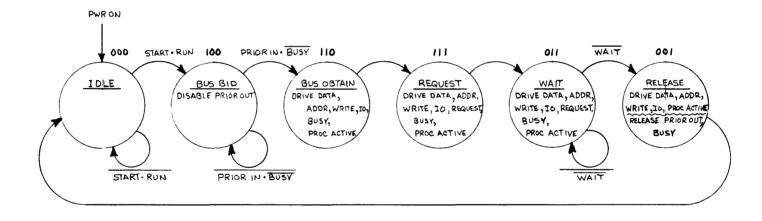


Figure 6
Typical I/O Module Interface Diagram OCT-12-77
13255-91001



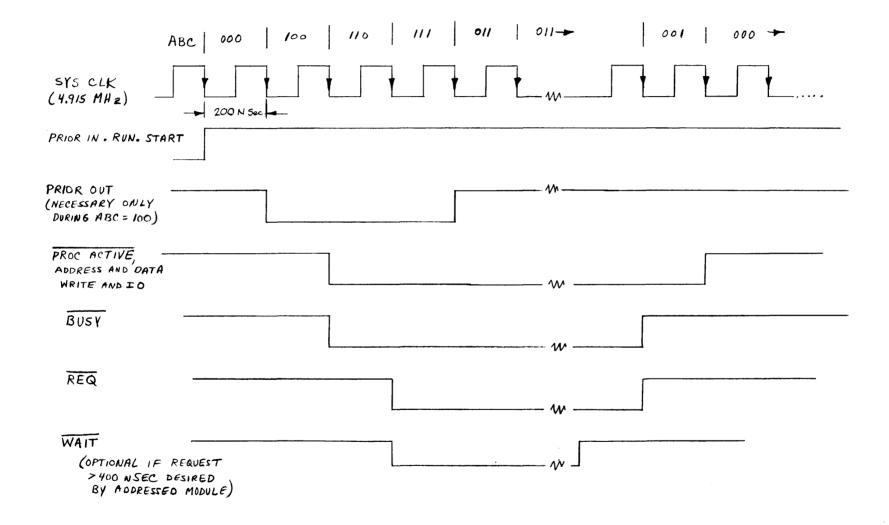


Figure 8
Bus Controller State Diagram
OCT-12-77 13255-91001

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
	02640-60153	1	BACKPLANE ASSEMBLY, 9-SLOT DATE CODE: B-1708-42 REVISION DATE: 06-11-77	28480	02640-60153
J1 J2 J3 J4 J5	1251-3319 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887	1 9	CUNNECTOR 10-PIN M POST TYPE CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	27264 71785 71785 71785 71785 71785	09-64-1101(A2402-10A) 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340
10 17 19 111	1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887		CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTUR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	71785 71785 71785 71785 71785	252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340
K1 K2 R3 K4 K5	1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132	5	NETWORK-RES S-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES S-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES S-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES S-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES S-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES S-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
	02 640-60002	1	BACKPLANE EXTENDER ASSEMBLY DATE CODE: 8-1443-22 REVISION DATE: 04-15-76	28480	02640-60002
Jli Jl2 Jl3 Jl4 Jl5	1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887	5	CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CUNT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CCNT/ROW 2-ROWS CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	71785 71785 71785 71785 71785 71785	252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340
Jìo	1251-3207	1	CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 24-CUNT/ROW 2-ROWS	71785	251-24-30-400
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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
	02640-60052	1	MAINFRAME ASSEMBLY REVISION DATE: 05-11-77	28480	02640-60052
	04(3-0324 0570-0528 1350-0326 1350-0327 2150-0006	4 1 1 4	BUMPER FOOT, GRAY PLASTIC 0.560" W STUD, PRESS-IN 5/16" FASTENER-LATCH ADJ PAWL GRIP RANGE FASTENER-LATCH ADJ PAWL GRIP RANGE WASHER-LK HLCL NO6 .141-IN-ID	76381 00000 94222 94222 28480	SJ-5025-GRAY OBD 27-99-123-40 27-99-126-40 2190-0006
	2150-0851 2150-0918 2200-0166 2360-0196 2360-0197	11 13 2 4 9	WASHER-LK HLCL NC6 .141-IN-IC WASHER-LK HLCL NO6 .141-IN-ID SCREW-MACH 4-40 .438-IN-LG B2 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2190-0851 2190-0918 2200-0168 2360-0196 2360-0197
	2360-0219 3050-0066 3110-0100 3110-0101 4040-1023	4 4 1 1	SCREW-MACH 6-32 1.375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI WASHEK-FL MTLC NO6 .147-IN-ID HINGE-BODY STL 1-LG .059-THK STL HINGE-BODY STL 1-LG .059-THK STL BEZEL	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2360-0219 3050-0066 3110-0100 3110-0101 4040-1023
	7120-3986 8120-1378 02640-00001 02640-00010 02640-00025	1 1 1 2	INFORMATION LABEL 1.605-IN-ND 1.8-IN-LG CABLE ASSY 18AWG 3-CNDCT JGK-JKT .25-OD HDUSING SUPPORT SUPPORT, HINGE	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	7120-3986 8120-1378 02640-00001 02640-00010 02640-00025
	02640-20007 02640-20009 02640-40001 02640-60001 02640-60004	1 2 1 1	DOOR, REAR Spacer Mainframe, Shell Assembly, Backplane Assembly, Power Supply	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	02640-20007 02640-20009 02640-40001 02640-60001 02640-60004
	02 640-60027 02 640-60029	1 1	ASSEMBLY, REAR PANEL ASSEMBLY, P.S. CONTROL	28480 28480	02640-60027 02640-60029
				:	

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
	02640-60075	1	BACKPLANE ASSEMBLY, 15-SLOT DATE CODE: B-1546-42 REVISION DATE: 06-22-77	28480	02640-60075
J1 J2 J3 J4 J5	1251-3319 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887	1 15	CUNNECTUR 10-PIN M POST TYPE CUNNECTUR-PC EDGE 22-CUNT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CUNT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CUNT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CUNT/ROW 2-ROWS	27264 71785 71785 71785 71785	09-64-1101(A2402-10A) 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340
J0 J7 J9 J1U	1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887		CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	71785 71785 71785 71785 71785 71785	252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340
J11 J12 J13 J14 J15	1251-1687 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887 1251-1887		CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	71785 71785 71785 71785 71785	252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340 252-22-30-340
Jio	1251-1887		CUNNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	71785	252-22-30-340
K1 K2 K3 K4 K5	1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132	5	NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG NETWORK-RES 9-PIN-SIP .15-PIN-SPCG	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132 1810-0132
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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
	02640-60138	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY REVISION DATE: 12-01-76	28480	02640-69138
	0362-0332 0890-0225 1251-3836 1251-3911 8120-1478	1 3 1	TERMINAL-CRIMP ING-R #6 22-18-AWG RED TUBING-FLEX *289-ID PVC *02-WALL CONNECTOR 4-PIN UTILITY CONTACT-CON U/M-UTIL FEM CRP CABLE ASSY 18AWG 2-CNUCT BLK-JKT	98410 96904 28480 28480 80126	AVIKRIMP AA-532-06 400/461 FR-1 1251-3836 1251-3911 C2055 SERIES
	8150-2919		HIRE 18ANG G/Y 600V PVC 19X30 105C	28480	8150-2919
<u></u>	<u> </u>				

Reference	HP Part	Qty	Description	Mfr	Mfr Part Number
Designation	Number	,		Code	
	02 644-60001	1	CRT MONITOR ASSEMBLY REVISION DATE: 07-01-77	28480	02644-60001
	0570-0528 1400-0194 1460-1579 1460-1580 1600-0655 1480-0069	2 2 1 1 2 2	STUD, PRESS-IN 5/16" CLAMM-CA .438-DIA .5-WD BTYT SPRING, LEFT SPRING, RIGHT LATCH PIN: GROOVED 6 PIN 1/8" DIA	00000 95987 28480 28480 28480 28480	0BD 7/16-6B 1460-1579 1460-1580 1600-0655 1480-0069
-	2150-0010 2150-0017 2150-0451 2150-0851 2360-0201	1 4 2 2 8	WASHER-LK EXT T NO8 .168-IN-ID WASHER-LK HLCL NO8 .168-IN-ID WASHER-RECT. FOR #4 GN #5 HDH WASHER-LK HLCL NO6 .141-IN-IC SCREW-MACH 6-32 .5-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	0G791 28480 95987 28480 28480	2-820-BC 2190-0017 D6-128 2190-0851 2360-0201
	2360-0205 2510-0107 3030-0004 3050-0001 3050-0066	2 4 2 4 6	SCREW-MACH 6-32 .75-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 8-32 .5-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-SKT HD CAP 6-32 .625-IN-LG ALY STL WASHER-FL MTLC NO8 .172-IN-IC WASHER-FL MTLC NO6 .147-IN-IC	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2360-0205 2510-0107 3030-0064 3050-0001 3050-0066
	3110-0099 3160-0208 02640-00034 02640-00044 02640-00046	2 1 1 1	HINGE-DTCHBL-LF STL 1-LG .059-THK STL FAN-TBAX 45-CFM 115V 50/60-HZ 1.5-THK SHIELD SCREEN SCREEN	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	3110-0099 3160-0208 02640-00034 02640-00044 02640-00046
	02640-00055 02640-40002 02640-40022 02640-40025 02640-60039	1 1 1 1	SUPPORT, RETAINER DISPLAY, TOP SIDE, RIGHT SIDE, LEFT CABLE ASSY, SWEEP	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	02640-00055 02640-40002 02640-40022 02640-40023 02640-60039
	02 640-60042 02 640-60084 02 640-60095 02 640-60138	1 1 1	CABLE ASSY, CRT CRT/YOKE ASSY SHEEP ASSY CABLE ASSY	28480 28480 28480 28480	02640-60042 02640-60084 02640-60095 02640-60138

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
	02€44 −60003	1	MAINFRAME ASSEMBLY REVISION DATE: 12-08-76	28480	02644-60003
	04C3-0324 04C3-0345 0570-0528 1350-0326 1350-0327	4 2 4 1 1	BUMPER FOOT, GRAY PLASTIC 0.560° W BUMPER FOOT, BLACK POLY. 0.25° W STUD, PRESS-IN 5/16° FASTENER-LATCH ADJ PAWL GRIP RANGE FASTENER-LATCH ADJ PAWL GRIP RANGE	76381 00000 00000 94222 94222	SJ-5025-GRAY OBO OBO 27-99-123-40 27-99-126-40
	2150-0851 2260-0163 2360-0190 2360-0197 3050-0066	11 2 4 11 4	WASHER-LK HLCL NO6 .141-IN-IC SCREW-MACH 4-40 .438-IN-LG 82 CEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .373-IN-LG IOO DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .373-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI WASHER-FL MTLC NO6 .147-IN-IC	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2190-0851 2200-0168 2360-0196 2360-0197 3050-0066
	3110-0100 3110-0101 7120-3986 8120-1378 02640-00001	1 1 1 1	HINGE-BODY STL 1-LG .059-THK STL HINGE-BODY STL 1-LG .059-THK STL INFORMATION LABEL 1.605-IN-WD 1.8-IN-LG CABLE ASSY 18AWG 3-CNDCT JGK-JKT .25-OD HOUSING	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	3110-0100 3110-0101 7120-3986 8120-1378 02640-00001
	02 640-0001 0 02 640-0002 5 02 640-2000 7 02 640-2000 9 02 640-4000 1	1 2 1 2 1	SUPPORT SUPPORT, HINGE DOOR, REAR SPACER MAINFRAME, SHELL	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	02640-00010 02640-00025 02640-20007 02640-20009 02640-40001
	02640-60004 02640-60027 02640-60029 02640-60075	1 1 1	ASSY, POWER SUPPLY ASSY, REAR PANEL ASSY, PS CENTROL ASSY, BACKPLANE 15	28480 28480 28480 28480	02640-60004 02640-60027 02640-60029 02640-60075

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
	02645-60005	1	MAINFRAME ASSEMBLY REVISION DATE: 07-30-77	28480	02645-60005
	04C3-0324 04C3-0345 0570-0528 0570-0585 1390-0326	4 2 2 1 1	BUMPER FOOT, GRAY PLASTIC 0.500" W BUMPER FOOT, BLACK POLY. 0.25" W STUD, PRESS-IN 5/16" STUD, RETAINER FASTENER-LATCH ADJ PAWL GRIP RANGE	76381 00000 00000 00000 94222	SJ-5025-GRAY OBD OBD OBD 27-99-123-40
	1350-0327 2150-0918	1 8	FASTENER-LATCH ADJ PAWL GRIP RANGE Washer-lk hlcl NO6 .141-IN-IC	94222 28480	27-99-126-40 2190-0918
	2360-0196 2360-0197	4 8	SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	28480 28480	2360-0196 2360-0197
	3050-0066 3110-0100 3110-0101 8120-1378	4 1 1	WASHER-FL MILC NG6 .147-IN-IC HINGE-BODY STL 1-LG .059-THK STL HINGE-BODY STL 1-LG .059-THK STL CABLE ASSY 18AWG 3-CNDCT JGK-JKT .25-OD	28480 28480 28480 28480	3050-0066 3110-0100 3110-0101 8120-1378
	02640-00010 02640-00025 02640-20007	1 2 1	SUPPORT SUPPORT, HINGE DUOR, REAR	28480 28480 28480	02640-00010 02640-00025 02640-20007
	02640-40001	1	MAINFRAME, SHELL	28480	02640-40001
	02640-60075 02640-60142	1 1	ASSY, BACKPLANE 15 ASSY, POWER UNIT	28480 28480	02640-60075 02640-60142
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