# **IDENTIFICATION**

Product Code:

DEC-08-LBAA-D

Product Name:

Binary Loader

Date Created:

May 10, 1967

Maintainer:

Software Services Group



## 1. ABSTRACT

The Binary Loader is a short routine for reading and storing information contained in binary-coded tapes, using the ASR 33 Perforated-Tape Reader or the Type 750 High-Speed Perforated Tape Reader.

The Binary Loader accepts tapes prepared by the use of PAL (Program Assembly Language) or MACRO-8. Diagnostic messages may be included on tapes produced when using either PAL or MACRO. The Binary Loader will ignore all diagnostic messages.

## 2. PRELIMINARY REQUIREMENTS

## Storage

This program occupies 94 (decimal) core locations.

### Equipment

The Binary Loader may be used with a system consisting of the PDP-8 and associated Teletype ASR 33 only. On the other hand, the same program operates with systems including the 750 High-Speed Tape Reader and/or the Memory Extension Control Type 183. This loader is compatible with the 552 DECtape Library System and the TC01 DECtape Library System.

# 3. LOADING OR CALLING PROCEDURE

The Binary Loader is brought into memory by the RIM or Read-In-Mode Loader. This requires that the Binary Loader tape itself be in RIM format. See Read-In-Mode Loader Manual for a thorough discussion of the RIM Loader and RIM format.

NOTE: 183 Memory Extension users; refer to Special Requirements section.

## Proceed as follows:

- a. Place the Binary Loader tape in the ASR 33 reader.
- b. Make sure that the ASR 33 is on-line.
- c. Place the starting address of the RIM Loader (7756) in the SWITCH REGISTER.
- d. Press the LOAD ADDRESS key.
- e. Press the START key.
- f. Move the READER CONTROL switch to the START position.

### Switch Setting

NOTE: 183 Memory Extension users see "Special Requirements" section.

## 4. USING THE PROGRAM OR ROUTINE

- a. Place the tape to be loaded (which must be in binary format) in either the ASR 33 Tape Reader or the Type 750 High-Speed Reader. When using the ASR 33, make sure the reader is on-line. When using the 750, make sure the reader is on.
- b. Place the starting address of the Binary Loader (7777) in the SWITCH REGISTER.
- c. Press LOAD ADDRESS key.
  When using the 750, change the SWITCH REGISTER to 3777 (bit 0 = 0). Omit this step if using the ASR 33.
- d. Press console START key.
   When using the ASR 33, move the READER CONTROL switch to START.

### Errors

When PAL is used to produce a binary tape, a checksum is automatically placed at the end of the binary tape. The checksum is the sum of all data on the tape including the origin word.

To be more specific, it is the sum of all data contained on tape that will enter the accumulator (AC) in bit positions 4 through 11 from, for example, the ASR 33 Reader buffer. Note that the sum is accumulated character by character and not word by word. Overflow (a carry out of the most-significant bit position of the AC) is ignored both when calculating a checksum (which is done by PAL) and when the Binary Loader accumulates a checksum while loading a tape.

If the checksum accumulated while using the Binary Loader does not agree with the last two characters on the tape (i.e., the checksum on the tape calculated and placed there by PAL), an error has occurred.

When the computer halts, the display lights will be static, the memory buffer (MB) will contain 7402, and the contents of the AC will be unequal to zero if a checksum error has occurred.

Restart the computer after the tape has been repositioned by pressing the CONTINUE key.

#### 5. DETAILS OF OPERATION AND STORAGE

This program furnishes the basic means by which the contents of binary-coded tapes are loaded into core.

The heart of the program is a short subroutine (tagged BEGG) which operates in outline as follows:

The incoming character is tested to see if it is a "rubout" (all eight tape channels punched).

If this is the case, all subsequent information coming from the reader is ignored until another rubout is detected.

This is the mechanism by which PAL diagnostic messages are detected. They are preceded and followed by a single rubout character. Within a diagnostic message, in contrast to the rules concerning the balance of the binary tape, any character is valid except, of course, a single rubout character itself which would prematurely conclude the diagnostic message. Note that two consecutive rubouts within a diagnostic message would, in effect, be ignored.

Next the character is tested to see if it is leader or field settings.

These tests are listed in the order in which they are performed. If none of the actions indicated have occurred upon exit from the BEGG subroutine, the character is part of the origin address, contains part of a data word, or is a part of the checksum, and the appropriate course is followed by the main routine.

## 6. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS OR FORMATS

#### 6.1 Format

6.1.1 External Format - Tapes to be read by this program must be in binary-coded format.

Leader of about 1 foot of leader-trailer codes (any code with channel 8 punched; preferably code 200).

Two characters representing the address (origin) into which the first command on the next portion of the tape will be placed. Successive commands are placed in memory at addresses:

The initial character of the origin has no punch in channel 8, while channel 7 is punched. The second character designating the origin has no punches in either channel 8 or 7.

A concluding 2-character group representing the checksum with no punches present in channels 8 or 7.

Trailer similar to leader.

Reference to Program Listing, will indicate that after the BEGG subroutine tests to see if the character just read was leader/trailer, a test is made to determine whether the character is a "field setting." This is a reference to the fact that PAL produces tapes on which characters of the form

indicate the memory field into which the following data is to be loaded. If for example XXX were 101, all data following the field designator should be loaded into memory field five.

## 6.1.2 Example of Binary Loader Format

— Tape Channel 87 654 S 321 —	Channels 8 and 7 Indicate	Program Proper	Notes _
10 000 . 000	Leader	No	
01 000 . 010 00 000 . 000	Origin	No	In octal the origin 0200. Loading will start at 0200.
00 111 . 010 00 000 . 000	Contents of 200	Yes	The command 7200 or CLA.
00 011 . 010 00 111 . 110	Contents of 201	Yes	The command 3276 or DCA Z 076.
00 111 . 100 00 000 . 010	Contents of 202	Yes	The command 7402 or HLT.
00 000 . 100 00 010 . 010	Checksum	No	The program determines that these two characters are the checksum since trailer follows.
10 000 . 000	Trailer	No	

The octal checksum in this example is 0422. Note that this is the following sum:

102	Origin
000	
072	First word
000	
032	Second word
076	
074	Third word
002	
422	

# 6.2 Memory Extension Usage

6.2.1 <u>Loading</u> – It is recommended that the Binary Loader exist in field 0. This will insure a permanent program lining around location 7754 and 7755 which are used for TC01 DECtape. The loader will of course exist in any field, though caution must be taken not to use location 7754 and 7755 in field 0. This applies only to DECtape users. Also, when the proper field is chosen it should be noted that the RIM Loader must already be in that field.

### Binary Loader Loading Procedure For Extended Memory Users

- a. Place the Binary Loader tape in the reader.
- b. Place the proper FIELD in the INSTRUCTION FIELD REGISTER when putting the starting address of the RIM Loader (7756) in the SWITCH REGISTER.
- c. Press the LOAD ADDRESS key.
- d. Press the START key.
- e. Start the reader. (ASR 33 press READER CONTROL to start, 750 High-Speed Reader should already be ready to start).

# Operation and Usage For Extended Memory Users

- a. Place the tape to be loaded (tape must be in binary format) in the reader.

  When using the ASR 33, make sure reader is on-line. When using the 750, make sure reader is on and tape is positioned with leader/trailer over read head.
- b. In the DATA FIELD REGISTER place the field in which the program is to be loaded. In the INSTRUCTION FIELD REGISTER place the field that the binary loader is in. Place starting address of the Binary Loader (7777) in the SWITCH REGISTER.
- c. Press LOAD ADDRESS key.
  When using the 750, change the SWITCH REGISTER to 3777 (bit 0 = 0). Omit this step if using the ASR 33.
- d. Press console START key.
- 6.2.2 Errors See Program Usage Section (Errors)
- 6.2.3 <u>Starting of Program</u> After program has been successfully loaded, place starting address of program in SWITCH REGISTER. Place the field where program exists in the FIELD INSTRUCTION REGISTER.

Press LOAD ADDRESS key.

Press console START key.

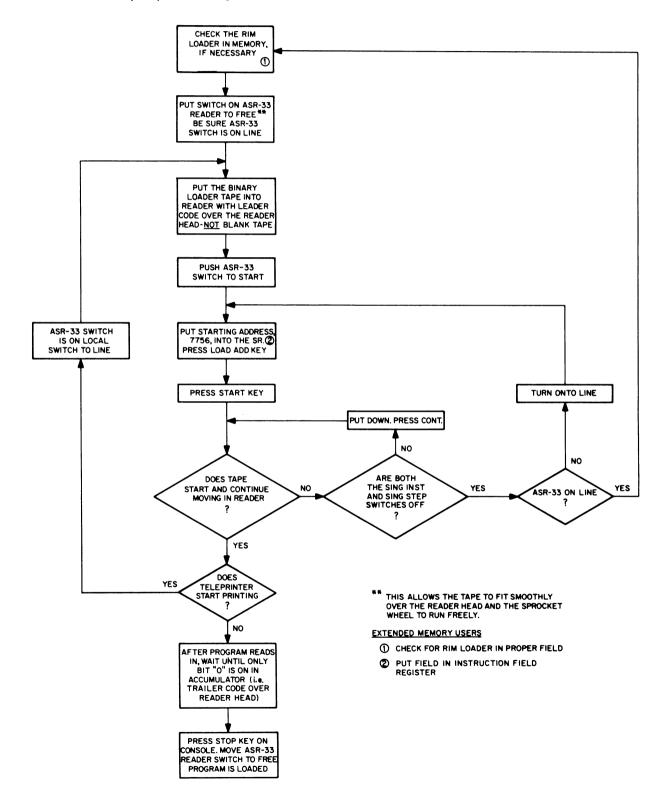
## 7. REFERENCED MANUALS

	Old Number	New Code
RIM Loader	Digital-8-1-U	DEC-08-LRAA-D
PAL III	Digital-8-3-S	DEC-08-ASAA-D
MACRO-8	Digital-8-8-S	DEC-08-CMAA-D

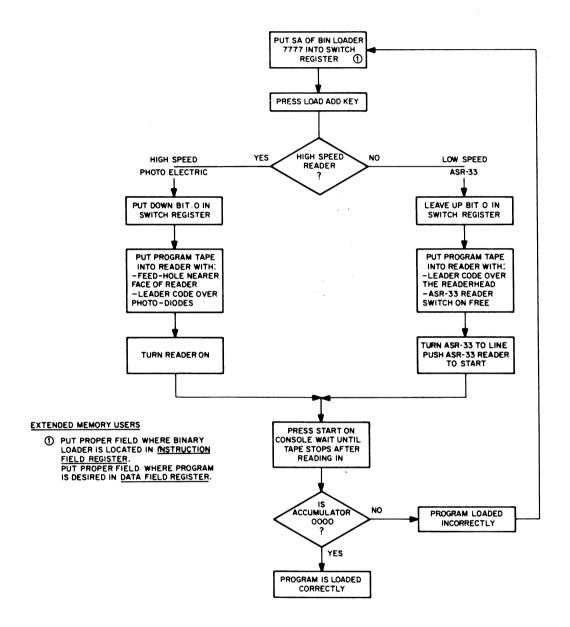
## 8. FLOW CHARTS

Loading Binary (BIN) Loader

DEC Library Tape No: Digital-8-2-U



## Using Binary Loader



# DEC-08-LBAA-LA

7635       7040       CMA         7636       5227       JMP BEGG+1         7637       1212       TAD SWITCH       /NOT 377         7640       7640       SZA CLA       /IS SWITCH SET?         7641       5230       JMP BEGG+2       /YES; IGNORE         7642       1214       TAD CHAR       /NO; TEST FOR CODE         7643       0274       AND MASK       /TYPES         7644       1341       TAD M200         7645       7510       SPA         7646       2226       ISZ BEGG       /DATA OR ORIGIN         7647       7750       SPA SNA CLA         7650       5626       JMP I BEGG       /DATA, ORIGIN, or L/T         7651       1214       TAD CHAR       /FIELD SETTING         7652       0256       AND FMASK         7653       1257       TAD CHANGE	9.	LISTIN	NG		
7612 0000 SWITCH, 0 7613 0000 MEMTEM, 0 7614 0000 CHAR, 0 7615 0000 CHKSUM, 0 7616 0000 ORIGIN, 0  *7626  /EXTRACT ERRORS, FIELD, L/T  7620 0000 BEGG, 0  7627 3212 DCA SWITCH /SET SWITCH  7630 4260 JMS READ /GET A CHARACTER  7631 1300 TAD M376 /TEST FOR 377  7632 7750 SPA SNA CLA  7633 5237 JMP .+4 /NO  7634 2212 ISZ SWITCH /YES: COMPLEMENT SWIT  7635 7040 CMA  7636 5227 JMP BEGG+1  7637 1212 TAD SWITCH /NOT 377  7640 7640 7640 SZA CLA /IS SWITCH SET?  7641 5230 JMP BEGG+2 /YES; IGNORE  7642 1214 TAD CHAR /NO; TEST FOR CODE  7643 0274 AND MASK /TYPES  7644 1341 TAD M200  7645 7510 SPA  7646 2226 ISZ BEGG /DATA OR ORIGIN  7651 1214 TAD CHAR /FIELD SETTING  7651 1214 TAD CHAR /FIELD SETTING  7651 1214 TAD CHAR /FIELD SETTING  7652 0256 AND FMASK  7653 1257			•	APE LOADERS FOR	
/EXTRACT ERRORS, FIELD, L/T  7626 0000 BEGG, 0  7627 3212 DCA SWITCH /SET SWITCH  7630 4260 JMS READ /GET A CHARACTER  7631 1300 TAD M376 /TEST FOR 377  7632 7750 SPA SNA CLA  7633 5237 JMP .+ 4 /NO  7634 2212 ISZ SWITCH /YES: COMPLEMENT SWIT  7635 7040 CMA  7636 5227 JMP BEGG+1  7637 1212 TAD SWITCH /NOT 377  7640 7640 SZA CLA /IS SWITCH SET?  7641 5230 JMP BEGG+2 /YES; IGNORE  7642 1214 TAD CHAR /NO; TEST FOR CODE  7643 0274 AND MASK /TYPES  7646 2226 ISZ BEGG /DATA OR ORIGIN  7647 7750 SPA SNA CLA  7650 5626 JMP I BEGG /DATA, ORIGIN, or L/T  7651 1214 TAD CHAR /FIELD SETTING  7652 0256 AND FMASK  7653 1257 TAD CHANGE	7613 7614 7615	0000 0000 0000	SWITCH, MEMTEM, CHAR, CHKSUM,	0 0 0	
7626         0000         BEGG,         0           7627         3212         DCA SWITCH         /SET SWITCH           7630         4260         JMS READ         /GET A CHARACTER           7631         1300         TAD M376         /TEST FOR 377           7632         7750         SPA SNA CLA         /NO           7633         5237         JMP .+4         /NO           7634         2212         ISZ SWITCH         /YES: COMPLEMENT SWIT           7635         7040         CMA         /YES: COMPLEMENT SWIT           7636         5227         JMP BEGG+1         /NO           7637         1212         TAD SWITCH         /NOT 377           7640         7640         SZA CLA         /IS SWITCH SET?           7641         5230         JMP BEGG+2         /YES; IGNORE           7642         1214         TAD CHAR         /NO; TEST FOR CODE           7643         0274         AND MASK         /TYPES           7644         1341         TAD M200         SPA           7645         7510         SPA         SPA SNA CLA           7650         5626         JMP I BEGG         /DATA, ORIGIN, or L/T           7651				FIELD. L/T	
7652 0256 AND FMASK 7653 1257 TAD CHANGE	7627 7630 7631 7632 7633 7634 7635 7636 7637 7640 7641 7642 7643 7644 7645 7646 7647	3212 4260 1300 7750 5237 2212 7040 5227 1212 7640 5230 1214 0274 1341 7510 2226 7750	•	DCA SWITCH JMS READ TAD M376 SPA SNA CLA JMP .+ 4 ISZ SWITCH CMA JMP BEGG+1 TAD SWITCH SZA CLA JMP BEGG+2 TAD CHAR AND MASK TAD M200 SPA ISZ BEGG SPA SNA CLA	/GET A CHARACTER /TEST FOR 377 /NO /YES: COMPLEMENT SWITCH /NOT 377 /IS SWITCH SET? /YES; IGNORE /NO; TEST FOR CODE /TYPES /DATA OR ORIGIN
7654 3213 7655 5230  7656 0070 FMASK, 70 7657 6201 CHANGE, CDF 7660 0000 READ, 0 7661 0000 0 7662 6031 LOR, KSF /WAIT FOR FLAG 7663 5262 JMP .—1 7664 6036 KRB 7665 3214 DCA CHAR 7666 1214 TAD CHAR 7667 5660 JMP I READ 7670 6011 HIR, RSF 7671 5270 7672 6016 RRB RFC	7652 7653 7654 7655 7656 7657 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665 7666 7667 7670	0256 1257 3213 5230 0070 6201 0000 0000 6031 5262 6036 3214 1214 5660 6011	CHANGE, READ, LOR,	AND FMASK TAD CHANGE DCA MEMTEM JMP BEGG + 2 70 CDF 0 0 KSF JMP1 KRB DCA CHAR TAD CHAR JMP I READ RSF JMP1	CONTINUE INPUT

# DEC-08-LBAA-LA

7673 7674	5265 0300	MASK,	JMP LOR+3 300	
7675 7676 7677 7700 7701 7702 7703 7704 7705 7706 7707 7710 7711 7712 7713 7714	4343 7041 1215 7402 6032 6014 6214 1257 3213 7604 7700 1353 1352 3261 4226 5313	/TRAILER CODE SEEN BEND, M376, BEGIN,	JMS ASSEMB CIA TAD CHKSUM HLT KCC RFC RDF TAD CHANGE DCA MEMTEM CLA OSR SMA CLA TAD HIRI TAD LORI DCA READ+1 JMS BEGG JMP1	/SAVE FIELD INSTRUCTION
7715 7716 7717 7720 7721 7722 7723 7724 7725 7726 7727 7730	3215 1213 3336 1214 3376 4260 3355 4226 5275 4343 7420 5336	GO,	DCA CHKSUM TAD MEMTEM DCA MEMFLD TAD CHAR DCA WORD1 JMS READ DCA WORD2 JMS BEGG JMP BEND JMS ASSEMB SNL JMP MEMFLD	/LOOK AHEAD /TRAILER, END
7731 7732 7733 7734 7735	3216 1376 1355 1215 5315	CHEX,	DCA ORIGIN TAD WORD1 TAD WORD2 TAD CHKSUM JMP GO	
7736 7737 7740 7741 7742	0000 3616 2216 7600 5332	MEMFLD, M200,	0 DCA I ORIGIN ISZ ORIGIN 7600 JMP CHEX	
7743 7744 7745 7746 7747 7750 7751 7752	0000 1376 7106 7006 7006 1355 5743 5262	ASSEMB,	O TAD WORD1 CLL RTL RTL RTL TAD WORD2 JMP I ASSEMB JMP LOR	

# DEC-08-LBAA-LA

WORD1=7776 7755 0000 WORD2,	0
*7777 7777 5301	JMP BEGIN
ASSEMB 7743 BEGG 7626 BEGIN 7701 BEND 7675 CHANGE 7657 CHAR 7614 CHEX 7732 CHKSUM 7615 FMASK 7656 GO 7715 HIR 7670 HIRI 7753 LOR 7662 LORI 7752 MASK 7674 MEMFLD 7736 MEMTEM 7613 M200 7741 M376 7700 ORIGIN 7616 READ 7660 SWITCH 7612 WORD1 7776 WORD2 7755	

NOTE: A vertical bar present in the listing before an instruction indicates a revision in the program.