## UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS DIGITAL COMPUTER

LIBRARY ROUTINE L7 - 230

By Dave Muller

TITLE

Automatic Linear Equation Solver With Programmed Checks and Calculation of Residues (SADOI Only)

TYPE

Entire Program

ACCURACY

Depends upon the condition of the equations to be solved.

DURATION

- (a) 15 seconds to input program
- (b) .004k seconds to imput coefficients, where k is the number of characters on the data tape
- (c)  $.0017 \text{ n}^3$  seconds to solve equations.
- (d) .017(p+3)n seconds to punch results, where p is the number of decimal digits punched for each result.

CAPACITY

143 equations

METHOD OF USE

This program is an extension of the older routine I2 and is used in the same way as I2. It uses the drum whenever the number of equations exceeds 32, and is capable of solving as many as 143 equations.

Read the program into the memory in the usual way. When the program tape has been read, place the data tape in the reader and restart with the black switch. The results will be punched in a single column with a decimal point properly placed in each result.

PUNCHING OF DATA

To solve the set of equations

$$\sum_{j=0}^{n-1} a_{ij} x_j + a_{in} = 0$$

we proceed as follows:

- (a) Scale the coefficients by rows and also possibly by columns (usually simply by moving the decimal point) so that each coefficient is less than 1/2. If the coefficients have been scaled by columns one must take account of this in interpreting the results.
- (b) Punch each scaled coefficient as a sign followed by 12 or fewer decimal digits. The decimal point is assumed to follow the sign so that +.016 and -.204 should be punched as +016 and -204.

- (c) Terminate each row a io, ..., a of coefficients by punching the character N.
- (d) Follow the last N by a sexadecimal character p which determines the number of decimal digits to be printed in the results. The character p can assume the values 2, 3, ..., 9, K, S, N. Spaces (5 holes) may be punched at will in the data tape. A leader of non-sexadecimal (5th hole punched) characters should precede the first coefficient.

PROGRAMMED CHECKS

If the program stops on the instruction FF 026 the drum has failed during triangularization.

If the program stops on the instruction FF 027 the drum has failed during back substitution. Another attempt at back substitution may be made if this instruction is by-passed with the white switch.

If the program stops on the instruction FF 028 the wrong number of coefficients has been read from the data tape during the reading of the last equation.

If the program stops on the instruction FF 029 the solution of more than 143 equations is being attempted.

If the program stops on the instruction FF 02K before reading the coefficients the sum check on the master tape has failed, indicating that it was read incorrectly.

CALCULATION OF RESIDUES After comple

computer will stop on the instruction 24009. One may then read and solve another set of equations by throwing the black switch. Alternatively, after completing the solution of a set of equations one may calculate the residues by means of a program for this purpose which is attached to the end of the L-7 tape. This program may be read by throwing the white switch rather than the black switch. The tape of coefficients should be reread using the black switch and the residues

$$\delta_{i} = \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} a_{ij} x_{j} + a_{in}$$
;  $i = 0,1, ..., n-1$ 

will be computed and printed.

If the residues are not small compared to the roots one may conclude that the calculation of the roots has been carried out inaccurately. On the other hand, the fact that the residues are small does not necessarily indicate that the roots are accurate since the equations may be poorly conditioned or they may have been ineptly scaled.

RT: 3/25/59
DATE December 28, 1956
CODED BY Y.E., Muller
APPROVED BY DE Modler

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 1
	K		
	00 3K	·	
3	00 F		
	00 342F	ro	
4	00 F		
	00 9F	Location of L 6	
5	00 F		
	00 227F	Location of master routine	
6	00 F		
	00 171F	Location of P 16	
7	00 F	· ·	
	00 270F	Location of N12	
8	00 F		
	00 3085	. •	
	00 9 <b>K</b>		
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Word in Pr	esent Routine	Word in L 6	
3	26 87	26 87	
	26 S5	L5 150L	
66	32 63L	32 63L	
	. 41 F	41 189	
70	L4 F	IA 189	
	40 F	40 159	
115	50 F	50 89	
	26 87L	26 87L	
120	26 28s5	50 147L	
	7J S4	7J S4	
129	LO 149L	LO 149L	
	32 30S5	36 SK	
138	85 11F	85 11F	
	00 2560F	00 SS	
139	NO F	no 189	
	00 F	00 F	
143	80 1F	80 1F	
	L5 F	L5 1 <b>S</b> 9	

L 7

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 2
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	L5 F	L5 269	
152	NO F	no f	
	40 F	40 259	
161	75 F	75 F	
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	42 41L	J	
2	Ll 3F		
	36 7L	Test for first	row
3	L5 41L		
,	LO 14254		
4	36 5L		
	FF 40F		
5	LO 13454	Test number of	coefficients
6	32 4L L5 150S4		
O	26 4s4		
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22	42 143S4						
	42 161s4					- 1	
23	L4 134S4						
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24	42 151S4 42 151S4						
	42 15154 42 15254						

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES PAGE 4	
25	42 15084		
	L5 136s4		
26	42 33L		
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27	46 34L		
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28	L5 34L	<b>.</b> 5	
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29	46 34L	Change scale factor	
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33	92 513F	Print results	1
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39	12 513F	<b>h</b>	1
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40	00 100F		
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42	00 144F		
42	00 144F 00 F		

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES	PAGE 5
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	00 <b>309K</b>			
0	50 500F		·	
	50 L		Read a row of coefficients	
1	26 270F		nead a low of coefficients	
	L5 17L		h	
2	40 4L			
	41 F			
3	2L 4L			
	S5 F		<b> -</b>	
4	50 F			
	74 500F	1.	Compute a residue	
5	L4 F			
	40 F			
6	L5 4L			•
	L4 143F			
7	40 4L			
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8	32 3L			
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11	26 171F		Print a residue	
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	00 2F			
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17	50 S3			
	74 500F			
18	L5 144F		Ħ.	
	46 14L			
19	L5 168F			٠
	42 16L			
20	L5 261F			
	46 10L			
21	92 135F			
	92 259F			
22	92 258F		Prenare navomet	
į	92 194F		Prepare parameters and print RESIDUES	
23	92 706F			
	92 514F			
24	92 67F			
	92 450F			
25	92 194F			- 1
	92 706F			ı
26	92 <b>7</b> 07F			
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27	19 3 <b>7F</b>			
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	92 582F	]].		
30	92 322F		Print ROOTS and return to L-7	

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31 92 707F 92 131F 32 26 9F 24 17L 33 L3 F 34 28L 34 FF 42F 26 28L 35 SO 1408F 06 2319F 26 33L 26 1N	LOCATION	ORDER	NOT	165	PAGE 7
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