



xSeries 445 Type 8870 Option Installation Guide



IBM

@server

xSeries 445 Type 8870 Option Installation Guide Note: Before using this information and the product it supports, read the general information in Appendix A, "Getting help and technical assistance," on page 81 and Appendix B, "Notices," on page 83.

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Safety

Before installing this product, read the Safety Information.

قبل تركيب هذا المنتج، يجب قراءة الملاحظات الأمنية

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações de Segurança.

在安装本产品之前,请仔细阅读 Safety Information (安全信息)。

安裝本產品之前,請先閱讀「安全資訊」。

Prije instalacije ovog produkta obavezno pročitajte Sigurnosne Upute.

Před instalací tohoto produktu si přečtěte příručku bezpečnostních instrukcí.

Læs sikkerhedsforskrifterne, før du installerer dette produkt.

Lees voordat u dit product installeert eerst de veiligheidsvoorschriften.

Ennen kuin asennat tämän tuotteen, lue turvaohjeet kohdasta Safety Information.

Avant d'installer ce produit, lisez les consignes de sécurité.

Vor der Installation dieses Produkts die Sicherheitshinweise lesen.

Πριν εγκαταστήσετε το προϊόν αυτό, διαβάστε τις πληροφορίες ασφάλειας (safety information).

לפני שתתקינו מוצר זה, קראו את הוראות הבטיחות.

A termék telepítése előtt olvassa el a Biztonsági előírásokat!

Prima di installare questo prodotto, leggere le Informazioni sulla Sicurezza.

製品の設置の前に、安全情報をお読みください。

본 제품을 설치하기 전에 안전 정보를 읽으십시오.

Пред да се инсталира овој продукт, прочитајте информацијата за безбедност.

Les sikkerhetsinformasjonen (Safety Information) før du installerer dette produktet.

Przed zainstalowaniem tego produktu, należy zapoznać się z książką "Informacje dotyczące bezpieczeństwa" (Safety Information).

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações sobre Segurança.

Перед установкой продукта прочтите инструкции по технике безопасности.

Pred inštaláciou tohto zariadenia si pečítaje Bezpečnostné predpisy.

Pred namestitvijo tega proizvoda preberite Varnostne informacije.

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Antes de instalar este producto, lea la información de seguridad.

Läs säkerhetsinformationen innan du installerar den här produkten.

Statement 1:





DANGER

Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables is hazardous.

To avoid a shock hazard:

- · Do not connect or disconnect any cables or perform installation, maintenance, or reconfiguration of this product during an electrical storm.
- · Connect all power cords to a properly wired and grounded electrical
- · Connect to properly wired outlets any equipment that will be attached to this product.
- · When possible, use one hand only to connect or disconnect signal cables.
- · Never turn on any equipment when there is evidence of fire, water, or structural damage.
- Disconnect the attached power cords, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems before you open the device covers, unless instructed otherwise in the installation and configuration procedures.
- Connect and disconnect cables as described in the following table when installing, moving, or opening covers on this product or attached devices.

To Connect: To Disconnect: 1. Turn everything OFF. 1. Turn everything OFF. 2. First, attach all cables to devices. 2. First, remove power cords from outlet. 3. Attach signal cables to connectors. 3. Remove signal cables from connectors. 4. Attach power cords to outlet. 4. Remove all cables from devices. 5. Turn device ON.

Statement 2:



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- · Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- · Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Statement 3:



CAUTION:

When laser products (such as CD-ROMs, DVD drives, fiber optic devices, or transmitters) are installed, note the following:

- Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers of the laser product could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. There are no serviceable parts inside the device.
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein might result in hazardous radiation exposure.



DANGER

Some laser products contain an embedded Class 3A or Class 3B laser diode. Note the following.

Laser radiation when open. Do not stare into the beam, do not view directly with optical instruments, and avoid direct exposure to the beam.

Statement 4:









≥ 32 kg (70.5 lb)



≥ 55 kg (121.2 lb)

CAUTION:

Use safe practices when lifting.

Statement 5:





CAUTION:

The power control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



Statement 8:





CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

Statement 10:



CAUTION:

Do not place any object weighing more than 82 kg (180 lb) on top of rack-mounted devices.



>82 kg (180 lb)

Statement 13:





DANGER

Overloading a branch circuit is potentially a fire hazard and a shock hazard under certain conditions. To avoid these hazards, ensure that your system electrical requirements do not exceed branch circuit protection requirements. Refer to the information that is provided with your device for electrical specifications.

WARNING: Handling the cord on this product or cords associated with accessories sold with this product, will expose you to lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

ADVERTENCIA: El contacto con el cable de este producto o con cables de accesorios que se venden junto con este producto, pueden exponerle al plomo, un elemento químico que en el estado de California de los Estados Unidos está considerado como un causante de cancer y de defectos congénitos, además de otros riesgos reproductivos. Lávese las manos después de usar el producto.

Chapter 1. Introduction

This *Option Installation Guide* contains instructions for installing, removing, and connecting optional devices.

Related documentation

In addition to this *Option Installation Guide*, the following documentation comes with your server:

User's Guide

This document is in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the IBM® *xSeries® Documentation* CD. It contains general information about your server, including information about features, how to configure the server, and how to get help.

· Installation Guide

This printed document contains instructions for setting up your server and basic instructions for installing some options.

Safety Information

This document is in PDF on the IBM *xSeries Documentation* CD. It contains translated caution and danger statements. Each caution and danger statement that appears in the documentation has a number that you can use to locate the corresponding statement in your language in the *Safety Information* document.

· Rack Installation Instructions

This printed document contains instructions for installing your server in a rack.

Hardware Maintenance Manual and Troubleshooting Guide

This document is in PDF on the IBM *xSeries Documentation* CD. It contains information to help you solve problems yourself, and it contains information for service technicians.

Depending on your server model, additional documentation might be included on the IBM *xSeries Documentation* CD.

Your server might have features that are not described in the documentation that you received with the server. The documentation might be updated occasionally to include information about those features, or technical updates might be available to provide additional information that is not included in your server documentation. These updates are available from the IBM Web site. Complete the following steps to check for updated documentation and technical updates:

- 1. Go to http://www.ibm.com/pc/support/.
- 2. In the **Learn** section, click **Online publications**.
- 3. On the "Online publications" page, in the **Brand** field, select **Servers**.
- 4. In the Family field, select xSeries 445.
- 5. Click Continue.

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Notices and statements used in this document

The caution and danger statements that appear in this document are also in the multilingual *Safety Information* document, which is on the IBM *xSeries*Documentation CD. Each statement is numbered for reference to the corresponding statement in the *Safety Information* document.

The following notices and statements are used in the documentation:

- Notes: These notices provide important tips, guidance, or advice.
- **Important:** These notices provide information or advice that might help you avoid inconvenient or problem situations.
- Attention: These notices indicate potential damage to programs, devices, or data. An attention notice is placed just before the instruction or situation in which damage could occur.
- Caution: These statements indicate situations that can be potentially hazardous to you. A caution statement is placed just before the description of a potentially hazardous procedure step or situation.
- Danger: These statements indicate situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. A danger statement is placed just before the description of a potentially lethal or extremely hazardous procedure step or situation.

Major components of the xSeries 445 server

The orange color on components and labels in the server indicates hot-swap or hot-plug components. You can install or remove these components while the server is running, provided that the server is configured to support hot-swap and hot-plug features.

The blue color on components and labels indicates touch points, where a component can be gripped, a latch moved, and so on.

The following illustration shows the locations of major components in your server.

Note: The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

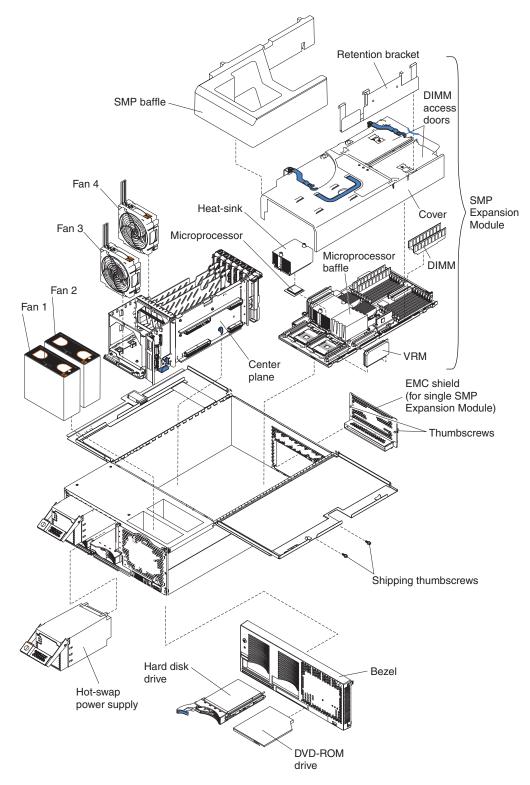


Figure 1. Major components of the xSeries 445 server

Center plane connectors and LEDs

The following illustrations identify the connectors and LEDs on the center plane. This center plane is used to connect the power and signal paths for the symmetrical multiprocessing (SMP) Expansion Module, the I/O board, and the Remote Supervisor Adapter.

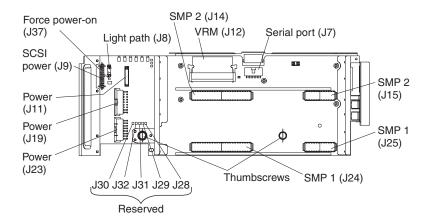


Figure 2. Center plane connectors

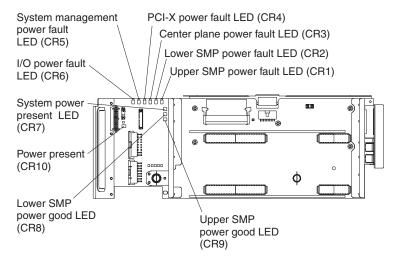


Figure 3. Center plane LEDs

SMP Expansion Module connectors and LEDs

The following illustrations identify the connectors, switches, and LEDs on the SMP Expansion Module.

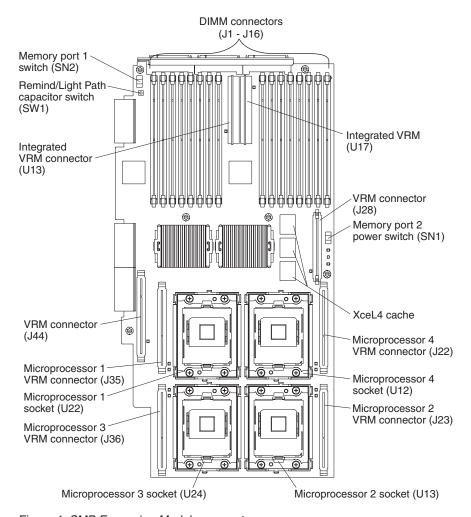


Figure 4. SMP Expansion Module connectors

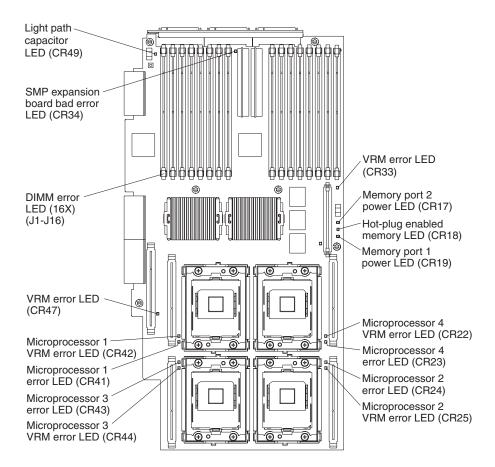


Figure 5. SMP Expansion Module LEDs

PCI-X board internal connectors and LEDs

The following illustration identifies the internal connectors and LEDs on the PCI-X board. This board enables you to install adapters in the server.

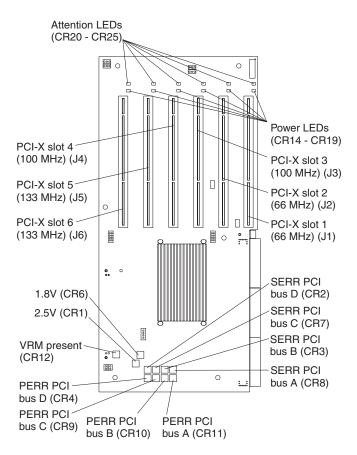


Figure 6. PCI-X board connectors and LEDs

I/O board internal connectors

The following illustration identifies the internal connectors on the I/O board. This board supports the input and output ports in the server.

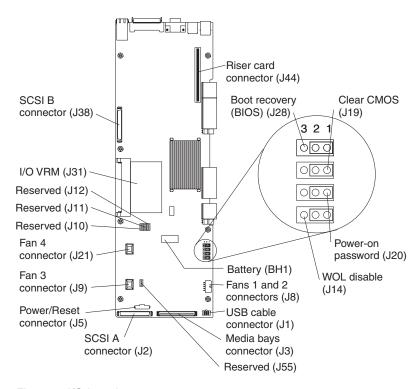


Figure 7. I/O board connectors

Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA component locations

The following illustration identifies the connectors and LEDs on the Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA.

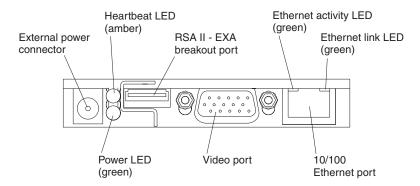


Figure 8. Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA connectors and LEDs

Remote Supervisor Adapter component locations

The following illustration identifies the connectors and LEDs on the Remote Supervisor Adapter.

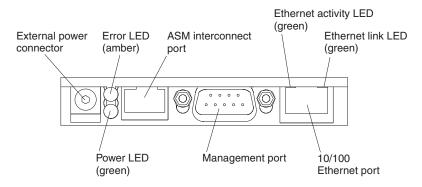


Figure 9. Remote Supervisor Adapter connectors and LEDs

Chapter 2. Installing options

This chapter provides instructions for installing hardware options in your server. Some option-removal instructions are provided in case you need to remove one option to install another. For a list of supported options for your server, see the ServerProven[®] list at http://www.ibm.com/pc/compat/.

Installation guidelines

Before you begin to install options in your server, read the following information:

- Read the safety information beginning on page v and the guidelines in "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 12. This information will help you work safely with your server and options.
- Make sure that you have an adequate number of properly grounded electrical outlets for your server, monitor, and other devices that you will connect to the server
- · Back up all important data before you make changes to disk drives.
- · Have a small, flat-blade screwdriver available.
- You do not need to turn off the server to install or replace hot-swap power supplies, hot-swap fans, or hot-plug Universal Serial Bus (USB) devices.
- Blue on a component indicates touch points, were you can grip the component to remove it from or install it in the server, open or close a latch, and so on.
- Orange on a component or an orange label on or near a component indicates
 that the component can be hot-swapped, which means that if the server and
 operating system support hot-swap capability, you can remove or install the
 component while the server is running. (Orange can also indicate touch points on
 hot-swap components.) See the instructions for removing or installing a specific
 hot-swap component for any additional procedures that you might have to
 perform before you remove or install the component.
- For a list of supported options for your server, go to http://www.ibm.com/pc/compat/.

System reliability guidelines

To help ensure proper cooling and system reliability, make sure that:

- Each of the drive bays has a drive or a filler panel and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) shield installed in it.
- The SMP baffle is installed during normal operation, if the server has only one SMP Expansion Module installed.
- You do not mix 1200 watt power supplies and 1050 watt power supplies in the same server. Both power supplies must be of the same type.
- There is adequate space around the server to allow the server cooling system to work properly. Leave approximately 50 mm (2 in.) of open space around the front and rear of the server. Do not place objects in front of the fans.
- You do not leave open spaces above or below an installed server in a rack cabinet. To prevent damage to server components, always install a blank filler panel to cover the open space and to ensure proper air circulation.
- You have followed the cabling instructions that come with optional adapters.
- You have replaced a failed fan within 48 hours.
- You have replaced a hot-swap drive within 2 minutes of removal.

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Microprocessor socket 4 always contains either a microprocessor baffle or a microprocessor and heat sink.

Working inside the server with the power on

Your server supports hot-plug, hot-add, and hot-swap devices and is designed to operate safely while it is turned on and the cover is removed. Follow these guidelines when you work inside a server that is turned on:

- · Avoid wearing loose-fitting clothing on your forearms. Button long-sleeved shirts before working inside the server; do not wear cuff links while you are working inside the server.
- Do not allow your necktie or scarf to hang inside the server.
- Remove jewelry, such as bracelets, necklaces, rings, and loose-fitting wrist watches.
- Remove items from your shirt pocket, such as pens and pencils, that could fall into the server as you lean over it.
- · Avoid dropping any metallic objects, such as paper clips, hairpins, and screws, into the server.

Handling static-sensitive devices

Attention: Static electricity can damage electronic devices, including your server. To avoid damage, keep static-sensitive devices in their static-protective packages until you are ready to install them.

To reduce the possibility of damage from electrostatic discharge, observe the following precautions:

- Limit your movement. Movement can cause static electricity to build up around
- Handle the device carefully, holding it by its edges or its frame.
- · Do not touch solder joints, pins, or exposed circuitry.
- · Do not leave the device where others can handle and damage it.
- · While the device is still in its static-protective package, touch it to an unpainted metal part of the server for at least 2 seconds. This drains static electricity from the package and from your body.
- Remove the device from its package and install it directly into the server without setting down the device. If it is necessary to set down the device, place it back into its static-protective package. Do not place the device on your server cover or on a metal surface.
- Take additional care when handling devices during cold weather. Heating reduces indoor humidity and increases static electricity.

Server power features

When the server is connected to an ac power source but is not turned on, the operating system does not run, and all core logic except for the service processor is shut down; however, the server can respond to requests from the service processor, such as a remote request to turn on the server. The power-on LED flashes to indicate that the server is connected to ac power but it is not turned on.

Turning on the server

Approximately 20 seconds after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active, and you can turn on the server and start the operating system by pressing the power-control button.

You can also turn on the server in any of the following ways:

- If the server is connected to an Advanced System Management interconnect network that contains at least one server with an optional Remote Supervisor Adapter installed, the server can be turned on from the Remote Supervisor Adapter user interface.
- If a power failure occurs while the server is turned on, the server will restart automatically when power is restored.
- If your operating system supports the system-management software for an optional Remote Supervisor Adapter, the system-management software can turn on the server.
- If your operating system supports the Wake on LAN[®] feature, the Wake on LAN feature can turn on the server.

Note: When you press the power-control button on either the primary or secondary server in a 16-way configuration, both servers will be turned on. If both servers do not turn on when either power-control button is pressed, see the *Hardware Maintenance Manual* and *Troubleshooting Guide* on the IBM *xSeries Documentation* CD.

Turning off the server

When you turn off the server and leave it connected to ac power, the server can respond to requests from the service processor, such as a remote request to turn on the server. To remove all power from the server, you must disconnect it from the power source.

Some operating systems require an orderly shutdown before you turn off the server. See your operating-system documentation for information about shutting down the operating system.

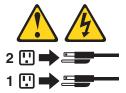
Statement 5:





CAUTION:

The power control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



You can turn off the server in any of the following ways:

- You can turn off the server from the operating system, if your operating system supports this feature. After an orderly shutdown of the operating system, the server will be turned off automatically.
- · You can press the power-control button to start an orderly shutdown of the operating system and turn off the server, if your operating system supports this feature.
- If the operating system stops functioning, you can press and hold the power-control button until the server turns off.
- If the server is connected to an Advanced System Management interconnect network that contains at least one server with an optional Remote Supervisor Adapter installed, the server can be turned off from the Remote Supervisor Adapter user interface.
- The server can be turned off from the Remote Supervisor Adapter user interface.
- · If the Wake on LAN feature turned on the server, the Wake on LAN feature can turn off the server.
- · The Remote Supervisor Adapter can turn off the server as an automatic response to a critical system failure.

Note: When you press the power-control button on either the primary or secondary server in a 16-way configuration, both servers will be turned off. If both servers do not turn off when either power-control button is pressed, see the Hardware Maintenance Manual and Troubleshooting Guide on the IBM xSeries Documentation CD.

Opening the cover

Complete the following steps to open the server cover:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.

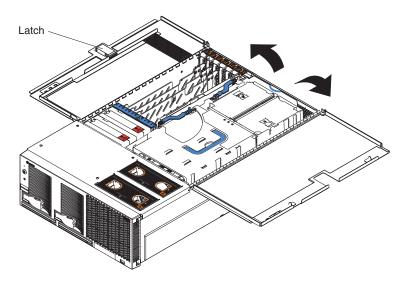


Figure 10. Opening the cover

- 3. Press the release latch on the left half of the top cover to the right.
- 4. Using the finger hole in the release latch, open the left half of the cover; then, open the right half of the cover.

Attention: For proper cooling and airflow, close the cover before turning on the server. Operating the server for extended periods of time (more than 30 minutes) with the cover open might damage server components.

Removing and replacing the bezel

Complete the following steps to remove and replace the server bezel.

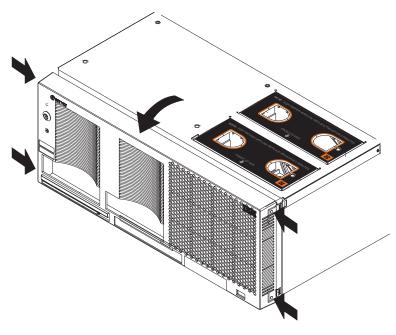


Figure 11. Removing the bezel

- · Complete the following steps to remove the bezel:
 - 1. Press on the two tabs at the top edge of the bezel; then, pull the top of the bezel slightly away from the server.
 - 2. Press on the two tabs at the bottom edge of the bezel; then, pull the bezel off the server. Store the bezel in a safe place.
- · Complete the following steps to replace the bezel:
 - 1. Align the four tabs with the slots in the server chassis.
 - 2. Press firmly against the front of the bezel until it snaps into place.

Removing and replacing a hot-swap power supply

You can remove and replace the two hot-swap power supplies in your server without turning off the server. This section provides instructions for removing and installing the hot-swap power supplies. The following notes and safety information contain information you must consider when removing or installing a hot-swap power supply:

- During normal operation, both power supplies must be installed for proper operation and cooling.
- Do not mix 1200 watt power supplies and 1050 watt power supplies in the same server. Both power supplies must be of the same type.
- The server requires a 220 V ac power connection for full power-supply redundancy. Whenever possible, use a 220 V ac connection for all configurations. However, you can use a 110 V ac connection, but without full power-supply redundancy.

Statement 8:





CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

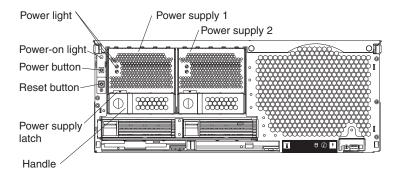


Figure 12. Hot-swap power supply

Complete the following steps to remove and replace a power supply:

1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.

- 2. Remove the front bezel (see "Removing and replacing the bezel" on page 16).
- 3. Press the release latch; then, lift the handle on the power supply to the open position and remove the power supply.

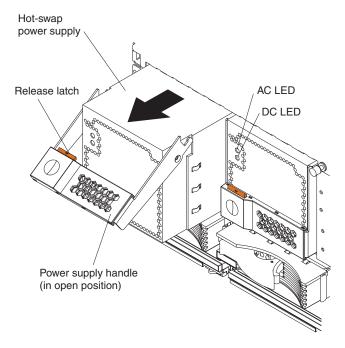


Figure 13. Removing a power supply

4. Install the new power supply:

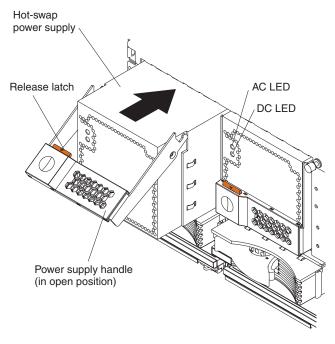


Figure 14. Installing a power supply

- a. Place the handle on the power supply in the open position.
- b. Slide the power supply into the chassis and press the handle to the closed position.
- 5. Verify that the dc power LED and the ac power LED on the power supply are lit, indicating that the power supply is operating properly.
- 6. Replace the front bezel on the server (see "Removing and replacing the bezel" on page 16 for instructions).

Replacing and troubleshooting fans

Your xSeries 445 server has four hot-swap fan assemblies, two 150 mm x 38 mm, and two 150 mm x 51 mm fans. The two 150 mm x 38 mm fans (fan 3 and fan 4) are located just in front of the PCI-X board and are used to cool the power supplies, PCI-X slots, and the I/O board. The two 150 mm x 51 mm fans (fan 1 and fan 2) are located toward the front of the server and are used to cool the SMP Expansion Modules. See the following illustration.

Note: The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

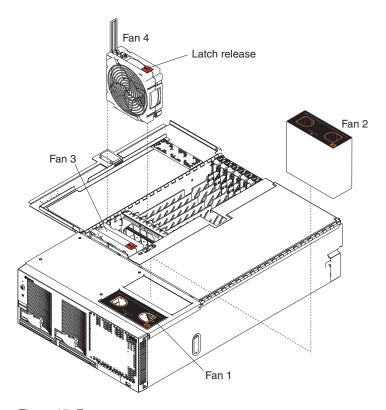


Figure 15. Fans

Each fan has an LED located on the top-left side. When the fan is operating correctly, this LED is off. If a fan stops working, the light path diagnostics feature will light a system-error LED on the front of the server to indicate that there is a problem and to guide you to the defective fan. When this occurs, first identify the failed fan; then, using the applicable procedure, remove and replace the fan.

Replacing fans 1 and 2

As shown in the following illustration, fans 1 and 2 are located on the right side of the server and cool the SMP Expansion Modules. These fans are redundant, meaning that if one fails, the remaining fan will temporarily speed up to properly cool the SMP Expansion Modules. In the event of a failure, replace the malfunctioning fan within 48 hours.

Complete the following steps to replace fans 1 and 2:

1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.

Attention: All fans must be replaced within 48 hours of failing.

- 2. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- 3. Remove the fan from the server:
 - a. Place your fingers into the two finger holes on the top of the fan and squeeze them together.

Note: The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

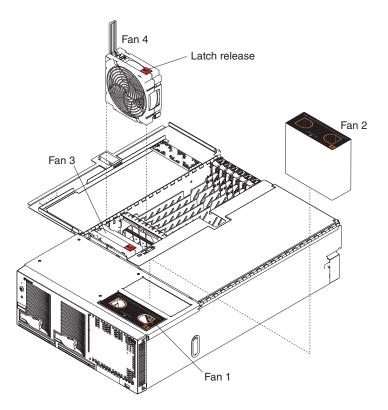


Figure 16. Fans

- b. Lift the fan out of the server.
- 4. Orient the new fan so that the arrow on the top of the fan is pointing toward the front of the server.
- 5. Push the replacement fan assembly into the server until it clicks into place.
- 6. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now.
- 7. Close the server cover. See "Closing the cover" on page 56.

8. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.

Replacing fans 3 and 4

As shown in the illustration, fan 3 and fan 4 are located in front of the I/O board and PCI-X slots. These fans are redundant, meaning that if one fails, the remaining fan will temporarily speed up to properly cool the I/O components in the server. In the event of a failure, you must replace the malfunctioning fan within 48 hours.

Complete the following steps to replace fans 3 and 4:

1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.

Attention: All fans must be replaced within 48 hours of failing.

- 2. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- Remove the fan from the server:
 - a. Press the latch release to the right and let the handle come up.

Note: The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

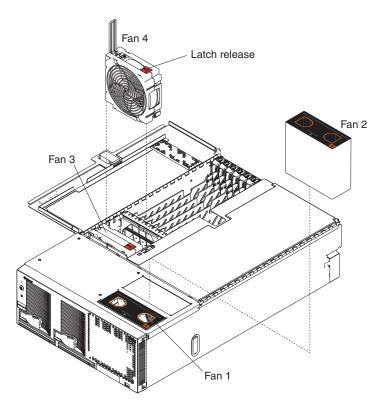


Figure 17. Fans

- b. Grasp the handle and lift the fan out of the server.
- 4. Orient the new fan so that the latch release on the top of the fan is to the right side of the server.
- 5. With the handle raised, push the replacement fan assembly into the server until it clicks into place.
- 6. Push the handle down until it clicks into place under the latch release.

- 7. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now.
- 8. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.

PCI and PCI-X adapters

The notes in this section describe the types of adapters that your server supports and other information that you must consider when installing an adapter. The following illustration shows the location of the PCI-X expansion slots on the PCI-X board.

Note: The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

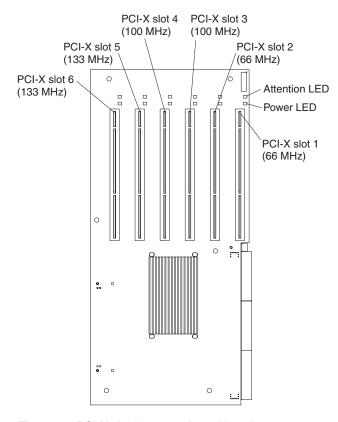


Figure 18. PCI-X slot bus speeds and locations

 Your server supports six hot-plug 64-bit adapters in the expansion slots located on the PCI-X board.

Bus	Slot	Supported adapter speed (MHz)
А	1	66
Α	2	66
В	3	100 (133 if slot 4 is empty)
В	4	100 (133 if slot 3 is empty)
С	5	133
D	6	133

Note: You can add up to 12 PCI-X slots to your server by connecting your server to a remote I/O expansion enclosure. For more information, see the expansion enclosure documentation.

- Locate the documentation that comes with the adapter and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this chapter.
- If you need to change the switch settings or jumper settings on your adapter, follow the instructions that come with the adapter.
- · Video adapters are not supported.
- Some long adapters have extension handles or brackets installed. Before installing the adapter, you must remove the extension handle or bracket.
- Your server uses a rotational interrupt technique to configure PCI-X adapters.
 You can use this technique to install PCI-X adapters that currently do not support sharing of PCI-X interrupts.
- Your server scans devices and PCI-X slots to assign system resources in the following order: DVD-ROM drive; disk drives; integrated SCSI devices; PCI-X slots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; and the integrated Ethernet controller. If an RXE-100 enclosure is attached to the server, the scan continues in sequence with PCI slots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18.
- You can use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to change the scan sequence and have the server scan one of the first six PCI slots before it scans the integrated devices. You cannot change the scan sequence of the PCI slots in an RXE-100 enclosure.
- You can install both PCI and PCI-X adapters in the same bus. However, if you
 install a PCI adapter and a PCI-X adapter in the same bus, the PCI-X features of
 the PCI-X adapter will be disabled, and the adapter will function as a PCI
 adapter.
- You can install PCI or PCI-X adapters of speeds faster than what is labeled for a
 particular PCI-X bus. For example, if you install two 133 MHz adapters into slots
 that are labeled as 100 MHz slots, the adapters will operate at 100 MHz.
- If you install a 33 MHz and a 66 MHz adapter in the same bus, the bus speed will match that of the slowest adapter.
- Your server supports 3.3 V adapters; it does not support 5.0 V adapters.
- Do not install a PCI-X adapter in PCI-X slot 1 if you are going to install the serial port that comes with your server. See "Installing the serial port" on page 27 for installation instruction
- If a single 133 MHz adapter is installed in PCI-X bus B (slot 3 or slot 4) and the other slot in PCI-X bus B is empty, the adapter will operate at 133 MHz.

Complete the following steps to install an adapter:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Use the operating system to disable the Active PCI-X slot; then, insert or remove a hot-plug PCI or PCI-X adapter. Some operating systems do not support the enabling and disabling of a PCI-X slot. If your operating system does not support this function, you must turn off your server and disconnect all power cords and external cables before proceeding.
- 3. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- 4. Open the top cover.

Note: Inside your server there are six PCI-X slots: two 66 MHz, two 100 MHz, and two 133 MHz. Before attempting to install a new adapter, be sure there is an available slot for it. If you need additional PCI-X slots, you can purchase a remote expansion enclosure from your IBM marketing representative or authorized reseller.

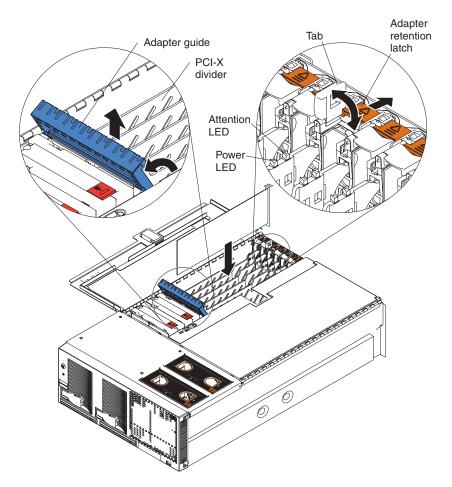


Figure 19. PCI-X slot components

5. See the documentation that comes with your adapter for any cabling instructions; then, set any jumpers or switches as described by the adapter manufacturer.

Note: Route adapter cables before you install the adapter.

- 6. Install the adapter:
 - a. Open the blue adapter guide by lifting the front edge, as shown in the illustration.
 - b. Push the orange adapter retention latch toward the rear of the server and open the tab; then, remove the expansion-slot cover.
 - c. If you are not hot-swapping a PCI or PCI-X adapter, remove the PCI-X divider.
 - d. Carefully grasp the adapter by its top edge or upper corners and align it with the connector on the PCI-X board.
 - e. If necessary, remove the extension handles or bracket before installing a long adapter.

Attention: When you install an adapter, make sure that the adapter is correctly seated in the connector slot. Improperly seated adapters might cause damage to the PCI-X board or to the adapter.

- f. Press the adapter firmly into the adapter connector.
- g. If necessary, reinstall the PCI-X dividers between the PCI-X adapter slots.
- h. Push down on the blue adapter guide to keep the adapter steady.
- i. Close the tab; then, push down on the orange adapter retention latch until it clicks into place, securing the adapter.
- 7. Connect the internal cables to the adapter. If you are installing a ServeRAID[™] adapter, see "Cabling a ServeRAID adapter" for instructions.
- 8. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now.
- 9. Close the cover on the server; then, reinstall the server in the rack and connect all external cables.
- 10. Enable the PCI-X slot or connect the external power cords and turn on the server, depending on your operating system.

Cabling a ServeRAID adapter

Some xSeries 445 models come with an optional IBM ServeRAID adapter installed to control the internal hot-swap hard disk drives. If you are installing an optional IBM ServeRAID adapter, see the ServeRAID documentation and the cabling information in this section to install the ServeRAID adapter.

Servers that do not come with an IBM ServeRAID adapter installed come with two SCSI cables:

- One end of the first SCSI cable is attached to the connector on the SCSI backplane, and the other end is attached to the connector for the integrated SCSI controller, under fans 3 and 4.
- The second SCSI cable is preinstalled along the inside of the server and both ends are loose inside the server. When you install a ServeRAID adapter, you will connect this cable to the adapter and to the SCSI backplane.

The following procedure describes the internal cabling for installing a ServeRAID adapter.

Important: When installing multiple ServeRAID adapters in a server that has the PCI-X slot enabled for high scan (boot) priority, make sure that the ServeRAID adapter controlling the startup (boot) drive is installed in a PCI slot that is scanned before the PCI slots that contain the other ServeRAID adapters. See "PCI and PCI-X adapters" on page 22.

Complete the following steps to cable the ServeRAID adapter:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Turn off the server and disconnect all power cords and external cables; then, open the server cover (see "Opening the cover" on page 15).
- 3. Remove fans 3 and 4, which are located just behind the PCI-X slots (see "Replacing fans 3 and 4" on page 21).
- 4. Disconnect the short SCSI cable from the SCSI backplane and the integrated SCSI controller on the I/O board; then, store this short cable in a safe place for future use.
- 5. Install the ServeRAID adapter in a PCI-X slot (see "PCI and PCI-X adapters" on page 22).

6. Locate one end of the preinstalled SCSI cable and connect it to the ServeRAID adapter.

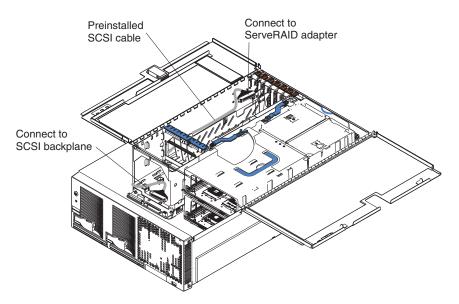


Figure 20. Location of preinstalled SCSI cable

7. Locate the other end of the preinstalled SCSI cable and connect it to the SCSI backplane connector.

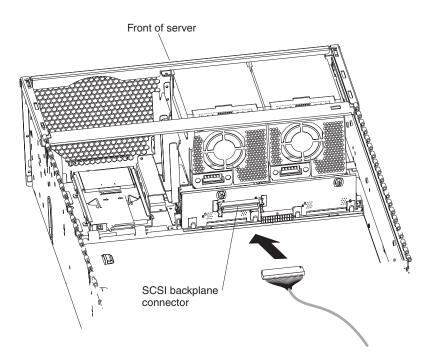


Figure 21. Connecting the SCSI cable to the SCSI backplane

- 8. Reinstall fans 3 and 4.
- 9. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now.
- 10. Close the cover on the server; then, reinstall the server in the rack and connect all external cables.
- 11. Turn on the server.

Installing the serial port

Included with your server is a serial port that you can install at any time. This section provides the instructions for installing the serial port.

Note: The serial port will occupy PCI-X slot one.

Complete the following steps to install the serial port:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Turn off the server and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- 4. Open the top cover.

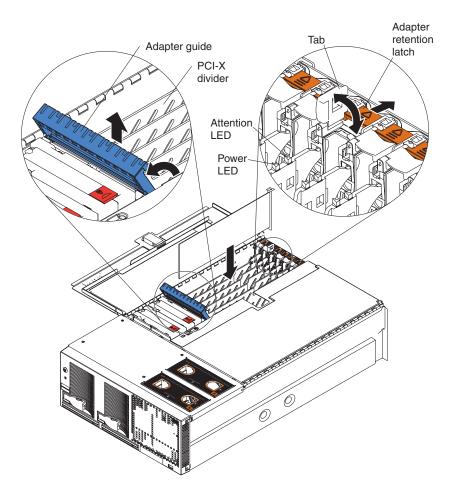


Figure 22. PCI-X slot components

- 5. Open the blue adapter guide by lifting the front edge, as shown in the illustration.
- 6. Remove the PCI-X slot cover and the PCI-X divider from slot one.

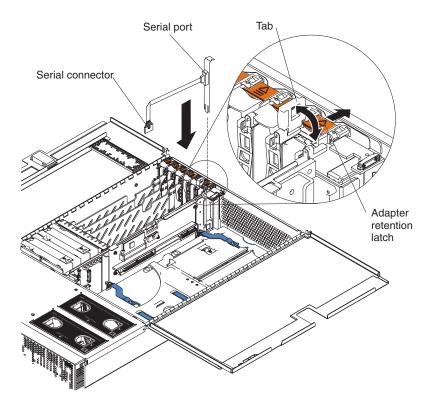


Figure 23. Insert the serial port into PCI-X slot 1

- 7. Insert the serial port into the opening.
- 8. Close the tab; then, push down on the orange adapter retention latch until it clicks into place.

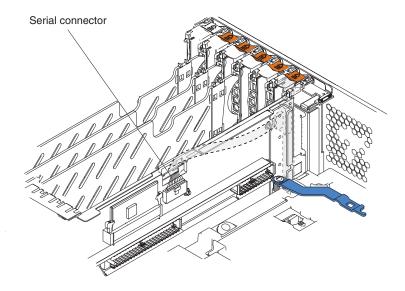


Figure 24. Route the serial port ribbon cable through the slot

- 9. Route the ribbon cable through the lower slot in the center of the server.
- 10. Connect the serial port ribbon cable to the connector on the center plane.
- 11. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now.
- 12. Close the top cover.

- 13. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the guick release latches.
- 14. Connect all external cables and turn on the server.

Note: You must use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to enable and configure the serial port.

Installing or replacing a drive

This section provides the instructions for installing and replacing a hot-swap hard disk drive, diskette drive, and DVD-ROM drive.

Hot-swap hard disk drive

Complete the following steps to install or replace a hot-swap hard disk drive.

Attention: When you handle static-sensitive devices, take precautions to avoid damage from static electricity. For details on handling these devices, see "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 12.

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Inspect the drive for any signs of damage.
- 3. Check the instructions that come with the drive for more information about installing your drive.
- 4. Remove the filler panel or failed hard disk drive from the hard disk drive bay.
- 5. Install the new hard disk drive in the drive bay:
 - a. Ensure that the handle on the hard disk drive tray is in the open position.
 - b. Slide the drive into the bay until it stops.
 - c. Push the handle on the front of the hard disk drive closed.

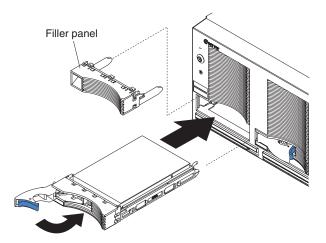


Figure 25. Installing a hard disk drive

Note: When the hard disk drive activity LED is on, it indicates that the hard disk drive is in use. When the drive is connected to the integrated SCSI controller with RAID capabilities, a flashing status LED indicates that the drive is a secondary drive in a mirrored pair and the drive is being synchronized. When the drive is connected to an optional ServeRAID controller, a slowly flashing (one flash per second) status LED indicates

that the drive is being rebuilt. When the LED is flashing rapidly (three flashes per second), it indicates that the controller is identifying the drive.

6. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now.

Diskette drive

Your xSeries 445 server supports the installation of up to two diskette drives. Complete the following steps to remove or install a diskette drive:

1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.

Attention:

- The IDE drives installed in your server are not hot-swappable.
- If only one diskette drive is installed, it must be installed in the right drive bay.
- 2. Turn off the server and disconnect the power cord from the back of the server.
 - To remove a diskette drive:
 - a. Push the diskette drive eject button to the right.
 - b. Using the tab, pull the diskette drive partially out of the server; then, grasp the drive and remove it from the server.
 - To install a diskette drive:
 - a. Inspect the drive for any signs of damage.
 - b. Slide the drive into the left drive bay until it stops.
- 3. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now. Otherwise, connect the power cords and turn on the server.

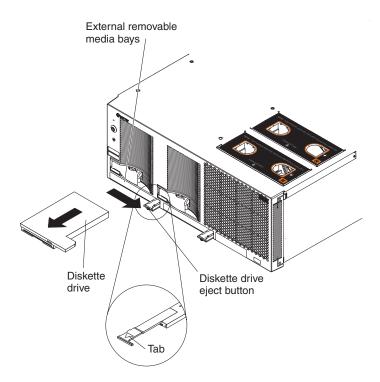


Figure 26. Installing a diskette disk drive

DVD-ROM drive

Your can installup to two DVD-ROM drives in your server. DVD-ROM drives can be installed in either external removable media bay.

Complete the following steps to remove or install a DVD-ROM drive in your server:

1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.

Attention:

- The IDE drives installed in your server are not hot-swappable.
- If only one diskette drive is installed, it must be installed in the right drive bay.
- 2. Turn off the server and disconnect the power cords from the back of the server.
 - · To remove a DVD-ROM drive:
 - a. Push the DVD-ROM eject button to the right.
 - b. Using the tab, pull the DVD-ROM drive partially out of the server; then, grasp the drive and remove it from the server.
 - · To install a DVD-ROM drive:
 - a. Inspect the drive for any signs of damage.
 - b. Slide the DVD-ROM drive into the drive bay until it stops.
- 3. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now. Otherwise, connect the power cords and turn on the server.

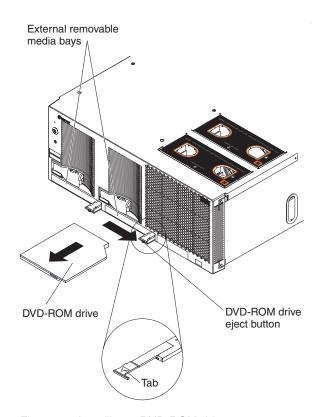


Figure 27. Installing a DVD-ROM drive

SMP Expansion Module

The SMP Expansion Module contains the XceL4[™] system cache, DIMMs, microprocessors, and voltage regulator modules (VRMs) needed to run your server. This section contains the information needed to install and remove the SMP Expansion Module, microprocessors, VRMs, and DIMMs.

The following notes describe components in the SMP Expansion Module and other information that you must consider when installing an SMP Expansion Module:

- Use two hands to install or remove an SMP Expansion Module. Do not allow the expansion module to come in contact with the center plane while lifting it out of or setting it into the server.
- · For your server to operate properly, there must be a minimum of one SMP Expansion Module installed.
- An SMP Expansion Module must contain at least one microprocessor and two DIMMs.
- If there is only one SMP Expansion Module installed in the server, an SMP baffle must be installed in place of the upper SMP Expansion Module to ensure proper cooling of the server.
- · When the minimum number of microprocessors are installed in the SMP Expansion Module, a microprocessor baffle must be installed in microprocessor socket 4 to ensure proper cooling within the server.
- · Before removing or installing SMP Expansion Modules, you must remove the retention bracket or brackets and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) shield from the rear of the server.
- You must run the Configuration/Setup Utility program whenever you remove or replace an SMP Expansion Module or one of its associated options.

Removing and Installing the SMP Expansion Module and cover

This section describes how to remove and install an SMP Expansion Module and its cover.

Removing the SMP Expansion Module and cover

Complete the following steps to remove an SMP Expansion Module from the server and to remove the SMP Expansion Module cover:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices; then, disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
- 3. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- 4. Open the top cover.
- 5. Remove the retention bracket or brackets from the server:
 - a. Remove the shipping thumbscrews from the right side of the server.

Note: There are two shipping thumbscrews per retention bracket.

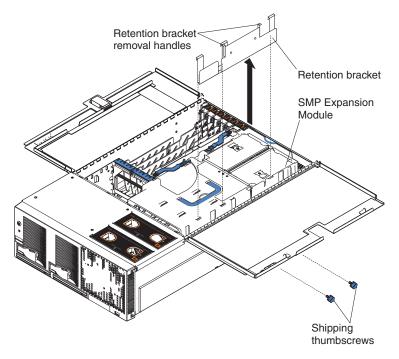
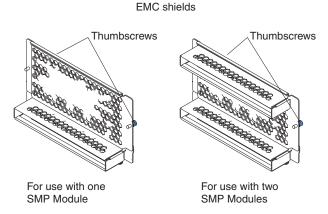


Figure 28. Removing the retention bracket and shipping thumbscrews

b. Grasp the retention bracket by the removal handles and lift it up and out of the server. Store the retention bracket or brackets in a safe place for later use.

Note: If there is one SMP Expansion Module installed, you will need to remove the SMP baffle from the server; then, remove the retention bracket from the lower SMP Expansion Module.

- 6. Remove the EMC shield:
 - a. If necessary, disconnect the SMP Expansion Cables that are connected to the SMP Expansion Modules.
 - b. Loosen the blue thumbscrews securing the EMC shield to the server.



c. Remove the EMC shield from the rear of the server.

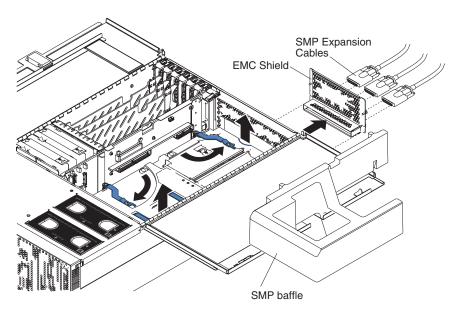


Figure 29. Removing the EMC shield

- 7. Grasp each of the locking levers on the top of the SMP Expansion Module, and lift them up slightly.
- 8. Working from the right side of the server, rotate the two locking levers toward you until they are fully extended, as shown.

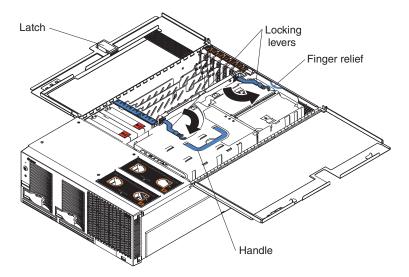


Figure 30. Rotate the locking levers to remove the SMP Expansion Module

Attention: When removing the SMP Expansion Module from the server, lift it out carefully, taking care not to damage the components on the center plane.

- 9. Use the handle and the finger relief on the SMP Expansion Module cover to carefully lift the SMP Expansion Module out of the server.
- 10. Remove the SMP Expansion Module cover:
 - a. Place the SMP Expansion Module on a flat, level surface.
 - b. Rotate the two locking levers until they are fully extended beyond the edge of the SMP Expansion Module cover. Do not force the locking levers past the position shown in the illustration.

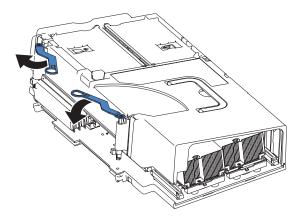


Figure 31. Fully extending the locking levers to remove the SMP Expansion Module cover

c. Using the locking levers, lift the front edge of the cover off the SMP Expansion Module.

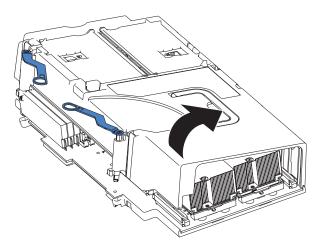


Figure 32. Lifting the front of the cover

d. Lift the cover off the SMP Expansion Module.

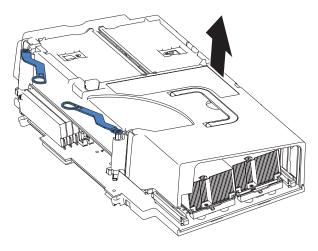


Figure 33. Lifting the cover off

Installing the SMP Expansion Module and cover

After installing options in the SMP Expansion Module, you will need to reinstall the SMP Expansion Module cover and reinstall the SMP Expansion Module in the server.

Complete the following steps to install the SMP Expansion Module cover and the SMP Expansion Module:

- 1. Install the cover on the SMP Expansion Module:
 - a. Set the cover on top of the expansion module.
 - b. Extend the locking levers as shown in the illustration; then, let the cam on the front of the cover fall into the cam opening on the SMP Expansion Module circuit board.

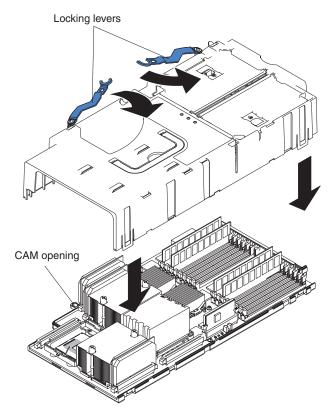


Figure 34. Installing the SMP Expansion Module cover

- c. Release the locking levers and align the rear of the cover with the rear edge of the circuit board.
- d. Press down on the cover until it snaps into place.
- e. Lift slightly on the locking levers and rotate them back until they stop.

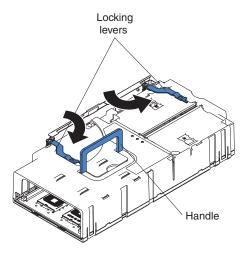


Figure 35. Locking lever position for installing the SMP Expansion Module

2. Install the SMP Expansion Module in the server:

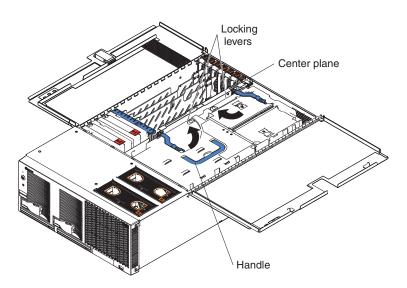


Figure 36. Installing the SMP Expansion Module

- a. Lift the SMP Expansion Module by its handle and use the finger relief to hold the SMP Expansion Module steady.
- b. Being careful not to damage the components on the center plane, lower the SMP Expansion Module into the server.
- c. Release the handle and slide the SMP Expansion Module toward the center plane until it stops.
- d. Rotate the SMP Expansion Module locking levers forward until the SMP Expansion Module is securely fastened in place. See the following illustration.

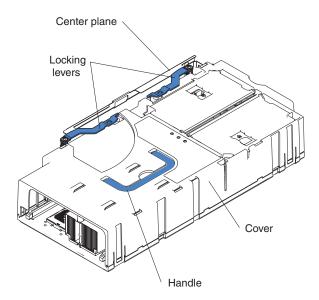


Figure 37. Locking lever position when the SMP Expansion Module is installed

e. Install the retention bracket.

Notes:

- If there are two SMP Expansion Modules installed in your server, you
 must install the retention bracket for each of the SMP Expansion
 Modules. Be sure to install the bottom retention bracket first, then repeat
 steps 2a through 2e for the top SMP Expansion Module.
- 2) If you are going to ship or move the server over a long distance, you must reinstall the shipping thumbscrews.
- 3. Install the EMC shield on the rear of the server; then, hand tighten the blue thumbscrews to secure the EMC shield.

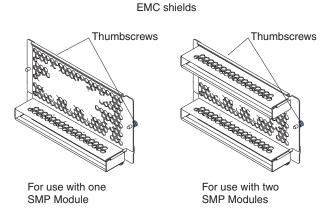


Figure 38. EMC shields

- 4. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now.
- 5. Close the top cover.
- 6. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.
- 7. Connect all external cables.
- 8. Turn on the server.

Installing or replacing memory modules

This section contains instructions for installing and replacing memory modules. It includes information about the memory mirroring and Memory ProteXion features of the Active Memory technology.

The following notes describe the types of dual inline memory modules (DIMMs) that your server supports and other information that you must consider when installing DIMMs:

- IBM periodically makes updates available to provide enhancements to the standard features of your server. Currently, your xSeries 445 server supports the memory mirroring and Memory ProteXion features of the Active Memory technology. Check the IBM support Web site occasionally to make sure that you have the most current levels of system software installed.
- Your server operates with a minimum of two 512 MB DIMMs installed in slots 1 and 3 in the SMP Expansion Module.
- Your server supports 512 MB, 1 GB, and 2 GB DIMMs for a maximum of 64 GB of system memory, depending on your configuration.
- The hot-replace memory feature enables you to replace DIMMs without turning off the server. To use the hot-replace memory feature, you must:
 - Enable memory mirroring using the Configuration/Setup Utility program.
 - Replace the DIMMs with DIMMs of the same type, size, and clock speed.
- The hot-add memory feature enables you to add DIMMs without turning off the server. To use the hot-add memory feature, you must:
 - Disable memory mirroring using the Configuration/Setup Utility program.
 - Ensure that there are no DIMMs installed in the port in which you want to hot-add DIMMs.
 - Have a minimum of 4 GB of memory installed in the server before you can configure the hot-add memory feature.
- When using memory mirroring, all of the DIMMs in each memory port must be the same size and clock speed.
- Damaged or faulty DIMMs can be replaced without having to replace all of the DIMMs in the bank. Ensure the new DIMM is the same size and clock speed as the other DIMMs in the bank.
- See the ServerProven list at http://www.ibm.com/pc/compat/ for a list of memory modules for use with your server. For optimum performance, balance the amount of memory between the two ports.
- When installing or removing DIMMs, you must install or remove the DIMMS two at a time and in the order shown in the following table:

Port	Bank	Pair	Slot number
1	1	1	1, 3
2	1	2	9, 11
1	2	3	2, 4
2	2	4	10, 12
1	3	5	5, 7
2	3	6	13, 15
1	4	7	6, 8
2	4	8	14, 16

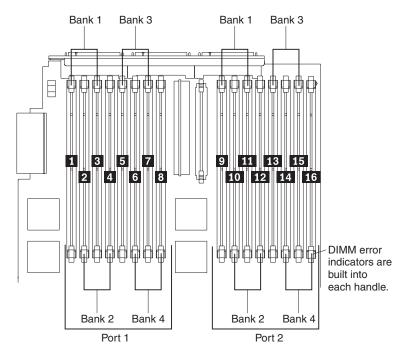


Figure 39. DIMM banks

- Each pair or bank of DIMMs must be of the same size and clock speed to ensure the server will operate properly.
- When you restart the server after you install or remove DIMMs, the server displays a message indicating that the memory configuration has changed. You must use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to save the new configuration information. Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program and select Save Settings. See the User's Guide on the IBM xSeries Documentation CD for additional information.
- · The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

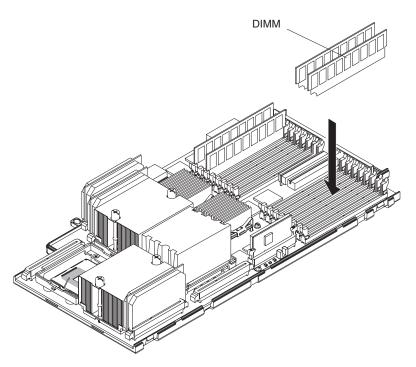


Figure 40. DIMM installation

Active Memory

Active Memory is an IBM technology that improves the reliability of the DIMMs through the memory mirroring, memory scrubbing, and Memory ProteXion[™] features.

The following notes describe the Active Memory features:

• **Memory mirroring:** This feature enables you to improve the reliability of the memory in your server by creating a mirror of the data in memory port 1 and storing it in memory port 2. (See "Enabling or disabling memory mirroring" on page 42 for instructions.)

When memory mirroring is enabled, the data that is written to memory is stored in two locations. One copy is kept in the memory port 1 DIMMs, while a second copy is kept in the memory port 2 DIMMs. During the execution of the read command, the data is read from the DIMM with the least number of reported memory errors through memory scrubbing, which is enabled with memory mirroring.

If memory scrubbing determines that a DIMM is damaged beyond use, read and write operations are redirected to the remaining good DIMMs. Memory scrubbing then reports the damaged DIMM and the light path diagnostics feature displays the error. After the damaged DIMM is replaced, memory mirroring then copies the mirrored data back into the new DIMM.

 Memory scrubbing: This is an automatic daily test of all the system memory that detects and reports potential memory errors before they cause a server outage.

Note: Memory scrubbing and Memory ProteXion technology work with each other and do not require memory mirroring to be enabled to work.

When an error is detected, memory scrubbing determines whether the error is recoverable. If it is recoverable, Memory ProteXion is enabled and the data that

was stored in the damaged locations is rewritten to a new location. The error is then reported so that preventive maintenance can be performed. Provided that there are enough good locations to enable the correct operation of the server, no further action is taken other than recording the error in the error logs.

If the error is not recoverable, memory scrubbing sends an error message to the light path diagnostics feature, which then lights the applicable LEDs to guide you to the damaged DIMM. If memory mirroring is enabled, the mirrored copy of the data in the mirrored DIMM is used to refresh the new DIMM after it is installed.

Memory ProteXion: This feature reassigns memory bits to new locations within memory when recoverable errors have been detected.

When a recoverable error is found by memory scrubbing, the Memory ProteXion feature writes the data that was to be stored in the damaged memory locations to spare memory locations within the same DIMM.

Enabling or disabling memory mirroring: Complete the following steps to enable or disable memory mirroring.

Note: For memory mirroring to work, you must have DIMMs of the same size and clock speed in both memory ports.

- 1. Check your operating system documentation to make sure that it supports memory mirroring.
- 2. Install DIMMs of the same size and clock speed in the two memory ports.
- 3. Enable memory mirroring in the Configuration/Setup Utility program:
 - a. Turn on the server and watch the monitor screen.
 - b. When the message Press F1 for Configuration/Setup appears, press F1.
 - c. From the Configuration/Setup Utility main menu, select **Advanced Setup**.
 - d. Select Memory Settings.
 - e. Select Memory Mirroring Settings.
 - f. Enable or Disable the SMP Module memory mirroring setting from within this window.
 - g. Save and exit the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

Removing and replacing DIMMs

Complete the following steps to remove and replace a DIMM in the SMP Expansion Module with the server turned off.

Attention: When working with DIMMs or other options, you might need to remove one or both of the SMP Expansion Modules. See "Hot-replace DIMMs" on page 44 for information on how to hot-replace DIMMs with the server turned on.

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices; then, disconnect the power cords and all external cables from the SMP Expansion Module.
- 3. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- 4. Open the top cover.
- 5. If necessary, remove the top SMP Expansion Module or SMP baffle from the server. See "Removing the SMP Expansion Module and cover" on page 32 for instructions.
- 6. Open the DIMM access door that covers the DIMM you will be removing.

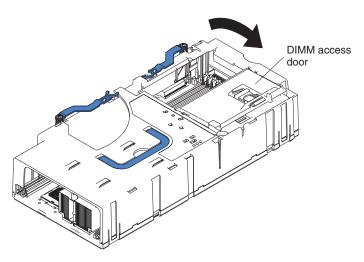


Figure 41. Opening the DIMM access door

- 7. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector.
- 8. Lift the DIMM straight up and out of the SMP Expansion Module.
- 9. Install a new DIMM:
 - a. Touch the static-protective package containing the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
 - **Attention:** To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.
 - b. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the DIMM edges with the slots at each end of the DIMM connector. Firmly press the DIMM straight down into the connector by applying pressure on both ends of the DIMM simultaneously. Be sure that the retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is firmly seated in the connector.

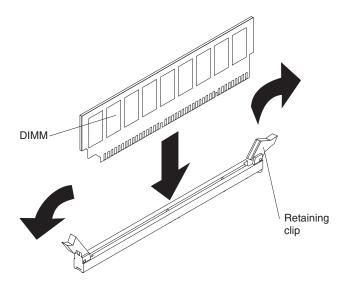


Figure 42. Inserting a DIMM into a DIMM slot

Attention: If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been properly installed. In this case, open the retaining clips and remove the DIMM; then, reinsert the DIMM.

c. Repeat steps 9a and 9b for each DIMM.

- Close the DIMM access door.
- 11. If necessary, reinstall either the top SMP Expansion Module or SMP baffle in the server. See "Installing the SMP Expansion Module and cover" on page 36 for instructions.
- 12. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now. Otherwise, close the top cover.
- 13. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.
- 14. Connect all external cables and turn on the server.

Note: When you install or remove banks of DIMMs, the server configuration information changes. Use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to save the new configuration. See the *User's Guide* on the IBM *xSeries Documentation* CD for more information about using the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

Hot-replace DIMMs

This section includes the instructions needed to hot-replace DIMMs in your server SMP Expansion Module with the power on.

Attention: If two SMP Expansion Modules are installed in a server, you cannot hot-replace or hot-add the DIMMs in the lowest SMP Expansion Module. To gain access to the DIMMs of a lower SMP Expansion Module, you must first remove the upper SMP Expansion Module, which requires you to turn off the server. See "Removing and replacing DIMMs" on page 42 for information about how to remove and replace DIMMs while the server is turned off.

Complete the following steps to hot-replace a DIMM in your server SMP Expansion Module:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- 3. Open the top cover.

Note: Before you attempt to hot-replace a DIMM, make sure that the new DIMM is the same size and clock speed and that memory mirroring is

- 4. If necessary, remove the SMP baffle.
- 5. Open the DIMM access door on the SMP Expansion Module.

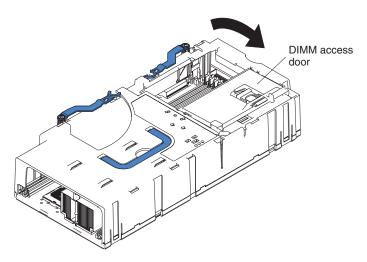


Figure 43. Opening the DIMM access door

- 6. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector.
- 7. Carefully lift the DIMM to be hot-replaced straight up and out of the SMP Expansion Module.
- 8. Install the new DIMM:
 - a. Touch the static-protective package containing the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
 - **Attention:** To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.
 - b. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the DIMM edges with the slots at each end of the DIMM connector. Firmly press the DIMM straight down into the connector by applying pressure on both ends of the DIMM simultaneously. Be sure that the retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is firmly seated in the connector.

Attention: If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been properly installed. In this case, open the retaining clips and remove the DIMM; then, reinsert the DIMM.

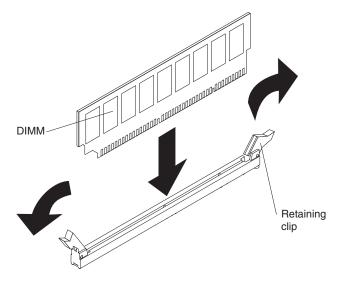


Figure 44. Inserting a DIMM into a DIMM slot

- c. Repeat steps 8a and 8b for each DIMM.
- 9. Close the DIMM access door; then if necessary, reinstall the SMP baffle.
- 10. Close the top cover.
- 11. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.

Hot-add DIMMs

This section provides the instructions for hot-adding DIMMs to your server SMP Expansion Module with the power on.

Attention:

- If two SMP Expansion Modules are installed in a server, you cannot hot-replace or hot-add the DIMMs in the lowest SMP Expansion Module. To gain access to the DIMMs of a lower SMP Expansion Module, you must first remove the upper SMP Expansion Module, which requires you to turn off the server. See "Removing and replacing DIMMs" on page 42 for information on how to remove and replace DIMMs while the server is turned off.
- If memory mirroring is enabled, you will have to shut down the operating system and restart the server; then, use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to disable memory mirroring. (See "Enabling or disabling memory mirroring" on page 42, for instructions.)
- The server must have a minimum of 4 GB of memory installed before you can configure the hot-add memory feature.

Complete the following steps to hot-add DIMMs to your server SMP Expansion Module:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- 3. Open the top cover; then if necessary, remove the SMP baffle.

Notes:

- a. Ensure that you hot-add two DIMMs at a time, and that the new DIMMs are the same size and clock speed.
- b. Ensure that memory mirroring is disabled, and that the ports to which you intend to add DIMMs is empty.
- 4. Open the DIMM access door on the SMP Expansion Module.

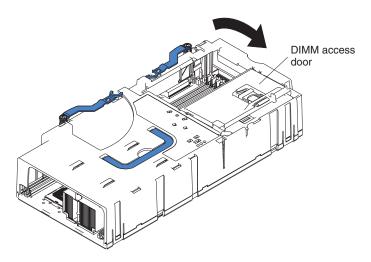


Figure 45. Opening the DIMM access door

- 5. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector.
- 6. Add new DIMMs:
 - a. Touch the static-protective package containing the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
 - **Attention:** To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.
 - b. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the DIMM edges with the slots at each end of the DIMM connector. Firmly press the DIMM straight down into the connector by applying pressure on both ends of the DIMM simultaneously. Make sure that the retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is firmly seated in the connector.

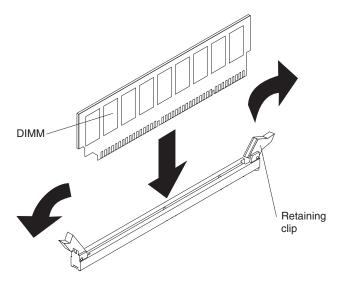


Figure 46. Inserting a DIMM into a DIMM slot

Attention: If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been properly installed. In this case, open the retaining clips and remove the DIMM; then, reinsert the DIMM.

- c. Repeat steps 6a and 6b for each DIMM.
- 7. Close the DIMM access door; then if necessary, reinstall the SMP baffle.

8. Close the top cover and slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.

Installing and replacing a microprocessor

This section describes how to install and remove microprocessors and VRMs.

The following notes describe the types of microprocessors that your server supports and other information that you must consider when installing a microprocessor:

- Read the documentation that comes with the microprocessor to determine whether you need to update the basic input/output system (BIOS) code in your server. To download the most current level of BIOS code for the server, go to http://www.ibm.com/pc/support/.
- · If your server comes with Intel Xeon MP microprocessors, obtain an SMP-capable operating system. For a list of supported operating systems, go to http://www.ibm.com/pc/compat/.
- To order additional microprocessor or SMP Expansion Module options, contact your IBM marketing representative or authorized reseller.
- · To avoid damage and ensure proper server operation after you install a replacement or an additional microprocessor, use a microprocessor that has the same cache size and type, clock speed, and internal and external clock frequencies as the microprocessors already installed in the individual SMP Expansion Module. For a list of microprocessors supported by your server, see the ServerProven list at http://www.ibm.com/pc/compat/.
- · The microprocessor in socket 1 of the bottom SMP Expansion Module is the startup (boot) microprocessor.
- An air baffle or microprocessor must be installed in microprocessor socket 4, depending on your configuration.
- If you are adding Intel Xeon MP microprocessors, populate the empty microprocessor sockets in numeric order, starting with socket 1. If you install the microprocessors in the wrong order, the server will not start.

Attention: You must make sure that the locking lever on the microprocessor socket is in the fully open position before you insert the microprocessor in the socket. Failure to do so might result in permanent damage to the microprocessor, microprocessor socket, and SMP expansion board. See Figure 49 on page 51.

- Always install the heat sink that comes with the microprocessor.
- Server models that come with Intel Xeon DP microprocessors support a maximum of two microprocessors per SMP Expansion Module, installed in microprocessor sockets 1 and 4.
- Intel Xeon MP microprocessors are supported in microprocessor sockets 1, 2, 3, and 4. Figure 47 on page 49 shows the location of the startup microprocessor and its VRM on the SMP expansion board. It also shows the microprocessor baffles and the VRM slots for the other microprocessor sockets.

Note: The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

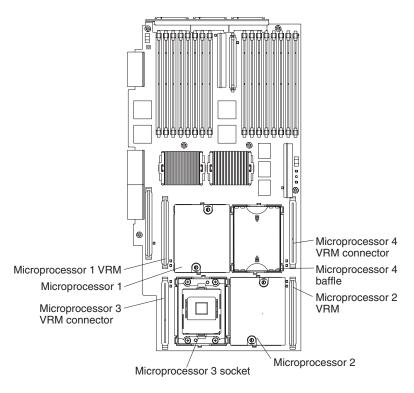


Figure 47. Microprocessor connector and VRM locations

Complete the following steps to install a microprocessor:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, disconnect the power cords, and disconnect all external cables from the SMP Expansion Module.
- 3. Pull out on the quick release latches on each side of the server; then, pull the server out of its rack enclosure until it stops.
- 4. Open the top cover.
- 5. If necessary, remove the SMP baffle or top SMP Expansion Module.

Note: If your server contains only one SMP Expansion Module, remove the SMP baffle above it to gain access to the module. If your server contains two SMP Expansion Modules, remove the top module to gain access to the bottom or lower SMP Expansion Module.

- 6. Remove the SMP Expansion Module in which you plan to install the microprocessor; then, remove the module cover and determine the socket where the microprocessor is to be installed. For details, see "Removing and Installing the SMP Expansion Module and cover" on page 32.
- 7. Determine which type of microprocessors are installed in your server. The easiest way to do this is by the locations of the installed microprocessors in the SMP Expansion Module. If the microprocessors are installed only in connectors 1 and 4, your server came with Intel Xeon DP microprocessors. If the microprocessors are installed in any other connectors, such as 1 and 2 or 1, 2, and 3, your server came with Intel Xeon MP microprocessors.

Attention: When you handle static-sensitive devices, take precautions to avoid damage from static electricity. For details on handling these devices, see "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 12.

8. If you are installing a new microprocessor, go to step 9; otherwise, continue:

a. Verify that you have selected the correct microprocessor to be replaced. The LED beside the failing microprocessor will be lit.

Attention: Before attempting to remove the heat sink from the microprocessor, note that the heat-conducting grease between the heat sink and the microprocessor might have formed a strong bond. Do not force the components apart; doing so can damage the microprocessor pins. If the heat sink does not separate from the microprocessor easily, loosen one heat sink captive mounting screw first. This allows one corner of the heat sink to be lifted off of the microprocessor; then, you can loosen the other captive mounting screw and remove the heat sink.

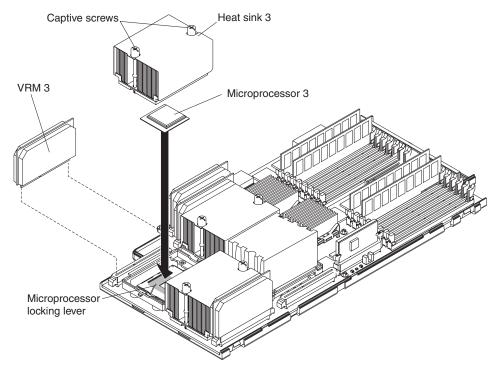


Figure 48. Microprocessor installation

- b. Using a screwdriver, loosen the two captive mounting screws on the heat sink, alternating between screws until they release from the SMP board; then, remove the heat sink.
- c. Rotate the locking lever on the microprocessor socket from its closed and locked position until it stops or clicks in the fully open position (approximately a 135° angle), as shown.

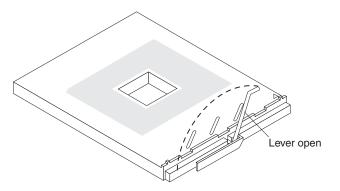


Figure 49. Microprocessor locking lever fully open

- Install the VRM that comes with the microprocessor kit in the slot adjacent to the microprocessor you are replacing or installing. Some microprocessor options contain a VRM with a clip to secure the VRM in the slot. This clip is not needed for installation and can be discarded.
 - a. If you are replacing a failed VRM, complete the following steps:
 - 1) Verify that you have selected the correct VRM to be replaced. The LED next to the failing VRM will be lit.
 - 2) Grasp the VRM at both upper corners and lift it out of the slot.

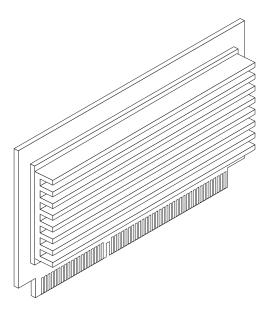


Figure 50. Microprocessor VRM

- b. Holding the new VRM by the upper corners, plug it *firmly* into the slot.
- 10. If necessary, remove the microprocessor baffle from the microprocessor socket. Keep the microprocessor baffle for possible future use.
- 11. Touch the static-protective package containing the new microprocessor to any *unpainted* metal surface on the server; then, remove the microprocessor from the package.
- 12. Install the microprocessor:

Important: When installing Intel Xeon DP microprocessors, you must install them in the following order: socket 1 then socket 4. When installing Intel Xeon MP microprocessors, you must install them in the following order: sockets 1, 2, 3, and then 4.

- a. Remove the protective label from the microprocessor socket.
- b. Rotate the locking lever on the microprocessor socket from its closed and locked position until it stops or clicks in the fully open position (approximately 135° angle), as shown.

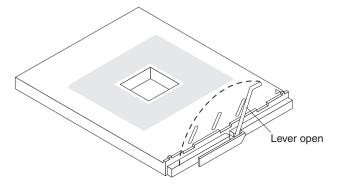


Figure 51. Microprocessor locking lever fully open

c. Align the triangle icon on the microprocessor with the triangle icon on the socket and press the microprocessor gently into the socket.

Attention: Make sure that the microprocessor is aligned correctly before you proceed. To avoid bending the pins on the microprocessor, do not use excessive force when pressing it into the socket.

- d. Close the locking lever to secure the microprocessor.
- 13. Install the heat sink:
 - a. Remove the heat sink from its package and detach the protective cover from the bottom of the heat sink

Attention: Do not disturb or contaminate the heat-conducting grease on the bottom of the new heat sink. Doing so damages its heat-conducting capability and exposes the new microprocessor to overheating.

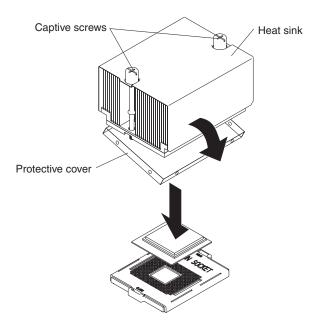


Figure 52. Aligning the heat sink over the microprocessor

- b. Align the heat sink over the microprocessor; then, carefully set it down on top of the microprocessor.
- c. Using a screwdriver, secure the heat sink to the microprocessor socket on the SMP board using the two captive mounting screws. Press firmly on the screws and tighten them, alternating between them. Do not overtighten the screws.
- 14. Install the SMP Expansion Module cover; then, install the SMP Expansion Module in the server. For details, see "Installing the SMP Expansion Module and cover" on page 36.
- 15. If you have other options to install or remove, do so now.
- 16. Close the top cover.
- 17. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.
- 18. Connect all external cables.
- 19. Turn on the server.

When you install or remove microprocessors, the server configuration information changes. You must start the Configuration/Setup Utility program and save the new configuration information. See the *User's Guide* on the IBM $xSeries\ Documentation\ CD.$

Important: If your server will not start after replacing or installing a microprocessor, you might have installed a microprocessor in the wrong socket or installed a microprocessor of a different type, or the VRM is not seated properly. Ensure that you have installed the microprocessor in the correct location and that it is of the same type. Also ensure that the VRM is properly seated in the slot.

Replacing the battery

When replacing the battery you must replace it with a lithium battery of the same type, from the same manufacturer. To avoid possible danger, read and follow the safety statement below.

To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-772-2227 within the United States, and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your IBM reseller or IBM marketing representative.

Note: After you replace the battery, you must reconfigure your server and reset the system date and time.

Statement 2:



When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

- · Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- · Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Complete the following steps to replace the battery:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 11; then, follow any special handling and installation instructions supplied with the replacement battery.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, disconnect the power cords, and all external cables from the server; then, open the cover (see "Opening the cover" on page 15 for details).
- 3. Remove fans 3 and 4 from the server (see "Replacing fans 3 and 4" on page 21 for details).
- 4. While standing in front of the server, locate the battery on the I/O planar just under the leading edge of the PCI-X planar. With the fans removed the battery is visible from the front of the server.
- 5. Remove the battery:
 - a. Use one finger to press the top of the battery clip away from the battery.
 - b. Lift and remove the battery from the socket.





Figure 53. Removing the battery

- 6. Insert the new battery:
 - a. Position the battery so that the positive (+) symbol is facing away from you.
 - b. Use one finger to press the top of the battery clip away from the battery.
 - c. Press the battery into the socket until it clicks into place. Make sure that the battery clip holds the battery securely.





Figure 54. Installing the battery

- 7. Install fans 3 and 4 in the server (see "Replacing fans 3 and 4" on page 21 for details).
- 8. Close the server cover, and connect the cables.
- 9. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.
- 10. Turn on the server.
- 11. Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program and set configuration parameters.
 - · Set the system date and time.
 - Set the power-on password.
 - · Reconfigure your server.

Closing the cover

Complete the following steps to close the server cover:

1. Close the cover by first closing the right side; then, close the left side and press down to latch the two halves of the cover in place.

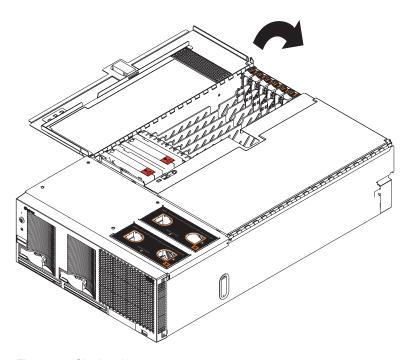


Figure 55. Closing the cover

- 2. Reconnect all external cables and power cords to the server; then, connect the power cords to properly grounded electrical outlets. See Chapter 3, "I/O connectors and LEDs," on page 73 for connector locations.
- 3. Slide the server into the rack enclosure until it stops; then, secure the server in the rack enclosure using the quick release latches.
- 4. Turn on your server.

Connecting the cables

This section describes how to connect cables to the SMP Expansion Port, system power connectors, RXE Expansion Port, SCSI connector, USB connector, video connector, mouse connector, keyboard connector, Ethernet connector, and RXE Management port for up to 16-way operation.

For details about the locations and functions of all of the ports, LEDs, and connectors, see Chapter 3, "I/O connectors and LEDs," on page 73.

Notes:

- 1. The information in this publication is for single and dual server configurations using up to 16 microprocessors and four SMP Expansion Modules.
- 2. There are two different SMP Expansion cables used to connect the SMP Expansion Modules.
 - a. 2.5 m (8.2 ft) copper clad (comes in the IBM @server[™] xSeries 445 Two-chassis 16-way Scalability Kit)
 - b. 25.4 cm (10 in.) black clad

- 3. Before connecting RXE or SMP Expansion cables to the server, ensure that the protective cover is removed from the connectors on each end.
- 4. See the following illustrations to locate the connectors on the back of your server, depending on your model. The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

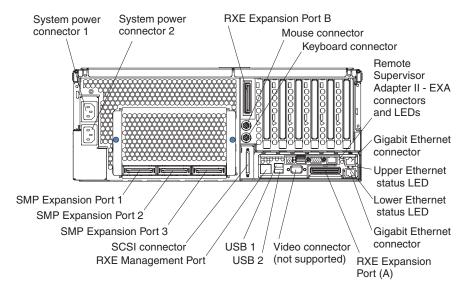


Figure 56. Rear view of Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA model

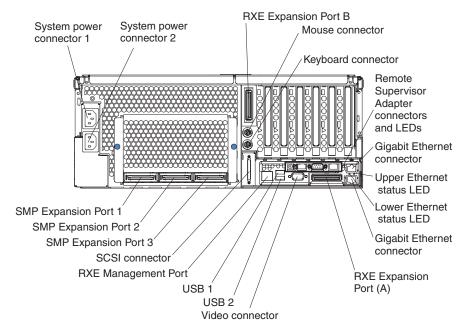


Figure 57. Rear view of Remote Supervisor Adapter model

5. If your server model comes with an operating system, such as Microsoft® Windows® 2000 Datacenter Server or VMware ESX server, see the software documentation provided with your software for additional cabling instructions.

To effectively manage the cables on this server, keep groups of cables secured together, and do not run cables across the back of the server. Use cable ties to bundle similar cables together. Use hook-and-loop fasteners to secure the cable bundles to the vertical rails of the rack cabinet.

Attention: Do not secure cables too tightly. Overtightening can cause internal damage to the cables.

SMP Expansion Port cabling

Depending upon your configuration, there are either three or six SMP Expansion Ports located on the back of the server. The cabling information in this section is for configurations using up to four SMP Expansion Modules in two servers.

Configurations that use only one SMP Expansion Module have three SMP Expansion Ports and do not require any SMP Expansion Port cabling.

- If you are installing a server that has only one SMP Expansion Module and you are connecting an RXE-100 enclosure, go to "RXE Expansion Port cabling for one server with one SMP Expansion Module" on page 63.
- If you are installing a server that has only one SMP Expansion Module and you are not connecting an RXE-100 enclosure, connect all remaining external cables to the server.
- · If you are installing a server that has two SMP Expansion Modules, go to "SMP Expansion Port cabling for one server that has two SMP Expansion Modules."
- If you are installing two servers that each have two SMP Expansion Modules, go to "SMP Expansion Port cabling for two servers with four SMP Expansion Modules (16-way)" on page 59.

SMP Expansion Port cabling for one server that has two SMP **Expansion Modules**

Complete the following steps to cable two SMP Expansion Modules in a single server together, using the two 25.4 cm (10 in.) SMP Expansion cables, for up to 8-way operation. In the illustration, the SMP Expansion Modules are numbered 0 and 1, from bottom to top. The SMP Expansion Ports are numbered 1 through 3, left to right. If your server comes with two SMP Expansion Modules, the SMP Expansion cables are included with the server. If you purchased a second SMP Expansion Module, the cables are included with the option.

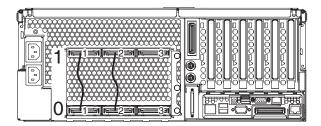


Figure 58. SMP Expansion Module numbering

1. Remove the protective covers from the connectors on the ends of the cables.

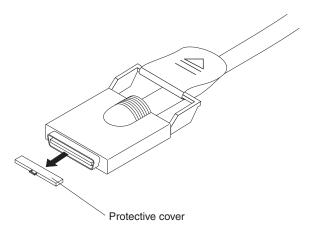


Figure 59. SMP Expansion cable with protective cover

- 2. Connect one end of a 25.4 cm (10 in.) SMP Expansion cable to port 1 of SMP Expansion Module 0; then, connect the opposite end of the cable to port 1 of SMP Expansion Module 1.
- 3. Connect one end of the second 25.4 cm (10 in.) SMP Expansion cable to port 2 of SMP Expansion Module 0; then, connect the opposite end of the cable to port 2 of SMP Expansion Module 1.
- 4. If you are connecting an RXE-100 enclosure, go to "RXE Expansion Port cabling for one server with two SMP Expansion Modules" on page 65. If you are not connecting an RXE-100 enclosure, connect all remaining external cables to the server.

Notes:

- a. When multiple cables are connected between the SMP Expansion Module ports, SMP data is interleaved between the cables for better performance.
- b. The server will start and operate with one cable attached between the two SMP Expansion Modules.

SMP Expansion Port cabling for two servers with four SMP Expansion Modules (16-way)

Complete the following steps to cable four SMP Expansion Modules and two servers together, using the four 2.5 m (8.2 ft) and two 25.4 cm (10 in.) SMP expansion cables that came with your servers, for up to 16-way operation. In the illustration, the SMP Expansion Modules are numbered 0 through 3, from primary to secondary server. The SMP Expansion Ports are numbered 1 through 3, left to right.

1. Remove the protective covers from the connectors on the ends of the cables.

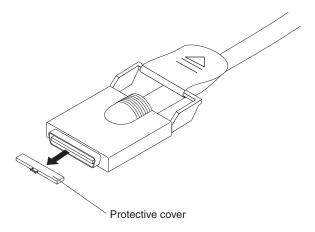


Figure 60. SMP Expansion cable with protective cover

 Label each end of the 2.5 m (8.2 ft) SMP Expansion cables according to where they will connect to each server. See the following illustration. The SMP Expansion module numbering shown in the following illustration is for reference purposes only. These numbers do not appear on the servers.

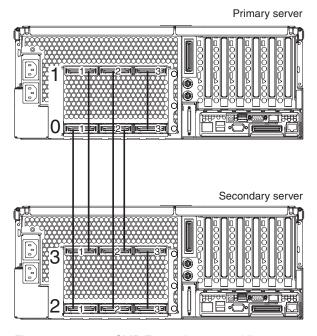


Figure 61. 16-way SMP Expansion port cabling

- 3. Connect the SMP Expansion cables to the primary server:
 - a. Connect one end of a 2.5 m (8.2 ft) SMP Expansion cable to port 1 of SMP Expansion Module 0 on the primary server; then, route the cable through the cable-management arm.

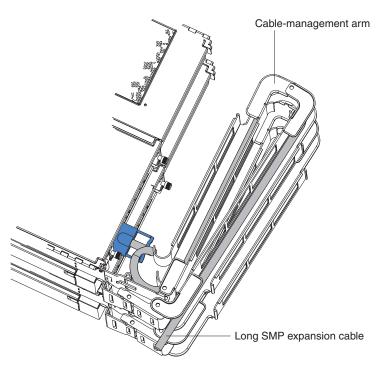


Figure 62. Routing cables through the cable management arm

b. Connect one end of a 2.5 m (8.2 ft) SMP Expansion cable to port 2 of SMP Expansion Module 0 on the primary server; then, route the cable beside the first cable in the cable-management arm.

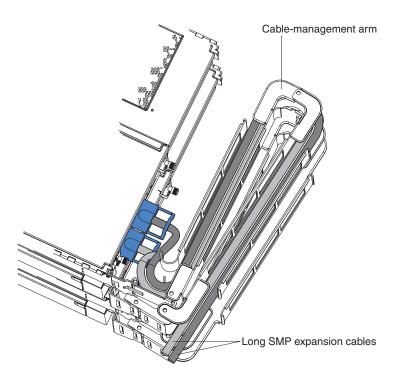


Figure 63. Routing cables through the cable management arm

c. Connect one end of a 2.5 m (8.2 ft) SMP Expansion cable to port 1 of SMP Expansion Module 1 on the primary server; then, route the cable through the cable-management arm as in step 3a on page 60.

- d. Connect one end of a 2.5 m (8.2 ft) SMP Expansion cable to port 2 of SMP Expansion Module 1 on the primary server; then, route the cable through the cable-management arm as in step 3b on page 61.
- e. Verify that a 25.4 cm (10 in.) SMP Expansion cable is connected between port 3 of SMP Expansion Module 0 and port 3 of SMP Expansion Module 1.
- 4. Connect the SMP Expansion cables to the secondary server:
 - Locate the SMP Expansion cable that is connected to port 1 of SMP Expansion Module 0 on the primary server; then, connect the opposite end of the cable to port 1 of SMP Expansion Module 2. Next, route the cable through the secondary cable-management arm.
 - b. Locate the SMP Expansion cable that is connected to port 2 of SMP Expansion Module 1 on the primary server; then, connect the opposite end of the cable to port 2 of SMP Expansion Module 2. Next, route the cable through the secondary cable-management arm.
 - c. Locate the SMP Expansion cable that is connected to port 1 of SMP Expansion Module 1 on the primary server; then, connect the opposite end of the cable to port 1 of SMP Expansion Module 3. Next, route the cable through the secondary cable-management arm.
 - d. Locate the SMP Expansion cable that is connected to port 2 of SMP Expansion Module 0 on the primary server; then, connect the opposite end of the cable to port 2 of SMP Expansion Module 3. Next, route the cable through the secondary cable-management arm.
 - e. Verify that a 25.4 cm (10 inches) SMP Expansion cable is connected between port 3 of SMP Expansion Module 2 and port 3 of SMP Expansion Module 3.
- 5. Connect the Remote Supervisor Adapter or Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA Ethernet port on each server to a LAN or to each other with an Ethernet crossover cable. This connection is needed so that the adapters can communicate and perform the necessary functions for the two servers to create or delete scalable partitions.

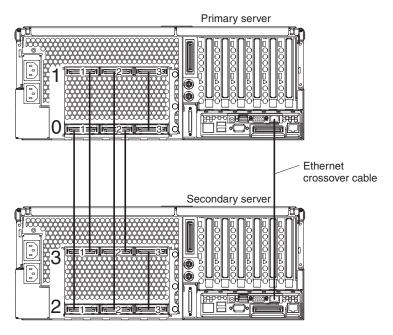


Figure 64. Using an Ethernet crossover cable to connect the Remote Supervisor Adapters.

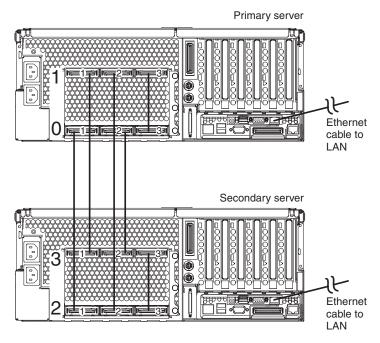


Figure 65. Connecting the Remote Supervisor Adapters to a LAN.

- 6. Route any remaining cables through the cable-management arms.
- 7. Secure the cables in the cable-management arms with the hook-and-loop straps that come with your server.
- 8. If you are connecting an RXE-100 enclosure, go to "RXE Expansion Port cabling for a 16-way configuration" on page 68. If you are not connecting an RXE-100 enclosure, connect all remaining external cables to the server.

RXE Expansion and Management Port cabling

There are two RXE Expansion Ports on the rear of the server. Use these ports to connect the server to an RXE-100 enclosure and to expand the number of PCI-X slots that are available for use by the server.

There is one RXE Management Port located on the back of the server. You can use this port to connect the server to the management port of an optional RXE-100 enclosure. This port is used to manage the PCI-X slots in an RXE-100 enclosure, including slot assignments and managing access.

For detailed information about how the server and RXE-100 enclosure work together, see the documentation that comes with the RXE-100 enclosure.

RXE Expansion Port cabling for one server with one SMP Expansion Module

If your server has one SMP Expansion Module installed, complete the following steps to connect an RXE-100 enclosure:

1. Remove the protective covers from the connectors on the ends of the cables.

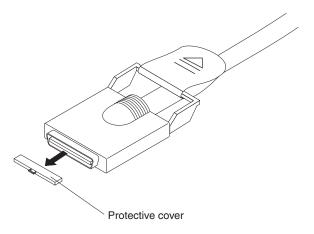


Figure 66. RXE Expansion cable with protective cover

2. Using an RXE Expansion cable, connect one end of the cable to RXE Expansion Port A on the server.

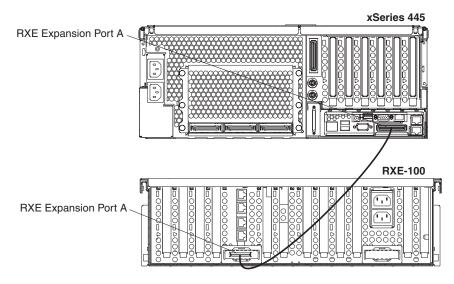


Figure 67. RXE Expansion Port cabling a server with one SMP Expansion Module

- 3. Connect the opposite end of the cable to an RXE Expansion Port on the RXE-100 enclosure.
- 4. Using an RXE Management cable, connect one end of the cable to the RXE Management Port on the server.

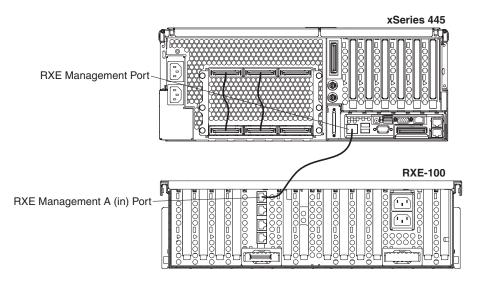


Figure 68. Cabling RXE Management Port - one server

- 5. Connect the opposite end of the cable to the RXE Management A (in) Port on the RXE-100 enclosure.
- 6. Connect all remaining external cables to the server.

RXE Expansion Port cabling for one server with two SMP Expansion Modules

If your server has two SMP Expansion Modules installed, complete the following steps to connect an RXE-100 enclosure:

1. Remove the protective covers from the connectors on the ends of the cables.

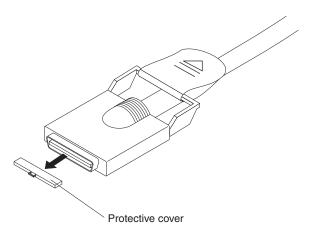


Figure 69. RXE Expansion cable with protective cover

2. Using an RXE Expansion cable, connect one end of the cable to RXE Expansion Port B on the server.

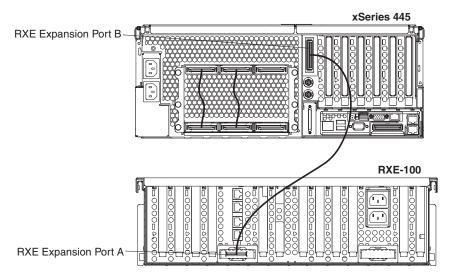


Figure 70. RXE Expansion port cabling a server with two SMP Expansion Modules

Connect the opposite end of the cable to an RXE Expansion Port on the RXE-100 enclosure.

Notes:

- a. When two SMP Expansion Modules are installed, both of the RXE Expansion ports are active.
- b. To increase reliability, connect a second cable from RXE Expansion Port A on the server to RXE Expansion Port B on the enclosure. This will create a redundant data path if either of the two cables fail.
- 4. Using an RXE Management cable, connect one end of the cable to the RXE Management Port on the server.

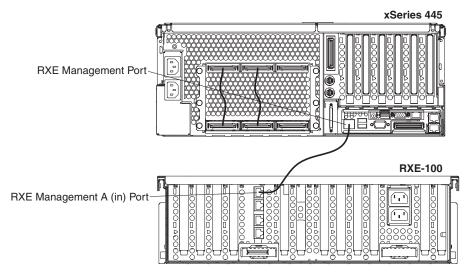


Figure 71. Cabling RXE Management Port - one server

- 5. Connect the opposite end of the cable to the RXE Management A (in) Port on the RXE-100 enclosure.
- 6. Connect all remaining external cables to the server.

RXE Expansion Port cabling for two stand-alone servers

Complete the following steps to cable two stand-alone servers to a single RXE-100 enclosure:

- 1. Determine which server will be connected to port A of the RXE-100 enclosure and which will be connected to port B.
- 2. Remove the protective covers from the connectors on the ends of the cables.

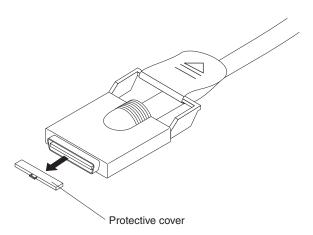


Figure 72. RXE Expansion cable with protective cover

3. Using an RXE Expansion cable, connect one end of the cable to RXE Expansion Port A on the RXE-100 enclosure.

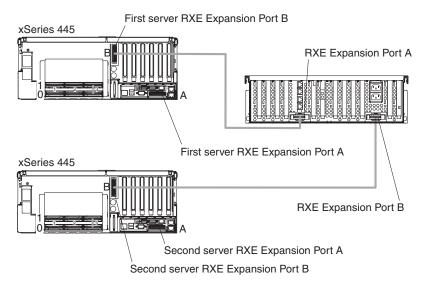


Figure 73. RXE Expansion Port cabling of two stand-alone xSeries 445 servers to a single RXE-100 enclosure

4. Connect the opposite end of the cable to RXE Expansion Port A or B on the first server.

Note: If the server has one SMP Expansion Module installed, you must connect the RXE Expansion cable to RXE Expansion Port A on the server. If the server has two SMP Expansion Modules installed, connect the cable to RXE Expansion Port B.

- 5. Using an RXE Expansion cable, connect one end of the cable to RXE Expansion Port B on the RXE-100 enclosure.
- 6. Connect the opposite end of the cable to RXE Expansion Port A or B on the second server.

Note: When two SMP Expansion Modules are installed, both of the RXE Expansion ports are active.

7. Using an RXE Management cable, connect one end of the cable to the RXE Management Port on one of the servers.

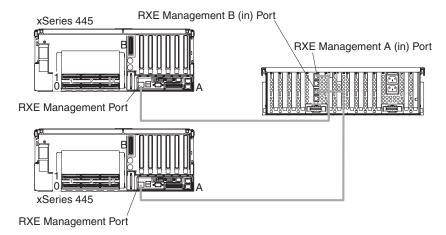


Figure 74. Cabling an RXE Management port - two stand-alone servers

- 8. Connect the opposite end of the cable to the RXE Management A (in) Port on the RXE-100 enclosure. The RXE Management Port cabling is the same for a server with two SMP Expansion Modules.
- 9. Repeat steps 7 and 8 for the second server.
- 10. Connect all remaining external cables to the servers.

RXE Expansion Port cabling for a 16-way configuration

Complete the following steps to connect an RXE-100 enclosure to a 16-way system:

1. Remove the protective covers from the connectors on the ends of the cables.

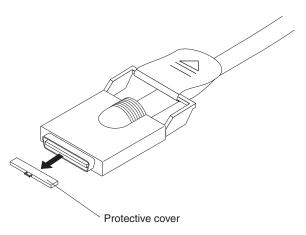


Figure 75. RXE Expansion cable with protective cover

2. Using an RXE Expansion cable, connect RXE Expansion Port A on the primary server to RXE Expansion Port A on the secondary server.

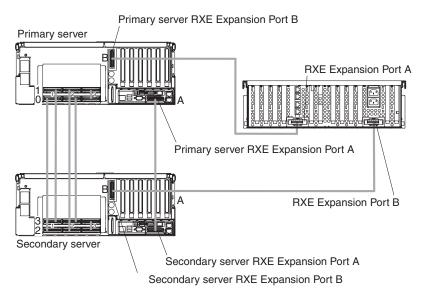


Figure 76. RXE Expansion Port cabling in a 16-way configuration

- 3. Using an RXE Expansion cable, connect RXE Expansion Port B on the primary server to RXE Expansion Port A on the RXE-100.
- 4. Using an RXE Expansion cable, connect RXE Expansion Port B on the secondary server to the RXE Expansion Port B on the RXE-100.
- 5. Using an RXE Management cable, connect the RXE Management Port on the primary server to RXE Management Port A (in) on the RXE-100.

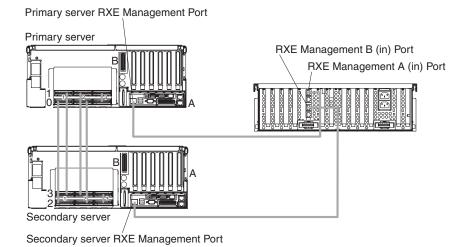


Figure 77. Cabling an RXE Management Port - 16-way configuration

- 6. Using an RXE Management cable, connect the RXE Management Port on the secondary server to the RXE Management Port B (in) on the RXE-100.
- 7. Connect all remaining external cables to the servers.

Power cabling

Your server uses two power cords that can be connected to a primary power unit inside the rack cabinet, such as a properly grounded power distribution unit or uninterruptible power supply, or to an external source, such as a properly grounded electrical outlet.

Complete the following steps to attach the power-supply cords:

- 1. Connect a power-supply cord to one of the system power connectors on the rear of the server.
- 2. Connect the other end of the power-supply cord to a properly grounded electrical outlet or to a primary power unit inside the rack cabinet.

Note: Connecting the power-supply cords to an electrical outlet might cause the server to start automatically. This is an acceptable action. See "Turning on the server" on page 13 for detailed information about turning on the server.

3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for the second cable.

Note: The server requires a 220 V ac power connection for full power-supply redundancy. Whenever possible, use a 220 V ac connection for all configurations. However, you can use a 110 V ac connection, but without full power-supply redundancy.

SCSI cabling

You can use the SCSI connector on the back of the server to attach an optional SCSI device, such as one of the IBM external storage enclosures, to the server. For detailed information about how to connect a SCSI device to your server, see the documentation that comes with the SCSI device.

USB cabling

Your server has three USB connectors, one on the front and two on the back of the server. You can use these connectors to attach an optional USB device to the server. For detailed information about how to connect a USB device to your server, see the documentation that comes with the USB device.

Video cabling

You can use the video connector on the back of the server to attach a monitor or optional console switch to the server. For detailed information about how to connect a monitor or optional console switch to your server, see the documentation that comes with the optional device.

Important: If your server has a Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA installed, the integrated video controller on your server is disabled. You must connect a monitor or console switch to the video port on the adapter.

Mouse cabling

You can use the mouse connector on the back of the server to attach a mouse to the server. For detailed information about how to connect a mouse to your server. see the documentation that comes with the mouse.

Keyboard cabling

You can use the keyboard connector on the back of the server to connect a keyboard or optional console switch to the server. You can also connect a USB keyboard to the server using one of the USB connectors. After installing a USB keyboard, you might need to use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to enable keyboardless operation and prevent the POST error message 301 from being displayed during startup. For detailed information about how to connect a keyboard or console switch to your server, see the documentation that comes with the keyboard or console switch.

Gigabit Ethernet cabling

Use the two Ethernet connectors on the back of the server to connect the server to a local area network (LAN).

Note: A third Ethernet connector is located on the Remote Supervisor Adapter. This connector is used for specific supervisory functions and should not be confused with the Gigabit Ethernet connector located next to the USB connectors.

Remote Supervisor Adapter cabling

Your server comes with a Remote Supervisor Adapter or a Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA. For information about cabling the Remote Supervisor Adapter connectors, see the appropriate Remote Supervisor Adapter User's Guide on the IBM xSeries Documentation CD.

Chapter 3. I/O connectors and LEDs

This chapter provides the information about the I/O connectors and indicators on the server.

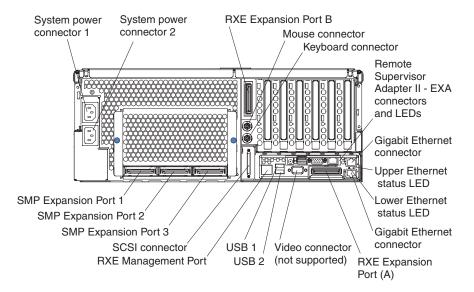


Figure 78. Rear view of model with Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA

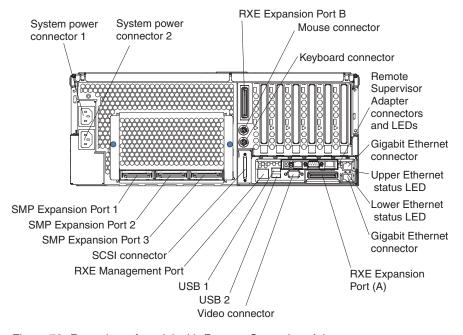


Figure 79. Rear view of model with Remote Supervisor Adapter

Your server has the following I/O connectors:

- Three Universal Serial Bus (USB) connectors (one on the front and two on the rear)
- One keyboard connector
- · One video connector
- · One auxiliary-device (pointing device) connector

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- One RXE management connectors
- Two RXE Expansion Ports
- · One SCSI connectors
- Three or six SMP Expansion Ports
- Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA connectors
 - One video port (ATI Radeon RV-100 integrated video controller)
 - One Ethernet port (remote server management using network, RJ-45)
 - One RSA II-EXA breakout port (when connected to an RSA II-EXA breakout cable, provides two ASM interconnect ports, one USB port, and one management port)
- · Remote Supervisor Adapter connectors
 - One ASM interconnect (peer-to-peer) port (RJ-14)
 - One Ethernet port (remote server management using network, RJ-45)
 - One management port (remote server management using modem)
- · Two Gigabit Ethernet connectors

Universal Serial Bus connectors

Your server has three Universal Serial Bus (USB) connectors, which are configured automatically. USB is a serial interface standard for telephony and multimedia devices. It uses Plug and Play technology to determine the type of device attached to the connector.

USB cables and hubs

You need a 4-pin cable to connect devices to USB 1, USB 2, and USB 3. If you plan to attach more than three USB devices, you must use a hub to connect the devices. The hub provides multiple connectors for attaching additional external USB devices.

USB technology provides up to 12 Mbps speed with a maximum of 127 external devices and a maximum signal distance of 5 meters (16 ft) per segment.

USB-port connectors

There are two USB-port connectors on the rear of the server and one USB-port connector on the front. These USB-port connectors are used to attach USB compatible devices to the server.

The following illustration shows the pin-number assignments for the USB-port connectors on your server.



Keyboard connector

There is one keyboard connector on the rear of the server.

Note: If you attach a standard keyboard to the keyboard connector, the USB connectors and devices will be disabled during the power-on self-test (POST).

The following illustration shows the pin-number assignments for the keyboard connector on the end of the cable.



Video connector

The following illustration shows the pin-number assignments for the 15-pin analog video connector on the rear of the server.



Important: If your server has a Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA installed, you must connect a monitor or console switch to the video port on the adapter. The integrated video controller on your server is disabled for models with a Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA installed.

Auxiliary-device (pointing device) connector

There is one auxiliary-device connector that supports a mouse or other pointing device located on the rear of the server just under the keyboard connector.

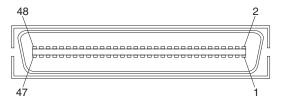
The following illustration shows the pin-number assignments for the auxiliary-device connector on the end of the cable.



RXE Expansion Port

There are two RXE Expansion Ports that are used to connect your server to a remote I/O enclosure.

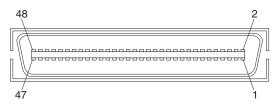
The following illustration shows the pin-number assignments for the RXE Expansion Port on the end of the cable.



SMP Expansion Port

There are up to six SMP Expansion Ports that are used to interconnect the SMP Modules in your server.

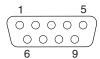
The following illustration shows the pin-number assignments for the SMP Expansion Port on the end of the cable.



Serial Port

The serial port comes with your server in the same box which contained this publication and other components.

The following illustration shows the pin-number assignments for the serial port.



Remote Supervisor Adapter connectors

The server has four connectors that are used by the Remote Supervisor Adapter or Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA. Three of the connectors are located on the adapter and one is located at the lower left corner of the rear panel (as viewed from the rear).

If you want to use the Remote Supervisor Adapter to manage the server remotely or to connect the server to another server, connect the appropriate cables to the Remote Supervisor Adapter connectors.

To enable remote server management through a network, use the Remote Supervisor Adapter Ethernet port (RJ-45). To enable remote server management using a modem, use the Remote Supervisor Adapter management port. To connect the server with another server, use the ASM interconnect port (RJ-14). See the appropriate *Remote Supervisor Adapter User's Guide* on the IBM *xSeries Documentation* CD for more information.

Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA connectors and LEDs: This group of connectors and LEDs on the back of the server are used for system-management information and control.

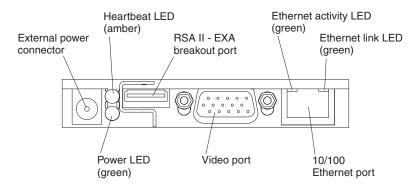


Figure 80. Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA connectors and LEDs

- External power connector: You can connect an optional ac power adapter to this connector.
- Heartbeat LED: This amber LED flashes continuously to indicate that there is activity on the Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA.
- RSA II-EXA breakout port: Connect the RSA II-EXA breakout cable to this port to provide two ASM interconnect ports, one USB port, and one Management port.
- Ethernet activity LED: This green LED is lit when there is activity on the Ethernet LAN.
- Ethernet link LED: This green LED is lit when the Ethernet link is active.
- 10/100 Ethernet port: Connect Ethernet signal cables to this port.
- Video port: Connect a monitor or console switch to this port.

Important: The integrated video controller is disabled for models with a Remote Supervisor Adapter II-EXA installed.

 Power LED: This green LED comes on and stays lit when you plug in your server. **Remote Supervisor Adapter connectors and LEDs:** This group of connectors and LEDs on the back of the server are used for system-management information and control.

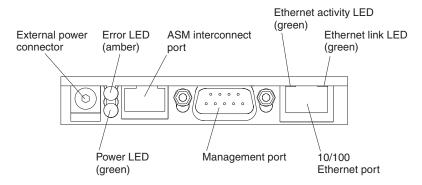


Figure 81. Remote Supervisor Adapter connectors

- External power connector: You can connect an optional ac power adapter to this connector.
- Error LED: This amber LED is lit when a system-management error has occurred.
- ASM interconnect port: Connect signal cables for managing expansion-module resources to this port.
- Ethernet activity LED: This green LED is lit when there is activity on the Ethernet LAN.
- Ethernet link LED: This green LED is lit when the Ethernet link is active.
- 10/100 Ethernet port: Connect Ethernet signal cables to this port.
- Management port: Connect a serial cable to this port to enable system management through a modem, or connect a null modem cable to this port to enable system management through a workstation or laptop computer.
- Power LED: This green LED comes on and stays lit when you plug in your server.

Gigabit Ethernet port

Your server comes with an integrated Gigabit Ethernet controller. This controller provides an interface for connecting to 10-Mbps, 100-Mbps, or 1000-Mbps networks and provides full-duplex (FDX) capability, which enables simultaneous transmission and reception of data on the Ethernet local area network (LAN).

To access the Ethernet port, connect a Category 3, 4, or 5 unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) cable to the RJ-45 connector on the rear of your server.

Note: The 100BASE-TX/1000BASE-T Fast Ethernet standard requires that the cabling in the network be Category 5 or higher.

The Ethernet (RJ-45) connector has two lights. The upper Ethernet status LED is on the right and displays the link and activity status for the upper Gigabit Ethernet port. When the LED is green the link is active. When the LED blinks green and amber there is activity on the Ethernet LAN. The lower Ethernet status LED is on the left and displays the link and activity status for the lower Gigabit Ethernet port.

When the LED is green the link is active. When the LED blinks green and amber there is activity on the Ethernet LAN. See the User's Guide on the IBM xSeries Documentation CD.

Configuring the Gigabit Ethernet controller

The server comes with an integrated Ethernet controller. This controller provides an interface for connecting to 10-Mbps, 100-Mbps, or 1000-Mbps networks and provides full duplex (FDX) capability, which enables simultaneous transmission and reception of data on the Ethernet local area network (LAN).

When you connect your server to the network, the Ethernet controller automatically detects the data-transfer rate (10-Mbps, 100-Mbps, or 1000-Mbps) on the network and then sets the controller to operate at the appropriate rate. In addition, if the Ethernet ports that your server is connected to support auto-negotiation, the Gigabit Ethernet controller will set the appropriate duplex state. That is, the Ethernet controller will adjust to the network data rate, whether the data rate is standard Ethernet (10BASE-T), Fast Ethernet (100BASE-TX/1000BASE-T), half duplex (HDX), or full duplex (FDX). The controller supports half-duplex (HDX) and full-duplex (FDX) modes at both speeds.

Note: See the documentation on the Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet Software CD that came with your server for information about configuring the Ethernet controller.

Ethernet port connectors

The following illustration shows the dual Ethernet port RJ-45 connectors.

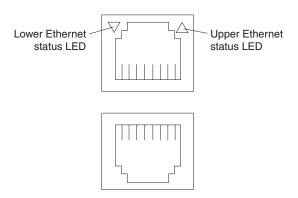


Figure 82. Gigabit Ethernet port

Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about IBM products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from IBM to assist you. This appendix contains information about where to go for additional information about IBM and IBM products, what to do if you experience a problem with your xSeries or IntelliStation® system, and whom to call for service, if it is necessary.

Before you call

Before you call, make sure that you have taken these steps to try to solve the problem yourself:

- · Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- · Check the power switches to make sure that the system is turned on.
- Use the troubleshooting information in your system documentation, and use the diagnostic tools that come with your system.
- Go to the IBM Support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/pc/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers.
- · Use an IBM discussion forum on the IBM Web site to ask questions.

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that IBM provides in the online help or in the publications that are provided with your system and software. The information that comes with your system also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. Most xSeries and IntelliStation systems, operating systems, and programs come with information that contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the information for the operating system or program.

Using the documentation

Information about your IBM xSeries or IntelliStation system and preinstalled software, if any, is available in the documentation that comes with your system. That documentation includes printed books, online books, readme files, and help files. See the troubleshooting information in your system documentation for instructions for using the diagnostic programs. The troubleshooting information or the diagnostic programs might tell you that you need additional or updated device drivers or other software. IBM maintains pages on the World Wide Web where you can get the latest technical information and download device drivers and updates. To access these pages, go to http://www.ibm.com/pc/support/ and follow the instructions. Also, you can order publications through the IBM Publications Ordering System at

http://www.elink.ibmlink.ibm.com/public/applications/publications/cgibin/pbi.cgi.

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Getting help and information from the World Wide Web

On the World Wide Web, the IBM Web site has up-to-date information about IBM xSeries and IntelliStation products, services, and support. The address for IBM xSeries information is http://www.ibm.com/eserver/xseries/. The address for IBM IntelliStation information is http://www.ibm.com/pc/intellistation/.

You can find service information for your IBM products, including supported options, at http://www.ibm.com/pc/support/.

Software service and support

Through IBM Support Line, you can get telephone assistance, for a fee, with usage, configuration, and software problems with xSeries servers, IntelliStation workstations, and appliances. For information about which products are supported by Support Line in your country or region, go to http://www.ibm.com/services/sl/products/.

For more information about Support Line and other IBM services, go to http://www.ibm.com/services/, or go to http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/ for support telephone numbers. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

Hardware service and support

You can receive hardware service through IBM Integrated Technology Services or through your IBM reseller, if your reseller is authorized by IBM to provide warranty service. Go to http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/ for support telephone numbers, or in the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

In the U.S. and Canada, hardware service and support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In the U.K., these services are available Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Appendix B. Notices

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Important notes

Processor speeds indicate the internal clock speed of the microprocessor; other factors also affect application performance.

CD-ROM drive speeds list the variable read rate. Actual speeds vary and are often less than the maximum possible.

When referring to processor storage, real and virtual storage, or channel volume, KB stands for approximately 1000 bytes, MB stands for approximately 1 000 000 bytes, and GB stands for approximately 1 000 000 bytes.

When referring to hard disk drive capacity or communications volume, MB stands for 1 000 000 bytes, and GB stands for 1 000 000 bytes. Total user-accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environments.

Maximum internal hard disk drive capacities assume the replacement of any standard hard disk drives and population of all hard disk drive bays with the largest currently supported drives available from IBM.

Maximum memory may require replacement of the standard memory with an optional memory module.

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Some software may differ from its retail version (if available), and may not include user manuals or all program functionality.

Product recycling and disposal

This unit contains materials such as circuit boards, cables, electromagnetic compatibility gaskets, and connectors which may contain lead and copper/beryllium alloys that require special handling and disposal at end of life. Before this unit is disposed of, these materials must be removed and recycled or discarded according to applicable regulations. IBM offers product-return programs in several countries. Information on product recycling offerings can be found on IBM's Internet site at http://www.ibm.com/ibm/environment/products/prp.shtml.

Battery return program

This product may contain a sealed lead acid, nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, lithium, or lithium ion battery. Consult your user manual or service manual for specific battery information. The battery must be recycled or disposed of properly. Recycling facilities may not be available in your area. For information on disposal of batteries outside the United States, go to

http://www.ibm.com/ibm/environment/products/batteryrecycle.shtml or contact your local waste disposal facility.

In the United States, IBM has established a collection process for reuse, recycling, or proper disposal of used IBM sealed lead acid, nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, and battery packs from IBM equipment. For information on proper disposal of these batteries, contact IBM at 1-800-426-4333. Have the IBM part number listed on the battery available prior to your call.

In the Netherlands, the following applies.



Electronic emission notices

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) statement

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Properly shielded and grounded cables and connectors must be used in order to meet FCC emission limits. Properly shielded and grounded cables and connectors must be used in order to meet FCC emission limits.IBM is not responsible for any radio or television interference causedby using other than recommended cables and connectors or by using other than recommended cables and connectors or by unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment. Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Industry Canada Class A emission compliance statement

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Avis de conformité à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

Australia and New Zealand Class A statement

Attention: This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

United Kingdom telecommunications safety requirement

Notice to Customers

This apparatus is approved under approval number NS/G/1234/J/100003 for indirect connection to public telecommunication systems in the United Kingdom.

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This product is in conformity with the protection requirements of EU Council Directive 89/336/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility. IBM cannot accept responsibility for any failure to satisfy the protection requirements resulting from a nonrecommended modification of the product, including the fitting of non-IBM option cards.

This product has been tested and found to comply with the limits for Class A Information Technology Equipment according to CISPR 22/European Standard EN 55022. The limits for Class A equipment were derived for commercial and industrial environments to provide reasonable protection against interference with licensed communication equipment.

Attention: This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Taiwanese Class A warning statement

警告使用者: 這是甲類的資訊產品,在 居住的環境中使用時,可 能會造成射頻干擾,在這 種情況下,使用者會被要 求採取某些適當的對策。

Chinese Class A warning statement

声明 此为 A 级产品。在生活环境中, 该产品可能会造成无线电干扰。 在这种情况下,可能需要用户对其 干扰采取切实可行的措施。

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Power cords

For your safety, IBM provides a power cord with a grounded attachment plug to use with this IBM product. To avoid electrical shock, always use the power cord and plug with a properly grounded outlet.

IBM power cords used in the United States and Canada are listed by Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) and certified by the Canadian Standards Association (CSA).

For units intended to be operated at 115 volts: Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a parallel blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 125 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (U.S. use): Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a tandem blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 250 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (outside the U.S.): Use a cord set with a grounding-type attachment plug. The cord set should have the appropriate safety approvals for the country in which the equipment will be installed.

IBM power cords for a specific country or region are usually available only in that country or region.

IBM power cord part number	Used in these countries and regions			
02K0546	China			
13F9940	Australia, Fiji, Kiribati, Nauru, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea			
13F9979	Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Democratic Republic of), Congo (Republic of), Cote D'Ivoire (Ivory Coast), Croatia (Republic of), Czech Republic, Dahomey, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, French Guyana, French Polynesia, Germany, Greece, Guadeloupe, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos (People's Democratic Republic of), Latvia, Lebanon, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia (former Yugoslav Republic of), Madagascar, Mali, Martinique, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Moldova (Republic of), Monaco, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Caledonia, Niger, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Reunion, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia (Republic of), Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Tahiti, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Upper Volta, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Vietnam, Wallis and Futuna, Yugoslavia (Federal Republic of), Zaire			
13F9997	Denmark			
14F0015	Bangladesh, Lesotho, Maceo, Maldives, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Samoa, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Uganda			
14F0033	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Channel Islands, China (Hong Kong S.A.R.), Cyprus, Dominica, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Iraq, Ireland, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malawi, Malaysia, Malta, Myanmar (Burma), Nigeria, Oman, Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe			
14F0051	Liechtenstein, Switzerland			
14F0069	Chile, Italy, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya			
14F0087	Israel			
1838574	Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Costa Rica, Colombia, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Japan, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Taiwan, United States of America, Venezuela			
24P6858	Korea (Democratic People's Republic of), Korea (Republic of)			
34G0232	Japan			
36L8880	Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay			
49P2078	India			
49P2110	Brazil			

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