

# DISCLAIMER

Although each program has been tested by its contributor, no warranty, express or implied, is made by the contributor or 1620 USERS Group, as to the accuracy and functioning of the program and related program material, nor shall the fact of distribution constitute any such warranty, and no responsibility is assumed by the contributor or 1620 USERS Group, in connection therewith.

1620 Correction 11.0.030 April 7, 1965

Attached are new pages for the flow chart, program listings and program output for this program. The source and object decks have been revised.

# 1620 USERS GROUP PROGRAM REVIEW AND EVALUATION

(fill out in typewriter or pencil, do not use ink)

Pro	ogram No	Date		
Pro	ogram Name:			
1.	Does the abstract adequately describe whit does?  Comment	nat the program is and what	Yes	_ No
2.	Does the program <u>do</u> what the abstract <u>sactomment</u>		Yes_	_ N
3.	Is the Description clear, understandable Comment	<del>"</del>	Yes_	_ N
4.	Are the Operating Instructions understan	dable and in sufficient detail	? Yes_	_ N
	Are the Sense Switch options adequately of Are the mnemonic labels identified or su Comment		Yes_ Yes_	-
5.	Does the source program compile satisfa	<u> </u>	Yes	_ N
6.	Does the object program run satisfactori Comment		Yes_	_ N
7.	Number of test cases run Are ar size, range, etc. covered adequately in comment		Yes	_ N
8.	Does the Program Meet the minimal star Group? Comment	ndards of the 1620 Users	Yes	_ No
9.	Were all necessary parts of the program Comment	received?	Yes_	_ N
0.	Please list on the back any suggestions to These will be passed onto the author for		he progra	am.
Ple	ase return to:	our Name		
		ompany		
		ldress		
	Dayton, Ohio 45432 Us	ser Group Code		<del> </del>

REVIEW AND EVALUATION PROCEDURE. NONMEMBERS ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS EVALUATION.

11/09/64

PERFECT NUMBER DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

John Sawyer, Jr. 116 Belle Vista Court, N.W. Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Modifications or revisions to this program, as they occur, will be announced in the appropriate Catalog of Programs for IBM Data Processing Systems. When such an announcement occurs, users should order a complete new program from the Program Information Department.

## DECK KEY

- 1. Source Deck
- 2. Object Deck

### PROGRAM ABSTRACT

Title: Perfect Number Demonstration Program
Author: John W. Sawyer, Jr.

Direct Inquiries to: John W. Sawyer, Jr. 116 Belle Vista Court, N.W. Winston-Salem, N.C. 27106

Description: Perfect Numbers, by definition, are equal to the sum of their proper divisors. For example, 6 is a perfect number, since 6\*1\*2\*3. Until 1952, only 12 of these numbers were known. After this time computers were used to determine additional perfect numbers.

This program types a brief history of perfect numbers, gives a summary of the method used to determine them, and computes rapidly the first five perfect numbers.

Mathematical Method: If, for an integer n,  $2^n - 1$  is a prime number, then  $2^{n-1}(2^n - 1)$  is a perfect number. This technique is attributed to Euclid.

The program is written in Fortran with Format, and the object deck is compiled with UTO Fortran.

Equipment Specifications: 20K Memory, 1622 Card Read-Punch.

Time: Five minutes, including loading time.

### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

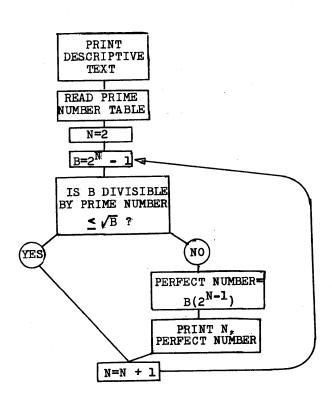
This program is self-explanatory and selfinitiating. It is necessary merely to load the program:

- 1. Clear Storage:
  - A. Insert; type 16 00010 00000
  - B. Release; start.
  - C. Instant stop.
  - D. Reset
- 2. Place object deck in read hopper.
- 3. Press load button.

No program switches are used.

All output is on the typewriter.

The program ends with STOP 0000.



```
PERFECT NUMBER PROGRAM---JOHN SAWYER
07070 C
Ø7070
            PRINT 901
        901 FORMAT (5X, 39HA PERFECT NUMBER IS EQUAL TO THE SUM OF)
Ø7Ø82
07192
            PRINT902
        902 FORMAT (44HITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3--)
Ø72Ø4
            PRINT 903
Ø7316
        903 FORMAT (29HHENCE. 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER.)
Ø7328
Ø741Ø
            PRINT904
        904 FORMAT(1X)
07422
            PRINT905
77446
        905 FORMAT (5X, 35HPERFECT NUMBERS WERE STUDIED BY THE)
07458
Ø756ø
             PR | NT 906
        906 FORMAT (41HPYTHAGOREAN SCHOOL AND MUCH MYSTICISM WAS)
Ø7572
             PRINT 907
Ø7678
        907 FORMAT (38HCONNECTED WITH THEM. AROUND 300 B. C.)
Ø769Ø
             PRINT908
Ø779Ø
        908 FORMAT (39HEUCLID PROVED THE VALIDITY OF A FORMULA)
Ø78Ø2
Ø7.9Ø4
             PRINT909
        909 FORMAT (39HFOR FINDING PERFECT NUMBERS. IT STATES)
Ø7916
Ø8ø18
        910 FORMAT (40HTHAT, FOR ANY POSITIVE INTEGRAL VALUE OF)
Ø8ø3ø
Ø8134
             PRINT 9111.
Ø8146
       9111 FORMAT (13X, 1HN)
Ø818Ø
             PRINT911
        911 FORMAT (36HN FOR WHICH 2 - 1 IS A PRIME NUMBER)
8192
             PRINT 9121.
Ø8288
Ø83ØØ
       9121 FORMAT (16X, 3HN-1, 2X, 1HN)
Ø8354
             PRINT912
                                            (2 - 1) WILL)
        912 FORMAT (32HTHE EXPRESSION 2
Ø8366
Ø8454
             PRINT913
         913 FORMAT (20HBE A PERFECT NUMBER.)
Ø8466
Ø853Ø
             PR I NT 904
08542
             PRINT914
        914 FORMAT (5X.35HUNTIL 1952 ONLY 12 OF THESE PERFECT)
Ø8554
Ø8656
         915 FORMAT (39HNUMBERS WERE KNOWN. AFTER THAT TIME IT)
08668
Ø877Ø
         916 FORMAT (41HWAS FOUND THAT COMPUTERS COULD BE USED TO)
Ø8782
8888
             PRINT917
         917 FORMAT (39HGOOD ADVANTAGE IN FINDING MORE OF THESE)
08900
             PRINT918
Ø9ØØ2
         918 FORMAT (8HNUMBERS.)
Ø9Ø14
             PR I NT 904
Ø9Ø54
             PRINT919
Ø9Ø66
         919 FORMAT (5X.38HUSING THE FORMULA SET FORTH BY EUCLID.)
Ø9Ø78
Ø9186
             PRINT 920
         920 FORMAT (43HTHE 1620 WILL CALCULATE THE FIRST 5 PERFECT)
Ø9198
Ø93Ø8
             PR I NT 921
         921 FORMAT (43HNUMBERS AND WILL PRINT THEM, ALONG WITH THE)
Ø932Ø
Ø943Ø
             PRINT922
         922 FORMAT (42HVALUES OF N USED TO PRODUCE THEM. THIS IS)
Ø9442
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3
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### PROGRAM OUTPUT

```
767.0
              PRINT 924
76892
         924 FORMAT (26HSTUDY OF PURE MATHEMATICS.)
79758
              PRINT904
Ø9770
              PR I NT 925
79732
         925 FORMAT (5X.38H---JOHN SAWYER, STUDENT, DALTON JUNIOR)
79899
Ø99Ø2
         926 FORMAT (42HHIGH SCHOOL, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA)
Tagia
              PRINT 904
T0022
              PRINT 927
70034
         927 FORMAT (6X, 14HPERFECT NUMBER, 7X, 1HN)
TØ11Ø
              PRINT904
TØ122
              DIMENSION A(27)
TØ122
              N=2
TØ146
              1=1
TØ17Ø
              DO 2 K=1.3
           READ1, A(1), A(1+1), A(1+2), A(1+3), A(1+4), A(1+5), A(1+6), A(1+7), A(1+8)

1 FORMAT (F5.0, F5.0, F4.0, F5.0, F5.0, F5.0, F5.0, F5.0)
10182
TØ518
TØ58Ø
           2 = 1 \pm 9
TØ652
         101 B=2.**N-1.
TØZØØ
              1 = 1
70724
           3 DO 4 I=1.27
              0=B/A(1)...
TØ736
70796
              IF (9999,-0)5,12,12
TØ864
          12 IF (0-A(1)) 14.4.11
TØ956
          11 L=0
10992
              C=L
T1028
              D=C*A(I)
             IF (B-D)5,8,4
T1088
```

923 FORMAT (42HAN EXAMPLE OF HOW COMPUTERS CAN AID IN THE)

2

A PERFECT NUMBER IS EQUAL TO THE SUM OF ITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3—HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER.

PERFECT NUMBERS WERE STUDIED BY THE PYTHAGOREAN SCHOOL AND MUCH MYSTICISM WAS CONNECTED WITH THEM. AROUND 300 B. C. EUCLID PROVED THE VALIDITY OF A FORMULA FOR FINDING PERFECT NUMBERS. IT STATES THAT, FOR ANY POSITIVE INTEGRAL VALUE OF N

N FOR WHICH 2 - 1 IS A PRIME NUMBER N-1 N

THE EXPRESSION 2 (2 - 1) WILL BE A PERFECT NUMBER.

UNTIL 1952 ONLY 12 OF THESE PERFECT NUMBERS WERE KNOWN. AFTER THAT TIME IT WAS FOUND THAT COMPUTERS COULD BE USED TO GOOD ADVANTAGE IN FINDING MORE OF THESE NUMBERS.

USING THE FORMULA SET FORTH BY EUCLID, THE 1620 WILL CALCULATE THE FIRST 5 PERFECT NUMBERS AND WILL PRINT THEM, ALONG WITH THE VALUES OF N USED TO PRODUCE THEM. THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF HOW COMPUTERS CAN AID IN THE STUDY OF PURE MATHEMATICS.

---JOHN SAWYER, STUDENT, DALTON JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

PERFECT NUMBER	N
6. 28.	2
496 -	5
8128.	7
33550336	13

STOP ØØØØ

ØØ1<del>X</del>

ØØ2<del>\*\*</del>

ØØ3<del>X</del>

DATA CARDS (PRIME NUMBER TABLE)

11 41 47 53 59 61 31 37 43 73 71 79 83 89 97 101 103

Ø9550

d9562

T1156

11192

T1276

11312

11346

T1382

11390

11402

PRINT923

4 CONTINUE.

GO TO 101

8 N = N + 1

5 STOP

END

14 PNUM=B\*2.\*\*(N-1)

PRINT 10 PNUM.N

10 FORMAT (F20.0.5X.13)

(min) = 1 = 1 = 3

· 3

	DATA CARDS (PRIME NUMBER TABLE)	<u>)ı</u>
2 3 5 7 1		991
29 31 37 41 4 67 71 73 79 8		ØØ2 '
167 109 113 127 13		004
157 163 167 173 179	9 182 191 193 197	005
199 211 223 227 229	9 233 239 241 251	006
257 263 269 271 27 311 313 317 331 33	7 281 283 293 307 7 347 349 353 359	997 998
311 313 317 331 33 367 373 379 383 38	/ 34/ 343 333 333 .	009
421 431 433 439 44	3 449 457 461 463	Ø1Ø
467 479 4 <b>8</b> 7 491 499		Ø11
541 547 557 563 569		<u>Ø12</u>
599 601 607 613 61 647 653 659 661 67		Ø13 Ø14
769 719 727 733 73		Ø15
<b>769</b> 773 787 797 809	9 811 821 823 827	Ø16
<b>8</b> 29 <b>8</b> 39 <b>8</b> 53 <b>8</b> 57 <b>8</b> 59		<b>9</b> 17
<b>887</b> 907 911 909 929		918
967 971 977 983 99 1021 1031 1033 1039 104		#19 #2#
1087 1091 1093 1097 110	3 1199 1117 1123 1129	<b>#21</b>
1151 1153 1163 1171 118	1 1187 1193 1201 1213	<b>Ø</b> 2.2
1217 1223 1229 1231 123		<b>#23</b>
1283 1289 1291 1297 130	1 1303 1307 1319 1321	
1327 1361 1367 1373 138 1429 1433 1439 1447 145		925 926
1483 1487 1489 1493 149		<b>927</b>
1549 1553 1559 1567 157		
1607 1609 1613 1619 162	1 1627 1637 1657 1663	<b>#</b> 29
1667 1669 1693 1697 169 1741 1747 1753 1759 177	9 1709 1721 1723 1733	030
1811 1823 1831 1847 186	7 1783 1787 1789 1801 1 1867 1871 1873 1877	<b>Ø31</b> <b>Ø32</b>
1879 1889 1981 1997 191	3 1931 1933 1949 1951	633
1973 1979 1987 1991 199	3 1997 1999 2563 2611	<b>Ø</b> 34
2017 2027 2029 2039 205	3 2063 2069 2081 Ø	<b>Ø</b> 35
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<u> </u>		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>
23		
ZJ	and the second s	andre de mare et le le desimination de les ren entre estate en existe différence de la company
ZJ	and the second s	andre de mare et le le desimination de les ren entre estate en existe différence de la company
	PROGRAM OUTPUT	andre de mare et le le desimination de les ren entre estate en existe différence de la company
	PROGRAM OUTPUT	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS I	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EOUAL TO THE SUM OF	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS I	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EQUAL TO THE SUM OF  EXAMPLE. 6=1+2+3	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS E  ITS PROPER DIVISORS, FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EOUAL TO THE SUM OF  EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER,	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS E  ITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER PERFECT NUMBERS WERE	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EOUAL TO THE SUM OF EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER,  STUDIED BY THE	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS E  ITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER  PERFECT NUMBERS WERE PYTHAGOREAN SCHOOL AND MU	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EQUAL TO THE SUM OF EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER.  STUDIED BY THE CH MYSTICISM WAS	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS ITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER SERE PYTHAGGREAN SCHOOL AND MUCH CONNECTED WITH THEM. AROUSEUCLID PROVED THE VALIDITY	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EQUAL TO THE SUM OF EXAMPLE, G=1+2+3 BER.  STUDIED BY THE CH MYSTICISM WAS UND 300 B. C. Y OF A FORMULA	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS I  ITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER  PERFECT NUMBERS WERE PYTHAGOREAN SCHOOL AND MUCONNECTED WITH THEM. AROU EUCLID PROVED THE VALIDIT FOR FINDING PERFECT NUMBER	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EQUAL TO THE SUM OF  EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER.  STUDIED BY THE CH MYSTICISM WAS UND 300 B, C, Y OF A FORMULA RS, IT STATES	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS IN THE PROPER DIVISORS. FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER WERE PYTHAGGREAN SCHOOL AND MUCH CONNECTED WITH THEM. AROUS EUCLID PROVED THE VALIDITY FOR FINDING PERFECT NUMBER THAT. FOR ANY POSITIVE INTO THE PROPERTY OF THAT. FOR ANY POSITIVE INTO THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EOUAL TO THE SUM OF EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER.  STUDIED BY THE CH MYSTICISM WAS UND 300 B. C. Y OF A FORMULA RS, IT STATES TEGRAL VALUE OF	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS E  ITS PROPER DIVISORS, FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER  PERFECT NUMBERS WERE  PYTHAGOREAN SCHOOL AND MUC CONNECTED WITH THEM, AROU EUCLID PROVED THE VALIDITY FOR FINDING PERFECT NUMBER THAT, FOR ANY POSITIVE INT N FOR WHICH (2**N)-1 IS A	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EQUAL TO THE SUM OF  EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER.  STUDIED BY THE CH MYSTICISM WAS UND 300 B. C. Y OF A FORMULA RS. IT STATES TEGRAL VALUE OF PRIME NUMBER,	5
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A PERFECT NUMBER IS E  ITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER  PERFECT NUMBERS WERE  PYTHAGOREAN SCHOOL AND MUC CONNECTED WITH THEM. AROU EUCLID PROVED THE VALIDITY FOR FINDING PERFECT NUMBER THAT. FOR ANY POSITIVE INT N FOR WHICH (2**N)-1 IS A THE EXPRESSION (2**(N-1))7 BE A PERFECT NUMBER.  UNTIL 1952 ONLY 12 OF	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EQUAL TO THE SUM OF  EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER,  STUDIED BY THE CH MYSTICISM WAS UND 300 B. C. Y OF A FORMULA RS. IT STATES TEGRAL VALUE OF PRIME NUMBER, *((2**N)-1) WILL  F THESE PERFECT	5
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A PERFECT NUMBER IS E  ITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER  PERFECT NUMBERS WERE PYTHAGGREAN SCHOOL AND MUC CONNECTED WITH THEM. AROU EUCLID PROVED THE VALIDITY FOR FINDING PERFECT NUMBER THAT. FOR ANY POSITIVE INT N FOR WHICH (2**N)-1 IS A THE EXPRESSION (2**(N-1))7 BE A PERFECT NUMBER.  UNTIL 1952 ONLY 12 OF NUMBERS WERE KNOWN, AFTER WAS FOUND THAT COMPUTERS GOOD ADVANTAGE IN FINDING NUMBERS.  USING THE FORMULA SET THE 1620 WILL CALCULATE THE	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EQUAL TO THE SUM OF EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER.  STUDIED BY THE CH MYSTICISM WAS UND 300 B. C. Y OF A FORMULA RS. IT STATES TEGRAL VALUE OF PRIME NUMBER. *((2**N)-1) WILL  F THESE PERFECT R THAT TIME IT COULD BE USED TO MORE OF THESE  T FORTH BY EUCLID. HE FIRST 5 PERFECT	5
A PERFECT NUMBER IS E  ITS PROPER DIVISORS. FOR HENCE, 6 IS A PERFECT NUMBER  PERFECT NUMBERS WERE PYTHAGOREAN SCHOOL AND MUC CONNECTED WITH THEM. AROU EUCLID PROVED THE VALIDITY FOR FINDING PERFECT NUMBER THAT, FOR ANY POSITIVE INT N FOR WHICH (2**N)-1 IS A THE EXPRESSION (2**(N-1))* BE A PERFECT NUMBER.  UNTIL 1952 ONLY 12 OF NUMBERS WERE KNOWN. AFTER WAS FOUND THAT COMPUTERS OF GOOD ADVANTAGE IN FINDING NUMBERS.  USING THE FORMULA SET THE 1620 WILL CALCULATE TH	PROGRAM OUTPUT  EQUAL TO THE SUM OF  EXAMPLE, 6=1+2+3 BER.  STUDIED BY THE CH MYSTICISM WAS UND 300 B. C. Y OF A FORMULA RS. IT STATES TEGRAL VALUE OF PRIME NUMBER, *((2**N)-1) WILL  F THESE PERFECT R THAT TIME IT COULD BE USED TO NORE OF THESE  T FORTH BY EUCLID, HE FIRST 5 PERFECT EM, ALONG WITH THE	5
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