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Two Dimensional Trim Problem

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DECK KEY

Two Dimensional Trim Problem

1. Program Deck

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- A. Purpose/Description: To solve the two dimensional trim problem by linear programming. Sample problem took 16 hours by hand, 0.3 hours with this program.
- B. Method: Simplex Method
- C. Restrictions and Range: Up to 10 plates can be handled at one time. A maximum of 30 width combinations and 120 length combinations is developed. Order quantities up to 99,999 can be handled for each plate.
- D. Accuracy: N/A
- E. Machine Configuration: Card program, requires 1622 and automatic divide.
- F. Program Requirements: The program covers 19,295 storage positions plus tables.
- G. Source Language: IBM 1620 SPS
- H. Program Execution Time: N/A
- I. Check-Out Status: N/A
- J. Sample Problem Running Time: Approximately 20 minutes
- K. Comments: This program and its documentation were written by an IBM employee. It was developed for a specific purpose and submitted for general distribution to interested parties in the hope that it might prove helpful to other members of the data processing community. The program and its documentation are essentially in the author's original form. IBM serves as the distribution agency in supplying this program. Questions concerning the use of the program should be directed to the author's attention.

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### 1.1 Problem

Division of large rectangular plates (designated hereafter by A·B) into smaller plates (designated by  $a_i \cdot b_i$ ) provided that  $a_i$  is parallel to A and  $b_i$  is parallel to B. A predetermined number of the small plates is to be fitted into the larger ones in such a manner that a minimal waste (trim-loss) arises.

### 1.2 Possibilities of application

All industries in which larger plates have to be divided into smaller ones, as far as rectangles are concerned, such as those described under 1.1 (for example metal-plates, foils of all kinds, pressing plates in the rubber industry etc.)

The program can also be used for the paper industry when rolls are not to be cut below a certain minimal amount and when the quantities are given in the form of multiples of the minimal lengths. Naturally, as far as the trim-loss is concerned, the result is in this case less favorable than when this problem is treated according to the "one-dimensional trim-problem" program. (9.7.804 IBM Germany) However, this program can under certain circumstances yield better results since very small lengths of a combination do not fit into the solution and since thereby periods of readjustment are eliminated.

### 1.3 Method

First of all the widths are combined just as in the one-dimensional trim-loss-problem. A length  $B^{(1)}$  is assigned to every combination obtained in this manner. Then these lengths are combined and a matrix is set up which indicates how many times each of the plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$  is present in the individual combinations. The thus obtained matrix is thereupon transformed according to the simplex method and eventually leads to the determination of the best solution.

#### 1.3.1 Combination of the widths

At first the formation of width combinations is to be described. If we designate the widths by  $a_i$  and the initial width by A, then the formulation of the width-combination table is the same thing as the determination of all the n-tuples  $(v_1, v_2, v_3, \dots, v_n)$  which fulfill the requirements:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n v_i \cdot a_i \leq A \quad \dots \quad (1)$$

$$A - \sum_{i=1}^n v_i \cdot a_i < a_m \quad \dots \quad (2)$$

$$v_i \geq 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \dots \quad (3)$$

if n stands for the number of plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$  and if the  $a_i$  are arranged according to size, with

$$a_n = \min \{a_i\}$$

The example following later shows the procedure in setting up the combination table.

#### 1.3.2 Assignment of a length $B^{(1)}$ to every width combination

It was described in paragraph 1.3.1 how the width combinations are determined. Up to this point the procedure does not at all differ from the one-dimensional trim-loss-problem. What matters now is that each width combination be assigned a length  $B^{(1)}$  so that these lengths can be combined a second time later on. Since in general, different lengths  $b_i$  belong to widths  $a_i$  which we combined up to now, it is now necessary to determine numbers

$$\mu_i^{(2)} > 0 \quad \dots \quad (5)$$

which occur in the individual combinations, so that

$$\max_{i,j} \{ \mu_i^{(2)} \cdot b_i - \mu_j^{(2)} \cdot b_j \} = \min \dots \quad (6)$$

AND

$$B^{(1)} = \max_{i \neq 0} \{ \mu_i^{(2)} \cdot b_i \} \leq B \quad \dots \quad (7)$$

(1)

(2)

Formula (6) states that we arrange the different  $b_i$  of a combination so often in a series that the greatest difference between the multiples of all possible pairs  $b_i, b_j$  is as small as possible. In doing so, the total length  $B$  must, according to formula (7) not be surpassed by the largest multiple of a  $b_i$ . This largest multiple of a  $b_i$ , as formula (7) likewise states, yields the length  $B^{(1)}$  which we assign to the  $k$ -width combination. We are aware of the fact that we have not exploited all the possibilities in considering the difference according to formula (6). Instead of this difference it would be better for example to keep the trim-loss areas, which result from the different lengths of the multiples of  $b_i$ , as small as possible. In the following we will designate these trim-loss areas as "interpattern trim-loss", while the unused marginal strip (according to paragraph 1.3.1) is called "cross trim-loss"; the remaining strip resulting from the length combination which is still to be described is called "longitudinal trim-loss".

As already mentioned, a formula corresponding to formula (6) could be expressed in such a way that the interpattern trim-loss would become minimal, and not the maximum difference of the multiples of  $b_i$  which we considered in that formula. In some cases such a formulation would lead to better results. However, we disregarded this possibility in order to be able to use this program on a machine with 20,000 storage positions. A corresponding change for a larger machine would be possible.

### 1.3.3 Combination of the $B^{(1)}$

Just as the  $a_i$  were combined in paragraph 1.3.1, the  $B^{(1)}$  are combined now, which means that numbers  $\lambda^{(2)}$  are determined with:

$$\sum_{j=1}^N \lambda^{(2)} \cdot B^{(j)} \leq B \quad \dots \dots \dots (8)$$

$$B - \sum_{j=1}^N \lambda^{(2)} \cdot B^{(j)} < B^{(N)} \quad \dots \dots \dots (9)$$

$$\lambda^{(2)} \geq 0 \quad \dots \dots \dots (10)$$

In this context  $N$  stands for the number of the width combinations which we set up, and  $B^{(N)}$  for the smallest of the  $B^{(j)}$ , since in the program the  $B^{(j)}$  are arranged according to size.

A longitudinal trim-loss, namely the unused remainder of the length  $B$ , belongs to each one of these length combinations.

Since it is clear, that a width combination belongs to every  $B^{(j)}$  we know now how often the individual plates  $a_i, b_i$  occur in each of the length combinations which are now obtained. We designate these numbers  $p_i^{(k)}$  as "plate frequency".  $p_i^{(k)}$  indicates therefore how often the  $i$ -plate occurs in the  $k$ -length combination.

### 1.3.4 Objective function

To every plate division belongs a total loss which is composed of cross trim-loss, interpattern trim-loss and longitudinal trim-loss. The total trim-loss for the  $k$ -length combination is found by:

$$A \cdot B - \sum_{i=1}^M p_i^{(k)} \cdot a_i \cdot b_i \quad \dots \dots \dots (11)$$

The total trim-loss to be minimized for all plates  $A, B$  considered, yields then the objective function which is of importance for the Linear-Programming that is going to follow:

$$\sum_{k=1}^M m_k \left\{ A \cdot B - \sum_{i=1}^M p_i^{(k)} \cdot a_i \cdot b_i \right\} = \text{MIN} \quad \dots \dots \dots (12)$$

in which M indicates the number of length combinations, and in which  $m_k$  0 are the numbers to be calculated by the program, which indicate how often the individual length combinations should be cut in order to fulfill the given orders (quantities  $a_i \cdot b_i$ ).

### 1.3.5 Linear-programming

The minimizing of the objective function (12) then takes place according to the well-known simplex method, by starting out with an initial solution by which the orders are carried out in such a way that for each plate A·B exactly one plate  $a_i \cdot b_i$  is cut and that a very large uniform trim-loss for all plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$  which has not been exactly calculated is taken into consideration. A precise calculation of this uniform trim-loss is not necessary, since the vectors of this original basic solution are gradually replaced by the vectors from the combination table. The elements of the original matrix are precisely our plate frequencies  $p_i^{(k)}$ . Details about the simplex method can be found in the reference material, for instance

- a) A. Charnes, W. W. Cooper and A. Henderson:  
"An Introduction to Linear Programming", Wiley & Sons, 1953
- b) M. Bukman, "Lineare Planung Srechnung", Ludwigshafen, 1959

## 2.1 Limits for the scope of the problem

### 2.1.1 Amount of orders

Up to ten plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$  can be handled in one procedure.

### 2.1.2 Number of combinations

A maximum amount of 30 width combinations and 120 length combinations is developed.

### 2.1.3 Number of pieces per order

As number of pieces ordered quantities up to 99,999 can be fed in for each plate  $a_i \cdot b_i$ .

## 2.2 Limits for the data, presentation of numbers

### 2.2.1 Plate format A. B

The measurement of the plates is fed in in the following way:

XXXXXX<sup>width</sup>XXXXX<sup>length</sup>

The feeding in is carried out without punctuation mark at the end.  
*(RECORD)*

### 2.2.2 Number of the $a_i \cdot b_i$

This amount must be fed in as two digits with a dash over the first digit, thus:

XX

### 2.2.3 Measuring of the plates $a_i \cdot b_i$

The entry for each plate takes place as described under 2.1 for the plate A·B. All the measurements are entered in succession with a command to read. That is to say, in this way:

XXXXXXXXXXXXXX.....XXXXXX  
a<sub>1</sub>      b<sub>1</sub>      a<sub>2</sub>      b<sub>2</sub>      a<sub>n</sub>      b<sub>n</sub>

In doing so the following is to be taken into consideration:

a<sub>1</sub>    a<sub>2</sub>    a<sub>3</sub> ...    a<sub>n</sub>

Moreover we must take into consideration that the program handles the plates in such a way that  $a_i \parallel A$  and  $b_i \parallel B$ . This entry as well must not be ended by a punctuation mark.  
*(RECORD)*

### 2.2.4 Number of pieces for the plates $a_i \cdot b_i$

These pieces have to be entered in the form (5/3) in the same sequence as the  $a_i \cdot b_i$  were put in previously, namely:

XXXXXOOOXXXXXOOO.....XXXXXOOO

Quantity of $a_1 b_1$	Quantity of $a_2 b_2$	Quantity of $a_n b_n$
-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------

This entry as well should not be ended with a punctuation mark, and is carried out with a command to read.  
*(RECORD)*

### 2.2.5 Unit of measure

Normally all the data concerning length and width must be given uniformly in mm, cm or inches etc. When applied to the paper industry differing units for lengths and widths can be convenient (for example m for lengths, cm for widths, then the trim-loss areas have the unit of measure  $m^2$  with two digits after the decimal point).

### 3.1 Machine equipment

IBM 1620 with 20,000 core storage positions.

Punch strip unit or punch card unit (optional).

Additional equipment: Automatic Division.

### 3.2 Storage space requirement

The program takes up the storage places from 13,306 to 19,696 (6,391 places); for data the spaces from 402 to 13,305 (12,904) are required. Furthermore some auxiliary storage spaces are placed in commands to skip (branch). Thus, as a whole, the program covers 19,295 spaces plus tables.

### 3.3 Time requirement

The time required depends on the following:

- a) number of plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$
- b) size ratio between the plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$  and  $A \cdot B$
- c) number of iteration steps of the linear-programming

Therefore an indication of time must be disregarded.

### 4. Entry data

All entries are carried out by typewriter (change to entry by strips or cards is easily possible). At the first reading command entry of A and B takes place according to 2.2.1.

At the second reading command entry of n takes place according to 2.2.2.

At the third reading command entry of the  $a_i$  and  $b_i$  takes place according to 2.2.3.

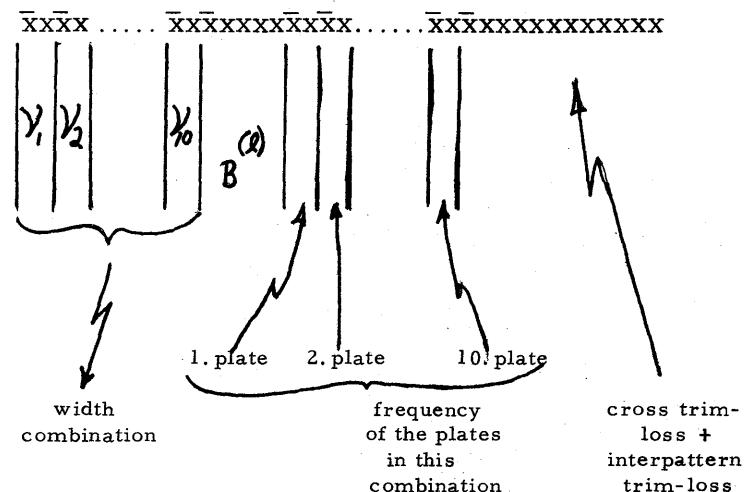
These entries take place directly one after the other, while the fourth entry is carried out only after the combination tables are set up. It refers to the amount of pieces of the plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$  desired and has to be carried out in the manner described in paragraph 2.2.4.

No entry should be ended by a punctuation mark. (F)

### 5. Results, output data

#### 5.1 Output of the width combination table

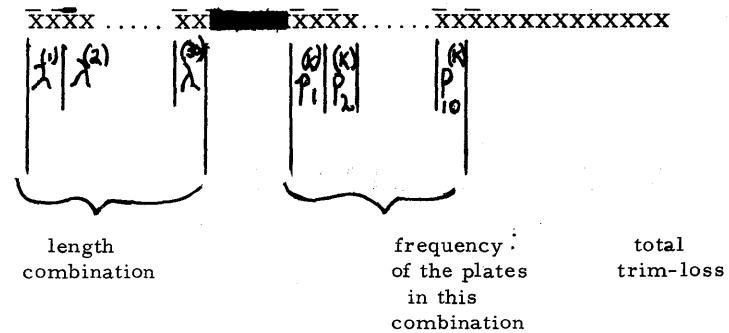
After the first three entries ( $A, B, n, a_1, b_1, \dots, a_n, b_n$ ) the machine renders at first the width combination table in the following form:



If less than 10 plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$  are considered,  $\overline{OO}$  appears in the remaining spaces. As many width combinations as the machine finds are put out in succession, however a maximum of 30 (see 2.1.2). One line is necessary for every combination.

#### 5.2 Output of the length combination table

Right after the output of the width combination table follows the output of the length combination table in the following form:



This output requires two lines (or a broader carriage) for each combination. The separation can be guided by setting the margin.

Here as well all the combinations which the machine can find are put out, however not more than 120 length combinations (see 2.1.2).

In the later interpretation of the output it should be taken into consideration that  $\lambda^1$  does not refer to the  $B^{(1)}$  which is formed first, but to the largest of all  $B^{(k)}$ . Correspondingly  $\lambda^{(2)}$  to the second largest etc. When two  $B^{(k)}$  are of the same size, the one found first in the width combination has the smaller index.

### 5.3 Output of the linear-programming

The output of the linear-programming takes place right after the entry of the quantities required by the plates  $a_i \cdot b_i$  and after each iteration step in the following form:

XXXXXX	XXXXXXXX
Number of the basis vectors	Quantity to be cut in the manner determined by the basis vector, in the numerical representation (5/3).

The output is composed of  $n$  of such lines. All the original unit vectors still contained in the basis solution in question have as the first digit of the number a 1. Because of the fact that the length combinations are limited to 120 length combinations, the already exchanged vectors cannot go beyond the number 00120 and are therefore clearly discernable.

### 5.4 Output of the value of the objective function (total trim-loss)

After every iteration step the objective function is put out in the form

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX (of 20 digits)

Here the unit vectors were covered according to 1.3.5 with a uniform trim-loss which was put at

100000000000 (of 12 digits)

The outputs 5.3 and 5.4 are repeated until the program no longer finds a possibility of a further reduction of the objective function. Then END is written out.

## 6. Operating instructions

- Erasing of the stored data
- Load program

Strips: RESET, INSERT, entry of the command 36 00000 00300,  
RELEASE and START

Cards: RESET, LOAD on card unit

- Machine stops at 48 at the OR, push START
- Machine stops at 36 at the OR, entry of A, B according to 2.2.2,  
RELEASE and START
- Machine stops at 36 at the OR, entry of n according to 2.2.2,  
RELEASE and START
- Machine stops at 36 at the OR, entry of  $a_1, b_1, \dots, a_n, b_n$  according  
to 2.2.3, RELEASE and START
- Machine writes width combination table according to 5.1
- Machine writes length combination table according to 5.2
- Machine stops at 36 at the OR, entry of the quantities according  
to 2.2.4, RELEASE and START
- Machine writes the previously found basis and the objective  
function according to 5.3 and 5.4. This step is carried out  
repeatedly.
- Machine writes END and stops at 48 at the OR. After START  
the program jumps to point d) and is ready to receive a new order.

## 7. Method of calculation shown in an example

### 7.1 Given data

$$A \cdot B = 100 \cdot 300$$

		Quantities
Plate 1:	$a_1 \cdot b_1 = 40.30$	350 pieces
Plate 2:	$a_2 \cdot b_2 = 35.40$	500 pieces
Plate 3:	$a_3 \cdot b_3 = 30.50$	252 pieces

### 7.2 Width combinations and assignment of the $B^{(k)}$

If the widths  $a_i$  are sorted according to the size then, as is well known, the following combination table is obtained:

7.3 Length combinations

a <sub>1</sub>	a <sub>2</sub>	a <sub>3</sub>	B <sup>(1)</sup>	Plate frequency			Cross trim-loss + interpattern trim- loss	Length combinations						Total trim-loss			
				1	2	3		B <sup>(1)</sup> 200	B <sup>(2)</sup> 200	B <sup>(3)</sup> 150	B <sup>(4)</sup> 120	B <sup>(5)</sup> 50	B <sup>(6)</sup> 30	Plate frequency			
1	2	-	-	30	B <sup>(6)</sup>	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	10 10 1 000		
2	1	1	-	120	B <sup>(4)</sup>	4	3	-	3,000	-	-	1	1	2	10 7 3 100		
3	1	-	2	150	B <sup>(3)</sup>	5	-	6	0	-	-	3	6	10 4 2 800			
4	-	2	1	200	B <sup>(1)</sup>	-	10	4	0	-	-	2	-	-	5 14 2 000		
5	-	1	2	200	B <sup>(2)</sup>	-	5	8	1,000	-	-	1	1	2	5 11 4 100		
6	-	-	3	50	B <sup>(5)</sup>	-	-	3	500	-	-	6	3	5	8 3 800		
								7	-	-	2	-	-	10	-	12 0	
								8	-	-	1	1	-	1	11	3 6 3 600	
								9	-	-	1	-	3	-	5	- 15 1 500	
								10	-	-	1	-	2	1	7	- 12 3 600	
								11	-	-	1	-	1	3	11	- 9 3 300	
								12	-	-	1	-	-	5	15	- 6 3 000	
								13	-	-	-	2	1	-	8	6 3	7 500
								14	-	-	-	2	-	2	12	6 -	7 200
								15	-	-	-	1	3	1	6	3 9	5 100
								16	-	-	-	1	2	2	8	3 6	7 200
								17	-	-	-	1	1	4	12	3 3	6 900
								18	-	-	-	1	-	6	16	3 -	6 600
								19	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	18	3 000
								20	-	-	-	-	5	1	2	-	15 5 100
								21	0	-	-	-	4	3	6	-	12 4 800
								22	-	-	-	-	3	5	10	-	9 4 500
								23	-	-	-	-	2	6	12	-	6 6 600
								24	-	-	-	-	1	8	16	-	3 6 300
								25	-	-	-	-	-	10	20	-	6 000

The above table was obtained by arranging the  $B$  according to size and by forming the length combinations in the well known manner.

#### 7.4 Application of the simplex-method

We now apply the simplex-method to these combinations by first starting out with the unit vectors  $P_I$ ,  $P_{II}$ ,  $P_{III}$ , and by choosing as initial solution:

$$Q = P_I \cdot 350 + P_{II} \cdot 500 + P_{III} \cdot 252$$

If we designate the trim-loss of this unit solution for each vector by  $w$  the following total trim-loss is obtained:

$$V = 1,102 \cdot w$$

Now the individual combinations have to be expressed in terms of unit vectors, and we arrive at the following table:

$P_i$	$P_I$	$P_{II}$	$P_{III}$	$z$	$c - z$
1	-	10	10	$20w$	$1,000 - 20w$
2	2	10	7	$19w$	$3,100 - 19w$
3	6	10	4	$20w$	$2,800 - 20w$
4	-	5	14	$19w$	$2,000 - 19w$
5	2	5	11	$18w$	$4,100 - 18w$
6	6	5	8	$19w$	$3,800 - 19w$
7	10	-	12	$22w$	$-22w$ (Min)
8	11	3	6	$20w$	$3,600 - 20w$
9	5	-	15	$20w$	$1,500 - 20w$
10	7	-	12	$19w$	$3,600 - 19w$
11	11	-	9	$20w$	$3,300 - 20w$
12	15	-	6	$21w$	$3,000 - 21w$
13	8	6	3	$17w$	$7,500 - 17w$
14	12	6	-	$18w$	$7,200 - 18w$
15	6	3	9	$18w$	$5,100 - 18w$

$P_i$	$P_I$	$P_{II}$	$P_{III}$	$z$	$c - z$
16	8	3	6	$17w$	$7,200 - 17w$
17	12	3	3	$18w$	$6,900 - 18w$
18	16	3	-	$19w$	$6,600 - 19w$
19	-	-	18	$18w$	$3,000 - 18w$
20	2	-	15	$17w$	$5,100 - 17w$
21	6	-	12	$18w$	$4,800 - 18w$
22	10	-	9	$19w$	$4,500 - 19w$
23	12	-	6	$18w$	$6,600 - 18w$
24	16	-	3	$19w$	$6,300 - 19w$
25	20	-	-	$20w$	$6,000 - 20w$

Thus the initial formula for the determination of the new basis is as follows:

$$Q = P_I (350 - 10 \cdot \theta) + P_{II} (500 - 0 \cdot \theta) + P_{III} (252 - 12 \cdot \theta) + P_7 \cdot \theta$$

and

$$\theta = \min_{>0} \left\{ \frac{350}{10}, \frac{500}{0}, \frac{252}{12} \right\} = 21$$

and finally

$$Q = P_I \cdot 140 + P_{II} \cdot 500 + P_7 \cdot 21$$

and the total trim-loss is

$$V = 640 \text{ . w}$$

$P_{III}$  was eliminated from the basis and  $P_7$  was taken up into the basis.

The next step is similar and yields the following table:

$P_i$	$P_I$	$P_{II}$	$P_7$	$z$	$c - z$
1	-25/3	10	5/6	5/3 w	1 000 - 5/3 w
2	-23/6	10	7/12	37/6 w	3 100 - 37/6 w
3	8/3	10	1/3	38/3 w	2 800 - 38/3 w
4	-35/3	5	7/6	-20/3 w	2 000 + 20/3 w
5	-43/6	5	11/12	-13/6 w	4 100 + 13/6 w
6	-2/3	5	2/3	13/3 w	3 800 - 13/3 w
7	-	-	1	0	0
8	6	3	1/2	9 w	3 600 - 9 w
9	-15/2	-	5/4	-15/2 w	1 500 + 15/2 w
10	-3	-	1	-3 w	3 600 + 3 w
11	7/2	-	3/4	7/2 w	3 300 - 7/2 w
12	10	-	1/2	10 w	3 000 - 10 w
13	11/2	6	1/4	23/2 w	7 500 - 23/2 w
14	12	6	1	18 w	7 200 - 18 w
15	-3/2	3	3/4	3/2 w	5 100 - 3/2 w
16	3	3	1/2	6 w	7 200 - 6 w
17	19/2	3	1/4	25/2 w	6 900 - 25/2 w
18	16	3	-	19 w	6 600 - 19 w

$P_i$	$P_I$	$P_{II}$	$P_7$	$z$	$c - z$
19	-15	-	3/2	-15 w	3 000 + 15 w
20	-21/2	-	5/4	-21/2 w	5 100 + 21/2 w
21	-4	-	1	-4 w	4 800 + 4 w
22	5/2	-	3/4	5/2 w	4 500 - 5/2 w
23	7	-	1/2	7 w	6 000 - 7 w
24	27/2	-	1/4	27/2 w	6 300 - 27/2 w
25	20	-	-	20 w	6 000 - 20 w (Min)
I	-5/6	0	1/12	-5/6 w	1/6 w

As for the first step the result is:

$$\vartheta = P_I (140 - \theta \cdot 20) + P_{II} (500 - \theta \cdot 0)$$

and

$$\theta = \min_{>0} \left\{ \frac{140}{20}, \frac{500}{0}, \frac{21}{0} \right\} = 7$$

and finally the new basis is

$$Q = 7 P_{25} + 500 P_{II} + 21 P_7$$

and the total trim-loss

$$V = 500 \text{ . w} + 42,000$$

Thus, in this case the vector  $P_{25}$  was introduced into the basis instead of the vector  $P_I$ .

At the third step we can find quite analogously:

$P_i$	$P_{25}$	$P_{II}$	$P_7$	$z$	$c - z$
1	- 5/12	10	5/6	- 2 500 + 10 w	3 500 - 10 w
2	- 23/120	10	7/12	- 1 150 + 10 w	4 250 - 10 w
3	2/15	10	1/3	800 + 10 w	2 000 - 10 w (Min)
4	- 7/12	5	7/6	- 3 500 + 5 w	5 500 - 5 w
5	- 43/120	5	11/12	- 2 150 + 5 w	6 250 - 5 w
6	- 1/30	5	2/3	- 200 + 5 w	4 000 - 5 w
7	-	-	1	0	0
8	3/10	3	1/2	1 800 + 3 w	1 800 - 3 w
9	- 3/8	-	5/4	- 2 250	3 750
10	- 3/20	-	1	- 900	4 500
11	7/40	-	3/4	1 050	2 250
12	1/2	-	1/2	3 000	0
13	11/40	6	1/4	1 650 + 6 w	5 850 - 6 w
14	3/5	6	-	3 600 + 6 w	3 600 - 6 w
15	- 3/40	3	3/4	- 450 - 3 w	5 550 - 3 w
16	3/20	3	1/2	900 + 3 w	6 300 - 3 w
17	19/40	3	1/4	2 850 + 3 w	4 050 - 3 w
18	4/5	3	-	4 800 + 3 w	1 800 - 3 w
19	- 3/4	-	3/2	- 4 500	7 500
20	- 21/40	-	5/4	- 3 150	8 250
21	- 1/5	-	1	- 1 200	6 000
22	1/8	-	3/4	750	3 750
23	7/20	-	1/2	2 100	4 500
24	27/40	-	1/4	4 050	2 250
25	1	-	-	6 000	0

$P_i$	$P_{25}$	$P_{II}$	$P_7$	$z$	$c - z$
I	- 1/24		1/12	- 250	250 + w
III	1/20			300	- 300 + w

The determination of the new basis is carried out according to:

$$\varrho = P_{25}(7 - \theta \cdot 2/15) + P_{II}(500 - \theta \cdot 10) + P_7(21 - \theta \cdot 1/3) + P_3 \cdot \theta$$

and

$$\theta = \min \left\{ \frac{7}{2/15}, \frac{500}{10}, \frac{21}{1/3} \right\} = 50$$

and we find as new basis

$$\varrho = P_{25}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + P_3 \cdot 50 + P_7\left(\frac{13}{3}\right)$$

and as total trim-loss

$$V = 142,000 = 8.7\% \text{ of the used material}$$

From the following table can be deduced therefore, that now all the  $c - z \geq 0$ .

P <sub>i</sub>	P <sub>25</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>7</sub>	z	c - z
1	-11/20	1	1/2	- 500	1 500
2	-13/40	1	1/4	950	2 150
3	-	1	-	2 800	0
4	-13/20	1/2	1	-2 500	4 500
5	-17/40	1/2	3/4	-1 150	5 250
6	- 1/10	1/2	1/2	800	3 000
7	-	-	1	0	0
8	13/50	3/10	2/5	2 400	1 200
9	- 3/8	-	5/4	-2 250	3 750
10	- 3/20	-	1	- 900	4 500
11	7/40	-	3/4	1 050	2 250
12	1/2	-	1/2	3 000	0
13	39/200	3/5	1/20	2 850	4 650
14	13/25	3/5	- 1/5	4 800	2 400
15	-23/200	3/10	13/20	150	4 950
16	11/100	3/10	2/5	1 500	5 700
17	87/200	3/10	3/20	3 450	3 450
18	19/25	3/10	- 1/10	5 400	1 200
19	- 3/4	-	3/2	-4 500	7 500
20	-21/40	-	5/4	-3 150	8 250
21	- 1/5	-	1	-1 200	6 000
22	1/8	-	3/4	750	3 750
23	7/20	-	1/2	2 100	4 500
24	27/40	-	1/4	4 050	2 250

P <sub>i</sub>	P <sub>25</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>7</sub>	z	c - z
25	1	-	-	6 000	0
I	- 1/24		1/12	- 250	250 + w
II	- 4/15	1/10	- 1/30	-1 320	1 320 + w
III	1/20			300	- 300 + w

In this case the total solution for this example is therefore:

$$\frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 20 \end{pmatrix} + 50 \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 10 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{13}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 0 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 252 \\ 500 \\ 350 \end{pmatrix}$$

Normally we will seek a solution with whole numbers which, however, can easily be obtained by rounding off to the nearest lower or higher decimal place, depending on the tolerances which are permitted for the quantities to be delivered.

#### 8. The same example with the entries and outputs of the machine

##### 8.1 Entries

(19)

(20)

B.I con't

### 8. 3 Output of length combination table

The first line of each combination contains the actual combination and the second line the plate frequency and the total trim-loss.

*A + B* appear  
in  
 $\alpha_1 \cdot b_1$   
 $\alpha_2 \cdot b_2$   
 $\alpha_3 \cdot b_3$

8.2 Output of the width combination table

STYLIC WIDTH COMBINATION SKETCHES

## **THE INTERPRETATION OF OUTPUT**

8.5 Output of the basis and of the total trim-loss after every iteration step

00350000	}	QUANTITY INPUT
00500000		
00252000		
T0001	00350000	
T0002	00500000	
T0003	00252000	
00000110200000000000		
T0001	00140000	
T0002	00500000	
T0007	00021000	
00000064000000000000		
T0025	00007000	
T0002	00500000	
T0007	00021000	
00000050000000042000		
T0025	0000350	
T0003	00050000	
T0007	00004350	
000000000000142100		
ENDE		

8.6 Comparison of the manual solution and of the machine solution

		<u>Basis solution</u>	Time requirement	approx. 16 hours	approx. 0.3 hours
25	0.333				
3	50.000				
7	4.333				
		Manual Vector Quantity		Machine Vector Quantity	

# COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY

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## WIDTH COMBINATIONS

30	40	50
40	50	

100

30	40	35
40	50	
30	40	35
30	40	35
30	40	35

$$B^{(W)} = 200$$

$$\beta^{(W)} = 120$$

#4

30	40	35
40	50	
30	40	35
30	40	35
30	40	35

$$\beta^{(W)} = 120$$

$$\beta^{(W)} = 120$$

#5

30	35	30
40	50	
30	40	35
30	40	35
30	40	35

$$B^{(W)} = 200$$

$$\beta^{(W)} = 150$$

30	30	30
30	50	
30	50	
30	50	
30	50	

$$\beta^{(W)} = 50$$

30	30	30
50		

#4

## SAMPLE PROBLEM - FINAL BASIS LENGTH COMBINATIONS

#7

30	40	35	30	30
40	50		30	50
30	40	35	30	
40	50		30	50
30	40	35	30	50

MAKE  
4.35 OF THIS

#3

30	40	35	30	30
40	50		30	50
30	40	35	30	
40	50		30	50
30	40	35	30	50

MAKE  
50.0 OF THIS

MAKE  
4.35 OF THIS

#3

30	40	35	30	30
40	50		30	50
30	40	35	30	
40	50		30	50
30	40	35	30	50

MAKE  
50.0 OF THIS

MAKE  
4.35 OF THIS

#6

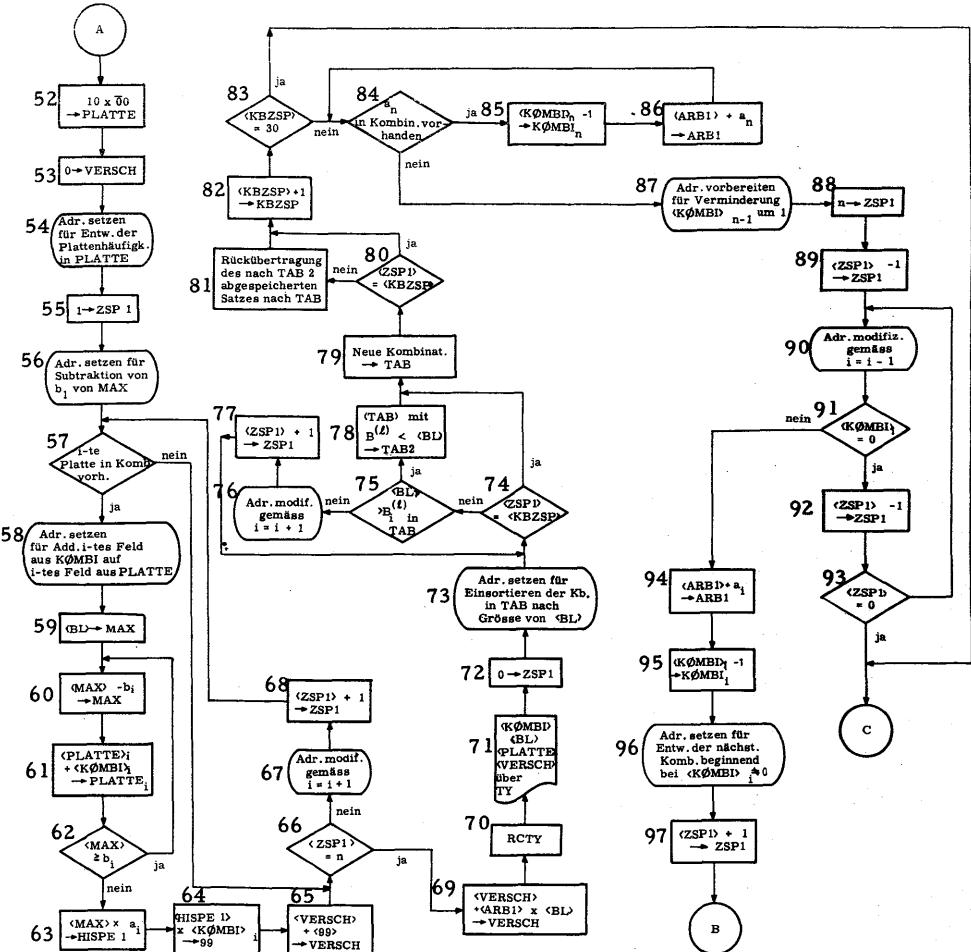
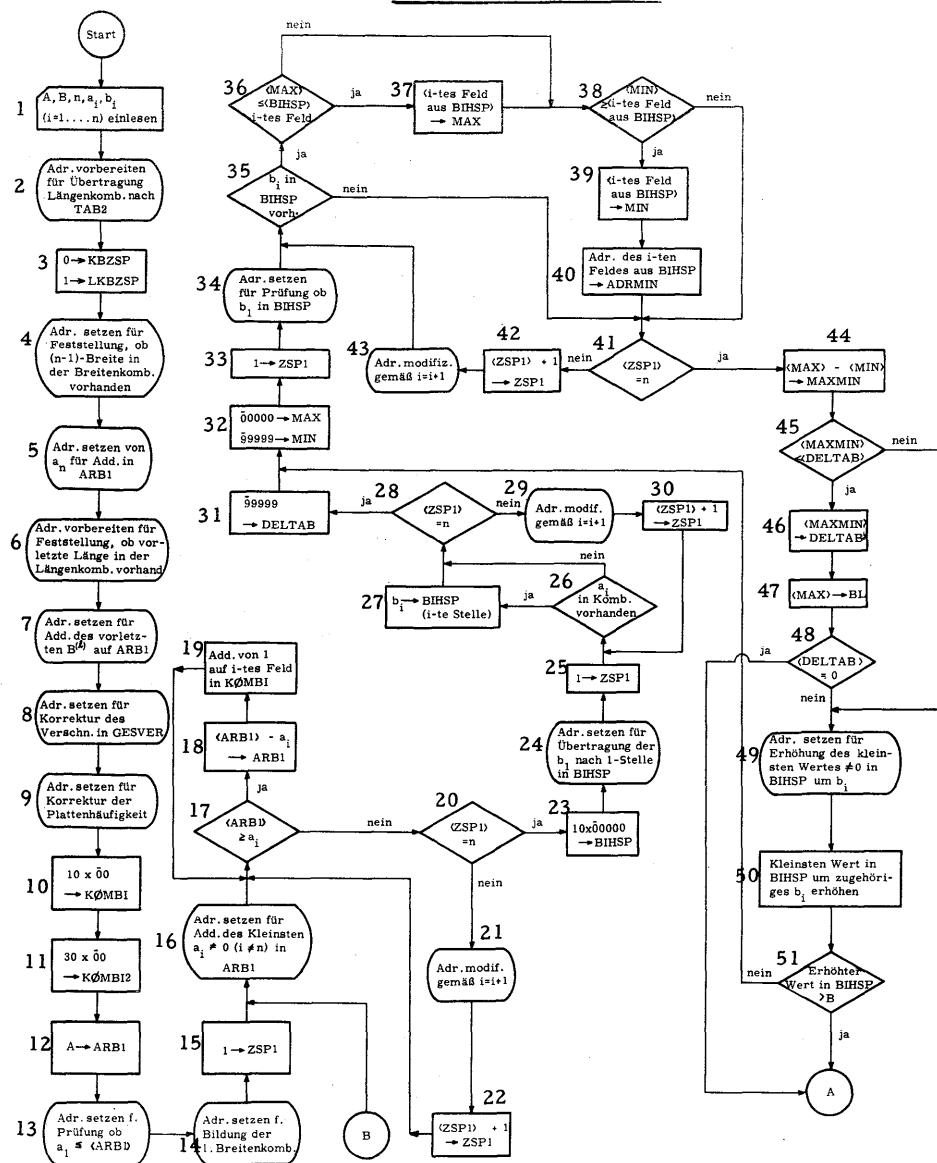
#6

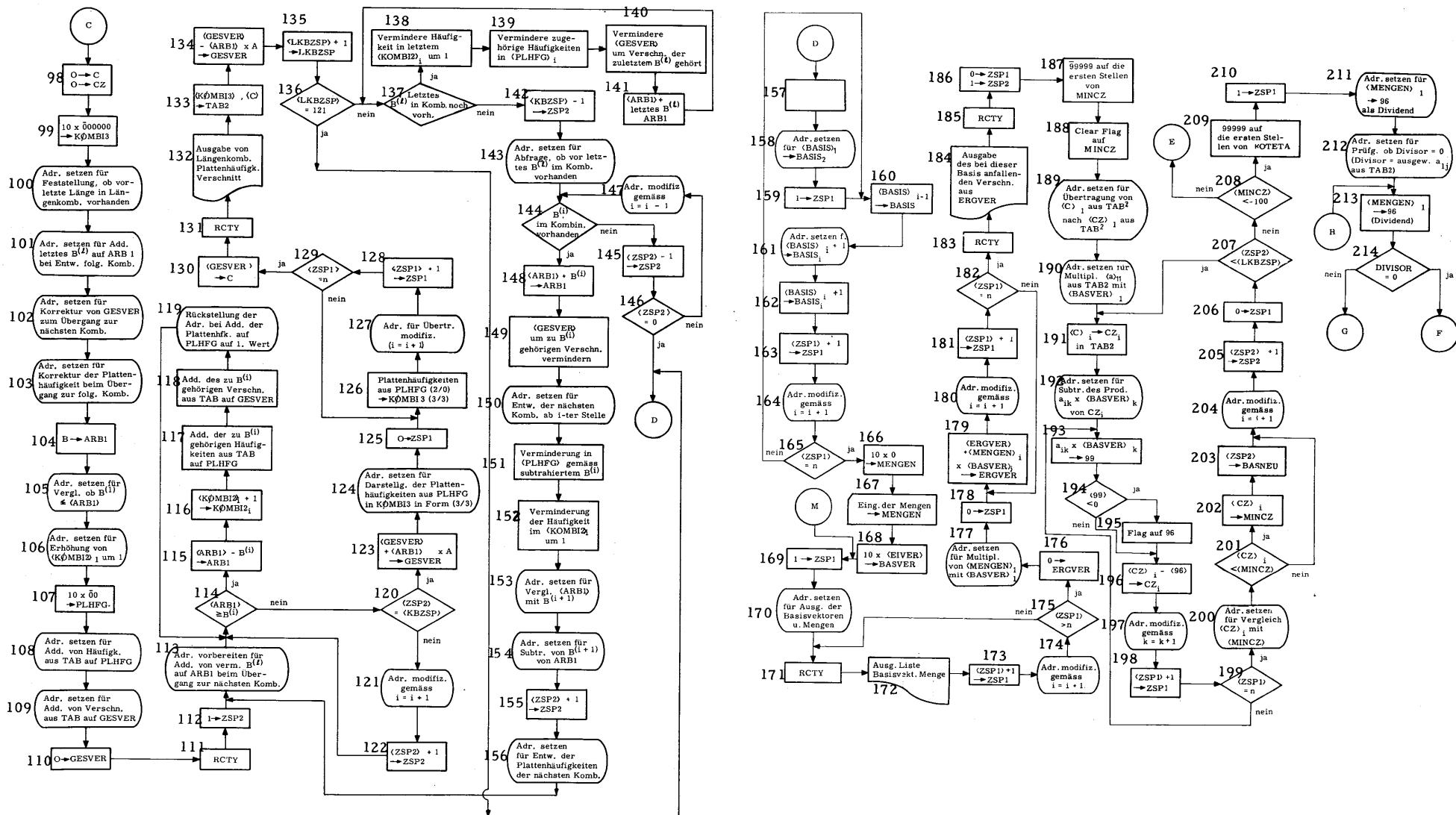
30	30	30
50		

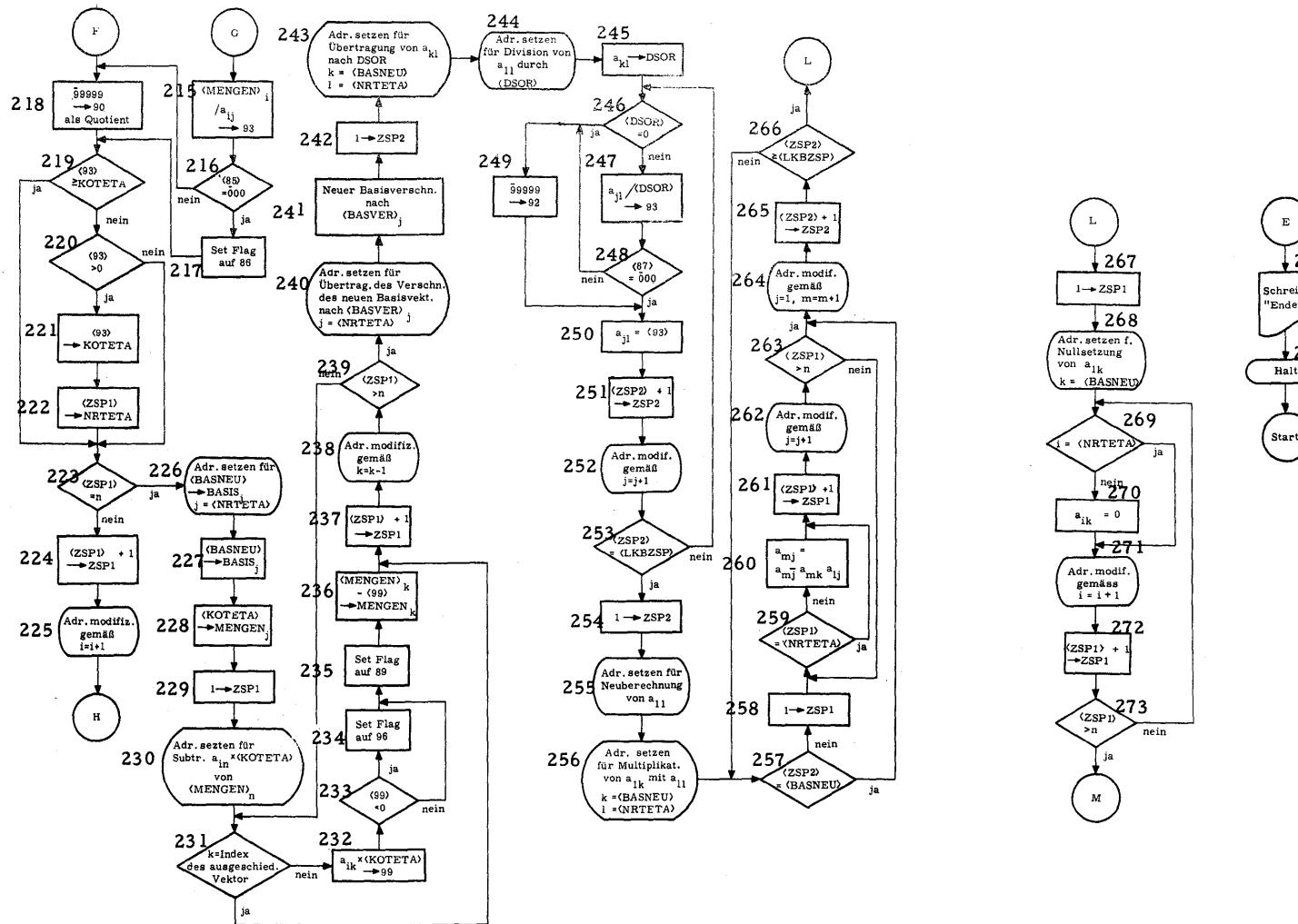
$$\beta^{(W)} = 50$$

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## BLOCKDIAGRAMM







BLOCK DIAGRAM TRANSLATION KEY

-2-

- Numbers correspond to numbers appearing on block diagram, pp. 27-32.
1. Read in A, B, n,  $a_i, b_i$  ( $i = 1, \dots, n$ )
  2. Addresses prepared for transfer of length combination to TAB2
  3.  $0 \rightarrow KBZSP$ ,  $1 \rightarrow LKBZSP$
  4. Addresses set for establishing whether  $(n-1)$ 'th width is in width combination.
  5. Addresses of an set for addition into ARB1
  6. Addresses prepared for establishing whether next to last length is in length combination.
  7. Addresses set for addition of the next to last  $B^{(1)}$  to ARB1
  8. Addresses set for correction of the trim losses in GESVER
  9. Addresses set for correction of the plate frequency
  10.  $10 X \bar{0} \rightarrow K\emptyset MBIZ$
  11.  $30 X \bar{0} \rightarrow K\emptyset MBIZ$
  12.  $A \rightarrow ARB1$
  13. Addresses set for testing whether  $a_1 < \langle ARB1 \rangle$
  14. Addresses set for construction of the first width combination
  15.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
  16. Addresses set for addition of the smallest  $a_i \neq 0$  ( $i \neq n$ ) in ARB1
  17. Is  $\langle ARB1 \rangle > a_i$  ?
  18.  $\langle ARB1 \rangle - a_i \rightarrow ARB1$
  19. Addition from first to  $i$ 'th field in  $K\emptyset MBIZ$
  20. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = n$  ?
  21. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$
  22.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle + 1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
  23.  $10 X \bar{0}000 \rightarrow BIHSP$
  24. Addresses set for transfer of  $b_1$  to first position in BIHSP
  25.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
  26. Is  $a_i$  in combination?
  27.  $b_i \rightarrow BIHSP$  ( $i$ 'th position)
  28. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = n$  ?
  29. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$
  30.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle + 1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
  31.  $\bar{9}9999 \rightarrow DELTAB$
  32.  $\bar{0}0000 \rightarrow MAX$ ,  $\bar{9}9999 \rightarrow MIN$
  33.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
  34. Addresses set for testing whether  $b_1$  is in BIHSP
  35. Is  $b_1$  in BIHSP?
  36. Is  $\langle MAX \rangle < \langle i$ 'th field of BIHSP  $\rangle$  ?
  37.  $\langle i$ 'th field of BIHSP  $\rangle \rightarrow MAX$
  38. Is  $\langle MIN \rangle > \langle i$ 'th field of BIHSP  $\rangle$  ?
  39.  $\langle i$ 'th field of BIHSP  $\rangle \rightarrow MIN$
  40. Address of the  $i$ 'th field of BIHSP  $\rightarrow ADRMIN$

41. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = n$  ?
42.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle + 1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
43. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$
44.  $\langle MAX \rangle - \langle MIN \rangle \rightarrow MAXMIN$
45. Is  $\langle MAXMIN \rangle < \langle DELTAB \rangle$
46.  $\langle MAXMIN \rangle \rightarrow DELTAB$
47.  $\langle MAX \rangle \rightarrow BL$
48. Is  $\langle DELTAB \rangle = 0$  ?
49. Addresses set for increase of the smallest value  $\neq 0$  in BIHSP by  $b_i$
50. Smallest value in BIHSP increased by appropriate  $b_i$
51. Is the increased value in BIHSP  $> B$  ?
52.  $10X\bar{0} \rightarrow PLATTE$
53.  $0 \rightarrow VERSCH$
54. Addresses set for the formation of the plate frequency in PLATTE
55.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
56. Addresses set for subtraction of  $b_i$  from MAX
57. Is  $i$ 'th plate in combination?
58. Addresses set for adding  $i$ 'th field of  $K\emptyset MBIZ$  to  $i$ 'th field of PLATTE
59.  $\langle BL \rangle \rightarrow MAX$
60.  $\langle MAX \rangle - b_i \rightarrow MAX$
61.  $\langle PLATTE \rangle_i + \langle K\emptyset MBIZ \rangle_i \rightarrow PLATTE_i$
62. Is  $\langle MAX \rangle > b_i$  ?
63.  $\langle MAX \rangle \times a_i \rightarrow HISPEI$
64.  $\langle HISPEI \rangle \times \langle K\emptyset MBIZ \rangle_i \rightarrow 99$
65.  $\langle VERSCH \rangle + \langle 99 \rangle \rightarrow VERSCH$
66. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = n$  ?
67. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$
68.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle + 1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
69.  $\langle VERSCH \rangle + \langle ARB1 \rangle \times \langle BL \rangle \rightarrow VERSCH$
70. RCTY
71. Type list of combinations,  $B^{(1)}$ 's, Plate Frequencies, and trim losses
72.  $0 \rightarrow ZSP1$
73. Addresses set for arrangement of the combination according to the size of  $\langle BL \rangle$
74. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = \langle KBZSP \rangle$  ?
75. Is  $\langle BL \rangle > B_i^{(1)}$  in TAB ?
76. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$
77.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle + 1 \rightarrow ZSP1$
78.  $\langle TAB \rangle$  with  $B_i^{(1)} \times \langle BL \rangle \rightarrow TAB2$
79. New combination  $\rightarrow TAB$
80. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = \langle KBZSP \rangle$  ?
81. Transfer back to TAB the contents of TAB2
82.  $\langle KBZSP \rangle + 1 \rightarrow KB SP$
83. Is  $\langle KBZSP \rangle = 30$  ?
84. Is  $a_n$  in combination?

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85.  $\langle K\phi MBI \rangle_n -1 \rightarrow K\phi MBI_n$   
 86.  $\langle ARB1 \rangle + a_n \rightarrow ARB1$   
 87. Addresses prepared for decrementing       $\langle K\phi MBI \rangle_{n-1}$  by 1  
 88.  $n \rightarrow SP1$   
 89.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle -1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 90. Addresses modified according to  $i = i - 1$   
 91. Is  $\langle K\phi MBI \rangle = 0$ ?  
 92.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle -1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 93. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = 0$ ?  
 94.  $\langle ARB1 \rangle + a_i \rightarrow ARB1$   
 95.  $\langle K\phi MBI \rangle_i -1 \rightarrow K\phi MBI_i$   
 96. Addresses set for formation of the next combination starting with  $\langle K\phi MBI \rangle_i \neq 0$   
 97.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 98.  $0 \rightarrow C, 0 \rightarrow CZ$   
 99.  $10X000000 \rightarrow K\phi MBI_3$   
 100. Addresses set for testing whether next to last length is in length combination  
 101. Addresses set for adding last  $B^{(1)}$  to ARB1 in the formation of the following combination  
 102. Addresses set for correction of GESVER for transition to next combination  
 103. Addresses set for correction of the plate frequency in the transition to the following combination  
 104.  $B \rightarrow ARB1$   
 105. Addresses set for determining whether  $B^{(1)} < \langle ARB1 \rangle$   
 106. Addresses set for increasing  $\langle K\phi MBI_2 \rangle_1$  by 1  
 107.  $10X00 \rightarrow PLHFG$   
 108. Addresses set for addition of plate frequency in TAB to PLHFG  
 109. Addresses set for addition of trim loss in TAB to GESVER  
 110.  $0 \rightarrow GESVER$   
 111. RCTY  
 112.  $1 \rightarrow SP2$   
 113. Addresses prepared for adding decreased  $B^{(1)}$  to ARB1 in the transition to the next combination  
 114. Is  $\langle ARB1 \rangle \gg B^{(i)}$ ?  
 115.  $\langle ARB1 \rangle - B^{(i)} \rightarrow ARB1$   
 116.  $\langle K\phi MBI_2 \rangle +1 \rightarrow K\phi MBI_2$   
 117. Addition of the frequencies in TAB corresponding to  $B^{(i)}$  to PLHFG  
 118. Addition of the trim loss in TAB corresponding to  $B^{(i)}$  to GESVER  
 119. Resetting of the addresses by adding the plate frequency to the first value of PLHFG  
 120. Is  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle = \langle KBZSP \rangle$ ?  
 121. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$   
 122.  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle + 1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 123.  $\langle GESVER \rangle + \langle ARB1 \rangle \times A \rightarrow GESVER$   
 124. Addresses set for the representation of the plate frequencies in PLHFG (2/0)  $K\phi MBI_3(3/3)$   
 125.  $0 \rightarrow ZSP1$

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126. Plate frequencies in PLHFG (2/0)  $\rightarrow K\phi MBI_3 (3/3)$   
 127. Addresses for transition modified  
 128.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 129. Is  $ZSP1 = n$ ?  
 130.  $\langle GESVER \rangle \rightarrow C$   
 131. RCTY  
 132. Listing of Length Combination, Plate Frequencies, and Trim Loss  
 133.  $\langle K\phi MBI_3 \rangle, \langle C \rangle \rightarrow TAB2$   
 134.  $\langle GESVER \rangle - \langle ARB1 \rangle \times A \rightarrow GESVER$   
 135.  $LKBZSP +1 \rightarrow LKBZSP$   
 136. Is  $\langle LKBZSP \rangle = 121$ ?  
 137. Is last  $B^{(1)}$  still in combination?  
 138. Decrease frequency in last  $\langle K\phi MBI_2 \rangle_i$  by 1  
 139. Decrease appropriate frequencies in PLHFG  
 140. Decrease  $\langle GESVER \rangle$  by trim loss which corresponds to the last  $B^{(1)}$   
 141.  $\langle ARB1 \rangle + \text{last } B^{(1)} \rightarrow ARB1$   
 142.  $\langle KBZSP \rangle -1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 143. Addresses set for determining whether next to last  $B^{(1)}$  is in combination  
 144. Is  $B^{(i)}$  in combination?  
 145.  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle -1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 146. Is  $ZSP2 = 0$   
 147. Addresses modified according to  $i = i - 1$   
 148.  $\langle ARB1 \rangle + B^{(i)} \rightarrow ARB1$   
 149. GESVER decreased by trim loss corresponding to  $B^{(i)}$   
 150. Addresses set for formation of the next combination from the  $i^{\text{th}}$  position  
 151. Decrement in  $\langle PLHFG \rangle$  in conformity with subtracted  $B^{(i)}$   
 152. Decrease of the frequency in  $\langle K\phi MBI_2 \rangle_i$  by 1  
 153. Addresses set for comparing  $\langle ARB1 \rangle$  with  $B^{(i+1)}$   
 154. Addresses set for subtracting  $B^{(i+1)}$  from ARB1  
 155.  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 156. Addresses set for formation of the plate frequency of the next combination  
 157.  
 158. Addresses set for  $\langle BASIS \rangle_1 \rightarrow \langle BASIS \rangle_2$   
 159.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 160.  $\langle BASIS \rangle_{i-1} \rightarrow BASIS$   
 161. Addresses set for  $\langle BASIS \rangle_{i+1} \rightarrow BASIS_i$   
 162.  $\langle BASIS \rangle_{i+1} \rightarrow BASIS_i$   
 163.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 164. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$   
 165. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = n$ ?  
 166.  $10X0 \rightarrow MENGEN$   
 167. Read quantities from typewriter into MENGEN  
 168.  $10X \langle EIVER \rangle \rightarrow BASVER$   
 169.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 170. Addresses set for listing of the basis vectors and quantities  
 171. RCTY

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172. Listing of basis vector quantities  
 173.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 174. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$   
 175.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle > n ?$   
 176.  $0 \rightarrow ERGVER$   
 177. Addresses set for multiplication of  $\langle MENG \rangle_1$  By  $\langle BASVER \rangle_1$   
 178.  $0 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 179.  $\langle ERGVER \rangle + \langle MENG \rangle_i \times \langle BASVER \rangle_j \rightarrow ERGVER$   
 180. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$   
 181.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 182. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = n ?$   
 183. RCTY  
 184. Listing of the Trim Loss arising from this basis  
 185. RCTY  
 186.  $0 \rightarrow ZSP1, 1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 187. 99999 to the first position of MINCZ  
 188. Clear flag at MINCZ  
 189. Addresses set for transfer of  $\langle C \rangle_i$  in TAB2 to  $\langle CZ \rangle_i$  in TAB2  
 190. Addresses set for multiplication of  $\langle a \rangle_{ii}$  in TAB2 with  $\langle BASVER \rangle_1$   
 191.  $\langle C \rangle_i \rightarrow CZ_i$  in TAB2  
 192. Addresses set for subtraction of the product  $a_{ik} \times \langle BASVER \rangle_k$  from  $CZ_j$   
 193.  $a_{ik} \times \langle BASVER \rangle \rightarrow 99$   
 194. Is  $\langle 99 \rangle < 0 ?$   
 195. Set flag at 96  
 196.  $\langle CZ \rangle_i - \langle 96 \rangle \rightarrow CZ_i$   
 197. Addresses modified according to  $K = K + 1$   
 198.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 199. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = n ?$   
 200. Addresses set for comparing  $\langle CZ \rangle_i$  with  $\langle MINCZ \rangle$   
 201. Is  $\langle CZ \rangle_i < \langle MINCZ \rangle ?$   
 202.  $\langle CZ \rangle_i \rightarrow MINCZ$   
 203.  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle \rightarrow BASNEU$   
 204. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$   
 205.  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 206.  $0 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 207. Is  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle < \langle LKBZSP \rangle ?$   
 208. Is  $\langle MINCZ \rangle < -100 ?$   
 209. 99999 at first position of KOTETA  
 210.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 211. Addresses set for  $\langle MENG \rangle_1 \rightarrow 96$  as dividend  
 212. Addresses set for testing whether divisor = 0  
 (Divisor = appropriate  $a_{ij}$  in TAB2)  
 213.  $\langle MENG \rangle_1 \rightarrow 96$  (Dividend)  
 214. Is DIVISOR = 0?  
 215.  $\langle MENG \rangle_i / a_{ij} \rightarrow 93$   
 216. Is  $\langle 85 \rangle = 000 ?$   
 217. Set flag at 86  
 218. 99999  $\rightarrow 90$  as quotient

219. Is  $\langle 93 \rangle > KOTETA ?$   
 220. Is  $\langle 93 \rangle > 0 ?$   
 221.  $\langle 93 \rangle \rightarrow KOTETA$   
 222.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle \rightarrow NRTETA$   
 223. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = n ?$   
 224.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 225. Addresses modified according to  $i = i + 1$   
 226. Addresses set for  $\langle BASNEU \rangle \rightarrow BASIS_j$   $j = NRTETA$   
 227.  $\langle BASNEU \rangle \rightarrow BASIS_j$   
 228.  $\langle KOTETA \rangle \rightarrow MENG \rangle_j$   
 229.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 230. Addresses set for subtracting  $a_{in} \times \langle KOTETA \rangle$  from  $\langle MENG \rangle_n$   
 231. Is  $K =$  Index of rejected vector ?  
 232.  $a_{ik} \times \langle KOTETA \rangle \rightarrow 99$   
 233. Is  $\langle 99 \rangle < 0 ?$   
 234. Set flag at 96  
 235. Set flag at 89  
 236.  $\langle MENG \rangle_k - \langle 99 \rangle \rightarrow MENG \rangle_k$   
 237.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 238. Addresses modified according to  $K = K - 1$   
 239. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle > n ?$   
 240. Addresses set for transfer of the trim loss of the new basis vector to  
 $\langle BASVER \rangle_j$   $j = NRTETA$   
 241. New basis vector to  $\langle BASVER \rangle_j$   
 242.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 243. Addresses set for transfer of  $a_{ki}$  to DSOR  $k = \langle BASNEU \rangle, l = NRTETA + A$   
 244. Addresses set for division of  $a_n$  by  $\langle DSOR \rangle$   
 245.  $a_{ik} \rightarrow DSOR$   
 246. Is  $\langle DSOR \rangle = 0 ?$   
 247.  $a_{ji} / DSOR \rightarrow 93$   
 248. Is  $\langle 87 \rangle = 000 ?$   
 249. 99999  $\rightarrow 92$   
 250.  $d_{j1} = \langle 93 \rangle$   
 251.  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 252. Addresses modified according to  $j = j + 1$   
 253. Is  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle = \langle LKBZSP \rangle ?$   
 254.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP2$   
 255. Addresses set for the new calculation of  $a_{11}$   
 256. Addresses set for multiplication of  $a_{1k}$  by  $a_{11}$   
 257. Is  $\langle ZSP2 \rangle = \langle BASNEU \rangle ?$   
 258.  $1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 259. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle = \langle NRTETA \rangle ?$   
 260.  $\bar{a}_{mj} = \bar{a}_{mj} \bar{a}_{mk} \bar{a}_{lj}$   
 261.  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle +1 \rightarrow ZSP1$   
 262. Addresses modified according to  $j = j + 1$   
 263. Is  $\langle ZSP1 \rangle > n ?$   
 264. Addresses modified according to  $j = 1, m = m + 1$

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- 265. <ZSP2> + 1 → ZSP2
- 266. Is <ZSP2> > <LKBZSP>
- 267. 1 → ZSP1
- 268. Addresses set for setting  $a_{ik}$  to zero
- 269. Is  $i = <NRTETA>$  ?
- 270. = 0
- 271. Addresses modified according to  $i:i+1$
- 272. <ZSP1> + 1 → ZSP1
- 273. Is <ZSP1> > n?
- 274. Write "End"
- 275. Halt

Translated by Michael S. Lubell

00402		DORG	402Z
00406	5 00000	A	DS 5Z
00411	5 00000	B	DS 5Z
00426	15 00000	NULL	DC 15,0Z
00446	20 00000	KOMBI	DS 20Z
00451	5 00000	BL	DS 5Z
00471	20 00000	PLATTE	DS 20Z
00483	12 00000	VERSCH	DS 12Z
00484	1 00000		DC 1,@Z
00534	50 00000	BIHSP	DS 50Z
00539	5 00000	A1	DS 5Z
00634	95 00000		DS 95Z
00644	10 00000	HISPEI	DS 10Z
02355	1711 00000	TAB	DS 1711Z
02415	60 00000	KOMBI2	DS 60Z
02435	20 00000	PLHFG	DS 20Z
02447	12 00000	GESVER	DS 12Z
02448	1 00000		DC 1,@Z
12889	10441 00000	TAB2	DS 10441Z
12949	60 00000	KOMBI3	DS 60Z
12961	12 00000	C	DS 12Z
12976	15 00000	CZ	DS 15Z
12977	1 00000		DC 1,@Z
13027	50 00000	BASIS	DS 50Z
13028	1 00000		DC 1,@Z
13108	80 00000	MENGEN	DS 80Z
13109	1 00000		DC 1,@Z
13229	120 00000	BASVER	DS 120Z
13241	12 00000	EIVER	DC 12,100000000000Z
13261	20 00000	ERGVER	DS 20Z
13262	1 00000		DC 1,@Z
13277	15 00000	MINCZ	DS 15Z
13280	3 00000	BASNEU	DS 3Z
13286	6 00000	DSOR	DS 6Z
13294	8 00000	KOTETA	DS 8Z
13296	2 00000	NRTETA	DS 2Z
13304	8 00000	AUS	DS 8Z
13305	1 00000		DC 1,@Z
13306	36 00402 00100	START	RNTY A-4Z
13318	36 13736 00100		RNTY N-1Z
13330	36 00535 00100		RNTY A1-4Z
13342	16 16372 -2362		TFM AUG2+30,TAB2-10527Z
13354	16 15321 000-0		TFM KBZSP,0,10Z
13366	16 15319 00-01		TFM LKBZSP,1,9Z
13378	16 15256 -0426		TFM KBFOLG+42+KOMBI-20Z
13390	21 15256 13737	A	KBFOLG+42,NZ
13402	21 15256 13737	A	KBFOLG+42+NZ
13414	16 15309 -0529	TFM	VORBKB+11+A1-10Z
13426	16 16432 -2355	TFM	LKBFLG+42,KOMBI2-60Z
13438	16 16581 -0612	TFM	VRBLKB+11,TAB-1743Z
13450	16 16569 -0644	TFM	VRBLKB-1,TAB-1711Z
13462	16 16497 -0614	TFM	LKBFLG+107,TAB-1741Z
13474	21 15308 13737	A	VORBKB+10+NZ
13486	16 13504 -0428	TFM	UENULL+6,KOMBI-18Z
13498	26 00000 00413	UENULL	TF 0,NULL-13Z
13510	11 13504 -0002	AM	UENULL+6,2Z
13522	14 13504 -0448	CM	UENULL+6,KOMBI+2Z
13534	47 13498 01200	BNF	UENULLZ

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13546 16 13564 -2357	TFM UENULL+66,KOMBI2-58Z		
13558 26 00000 00413	TF 0,NULL-13Z	14218 26 14241 14205	MINNEU TF MINNEU+11,VERGL5+11Z
13570 11 13564 -0002	AM UENULL+66,2Z	14230 26 14313 00000	MIN ,OZ
13582 14 13564 -2417	CM UENULL+66,KOMBI2+2Z	14242 26 14956 14241	ADRM3 TF ADRMIN,MINNEU+11Z
13594 47 13558 01200	BNE UENULL+60Z	14254 24 13735 13737	C ZSP1,NZ
13606 26 13809 00406	TF ARB1,AZ	14266 46 14314 01200	BE DELTAZ
13618 16 13677 -0539	TFM VERGL1+11,A1Z	14278 11 13735 000-1	AM ZSP1,1,10Z
13630 16 13720 -0428	TFM ABZUG+18,KOMBI-18Z	14290 11 14109 -0005	AM VERGL3+11,5Z
13642 16 13735 000-1	TFM ZSP1,1,10Z	14302 49 14098 00000	B VERGL3Z
13654 16 15465 -0529	TFM MINDAI+11,A1-10Z	14313 5 00000	MIN DS 5,ADRM3+59Z
13666 24 13809 00000	VERGL1 C ARB1,0Z	14529 5 00000	MAXMIN DS 5,ADRM3+275Z
13678 47 13738 01300	BL ADRM1Z	14314 26 14529 15561	DELTA TF MAXMIN,MAXZ
13690 26 13713 13677	TF ABZUG+11,VERGL1+11Z	14326 22 14529 14313	S MAXMIN,MINZ
13702 22 13809 00000	ABZUG S ARB1,0Z	14338 24 14529 14925	VERGL6 C MAXMIN,DELTABZ
13714 11 00000 000-1	AM 0,1,10Z	14350 46 14410 01300	BNL BMIERHZ
13726 49 13666 00000	B VERGL1Z	14362 26 14925 14529	TF DELTAB,MAXMINZ
13737 2 00000	N DS 2,ABZUG+35Z	14374 26 00451 15561	TF BL,MAXZ
13735 2 00000	ZSP1 DS 2,ABZUG+33Z	14386 24 14925 00416	C DELTAB,NULL-10Z
13738 24 13735 13737	ADRM1 C ZSP1,NZ	14398 46 14530 01200	BE ABF1Z
13750 46 13810 01200	BE BLBESTZ	14410 26 14476 14956	BMIERH TF BMIERH+66,ADRMINZ
13762 11 13677 -0010	AM VERGL1+11,10Z	14422 16 14481 -0534	TFM BMIERH+71,A1-5Z
13774 11 13720 -0002	AM ABZUG+18,2Z	14434 12 14956 -0484	SM ADRMIN,BIHS-50Z
13786 11 13735 000-1	AM ZSP1,1,10Z	14446 21 14481 14956	A BMIERH+71,ADRMINZ
13798 49 13666 00000	B VERGL1Z	14458 21 14481 14956	A BMIERH+71,ADRMINZ
13809 5 00000	ARB1 DS 5,ADRM1+71Z	14470 21 00000 00000	A O,OZ
13810 16 13840 -0539	BLBEST TFM BLBEST+30+BIHSP+5Z	14482 26 14500 14476	TF VERGL7+6,BMIERH+66Z
13822 12 13840 -0005	SM BLBEST+30,5Z	14494 24 00000 00411	VERGL7 C O,OZ
13834 26 00000 00416	TF 0,NULL-10Z	14506 46 14530 01100	BH ABF1Z
13846 14 13840 -0489	CM BLBEST+30,BIHSP-45Z	14518 49 14050 00000	B BEMINA+12Z
13858 47 13822 01200	BNE BLBEST+12Z	14530 16 14548 -0453	ABF1 TFM ABF1+18+PLATTE-18Z
13870 16 13924 -0428	TFM VERGL2+6,KOMBI-18Z	14542 26 00000 00413	TF 0,NULL-13Z
13882 16 13948 -0489	TFM VERGL2+30+BIHSP-45Z	14554 11 14548 -0002	AM ABF1+18,2Z
13894 16 13953 -0544	TFM VERGL2+35,A1+5Z	14566 14 14548 -0473	CM ABF1+18+PLATTE+2Z
13906 16 13735 000-1	TFM ZSP1,1,10Z	14578 47 14542 01200	BNE ABF1+12Z
13918 14 00000 000-0	VERGL2 CM 0,0,10Z	14590 26 00483 00423	TF VERSCH,NULL-3Z
13930 46 13954 01200	BE VERGL2+36Z	14602 16 14656 -0428	TFM ABF2+6,KOMBI-18Z
13942 26 00000 00000	TF 0,0Z	14614 16 14716 -0453	TFM ABF2+66,PLATTE-18Z
13954 24 13735 13737	C ZSP1,NZ	14626 16 13735 000-1	TFM ZSP1,1,10Z
13966 46 14038 01200	BE BEMINAZ	14638 16 14709 -0544	TFM ABF2+59,A1+5Z
13978 11 13924 -0002	AM VERGL2+6,2Z	14650 14 00000 000-0	ABF2 CM 0,0,10Z
13990 11 13948 -0005	AM VERGL2+30,5Z	14662 46 14842 01200	BE ABF3Z
14002 11 13953 -0010	AM VERGL2+35,10Z	14674 26 14721 14656	TF ABF2+71,ABF2+6Z
14014 11 13735 000-1	AM ZSP1,1,10Z	14686 26 15561 00451	TF MAX,BLZ
14026 49 13918 00000	B VERGL2Z	14698 22 15561 00000	S MAX,OZ
14037 5 00000	NEUN DC 5,99999,VERGL2+11Z	14710 21 00000 00000	A O,OZ
14038 26 14925 14037	BEMINA TF DELTAB,NEUNZ	14722 26 14745 14709	TF ABF2+95,ABF2+59Z
14050 26 15561 00416	TF MAX,NULL-10Z	14734 24 15561 00000	C MAX,OZ
14062 26 14313 14037	TF MIN,NEUNZ	14746 46 14698 01300	BNL ABF2+48Z
14074 16 13735 000-1	TFM ZSP1,1,10Z	14758 26 14793 14709	TF ABF2+143,ABF2+59Z
14086 16 14109 -0489	TFM VERGL3+11,BIHSP-45Z	14770 12 14793 -0005	SM ABF2+143,5Z
14098 24 00416 00000	VERGL3 C NULL-10,0Z	14782 23 15561 00000	M MAX,OZ
14110 46 14254 01200	BE ADRM3Z	14794 26 00644 00099	TF HISPE1,99Z
14122 26 14145 14109	TF VERGL4+11,VERGL3+11Z	14806 26 14829 14721	TF ABF3-13,ABF2+71Z
14134 24 15561 00000	VERGL4 C MAX,0Z	14818 23 00644 00000	M HISPE1,OZ
14146 46 14182 01300	BNL MAXNEU+12Z	14830 21 00483 00099	A VERSCH,99Z
14158 26 14181 14145	TF MAXNEU+11,VERGL4+11Z	14842 24 13735 13737	C ZSP1,NZ
14170 26 15561 00000	MAXNEU TF MAX,0Z	14854 46 14926 01200	BE ABF4Z
14182 26 14205 14145	TF VERGL5+11,VERGL4+11Z	14866 11 14656 -0002	AM ABF2+6,2Z
14194 24 14313 00000	VERGL5 C MIN,0Z	14878 11 14709 -0010	AM ABF2+59,10Z
14206 47 14254 01300	BL ADRM3Z	14890 11 14716 -0002	AM ABF2+66,2Z
		14902 11 13735 000-1	AM ZSP1,1,10Z

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14914	49	14650	00000		B	ABF2Z		15562	26	12961	00423	VORKB3	TF	C, NULL-3Z	
14925		5	00000		DELTAB	DS	5, ABF3+83Z	15574	26	12976	00426		TF	CZ, NULLZ	
14926	23	13809	00451		ABF4	M	ARBI+BLZ	15586	16	15604	J2895		TFM	VORKB3+42, KOMBI3-54Z	
14938	21	00483	00099			A	VERSCH, 99Z	15598	26	00000	00417		TF	0, NULL-9Z	
14950	34	00000	00102		ADRMIN	DS	RCTY Z	15610	11	15604	-0006		AM	VORKB3+42, 6Z	
14956		5	00000		AUSG1	WNTY	KOMBI-19Z	15622	14	15604	J2955		CM	VORKB3+42, KOMBI3+6Z	
14962	38	00427	00100			TFM	ZSP1,0,10Z	15634	47	15598	01200	LKB	BNE	VORKB3+36Z	
14974	16	13735	000-0			TFM	AUSG1+179, TAB-1710Z	15646	21	16432	15321		A	LKBFLG+42, KBZSPZ	
14986	16	15141	-0645			TFM	AUSG1+186, TAB-1710Z	15658	21	16432	15321		A	LKBFLG+42, KBZSPZ	
14998	16	15148	-0645			TFM	AUSG1+95, TAB-1686Z	15670	13	15321	000N7		MM	KBZSP, 57, 10Z	
15010	16	15057	-0669			TFM	AUSG1+95, TAB-1686Z	15682	21	16581	00099		A	VRBLKB+11, 99Z	
15022	24	13735	15321			C	ZSP1, KBZSPZ	15694	21	16569	00099		A	VRBLKB-1, 99Z	
15034	46	15142	01200			BE	AUSG1+180Z	15706	21	16497	00099		A	LKBFLG+107, 99Z	
15046	24	00451	00000			C	BL, OZ	15718	26	13809	00411		TF	ARBI, BZ	
15058	46	15130	01100			BH	AUSG1+168Z	15730	16	15897	-0669		TFM	LVGL1+11, TAB-1686Z	
15070	11	15141	-0057			AM	AUSG1+179, 57Z	15742	16	15940	-2357		TFM	BLABZ+18, KOMBI2-58Z	
15082	11	15148	-0057			AM	AUSG1+186, 57Z	15754	16	15772	-2417		TFM	LKB+126, PLHFG-18Z	
15094	11	15057	-0057			AM	AUSG1+95, 57Z	15766	26	00000	00413		TF	0, NULL-13Z	
15106	11	13735	000-1			AM	ZSP1,1,10Z	15778	11	15772	-0002		AM	LKB+126, 2Z	
15118	49	15022	00000			B	AUSG1+60Z	15790	14	15772	-2435		CM	LKB+126, PLHFGZ	
15130	31	02449	00000			TR	TAB2-10440, 0Z	15802	47	15766	01100		BNH	LKB+120Z	
15142	31	00000	00427			TR	O, KOMBI-19Z	15814	16	15969	-0671		TFM	BLABZ+47, TAB-1684Z	
15154	24	13735	15321			C	ZSP1, KBZSPZ	15826	16	16029	-0701		TFM	LADRM1-25, TAB-1654Z	
15166	46	15214	01200			BE	KBFOLGZ	15838	26	02447	00423		TF	GESVER, NULL-3Z	
15178	26	15208	15141			TF	AUSG1+246, AUSG1+179Z	15850	34	00000	00102		RCTY Z		
15190	11	15208	-0057			AM	AUSG1+246, 57Z	15862	16	15441	00-01		TFM	ZSP2, 1, 9Z	
15202	31	00000	02449			TR	O, TAB2-10440Z	15874	16	16749	-0612		TFM	MINDBL+11, TAB-1743Z	
15214	11	15321	000-1		KBFOLG	AM	KBZSP, 1, 10Z	15886	24	13809	00000	LVGL1	C	ARBI, OZ	
15226	14	15321	000L0			CM	KBZSP+30, 10Z	15898	47	16054	01300		BL	LADRM1Z	
15238	46	15562	01200			BE	VORKB3Z	15910	26	15933	15897		TF	BLABZ+11, LVGL1+11Z	
15250	14	00000	000-0			CM	0, 0, 10Z	15922	22	13809	00000		S	ARBI, OZ	
15262	46	15322	01200			BE	VORBKB+24Z	15934	11	00000	000-1		AM	O, 1, 10Z	
15274	26	15292	15256			TF	KBFOLG+78, KBFOLG+42Z	15946	16	15964	-2417		TFM	BLABZ+42, PLHFG-18Z	
15286	12	00000	000-1			SM	0, 1, 10Z	15958	21	00000	00000		A	O, OZ	
15298	21	13809	00000		VORBKB	A	ARBI, OZ	15970	11	15964	-0002		AM	BLABZ+42, 2Z	
15310	49	15250	00000			B	KBFOLG+36Z	15982	11	15969	-0002		AM	BLABZ+47, 2Z	
15321		2	00000			KBZSP	DS	2, VORBKB+23Z	15994	14	15964	-2435		CM	BLABZ+42, PLHFGZ
15319		3	00000			LKBZSP	DS	3, VORBKB+21Z	16006	47	15958	01100		BNH	BLABZ+36Z
15322	26	15376	15256			TF	VORBKB+78, KBFOLG+42Z	16018	21	02447	00000		A	GESVER, OZ	
15334	26	13735	13737			TF	ZSP1, NZ	16030	12	15969	-0020		SM	BLABZ+47, 20Z	
15346	12	13735	000-1			SM	ZSP1,1,10Z	16042	49	15886	00000		B	LVLG1Z	
15358	12	15376	-0002			SM	VORBKB+78, 2Z	16054	24	15441	15321		LADRM1	C	ZSP2, KBZSPZ
15370	14	00000	000-0			CM	0, 0, 10Z	16066	46	16150	01200		BE	LVERZ	
15382	47	15442	01200			BNE	VORBKB+144Z	16078	11	15897	-0057		AM	LVLG1+11, 57Z	
15394	12	13735	000-1			SM	ZSP1,1,10Z	16090	11	15940	-0002		AM	BLABZ+18, 2Z	
15406	14	13735	000-0			CM	ZSP1,0,10Z	16102	11	15969	-0057		AM	BLABZ+47, 57Z	
15418	47	15358	01200			BNE	VORBKB+60Z	16114	11	16029	-0057		AM	LADRM1-25, 57Z	
15430	49	15562	00000			B	VORKB3Z	16126	11	15441	000-1		AM	ZSP2, 1, 10Z	
15441		3	00000		ZSP2	DS	3, VORBKB+143Z	16138	49	15886	00000		B	LVLG1Z	
15442	21	15464	13735			A	MINDAI+10, ZSP1Z	16150	23	13809	00406	LVER	M	ARBI, AZ	
15454	21	13809	00000			MINDAI	A	ARBI, OZ	16162	21	02447	00099		A	GESVER, 99Z
15466	26	15484	15376			TF	MINDAI+30, VORBKB+78Z	16174	16	16216	J2892		TFM	LVER+66, KOMBI3-57Z	
15478	12	00000	000-1			SM	0, 1, 10Z	16186	16	16221	-2417		TFM	LVER+71, PLHFG-18Z	
15490	26	13677	15465			TF	VERGL1+11, MINDAI+11Z	16198	16	13735	000-0		TFM	ZSP1, 0, 10Z	
15502	11	13677	-0010			AM	VERGL1+11, 10Z	16210	26	00000	00000		TF	O, OZ	
15514	26	13720	15484			TF	ABZUG+18, MINDAI+30Z	16222	26	16252	16216		TF	*+30, LVER+66Z	
15526	11	13720	-0002			AM	ABZUG+18, 2Z	16234	12	16252	-0001		SM	*+18, 1Z	
15538	11	13735	000-1			AM	ZSP1,1,10Z	16246	33	00000	00000		CF	OZ	
15550	49	13654	00000			B	VERGL1-12Z	16258	11	16216	-0006		AM	LVER+66, 6Z	
15561		5	00000			MAX	DS	5, MINDAI+107Z	16270	11	16221	-0002		AM	LVER+71, 2Z

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16282 11 13735 000-1	AM ZSP1,1,10Z	17002 11 15969 -0037	AM BLABZ+47,37Z
16294 24 13735 13737	C ZSP1,NZ	17014 49 15874 00000	B LVGL1-12Z
16306 47 16210 01200	BNE LVER+60Z	17026 16 12982 J0001	LPR TFM BASIS=45,10001Z
16318 26 12961 02447	TF C,GESVERZ	17038 16 17080 J2987	TFM LPR+54,BASIS=40Z
16330 3' 00000 00102	RCTY Z	17050 16 17085 J2982	TFM LPR+59,BASIS=45Z
16342 38 02356 00100	AUSG2 WNTY KOMBI2-59Z	17062 16 13735 000-1	TFM ZSP1,1,10Z
16354 11 16372 -0087	AM AUSG2+30,87Z	17074 26 00000 00000	TF 0,0Z
16366 31 00000 12890	TR 0,KOMBI3-59Z	17086 26 17104 17080	TF LPR+78,LPR+54Z
16378 22 02447 00099	S GESVER,99Z	17098 11 00000 -0001	AM 0,1Z
15390 11 15319 00-01	LKBFLG AM LKBZSP,1,9Z	17110 11 13735 000-1	AM ZSP1,1,10Z
16402 14 15319 0UJ21	CM LKBZS,121,9Z	17122 11 17080 -0005	AM LPR+54,5Z
16414 46 17026 01200	BE LPRZ	17134 11 17085 -0005	AM LPR+59,5Z
16426 14 00000 000-0	CM 0,C,10Z	17146 24 13735 13737	C ZSP1,NZ
16438 46 16594 01200	BE VRBLKB+24Z	17158 47 17074 01200	BNE LPR+48Z
16450 26 16468 16432	TF LKBFLG+78,LKBFLG+42Z	17170 16 17188 J3036	ANZ TFM ANZ+18,MENGEN-72Z
16462 12 00000 000-1	SM 0,1,10Z	17182 26 00000 00419	TF 0,NULL-7Z
16474 16 16492 -2417	TFM LKBFLG+102,PLHFG-18Z	17194 11 17188 -0008	AM ANZ+18,8Z
16486 22 00000 00000	S 0,0Z	17206 14 17188 J3116	CM ANZ+18,MENGEN+8Z
16498 11 16492 -0002	AM LKBFLG+102,2Z	17218 47 17182 01200	BNE ANZ+12Z
16510 11 16497 -0002	AM LKBFLG+107,2Z	17230 36 13029 00100	RNTY MENGEN-79Z
16522 14 16492 -2435	CM LKBFLG+102,PLHFGZ	17242 16 17260 J3121	TFM ANZ+90,BASVER-108Z
16534 47 16486 01100	BNH LKBFLG+96Z	17254 26 00000 13241	TF 0,EIVERZ
16546 12 16497 -0020	SM LKBFLG+107,20Z	17266 11 17260 -0012	AM ANZ+90,12Z
16558 22 02447 00000	S GFSVER,0Z	17278 14 17260 J3241	CM ANZ+90,BASVER+12Z
16570 21 13809 00000	A ARB1,0Z	17290 47 17254 01200	BNE ANZ+84Z
16582 49 16426 00000	B LKBFLG+36Z	17302 16 13735 000-1	TFM ZSP1,1,10Z
16594 26 16646 16432	TF VRBLKB+78,LKBFLG+42Z	17314 16 17397 J3036	AUSG3 TFM AUSG3+83,MENGEN-72Z
16606 26 15441 15321	TF ZSP2,KBZSPZ	17326 16 17361 J2982	TFM AUSG3+47,BASIS=45Z
16618 12 15441 000-1	SM ZSP2,1,10Z	17338 34 00000 00102	RCTY Z
16630 12 16648 -0002	SM VRBLKB+78,2Z	17350 26 13304 00000	TF AUS,0Z
16642 14 00000 000-0	CM 0,0,10Z	17362 38 13300 00100	WNTY AUS-4Z
16654 47 16714 01200	BNE VRBLKB+144Z	17374 34 00000 00108	TBTY Z
16666 12 15441 000-1	SM ZSP2,1,10Z	17386 26 13304 00000	TF AUS,0Z
16678 14 15441 000-0	CM ZSP2,0,10Z	17398 38 13297 00100	WNTY AUS-7Z
16690 47 16630 01200	BNE VRBLKB+60Z	17410 11 13735 000-1	AM ZSP1,1,10Z
16702 49 17026 00000	B LPRZ	17422 11 17397 -0008	AM AUSG3+83,8Z
16714 13 15441 000N7	MM ZSP2,57,10Z	17434 11 17361 -0005	AM AUSG3+47,5Z
16726 21 16749 00099	A MINDBL+11,99Z	17446 24 13735 13737	C ZSP1,NZ
16738 21 13809 00000	MINDBL A ARB1,0Z	17458 47 17338 01100	BNH AUSG3+24Z
16750 26 16785 16749	TF MINDBL+47,MINDBL+11Z	17470 26 13261 00426	TF ERGVER+NULLZ
16762 11 16785 -0032	AM MINDBL+47,32Z	17482 26 13247 00417	TF ERGVER-14,NULL-9Z
16774 22 02447 00000	S GESVER,0Z	17494 16 17536 J3036	TFM MULT+6,MENGEN-72Z
16786 26 16029 16785	TF LADRM1-25,MINDBL+47Z	17506 16 17541 J3121	TFM MULT+11,BASVER-108Z
16798 11 16029 -0057	AM LADRM1-25,57Z	17518 16 13735 000-0	TFM ZSP1,0,10Z
16810 26 16851 16749	TF MINDBL+119,MINDBL+11Z	17530 23 00000 00000	MULT M 0,0Z
16822 11 16857 -0002	AM MINDBL+119,2Z	17542 21 13261 00096	A ERGVER,96Z
16834 16 16852 -2417	TFM MINDBL+114,PLHFG-18Z	17554 11 17536 -0008	AM MULT+6,8Z
16846 22 00000 00000	S 0,0Z	17566 11 17541 -0012	AM MULT+11,12Z
16858 11 16852 -0002	AM MINDBL+114,2Z	17578 11 13735 000-1	AM ZSP1,1,10Z
16870 11 16857 -0002	AM MINDBL+119,2Z	17590 24 13735 13737	C ZSP1,NZ
16882 14 16852 -2435	CM MINDBL+114,PLHFGZ	17602 47 17530 01200	BNF MULTZ
16894 47 16846 01100	BNH MINDBL+108Z	17614 34 00000 00102	AUSG4 RCTY Z
16906 26 16924 16648	TF MINDBL+186,VRBLKB+78Z	17626 38 13242 00100	WNTY ERGVER-19Z
16918 12 00000 000-1	SM 0,1,10Z	17638 34 00000 00102	RCTY Z
16930 26 15891 16749	TF LVGL1+11,MINDBL+11Z	17650 16 13735 000-0	BERCZ TFM ZSP1,0,10Z
16942 11 15897 -0057	AM LVGL1+11,57Z	17662 16 15441 00-01	TFM ZSP2,1,9Z
16954 26 15940 16924	TF BLABZ+18,MINDBL+186Z	17674 26 13267 14037	TF MINCZ-10,NEUNZ
16966 11 15940 -0002	AM BLABZ+18,2Z	17686 33 13277 00000	CF MINCZZ
16978 11 15441 000-1	AM ZSP2,1,10Z	17698 16 17745 -2520	TFM BERCZ+95,TAB2-10369Z
16990 26 15969 16857	TF BLABZ+47,MINDBL+119Z	17710 16 17740 -2535	TFM BERCZ+90,TAB2-10354Z

17722 16 17812 -2454	TFM	BERCZ+162,TAB2-10435Z	18442 49 18190 00000	MGN	B DIV1+60Z
17734 26 00000 00000	TF	0,0Z	18454 16 18496 J2977	TFM	MM MGN+42,BASIS-50Z
17746 26 17776 17740	TF	*+30,BERCZ+90Z	18466 13 13296 000-5	MM	NRTETA,5,10Z
17758 12 17776 -0011	SM	*+18,11Z	18478 21 18496 00099	A	MGN+42,99Z
17770 16 00000 0-000	TFM	0,0,BZ	18490 26 00000 13280	TF	0,BASNEUZ
17782 16 17817 J3121	TFM	BERCZ+167,BASVER-108Z	18502 26 18532 18496	TF	MGN+78,MGN+42Z
17794 26 17848 17740	TF	BERCZ+198,BERCZ+90Z	18514 12 18532 -0002	SM	MGN+78,2Z
17806 23 00000 00000	M	0,0Z	18526 16 00000 00-00	TFM	0,0,9Z
17818 44 17842 00099	BNF	*+24,99Z	18538 16 18580 J3028	TFM	MM MGN+126,MENGEN-80Z
17830 32 00096 00000	SF	96Z	18550 13 13296 000-8	MM	NRTETA,8,10Z
17842 22 00000 00096	S	0,96Z	18562 21 18580 00099	A	MGN+126,99Z
17854 11 17812 -0006	AM	BERCZ+162,6Z	18574 26 00000 13294	TF	0,KOTETAZ
17866 11 17817 -0012	AM	BERCZ+167,12Z	18586 16 13735 000-1	TFM	ZSP1+1,10Z
17878 11 13735 000-1	AM	ZSP1+,10Z	18598 16 18724 J3028	TFM	MGN2+138,MENGEN-80Z
17890 24 13735 13737	C	ZSP1,NZ	18610 13 13737 000-8	MM	N,8,10Z
17902 47 17806 01200	BNE	BERCZ+156Z	18622 21 18724 00099	A	MGN2+138,99Z
17914 26 17932 17848	MINVGL	TF MINVGL+18,BERCZ+198Z	18634 26 18681 18213	TF	MGN2+95,DIV1+83Z
17926 24 00000 13277	C	0,MINCZZ	18646 24 18724 18580	C	MGN2+138,MGN+126Z
17938 46 17986 01300	BNL	MINVGL+72Z	18658 46 18730 01200	BE	MGN2+144Z
17950 26 17973 17932	TF	MINVGL+59,MINVGL+18Z	18670 23 13294 00000	M	KOTETA,0Z
17962 26 13277 00000	TF	MINCZ,0Z	18682 44 18706 00099	BNF	*+24,99Z
17974 26 13280 15441	TF	BASNEU,ZSP2Z	18694 32 00096 00000	SF	96Z
17986 11 17740 -0087	AM	BERCZ+90,87Z	18706 32 00089 00000	SF	89Z
17998 11 17745 -0087	AM	BERCZ+95,87Z	18718 22 00000 00096	S	0,96Z
18010 13 13737 000-6	MM	N,6,10Z	18730 11 13735 000-1	AM	ZSP1+,1,10Z
18022 22 17812 00099	S	BERCZ+162,99Z	18742 12 18681 -0006	SM	MGN2+95,6Z
18034 11 17812 -0087	AM	BERCZ+162,87Z	18754 12 18724 -0008	SM	MGN2+138,8Z
18046 11 15441 00-01	AM	ZSP2+,1,9Z	18766 24 13735 13737	C	ZSP1,NZ
18058 24 15441 15319	C	ZSP2,LKBZSPZ	18778 47 18646 01100	BNH	MGN2+60Z
18070 16 13735 000-0	TFM	ZSP1+,0,10Z	18790 16 18868 J3109	MGN3	TFM MGN3+78,BASVER-120Z
18082 47 17734 01300	BL	BERCZ+84Z	18802 16 18873 -2433	TFM	MGN3+83,TAB2-10456Z
18094 14 13277 -010-	CM	MINCZ,-100Z	18814 13 13296 000J2	MM	NRTETA,12,10Z
18106 46 19666 01300	BNL	EXITZ	18826 21 18868 00099	A	MGN3+78,99Z
18118 26 13291 14037	TF	KOTETA-3,NEUNZ	18838 13 13280 000Q7	MM	BASNEU,87,10Z
18130 16 13735 000-1	TFM	ZSP1+,1,10Z	18850 21 18873 00099	A	MGN3+83,99Z
18142 16 18201 J3036	TFM	*+59,MENGEN-72Z	18862 26 00000 00000	TF	0,0Z
18154 16 18213 -2367	TFM	DIV1+83,TAB2-10522Z	18874 16 15441 00-01	MGN4	TFM ZSP2+,1,9Z
18166 13 13280 000Q7	MM	BASNEU,87,10Z	18886 16 18981 -2361	TFM	*+95,TAB2-10528Z
18178 21 18213 00099	A	DIV1+83,99Z	18898 13 13296 000-6	MM	NRTETA,6,10Z
18190 28 00096 00000	LD	96,0Z	18910 21 18981 00099	A	*+71,99Z
18202 24 00417 00000	C	NULL-9,0Z	18922 26 19041 18981	* TF	MGN5+11,*+59Z
18214 47 18250 01200	BNE	*+36Z	18934 11 19041 -0087	* AM	MGN5+11,87Z
18226 26 00090 14037	TF	90,NEUNZ	18946 13 13280 000Q7	MM	BASNEU,87,10Z
18238 49 18310 00000	B	TETAZ	18958 21 18981 00099	A	*+23,99Z
18250 26 18273 18213	TF	*+23,DIV1+83Z	18970 26 13286 00000	TF	DSOR,0Z
18262 29 00089 00000	D	89,0Z	18982 24 13286 00417	C	DSOR,NULL-9Z
18274 14 00085 00-00	CM	85,0,9Z	18994 47 19030 01200	BNE	MGN5Z
18286 47 18226 01200	BNE	*-60Z	19006 26 00092 14037	TF	92,NEUNZ
18298 32 00086 00000	SF	86Z	19018 49 19090 00000	* B	MGN5+60Z
18310 24 00093 13294	C	93,KOTETAZ	19030 28 00096 00000	LD	96,0Z
18322 46 18382 01300	BNL	TETA+72Z	19042 29 00091 13286	* D	91,DSORZ
18334 24 00093 00419	C	93,NULL-7Z	19054 14 00087 00-00	CM	87,0,9Z
18346 47 18382 01100	BNH	*+36Z	19066 47 19006 01200	BNE	MGN5+24Z
18358 26 13294 00093	TF	KOTETA,93Z	19078 32 00088 00000	SF	88Z
18370 26 13296 13735	TF	NRTETA,ZSP1Z	19090 26 19108 19041	* TF	*+18,MGN5+11Z
18382 24 13735 13737	C	ZSP1,NZ	19102 26 00000 00093	TF	0,93Z
18394 46 18454 01200	BE	MGNZ	19114 11 15441 00-01	AM	ZSP2+,1,9Z
18406 11 13735 000-1	AM	ZSP1+,1,10Z	19126 11 19041 -0087	* AM	MGN5+11,87Z
18418 11 18201 -0008	AM	DIV1+71,8Z	19138 24 15441 15319	C	ZSP2,LKBZSPZ
18430 11 18213 -0006	AM	DIV1+83,6Z	19150 47 18982 01200	BNE	MGN5+48Z

19162	16	15441	00-01	MGN6	TFM	ZSP2,1,9Z
19174	16	19384	-2454		TFM	MGN6+222,TAB2-10435Z
19186	16	19341	-2367		TFM	MGN6+179,TAB2-10522Z
19198	13	13280	00007		MM	BASNEU,87,10Z
19210	21	19341	00099		A	MGN6+179,99Z
19222	26	19336	19384		TF	MGN6+174,MGN6+222Z
19234	13	13296	000-6		MM	NRTETA,6,10Z
19246	12	00096	000-6		SM	99,6,10Z
19258	21	19336	00099		A	MGN6+174,99Z
19270	24	15441	13280		C	ZSP2,BASNEUZ
19282	46	19486	01200		BE	EXIT-180Z
19294	16	13735	000-1		TFM	ZSP1,1,10Z
19306	24	13735	13296		C	ZSP1,NRTEAZ
19318	46	19390	01200		BE	MGN6+228Z
19330	23	00000	00000		M	0,0Z
19342	32	00091	00000		SF	91Z
19354	44	19378	00099		BNF	*+24,99Z
19366	32	00096	00000		SF	96Z
19378	22	00000	00096		S	0,96Z
19390	11	13735	000-1		AM	ZSP1,1,10Z
19402	11	19384	-0006		AM	MGN6+222,6Z
19414	11	19341	-0006		AM	MGN6+179,6Z
19426	24	13735	13737		C	ZSP1,NZ
19438	47	19306	01100		BNH	MGN6+144Z
19450	13	13737	000-6		MM	N,6,1CZ
19462	22	19384	00099		S	MGN6+222,99Z
19474	22	19341	00099		S	MGN6+179,99Z
19486	11	19384	-0087		AM	MGN6+222,87Z
19498	11	19336	-0087		AM	MGN6+174,87Z
19510	11	15441	000-1		AM	ZSP2,1,10Z
19522	24	15441	15319		C	ZSP2,LKBZSPZ
19534	47	19270	01300		BL	MGN6+108Z
19546	16	13735	000-1		TFM	ZSP1,1,10Z
19558	26	19600	19341		TF	*+42,MGN6+179Z
19570	24	13735	13296		C	ZSP1,NRTEAZ
19582	46	19606	01200		BE	*+24Z
19594	26	00000	00417		TF	0,NULL-9Z
19606	11	19606	-0006		AM	*-6,6Z
19618	11	13735	000-1		AM	ZSP1,1,10Z
19630	24	13735	13737		C	ZSP1,NZ
19642	47	19570	01100		BNH	*-72Z
19654	49	17302	00000		B	AUSG3-12Z
19666	39	19681	00100	EXIT	WATY	EXIT+15Z
19678	48	00000	00000		H	Z
19681	5	00000			DAC	5,ENDE@,EXIT+15Z
19690	49	13306	00000		B	STARTZ
15562		DS		VORKB3	DS	,VORKB3Z ~ ?
13306					DEND	STARTZ

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