MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

PROJECT MAC

Artificial Intelligence Project Vision Project Internal Memo No. 103. August 2, 1966

Additions to Vision Library

John White

MODIFIED LAP

Additions have been made to LAP as described in the PDP-6 write-up.

(1) Numerical constants

The "C" format field may also be used as a means of generating full word numerical constants.

Examples: (MOVE 2 (C 3,14159265))

(SKIPG 3 (C 77042776))

(MOVE 1 (C 4)) [better still, (MOVEI 1 4)]

(2) Reference to the current assembly location
The atom "*" has for value the address (fixed point integer)
of the current assembly location.

Example: (JUMPA 1 *) is equivalent to L1 (JUMP 1 L1)

(3) Relative addresses

If a list appears in place of any LAP field, the sum of the

numbers computed by the assembler for individual elements is taken as the value for the list.

Examples: (JUMPGE 2 (* 2))

(MOVE (ACC DISP) (C 510))

(PUSHJ 5 (L1 -2))

(4) Machine Instruction Definitions

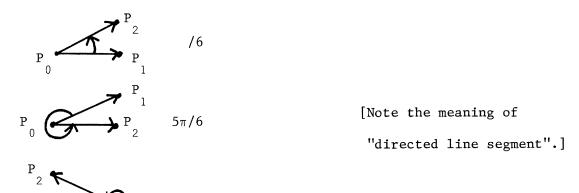
Use full-word octal constant with trailing zeros.

Example: (OPS MOVE 200 000 000000 PUSHJ 260 000 000000)

ANGBTN

A LISP program of three arguments (P P P) each of which represents a point in the euclidean sense, whose output is the angle between the directed line segments \overrightarrow{PPP} \overrightarrow{PPP} .

OUTPUT The angle α , $0 \le \alpha < 2\pi$, in radians between PP and PP. Examples:



ALGORITHM DESCRIPTION The arctangent function is computed by means of a Hastings rational approximation and is accurate to better than one digit in the fourth decimal place.

ALARMS None.

AVAILABILITY As a symbolic LAP file ANGBTN JONL on the vision library tape, which must be assembled by one of the later versions of LAP (such as the one currently on the vision library tape).

ANGDIS

INPUT Same as for ANGBTN.

 $\underline{\text{OUTPUT}}$ A list of two floating-point numbers; the first is α as described under "OUTPUT" for ANGBTN, and the second is the square of the distance between P and P.

ALGORITHM Calls ANGBIN.

ALARMS None.

AVAILABILITY A symbolic LAP file ANGDIS 28 on tape JONL I.

ABS

INPUT A LISP number x.

OUTPUT | x | as a LISP number.

ALARMS None provided.

AVAILABILITY Symbolic LAP, on same file as ANGBTN.

ANGLES

A LISP program which augments a polygonal approximation to a closed curve by tacking on the value of the inside angle at each vertex as well as the square of the distance to the next vertex.

INPUT A list of points. (Each point is a list of two floatingpoint numbers which represents a vertex at a polygonal approximation to some closed curve.) The points must be listed in order
either clockwise or counter-clockwise, and the curve should
not intersect or overlap itself. The first point should be
listed twice, at the front of the list and at the end, so that
an n-point approximation is a list of length n + 1.

OUTPUT A 3-list: (1) The augmented polygon list.

- (2) The area of the polygon (positive, floatingpoint)
- (3) "CLICK" or "CNTK" indicating clockwise or counterclockwise ordering.

The original polygon list, i.e. the input, has only the x and y coordinates for each vertex; the augmented list in addition provides the inside angle for each vertex and the square of the distance to the next-in-order vertex. Thus each element (x_i, y_i) of the input becomes $(x_i, y_i, \alpha_i, d_i^2)$ in the output.

AVAILABILITY On tape JONL II as file ANGSEG XX when XX is a version number.

SGMNTS

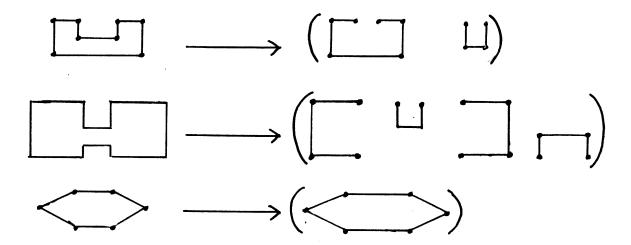
A LISP program designed to aid pattern recognition by figure boundary analysis.

INPUT The output of ANGLES, or equivalent.

OUTPUT A list of segments each of which is a subpart of the input.

The segments are ordered in the output such that pieced together end-to-end they reconstruct the original figure (which presumably is a polygonal approximation to some other figure). These segments represent a parsing of the boundary of the figure such that a "hole" in the boundary is pieced into one segment and a "non-hole" segment of boundary is pieced into one output segment. Informally speaking, for a non-convex figure, if a two-dimensional lasso were thrown around the figure and drawn tight, a "hole" would be the area between the lasso and the figure boundary (at the concave spots).

Example:



ALGORITHM Uses ANGLES as a subroutine and calls ROTL, GBBLUP,

ANGDIS which are all contained on the SGMNTS file. Both

ANGLES and ANGDIS call a modified upward-compatible version

of ANGBTN also on the file.

ALARMS None.

AVAILABILITY On tape JONL II file ANGSEG XX where the two digits

XX are simply a sequence number in the continuing development of the program.

MAZ

INPUT A list of LISP numbers \mathcal{L} and a LISP number n.

 $\overline{ ext{OUTPUT}}$ A list of the first n moments about zero of the numbers in $\mathcal{L}.$

ALARMS None.

AVAILABILITY On tape JONL I as file MAZ MANDV

MANDV

INPUT A list of LISP numbers \mathcal{L} .

OUTPUT The mean μ and variance σ^2 of the numbers in \mathcal{L} , as a list $(\mu \ \sigma^2)$.

AVAILABILITY on tape JONL I as file MAZ MANDV.

ROTL

A LISP program which rotates a list so that the head member satisfies a condition specified in the arguments.

<u>INPUT</u> A list $\mathcal L$ and a predicate of one argument r.

OUTPUT The list ℓ rotated so that (r ℓ ') is true.

ALARMS If no member of ℓ satisfies r then NIL is returned.

ALGORITHM A copy of ℓ is used so that the algorithm may actually manipulate the list using NCONL and RPLACD, thereby avoiding costly appends.

AVAILABILITY On the same file as SGMNTS.

SQRT

INPUT LISP number x.

OUTPUT LISP number \sqrt{x} .

ALARMS None.

<u>ALGORITHM</u> Four iterations of Newton's method with first approximation as

$$x \div 2 \begin{bmatrix} \log_{2} x \\ \hline 2 \\ \end{bmatrix} \text{, i.e. the floating exponent is divided}$$

by 2.

AVAILABILITY Same as ABS and ANGBTN.

CS-TR Scanning Project Document Control Form

Date: 12/14/95

Report # <u>AIM - 103</u>
Each of the following should be identified by a checkmark: Originating Department:
Artificial Intellegence Laboratory (AI) Laboratory for Computer Science (LCS)
Document Type:
☐ Technical Report (TR)
Document Information Number of pages: 7(II-images) Not to include DOD forms, printer intstructions, etc original pages only.
Originals are: Intended to be printed as:
Single-sided or
☐ Double-sided ☐ Double-sided
Print type: Typewriter
Page Data:
Blank Pages(by page number):
Photographs/Tonal Material (by page number):
Other (note description/page number).
Description: Page Number: Description: Page Number: Description: Page Number:
(8-11) SCANCONTROL, TROT'S (3)
B PAGES TITLE OF HT ARE STRING FROM BEING PASTED
TIGETHER IN SECTIONS.
Scanning Agent Signoff: Date Received: 12/14/95 Date Scanned: 1/23/96 Date Returned: 1/25/96
Date Received. 101/71/10 Date Ocalifica
Scanning Agent Signature: Michael W. Cook Rev 9/94 DS/LCS Document Control Form ostrform.vsd

Scanning Agent Identification Target

Scanning of this document was supported in part by the Corporation for National Research Initiatives, using funds from the Advanced Research Projects Agency of the United states Government under Grant: MDA972-92-J1029.

The scanning agent for this project was the **Document Services** department of the **M.I.T Libraries.** Technical support for this project was also provided by the **M.I.T. Laboratory for Computer Sciences.**

Scanned

Date: 1/23/1996

M.I.T. Libraries

Document Services